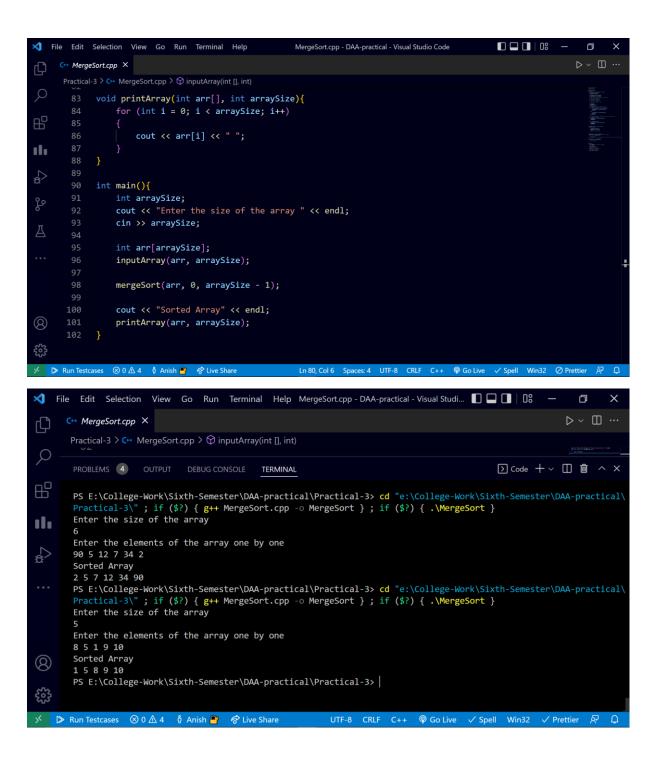
Merge Sort

```
ズ File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                                                                          ø
                                                           MergeSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
     C** MergeSort.cpp X
       Practical-3 > C→ MergeSort.cpp > 分 inputArray(int [], int)
         1 // Author: Anish Tilloo
2 // Roll No.: 34
             // Program: Merge Sort
œ
ılı
             using namespace std;
$
              void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right){
                  // size of array one and array two
                  int arrayOne = mid - left + 1;
                  int arrayTwo = right - mid;
                  // dynamicall allocating two sub array
auto *subArrayOne = new int[arrayOne];
                  auto *subArrayTwo = new int[arrayTwo];
                  for (int i = 0; i < arrayOne; i++)</pre>
(Q)
                       subArrayOne[i] = arr[left + i];
£553
                   for (int j = 0; j < arrayTwo; j++)
                                                            Ln 80, Col 6 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C++ @ Go Live ✓ Spell Win32 ⊘ Prettier 🛱 🚨
メ Run Testcases ⊗ 0 🛆 4 🐧 Anish 🔮 🔗 Live Share
                                                                                                          📢 File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                           MergeSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
     MergeSort.cpp X
       Practical-3 > ← MergeSort.cpp > ⊖ inputArray(int [], int)
                  for (int j = 0; j < arrayTwo; j++)
8
                       subArrayTwo[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
ılı
                  int indexOfOne = 0;
$ \
                  int indexOfTwo = 0;
                  int indexOfMerged = left;
ရှိ
                  // merging the arrays
                  while (indexOfOne < arrayOne && indexOfTwo < arrayTwo)</pre>
                       if (subArrayOne[indexOfOne] <= subArrayTwo[indexOfTwo])</pre>
                           arr[indexOfMerged] = subArrayOne[indexOfOne];
                            indexOfOne++;
                       else
(8)
                            arr[indexOfMerged] = subArrayTwo[indexOfTwo];
                           indexOfTwo++;
                                                           Ln 80, Col 6 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C++ @ Go Live ✓ Spell Win32 ⊘ Prettier 👂 🚨
                 🗴 0 🛦 4 🐧 Anish 🤔 🕏 Live Share
```

```
Tile Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                       MergeSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
     MergeSort.cpp X
      Practical-3 > C MergeSort.cpp > ۞ inputArray(int [], int)
39
else
                         arr[indexOfMerged] = subArrayTwo[indexOfTwo];
B
                         indexOfTwo++;
ılı
                     indexOfMerged++;
                 // if one array end the copy all the remaining elements from the remaining array
                 while (indexOfOne < arrayOne)
                     arr[indexOfMerged] = subArrayOne[indexOfOne];
                     indexOfOne++;
                     indexOfMerged++;
                 while (indexOfTwo < arrayTwo)</pre>
                     arr[indexOfMerged] = subArrayTwo[indexOfTwo];
(2)
                     indexOfTwo++;
                     indexOfMerged++;
                ⊗ 0 🛦 4 🐧 Anish 🎅 🕏 Live Share
                                                       📢 File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                                                                  MergeSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
     C** MergeSort.cpp X
      Practical-3 > C++ MergeSort.cpp > 💮 inputArray(int [], int)
                     indexOfMerged++;
品
             void mergeSort(int arr[], int left, int right){
ılı
                 if (left < right)
                     int mid = (left + right) / 2;
                     mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);
مړ
                     merge(arr, left, mid, right);
             void inputArray( int arr[], int arraySize){
