Social Network Analysis Tools

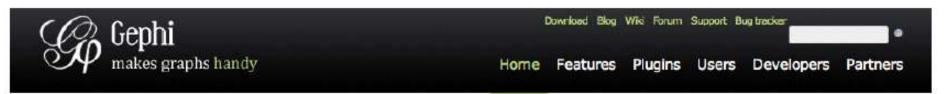
Introduction

- There are many tools available for Visualization and SNA.
- Many tools can be used to calculate graph metrics
 - Many have features supporting Social Network Analysis
- Two Types:
 - Systems providing visualizations
 - Toolkits that can be used to build systems
- Some are Commercial systems (Many have free basic versions)

Systems providing visualizations

- Pajek
- Gephi
- NodeXL
- TouchGraph
- Many more!

Gephi http://gephi.org



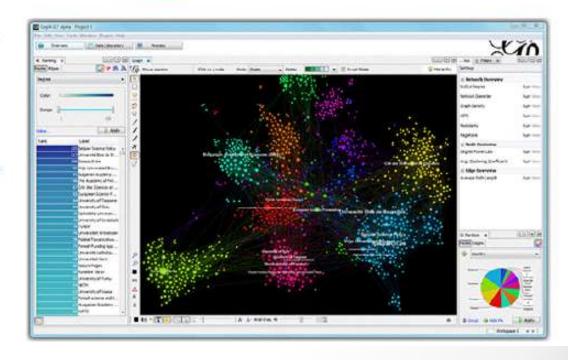
The Open Graph Viz Platform

Gephi is a visualization and exploration platform for all kinds of networks and complex systems, dynamic and hierarchical graphs.

Runs on Windows, Linux and Mac OS X. Gephi is open-source and free.

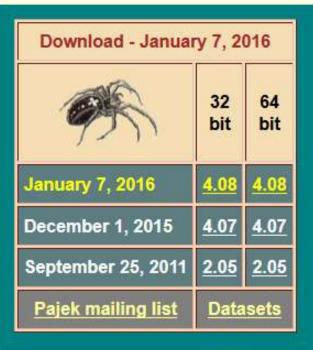
Learn More on Gephi Platform »

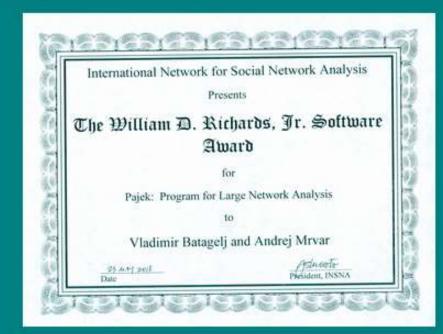




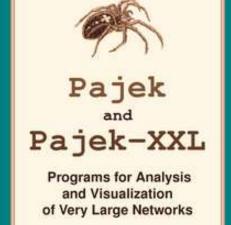
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Pajek / Pajek-XXL versions 3.** and 4.**

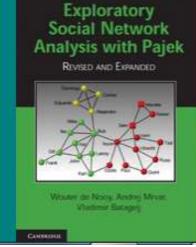






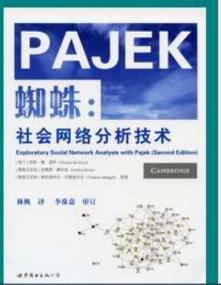


Reference Manual
List of commands with short explanation



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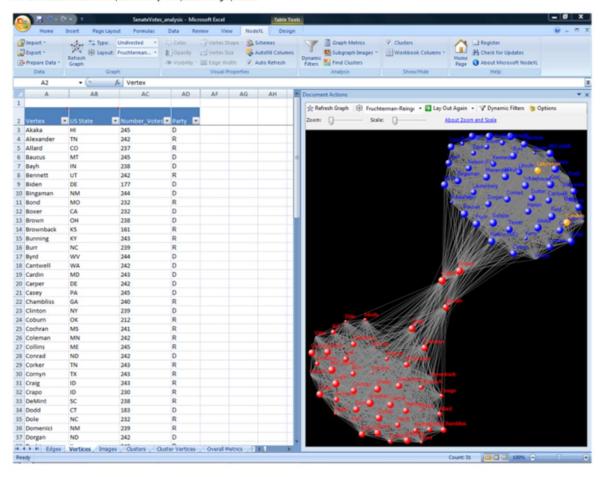




NodeXL

NodeXL is a powerful and easy-to-use interactive network visualisation and analysis tool that leverages the widely available MS Excel application as the platform for representing generic graph data, performing advanced network analysis and visual exploration of networks. The tool supports multiple social network data providers that import graph data (nodes and edge lists) into the Excel spreadsheet.

