

SURE Project

August 17, 2022

Objective

Compare spatial predictions of kelp to “in situ” survey data. Compare each year and location.

Extraction

Extract the predicted *log* kelps density of every year (2004 - 2021) for each site in the North Coast.

```
# set a directory
w.dir <- here()
d.dir <- here('data')
r.dir <- here('spatial_data/sp_predictions_5.1.1_V2')
rock.dir <- here('spatial_data/sp_predictions_5.1.1_V2_rock')

# read and transform the observed data to the log scale
df <- read.csv(paste(d.dir,
                     'RCCA_kelp_inverts_NC_depth-zones_wave_clim_temp_nit_subs_orbvel_npp.csv',
                     sep = '/')) %>%
  dplyr::select(site_name, year, transect, zone, latitude, longitude, den_NERLUE) %>%
  mutate_at(vars(year, transect, zone, site_name), list(as.factor)) %>%
  mutate(log_den_NERLUE = log(den_NERLUE))
head(df)
```

```
##   site_name year transect  zone latitude longitude den_NERLUE log_den_NERLUE
## 1   Caspar 2018         1 INNER 39.36173  -123.822         0          -Inf
## 2   Caspar 2018         2 INNER 39.36173  -123.822         0          -Inf
## 3   Caspar 2018         3 INNER 39.36173  -123.822         0          -Inf
## 4   Caspar 2018         4 OUTER 39.36173  -123.822         0          -Inf
## 5   Caspar 2018         5 OUTER 39.36173  -123.822         0          -Inf
## 6   Caspar 2018         6 OUTER 39.36173  -123.822         0          -Inf
```

Note that `log(0)` returns `-Inf`.

```
filter(df, den_NERLUE == 0) %>% count() # 719 0's
```

```
##      n
## 1 719
```

How to deal with `log(0)`?

```
df$log_den_NERLUE <- replace(df$log_den_NERLUE, df$log_den_NERLUE == -Inf, 0)
head(df)
```

```
##   site_name year transect  zone latitude longitude den_NERLUE log_den_NERLUE
## 1   Caspar 2018         1 INNER 39.36173  -123.822         0             0
## 2   Caspar 2018         2 INNER 39.36173  -123.822         0             0
## 3   Caspar 2018         3 INNER 39.36173  -123.822         0             0
## 4   Caspar 2018         4 OUTER 39.36173  -123.822         0             0
## 5   Caspar 2018         5 OUTER 39.36173  -123.822         0             0
## 6   Caspar 2018         6 OUTER 39.36173  -123.822         0             0
```

Calculate the mean and standard error of kelps density of every year for each site by zone (INNER/OUTER).

```
obs <- df %>%
  group_by(site_name, year, zone) %>%
  summarise_at(vars(log_den_NERLUE), list(mean = mean, se = std.error), na.rm = TRUE) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = zone, values_from = c(mean, se))
head(obs)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 6
## # Groups:   site_name, year [6]
##   site_name year mean_INNER mean_OUTER se_INNER se_OUTER
##   <fct>     <fct>     <dbl>     <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 Caspar    2008         4.38         3.03   0.150   0.996
## 2 Caspar    2010         4.37         4.17   0.0664  0.586
## 3 Caspar    2014         0.799         0       0.799   0
## 4 Caspar    2015         0         0         0         0
## 5 Caspar    2016         0         0         0         0
## 6 Caspar    2017         0         0         0         0
```

Extract the predicted *log* kelps density of every year for each site.

```
# read the .csv file
site <- read.csv(paste(d.dir,
                       'RCCA_North_Coast_sites.csv',
                       sep = '/'))
# convert from .csv to .shp
site_shp <- st_as_sf(site, coords = c('longitude', 'latitude'), crs = 'EPSG:4326')
# write the file
st_write(site_shp, paste0(d.dir, '/RCCA_North_Coast_sites.shp'), append = FALSE)
```

```
## Deleting layer 'RCCA_North_Coast_sites' using driver 'ESRI Shapefile'
## Writing layer 'RCCA_North_Coast_sites' to data source
##   '/Users/chuntingzheng/Desktop/Git_Repositories/Chunting_Spatial_Analyses/data/RCCA_North_Coast_sites.shp'
## Writing 25 features with 5 fields and geometry type Point.
```

```
# declaring an empty data frame
pred <- data.frame(site_name = character(),
                   year = numeric(),
                   fit = numeric())
```

```

for (i in c(2006:2021)) {
  rast <- rast(paste0(r.dir, paste0('/', i, '_Nereo_preds_NC_V4_5.1.1_V2.tif')))
  ext <- terra::extract(rast, vect(site_shp$geometry)) %>%
    mutate(site_name = site$site_name, year = as.factor(i), .before = fit) %>%
    dplyr::select(-ID)
  pred <- rbind(pred, ext)
}

head(pred)

```

```

##           site_name year      fit
## 1           Caspar 2006 0.5090384
## 2  Caspar North 2006 0.5003366
## 3    Dark Gulch 2006 0.5309656
## 4 Flat Iron Rock 2006 0.7382968
## 5      Fort Ross 2006        NaN
## 6   Frolic Cove 2006 0.8228083

```

Comparison

Compare the predicted data to observed data.

```
dim(obs)
```

```
## [1] 193  6
```

```
dim(pred)
```

```
## [1] 400  3
```

```

kelp_data <- left_join(pred, obs, by = c('site_name', 'year')) %>%
  group_by(site_name) %>%
  arrange(year, .by_group = TRUE) %>%
  relocate(fit, .after = last_col())
head(kelp_data)

```

```

## # A tibble: 6 x 7
## # Groups:   site_name [1]
##   site_name year mean_INNER mean_OUTER se_INNER se_OUTER fit
##   <chr>    <fct>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Caspar  2006      NA      NA      NA      NA  0.509
## 2 Caspar  2007      NA      NA      NA      NA  0.827
## 3 Caspar  2008    4.38    3.03    0.150    0.996 1.83
## 4 Caspar  2009      NA      NA      NA      NA  1.62
## 5 Caspar  2010    4.37    4.17    0.0664    0.586 0.554
## 6 Caspar  2011      NA      NA      NA      NA  0.857

