

## U-I

### OS services

- User Interface
- GUI
- program execution
- I/O operations
- file system manipulation
- communication
- error detection.

### System programs.

- file management
- status information
- file modification
- programming language support
- program loading & execution
- communication.

### scheduling.

- CPU - I/O Burst cycle
- CPU scheduler
- preemptive scheduling

### scheduling criteria.

- CPU utilization
- Throughput
- Turnaround time
- waiting time
- Response time.

### scheduling alg:

- FCFS
- SJF
- priority
- Round robin

### functions of OS

- memory mgmt
- processor "
- device
- file
- user interface.
  - Cmd line interface
  - GUI
  - Batch Interface
- Booting the computer
- security.

V-II

Critical section.

- ↳ Peterson's soln.
- ↳ system h/w soln
- 3 requirements
  - ↳ mutual exclusion
  - ↳ progress
  - ↳ bounded waiting.

Semaphores.

Classical problem of synchronization.

- ↳ bounded buffer problem.
- ↳ Readers - writers problem
- ↳ Dining philosophers problem.

V-III

Memory management

Memory management techniques

- Contiguous / fixed size
- non-contiguous / variable size.

Free space management technique

- bitmap / bit vector
- linked list.

Paging

- page replacement (3 alg)
  - FIFO
  - LRU
  - optimal

## UNIT - I

### 1. System calls

#### 2. Types of system calls

- process control
- file management
- Device management
- Information maintenance
- communications

### 3. process Management

#### 3i) 4. process memory (4 sections)

- Text
- data
- heap
- stack.

#### 3ii) 5. process control block

- process state
- process number
- program counter
- registers
- memory limits
- list of open files

- CPU scheduling information.
- memory management information
- accounting information
- I/O status information

#### 3iii) process state :

- new
- terminated
- ready
- running
- wait