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SECI1013: DISCRETE STRUCTURES

SESSION 2023/2024 – SEMESTER 1

ASSIGNMENT 3 (CHAPTER 3 and CHAPTER 4 Part 1 – Path and Cycle)

INSTRUCTIONS:

- a. This assignment must be conducted in a group. Please clearly write the group members' names & matric numbers on the front page of the submission.
- b. Solutions for each question must be readable and neatly written on plain A4 paper. Every step or calculation should be properly shown. Failure to do so will result in the rejection of the submission of the assignment.
- c. This assignment consists of 7 questions (85 Marks), contributing 5% of overall course marks.

STRUCTURES:

- 1. Chapter 3 Part 3: Pigeonhole Problem [10 Marks]
- 2. Chapter 3 Part 4: Probability [25 Marks]
- 3. Chapter 4 Part 1: Graph Theory (until Path and Cycle) [50 Marks]

- a. How many students in a class to guarantee that at least two students received the same score on the final exam. If the exam is graded on a scale from 0 to 100 points. (5 marks)

Pigeons: Students =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
: $\frac{1}{2}$ Minimum $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{26}{2}$ Minimum $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{26}{2}$ Question 2 [25 marks]

The following table gives information on Mobile phone sold by a certain store:

	Percentage of Customers Purchasing	Of Those Who Purchase, Percentage Who Purchase Extended Warranty
Brand 1	P(0) 70	P(wlo) 20
Brand 2	P(T) 30	PCWIT) 40

A purchaser is randomly selected from among all those bought a mobile phone from the store.

Determine the probability that:

a. customer purchased Brand 1.
$$P(0) = \frac{70}{100} = 0.7$$
 (2 marks)

d.
$$P(W|0) = P(W \cap 0)$$
 $P(O \cap W) = P(W \cap 0)$ $P(W \cap 0) = P(W \cap 0)$ $P(U \cap W) = P(W \cap 0)$ $P(U \cap W) = P(W \cap 0)$ $P(U \cap W) = P(U \cap W)$

- b. customer purchased Brand 2 (2 marks)
- c. customer purchase extended warranty given that purchase brand 1. P(wlo) = 0.1(2 marks)
- d. customer who bought brand 1 and purchased extended warranty. P(onw) (4 marks)
- e. customer purchased brand 2 and extended warranty purchased. P(Tnw) (5 marks)
- f. extended probability purchased. PCW)
- g. purchased brand 1 item given that also bought extended warranty P(o(w) (5 marks)

f.
$$P(W) = P(W \mid 0) P(0) + P(W \mid T) P(T)$$

$$= (0.7)(0.7) + (0.4)(0.3) = 0.26$$
Question 3
$$= \frac{6 \cdot 14}{6 \cdot 2} = 0.5385$$

Explain the given keyword using your own word and represent your understanding by drawing the graph.

- a. Vertices Points or dots
- b. Edges A line that connects either one or two vertices
- c. Adjacent Vertices Two vertices that are connected by an edge
- d. Incident Edge Edge that is connected to a certain vertex
 e. Isolated Vertex

 Vertex that is not incident with any edge
- e. Isolated Vertex

 Vertex that is not incident with any edge

 f. Loop

 Edge with just one endpoint
- g. Parallel Edges Two or more distinct edges with the same set of endpoints

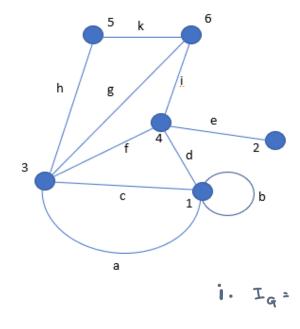
Question 4

Let G = {V, E} be a graph. An undirected graph having V ={v1, v2, v3, v4, v5} and E = {a, b, c, d, e, f}. Where a = (v1,v2), b = (v1,v3), c = (v2,v4), d = (v1,v4), e = (v3,v4) and f = (v3,v5).

Find the degree of each vertex.

$$deg(v1)=3; deg(v2)=2; deg(v3)=3; deg(v4)=3; deg(v5)=1$$
 (5 Marks)

Question 5





(7 Marks)

(5 marks)

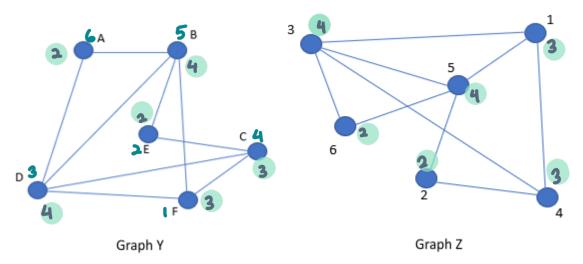
Given the graph shown above, Find:

- i. Incidence Matrix (6 Marks)
- ii. Adjacency Matrix (6 Marks)

F E D C G A F O O I I I O O O O I I O D I O O I I I I I I O O O B I I I O O I A O O I O I O G O O I O I O

(12 Marks)

Question 6



Determine whether Graph Y and Z above are isomorphic. If it is proven isomorphic, find their adjacency matrix.

GRAPH Y AND Z ARE ISOMORPHIC

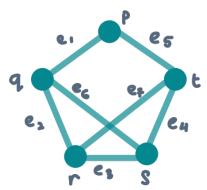
- Both graphs are simple and have the same number of vertices which is 6 and the same number of edges which is 9.
- Both graphs have 2 vertices with degree 2, 2 vertices with degree 3, 2 vertices with degree 4.
- f(1)= F, f(2)= E, f(3)= D, f(4)= C, f(5)= B, f(6)= A

Question 7

Consider an undirected graph with vertices $V = \{p, q, r, s, t\}$ and edges $E = \{e1, e2, e3, e4, e5, e6, e7\}$. The edges are defined as follows:

Draw the graph and from the graph:

- i. Find all possible paths from vertex p to vertex t. (5 Marks)
- ii. Determine all possible trails from vertex p to vertex t. (5 Marks)
- iii. Identify the shortest and longest path from vertex p to vertex t. (2.5 marks)
- iv. Find the shortest and longest trail from vertex p to vertex t. (2.5 Marks)



i. (p, e1, q, e2, r, e3, s, e4, t) (p, e1, q, e6, s, e3, r, e7, t) (p, e1, q, e6, s, e4, t) (p, e1, q, e6, s, e4, t) (p, e1, q, e6, s, e4, t) (p, e5, t, e7, r, e2, q, e6, s, e4, t) (p, e5, t, e4, s, e6, q, e2, r, e7, t) (p, e5, t, e4, s, e6, q, e2, r, e7, t)

iii. Shortest path: (p, e5, t) Longest path: (p, e1, q, e2, r, e3, s, e4, t) and (p, e1, q, e6, s, e3, r, e7, t)

iv. Shortest trail: (p, e5, t, e4, s, e3, r, e7, t) and (p, e5, t, e7, r, e3, s, e4, t) Longest trail: (p, e5, t, e7, r, e2, q, e6, s, e4, t) and (p, e5, t, e4, s, e6, q, e2, r, e7, t)