```

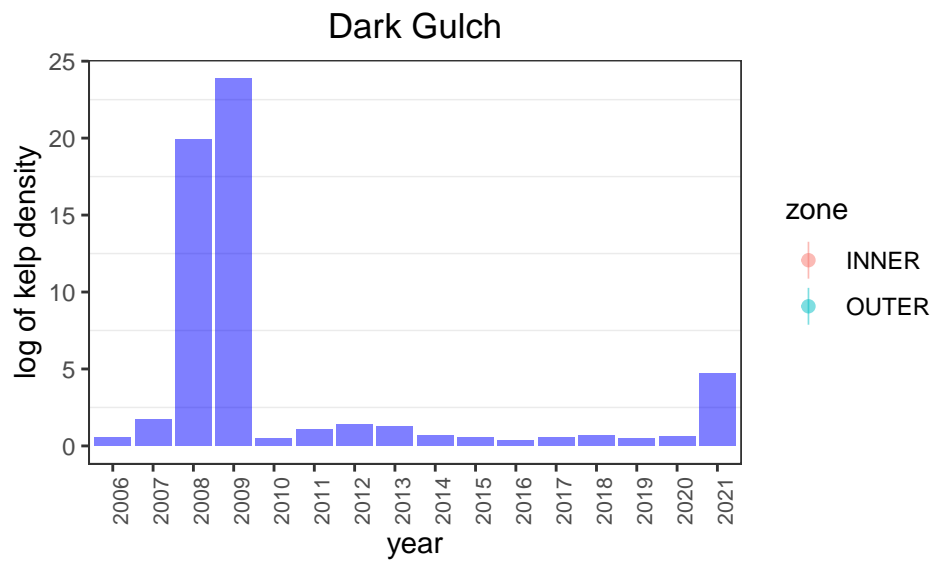
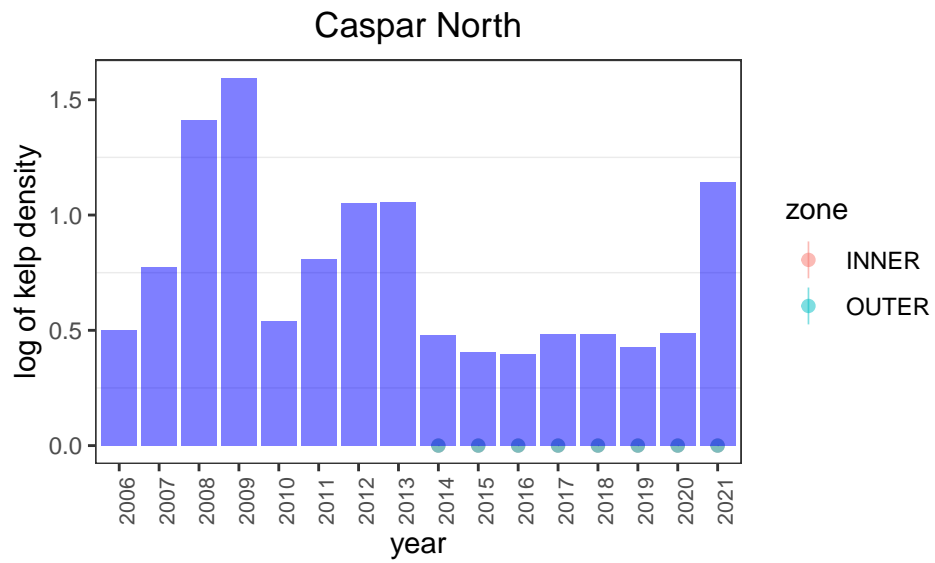
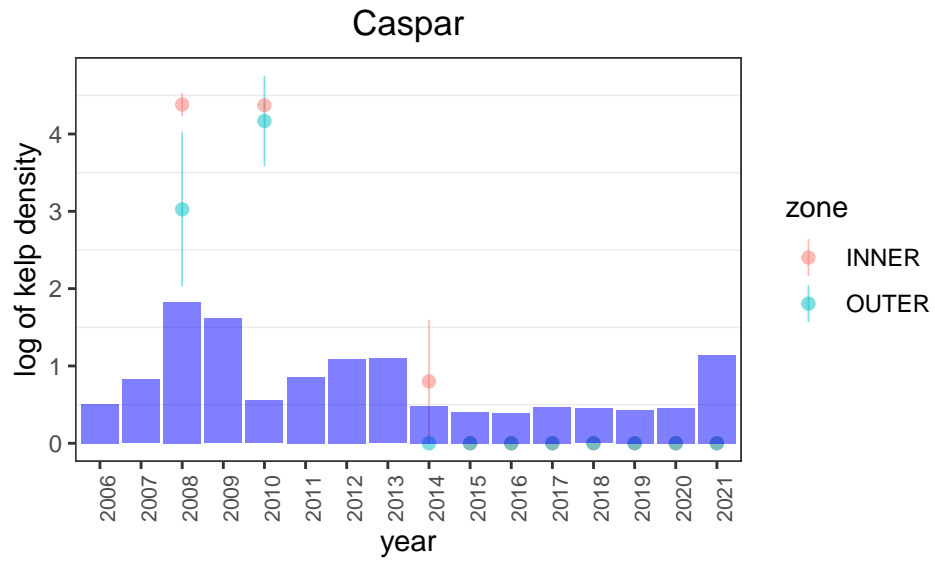
Plotting

