

## Problem Set #4

due Monday October 21, 2019

**PART I.** *True, False, or Uncertain?* Give a brief explanation of your answer.

1. (10 points) The Federal Reserve is likely to keep U.S. interest rates unchanged at the next meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee on October 29-30 because the inflation rate is currently at 1.8 percent (*this is a fact*).

### PART II.

1. (30 points) **Money Demand Abroad** Suppose there is a temporary decrease in aggregate real money demand abroad, that is, given a certain level of income and interest rate foreign residents demand less foreign money. In a diagram with the *domestic* money market at the bottom and the Forex market at the top illustrate the short-run effects on the exchange rate (# of domestic currency units for 1 unit of foreign currency), the interest rate and money supply under the following assumptions:
  - (a) (15 points) the foreign central bank accommodates the reduction in money demand and leaves the foreign interest rate unchanged;
  - (b) (15 points) the foreign central bank leaves foreign money supply unchanged.
2. (60 points) **Domestic Money Demand** Suppose the interest rate on a 1-year EUR denominated deposit is  $R_{EUR} = 0.05$ ,  $E_{CHF/EUR}^e = 1.21$ ,  $P_{CHF} = 1$ ,  $P_{EUR} = 0.9$ . Suppose also that nominal money supply in Switzerland is equal  $M_{CHF}^s = 400$ ,  $Y_{CHF} = 100$  and that real money demand is equal to

$$L(R_{CHF}, Y_{CHF}) = 300 + 1.02 \times Y_{CHF} - 100 \times R_{CHF}$$

- (a) (10 points) Find the equilibrium interest rate on a 1-year CHF denominated deposit  $R_{CHF}$ .
- (b) (10 points) Find the equilibrium spot exchange rate  $E_{CHF/EUR}$ .
- (c) (10 points) Suppose money demand *temporarily* changes to

$$L^1(R_{CHF}, Y_{CHF}) = 300 + 1 \times Y_{CHF} - 100 \times R_{CHF}$$

In a diagram with the money market (at the bottom) and the Forex market (at the top), illustrate the short-run equilibrium if the domestic central bank does *not* accommodate the change in domestic money demand. (*Hint: since it is a temporary change in money demand, the expected exchange rate is unaffected.*)

- (d) *(10 points)* Solve for the new short-run equilibrium level of the domestic interest rate  $R_{CHF}^1$  and the new short-run equilibrium level of the exchange rate  $E_{CHF/EUR}^1$ .
- (e) *(10 points)* In a diagram with the money market (at the bottom) and the Forex market (at the top), illustrate the short-run equilibrium following the change in domestic money demand in (c) if the domestic central bank accommodates the change in domestic money demand.
- (f) *(10 points)* Solve for the new short run level of money supply  $M_{CHF}^{s,2}$ . Do the spot exchange rate and the domestic interest rate change in the short run?