                 cout << "Enter the elements of the array one by one " << endl;</pre>
(8)
                 for (int i = 0; i < arraySize; i++)</pre>
                     cin >> arr[i];
£553
```



Heap Sort

```
ズ File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                       HeapSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
                                                                                                 C** HeapSort.cpp ×
      Practical-3 > C → HeapSort.cpp > 分 heapify(int [], int, int)
        1 // Author: Anish Tilloo
2 // Roll No.: 34
B
             #include <bits/stdc++.h>
ılı
            using namespace std;
            void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i)
                 int largest = i; // Initialize largest as root
                 int 1 = 2 * i + 1; // left = 2*i + 1
                 // here we are checking if the left child index is greater than n or not
                 if (1 < n && arr[1] > arr[largest])
                     largest = 1;
(Q)
                 // here we are checking if the right child index is greater than n or not
                 // and the right child is greater than the current element
                 if (r < n && arr[r] > arr[largest])
                                                      > Run Testcases ⊗ 0 △ 4 0 Anish 👚 🕏 Live Share
   File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                       HeapSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
                                                                                                 ■ ■ 0°
     C** HeapSort.cpp X
      Practical-3 > C→ HeapSort.cpp > 分 heapify(int [], int, int)
                 // and the left child is greater than the current element
                 if (1 < n && arr[1] > arr[largest])
                     largest = 1;
ılı
                 // and the right child is greater than the current element
                 if (r < n && arr[r] > arr[largest])
$
                     largest = r;
ရှိ
                 // If largest is not root
                 if (largest != i) {
                     swap(arr[i], arr[largest]);
                     heapify(arr, n, largest);
             void heapSort(int arr[], int n)
(8)
                 for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--){
                     heapify(arr, n, i);
                ⊗ 0 🛦 4 🐧 Anish 🤔 🕏 Live Share
                                                      Ln 14, Col 1 Tab Size: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C++ @ Go Live ✓ Spell Win32 ⊘ Prettier 👂 🚨
```

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                       HeapSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
     C** HeapSort.cpp X
      Practical-3 > ← HeapSort.cpp > ← heapify(int [], int, int)
       33 void heapSort(int arr[], int n)
8
                     heapify(arr, n, i);
ılı
                     swap(arr[0], arr[i]);
                     heapify(arr, i, 0);
             void inputArray( int arr[], int arraySize){
                 cout << "Enter the elements of the array one by one " << endl;</pre>
                 for (int i = 0; i < arraySize; i++)</pre>
(8)
                     cin >> arr[i];
503
   ▶ Run Testcases ⊗ 0 🛆 4 🐧 Anish 🎒 🕏 Live Share
                                                       Ln 14, Col 1 Tab Size: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C++ @ Go Live ✓ Spell Win32 ⊘ Prettier 📈 🚨
📢 File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
                                                       HeapSort.cpp - DAA-practical - Visual Studio Code
                                                                                                  C** HeapSort.cpp X
      Practical-3 > C→ HeapSort.cpp > 分 heapify(int [], int, int)
            void printArray(int arr[], int n)
8
                   cout << arr[i] << " ";
                 cout << "\n";
ılı
             int main()
of
                 cout << "Enter the no of elements in the array" << endl;</pre>
                 int arr[n];
                 inputArray(arr, n);
                 heapSort(arr, n);
                 cout << "Sorted array is \n";</pre>
                 printArray(arr, n);
8
5633
    ⊳ Run Testcases 🛭 🛇 🛆 4 🐧 Anish 🤵 🕏 Live Share
```