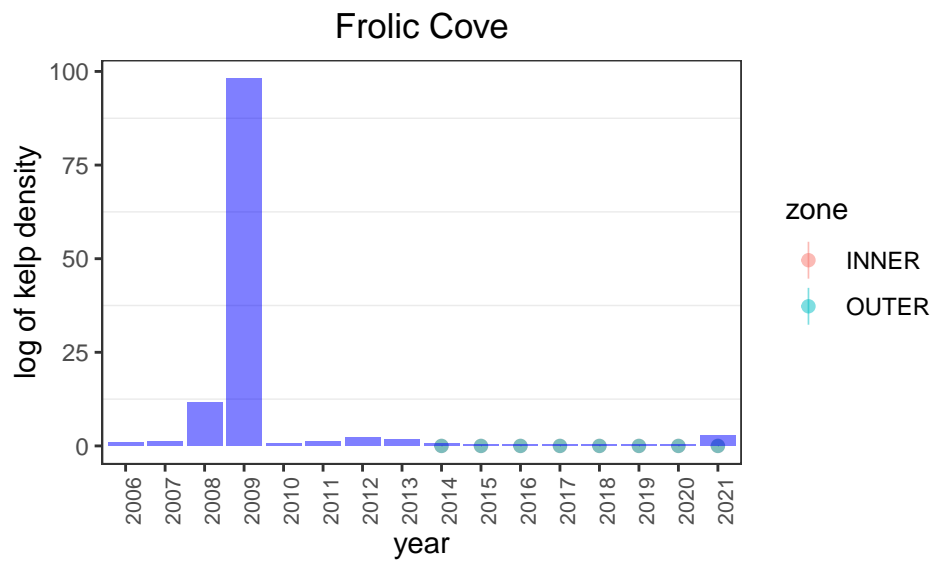
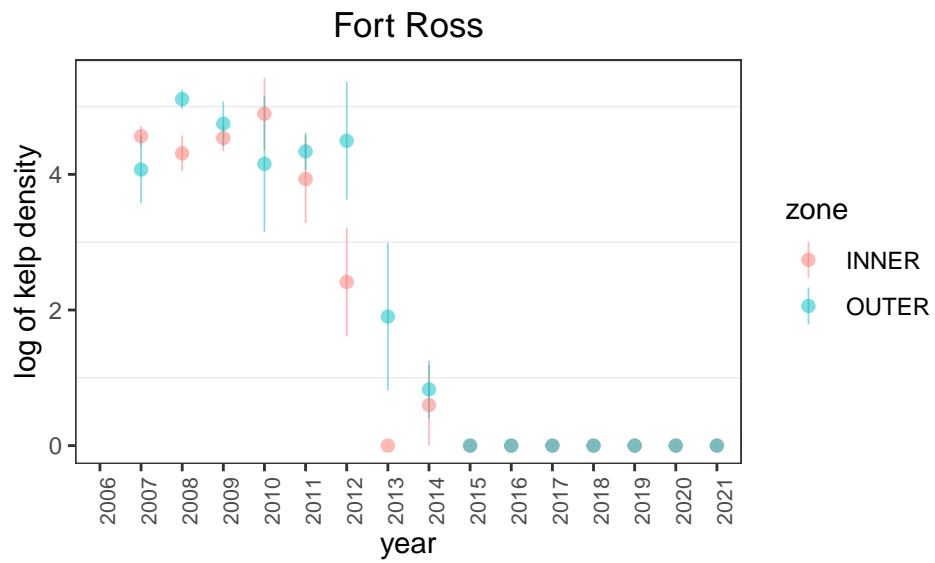
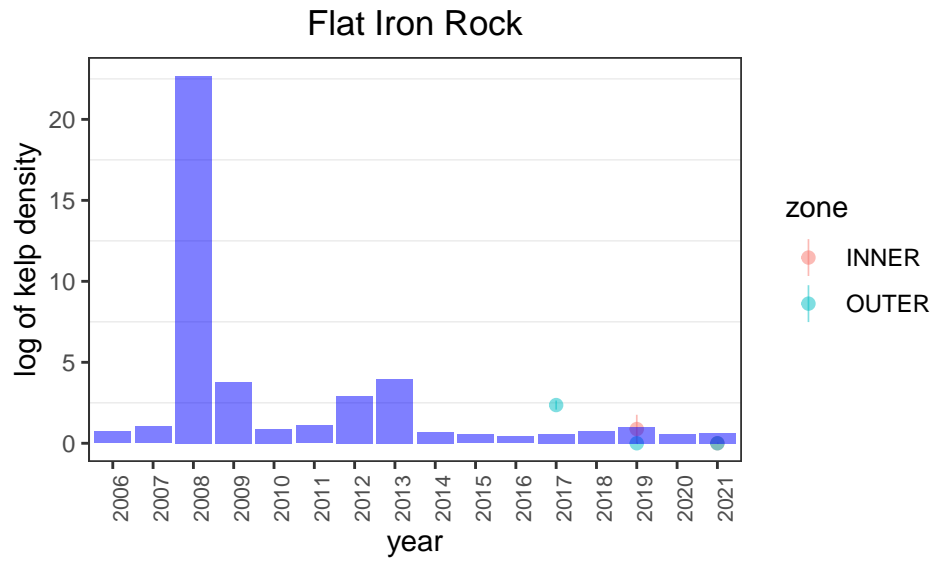
Plot log of kelps density vs year for each site.

