Stack

Algorithm for Prefix to Infix:

- Read the Prefix expression in reverse order (from right to left)
- If the symbol is an operand, then push it onto the Stack
- If the symbol is an operator, then pop two operands from the Stack
 Create a string by concatenating the two operands and the operator between them.

string = (operand1 + operator + operand2)

- And push the resultant string back to Stack
- Repeat the above steps until the end of Prefix expression.
- At the end stack will have only 1 string i.e resultant string

Expression: *+AB-CD

DC-BA+*

| Expression | Stack | Result |
|------------|--------|---------|
| D | D | |
| С | D,C | |
| - | Z1 | Z1=C-D |
| В | Z1,B | |
| Α | Z1,B,A | |
| + | Z1,Z2 | Z2=A+B |
| * | Z | Z=Z2*Z1 |

So, the expression now becomes: $Z= (A+B)^*(C-D)$. Since Z1 and Z2 are seperate strings, we can enclose them in brackets

Algorithm for postfix to infix conversion

- 1. Read the symbol from the input .based on the input symbol go to step 2 or 3.
- 2. If symbol is operand then push it into stack.
- 3. If symbol is operator then pop top 2 values from the stack.
- 4. this 2 popped value is our operand.
- 5. create a new string and put the operator between this operand in string.
- 6. push this string into stack.
- 7. At the end only one value remain in stack which is our infix expression.

Expression: AB*C+

| Expression | Stack | Result |
|------------|-------|--------|
| Α | Α | |
| В | A,B | |
| * | Z1 | Z1=A*B |
| С | Z1,C | |
| + | Z | Z=Z1+C |

So, the expression now becomes: Z= (A*B)+C. Since Z1 is a seperate strings, we can enclose them in brackets