The tool includes an Excel template for easy manipulation of graph data:



https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/project/nodexl-network-overview-discovery-and-exploration-in-excel/

TouchGraph

- TouchGraph allows for the creation and navigation of ineractive graphs.
- Commercial system
 - http://www.touchgraph.com
- Older free system for a set of interfaces for graph visualization using force-based layout and focus+context techniques
 - http://sourceforge.net/projects/touchgraph/

Toolkits & Infrastructures

- Set of components or capabilities that allow others to put together visualization systems
- Coherent software architecture and set of programming components
- Views: time series, parallel coordinates, scatterplots, node-link diagrams, treemaps
- Added capabilities in color management, labeling, dynamic queries, ...
- Capabilities to calculate metrics (example, Social Network metrics)
- Advantage: Much more control
- Disadvantage: Learning curve

Toolkits & Infrastructures

- Cytoscape (Java)
- D3 (Javascript)
- SNAP (C++)
- Network X (Python)
- Neo4J

Cytoscape

- Cytoscape is an open source software platform for visualizing molecular interaction networks and biological pathways and integrating these networks with annotations, gene expression profiles and other state data.
- Although Cytoscape was originally designed for biological research, now it is a general platform for complex network analysis and visualization.
- Cytoscape core distribution provides a basic set of features for data integration, analysis, and visualization.
- Additional features are available as Apps (formerly called Plugins).
 - Apps are available for network and molecular profiling analyses, new layouts, additional file format support, scripting, and connection with databases.
- They may be developed by anyone using the Cytoscape open API based on <u>Java™</u> technology
- http://www.cytoscape.org/

D3: Data Driven Documents

- D3.js is a JavaScript library for manipulating documents based on data.
- D3 helps you bring data to life using HTML, SVG, and CSS.
- D3's emphasis on web standards gives you the full capabilities of modern browsers without tying yourself to a proprietary framework, combining powerful visualization components and a datadriven approach to DOM manipulation.
- "Not just an infovis toolkit"
- http://d3js.org/

SNAP

SNAP for C++: Stanford Network Analysis Platform

Stanford Network Analysis Platform (SNAP) is a general purpose network analysis and graph mining library. It is written in C++ and easily scales to massive networks with hundreds of millions of nodes, and billions of edges. It efficiently manipulates large graphs, calculates structural properties, generates regular and random graphs, and supports attributes on nodes and edges. SNAP is also available through the NodeXL which is a graphical front-end that integrates network analysis into Microsoft Office and Excel.

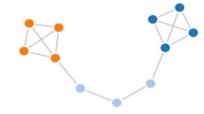
Snap.py: SNAP for Python

Snap.py is a Python interface for SNAP. It provides performance benefits of SNAP, combined with flexibility of Python. Most of the SNAP C++ functionality is available via Snap.py in Python.

http://snap.stanford.edu/



NetworkX is a Python package for the creation, manipulation, and study of the structure, dynamics, and functions of complex networks.



Software for complex networks

- · Data structures for graphs, digraphs, and multigraphs
- Many standard graph algorithms
- · Network structure and analysis measures
- Generators for classic graphs, random graphs, and synthetic networks
- Nodes can be "anything" (e.g., text, images, XML records)
- Edges can hold arbitrary data (e.g., weights, time-series)
- Open source 3-clause BSD license
- Well tested with over 90% code coverage
- Additional benefits from Python include fast prototyping, easy to teach, and multiplatform

Neo4J

- Native Database for Graphs
- Graph analytics
- Visualization
- https://neo4j.com/

Disclaimer

- There are many other tools and packages
- New tools are being developed