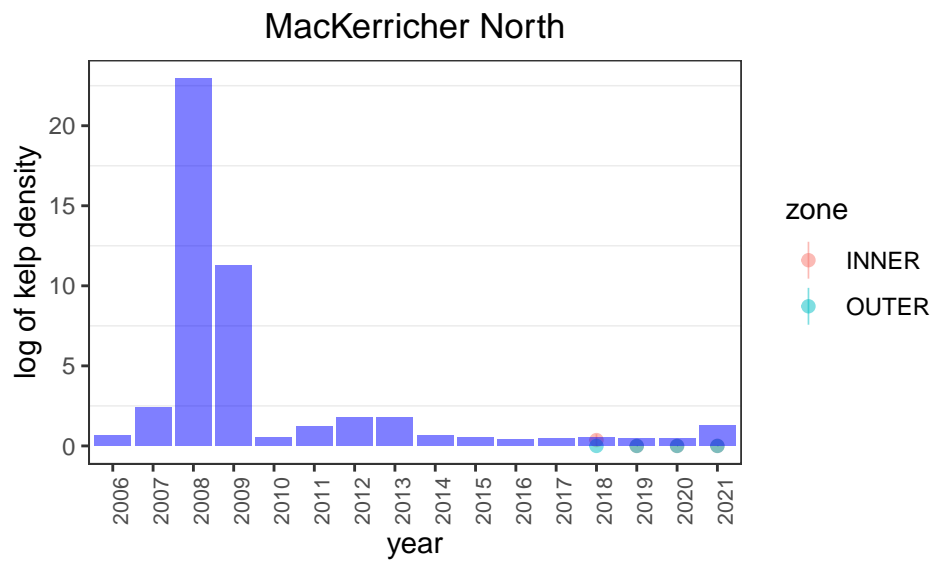
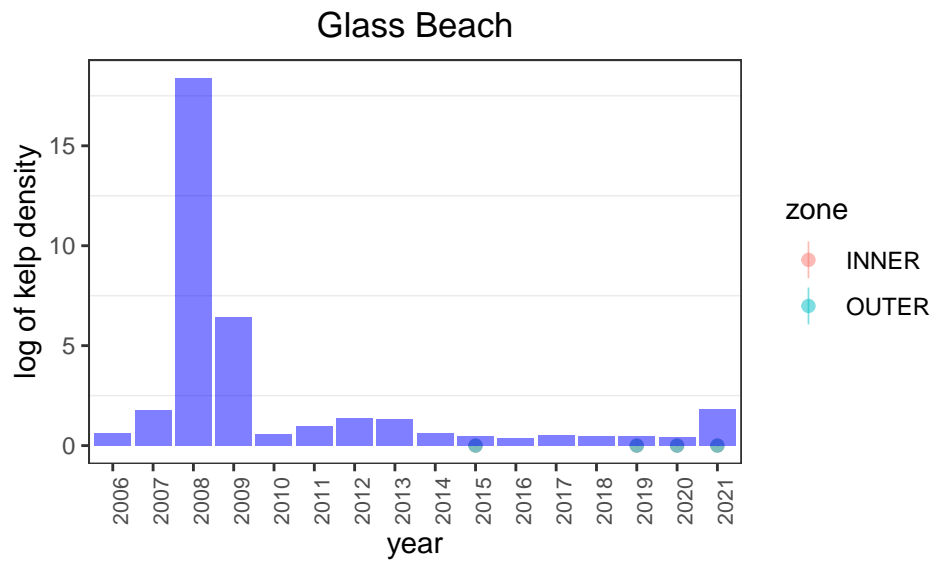
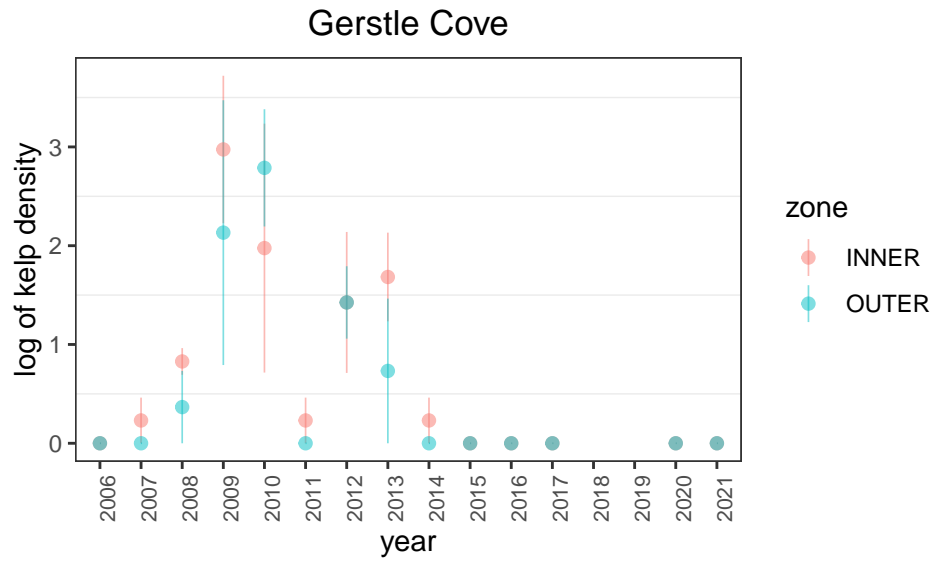
```
# kelp_data %>%
#   pivot_longer(
#     ~c('site_name', 'year', 'fit'),
#     names_to = c('.value', 'zone'),
#     names_sep = '_'
#   ) %>%
#   filter(site_name == 'Caspar') %>%
#   ggplot(aes(x = year, y = mean, fill = zone)) +
#   geom_bar(position = 'dodge', stat = 'identity')

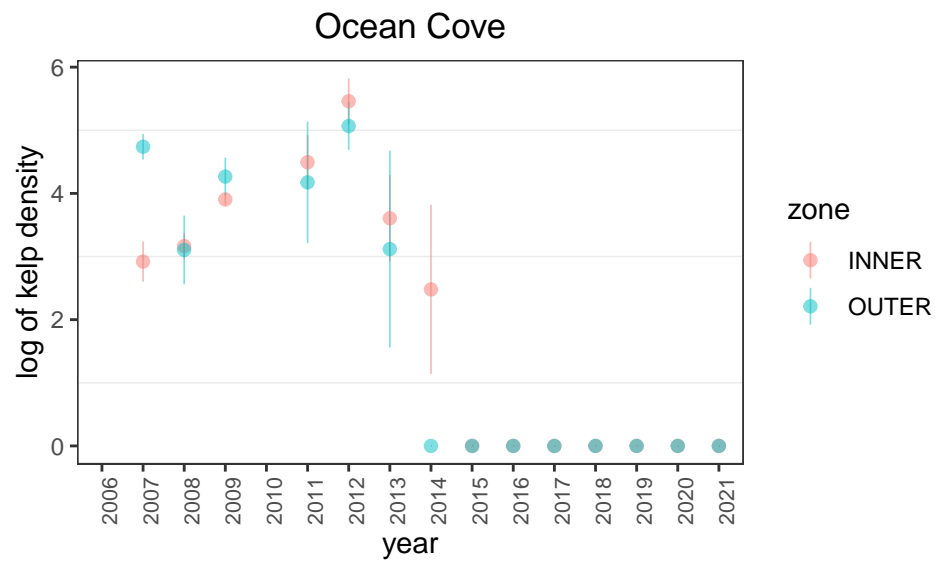
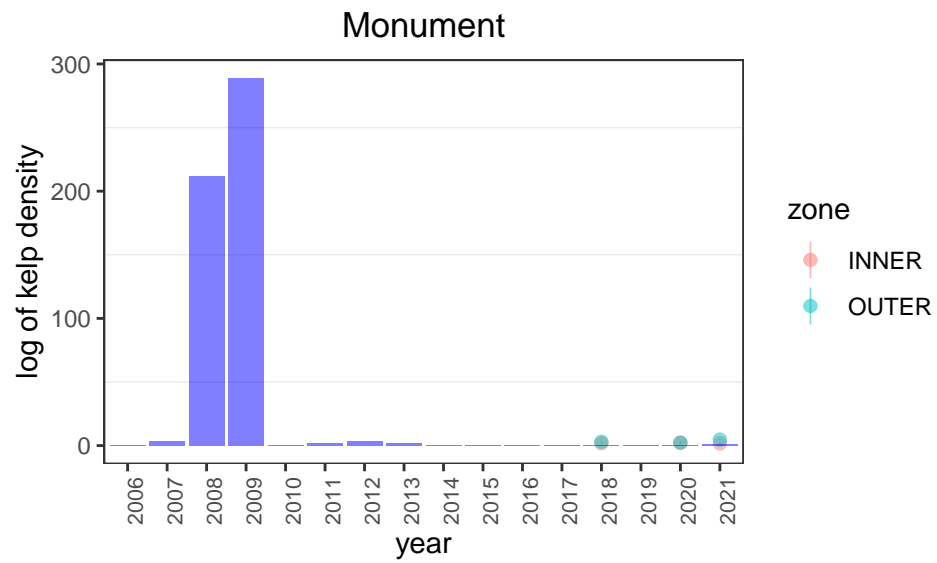
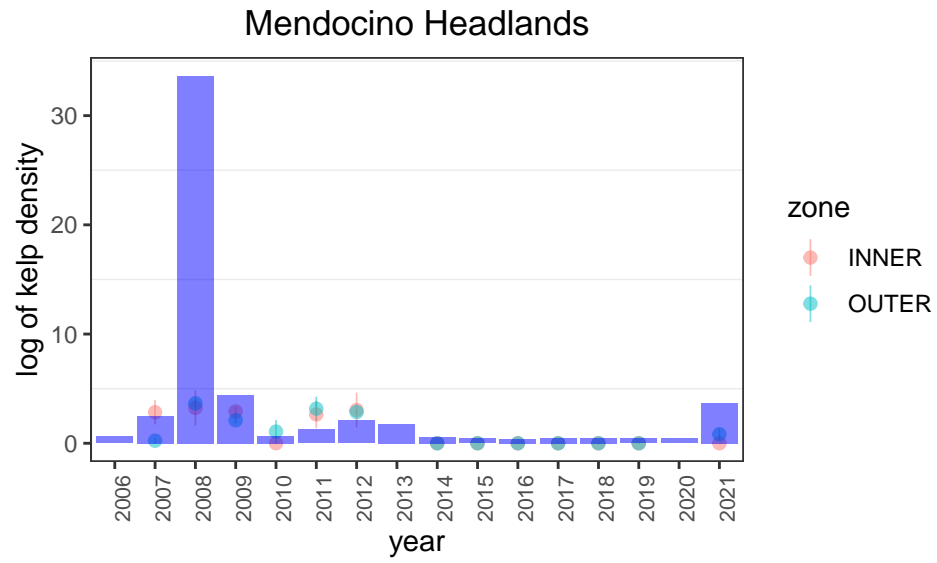
sites <- unique(kelp_data$site_name)
kelp_longer <- kelp_data %>%
  pivot_longer(
    ~c('site_name', 'year', 'fit'),
    names_to = c('.value', 'zone'),
    names_sep = '_'
  )

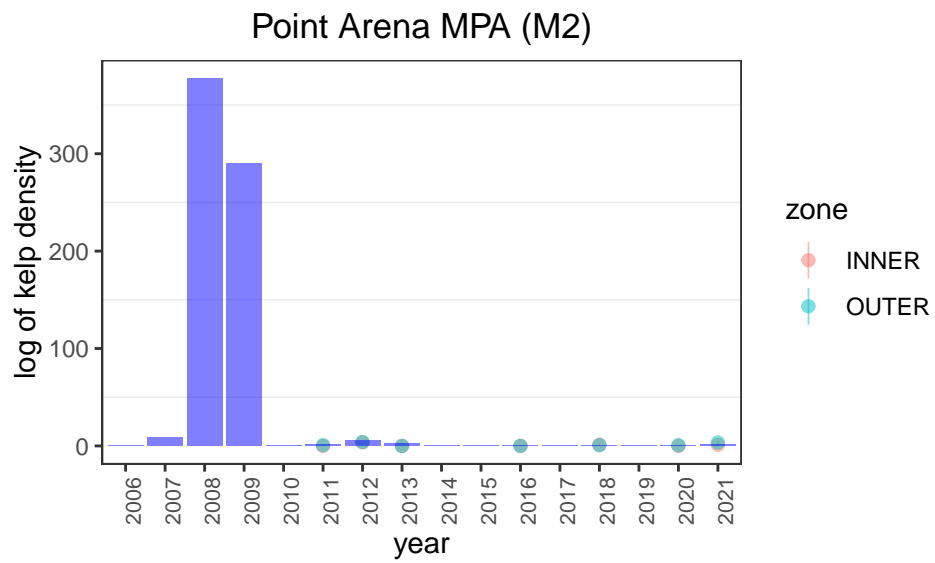
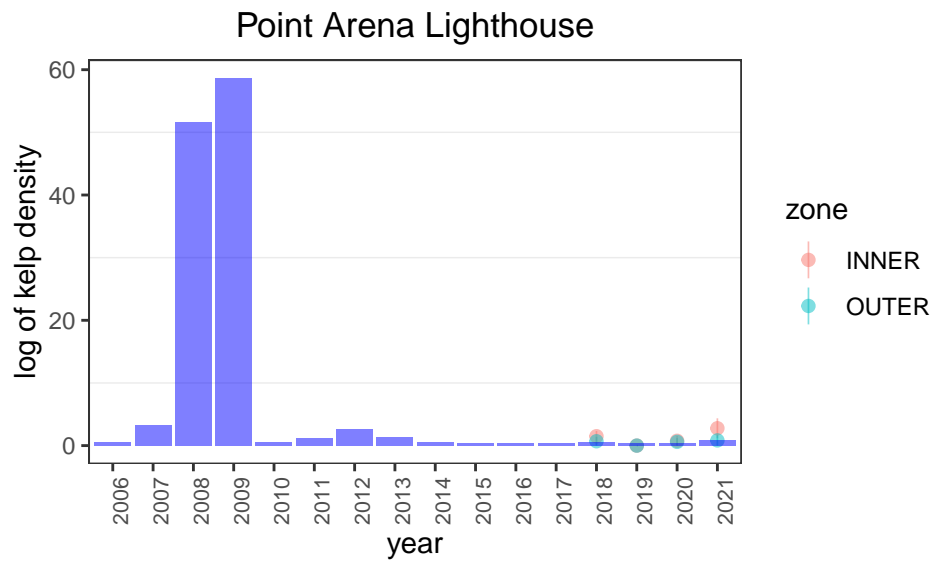
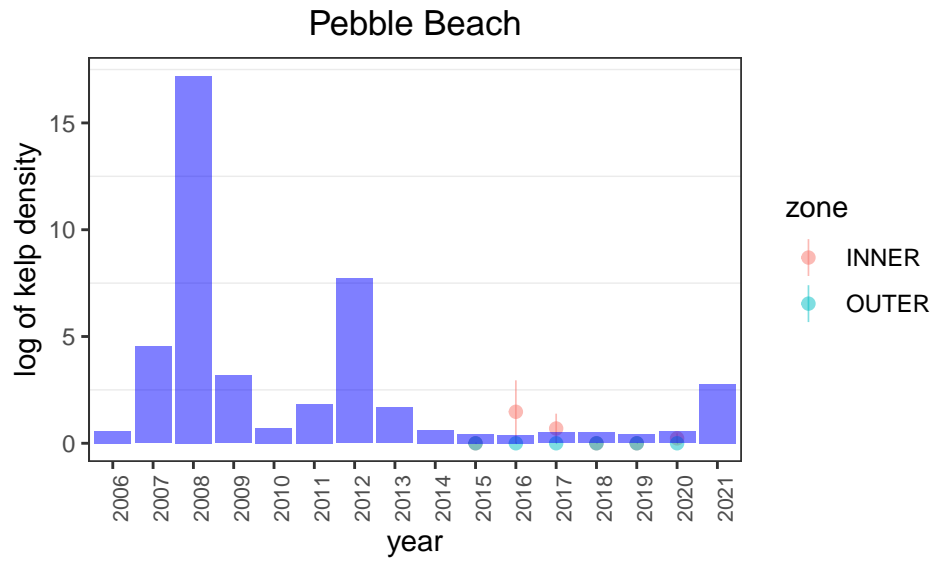
for (i in sites) {
  plot <- kelp_longer %>%
    filter(site_name == i) %>%
    ggplot() +
    geom_pointrange(aes(
      x = year, y = mean, group = zone, color = zone,
      ymin = mean - se, ymax = mean + se
    ), alpha = 0.5, size = 0.3) +
    geom_bar(aes(x = year, y = fit),
      stat = 'identity', position = 'dodge',
      fill = 'blue', alpha = 0.3) +
    theme_bw() +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, size = 8),
      plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5),
      panel.grid.major = element_blank()) +
    labs(y = 'log of kelp density', title = i)
  print(plot)
}
```

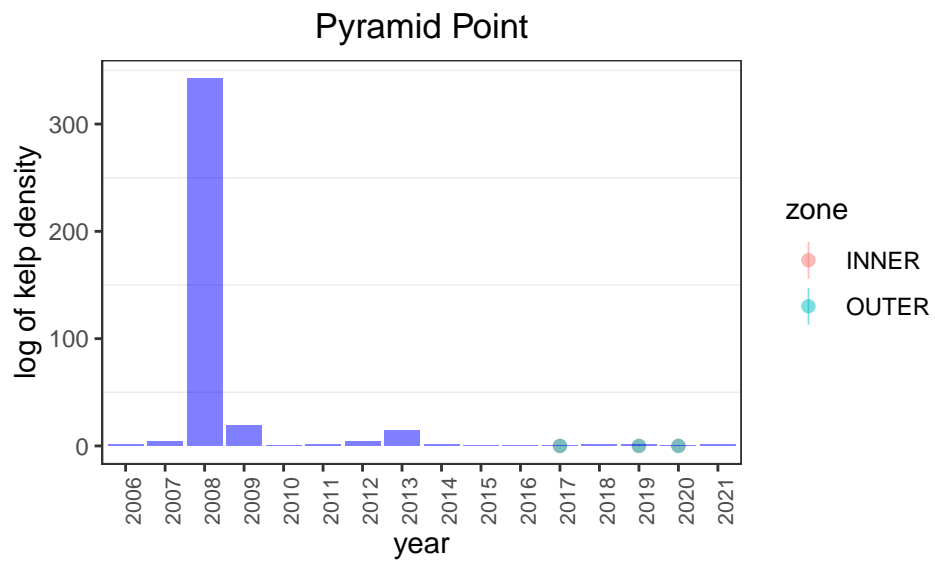
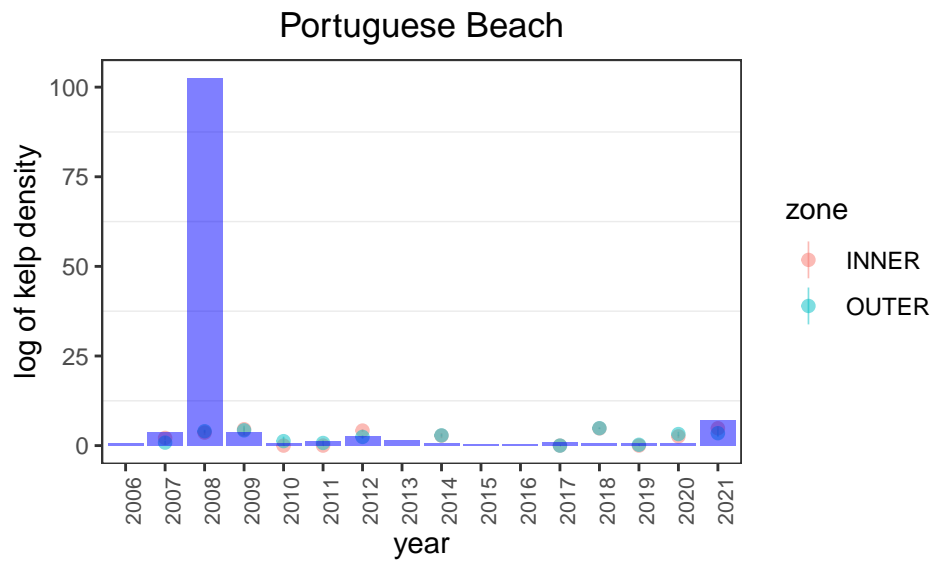
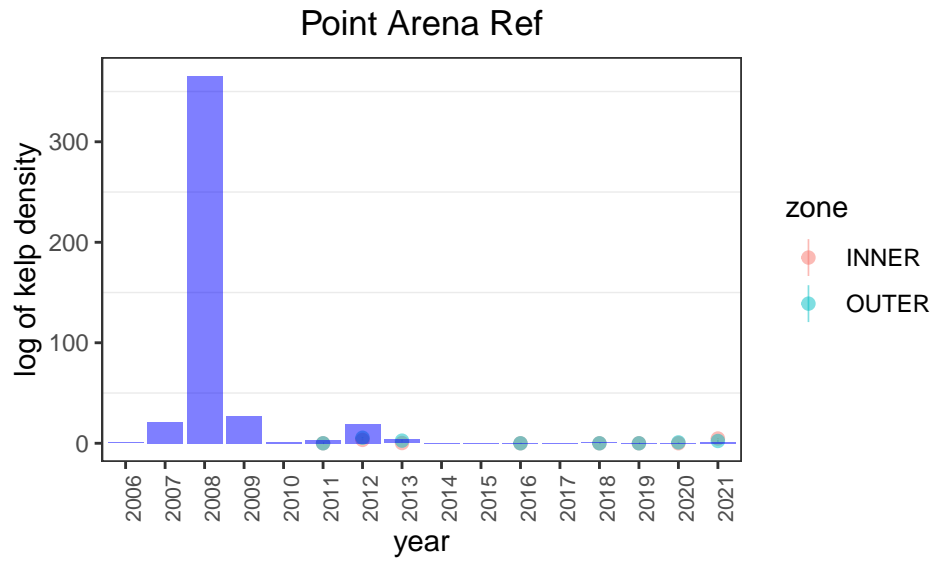


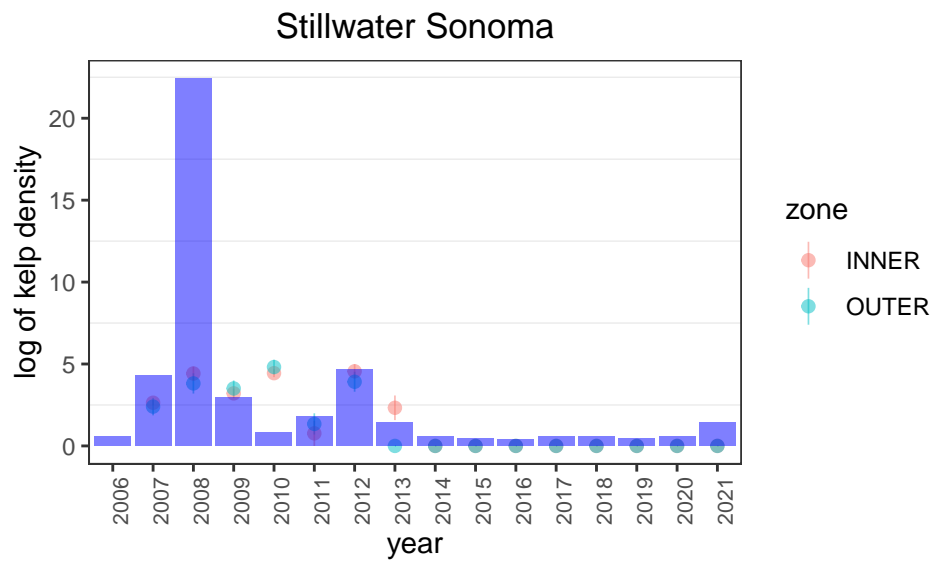
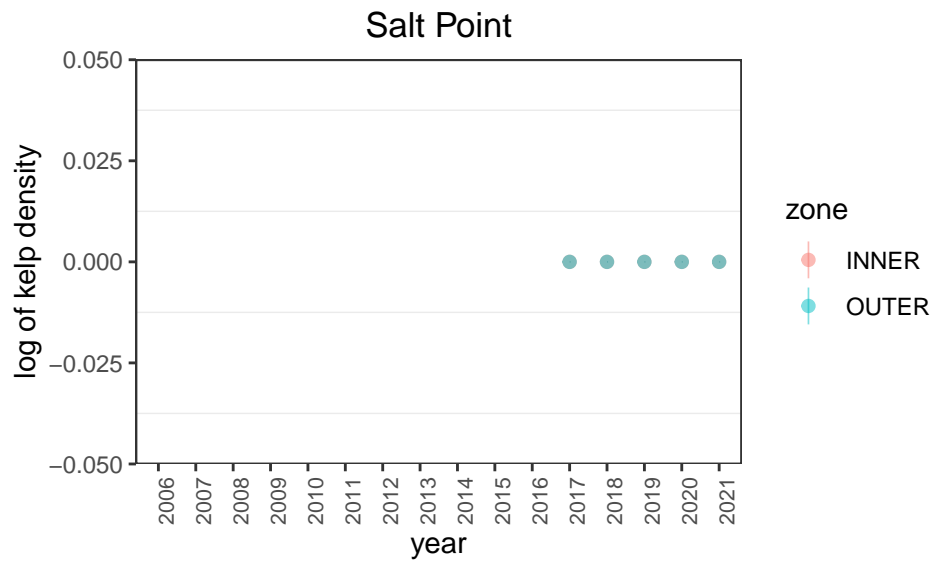
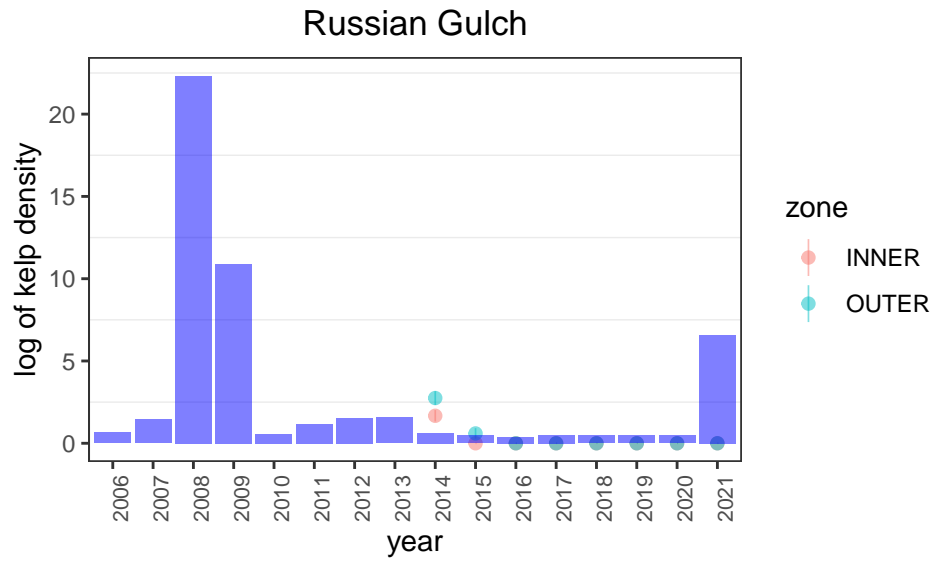


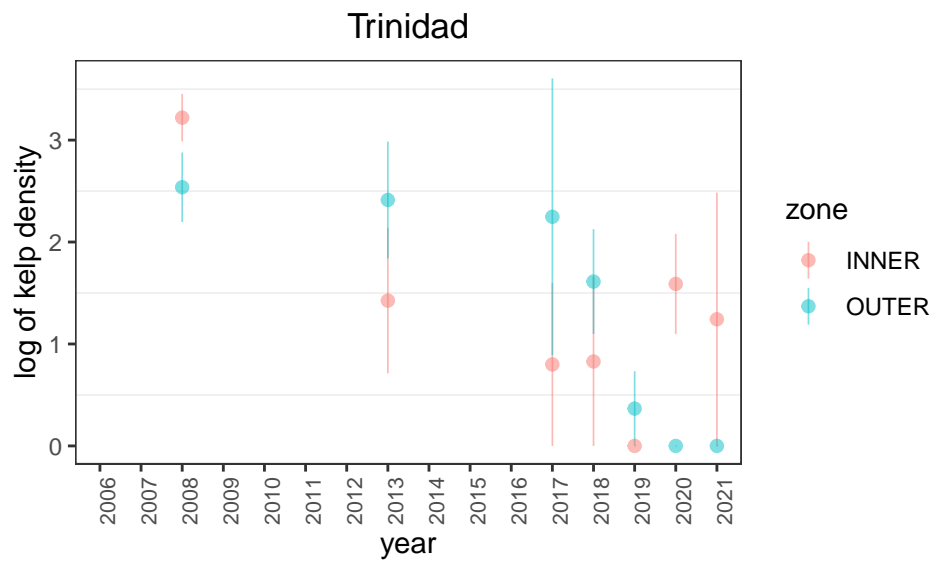
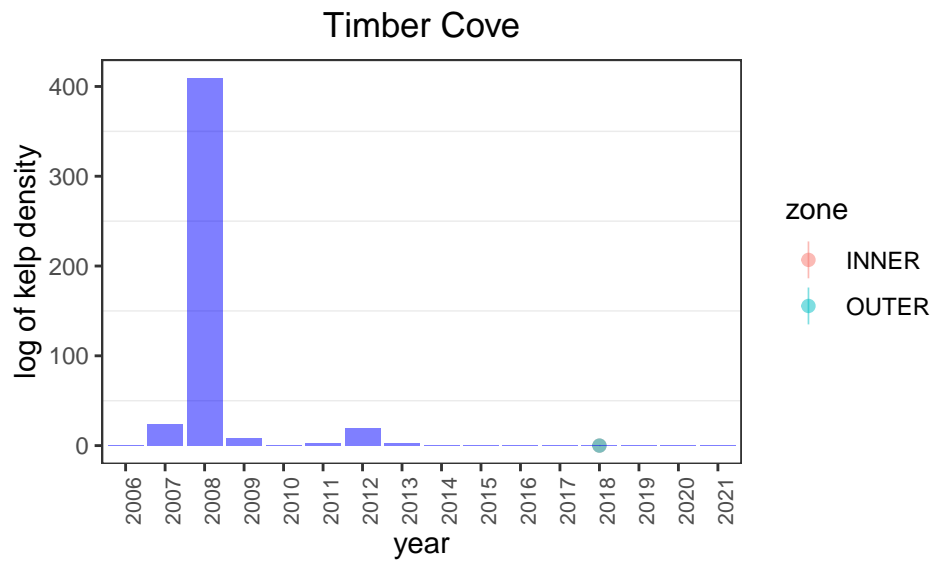
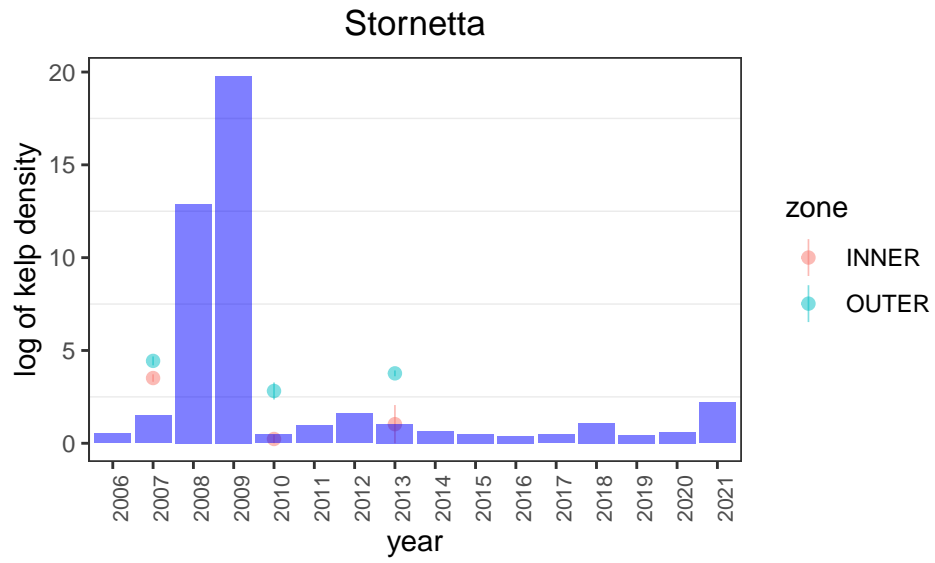


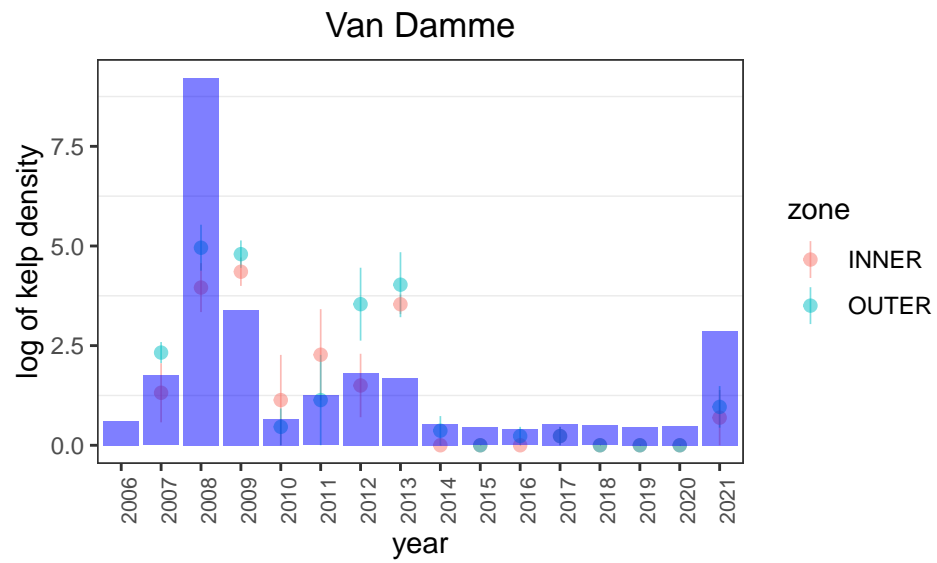












Plot obs. vs pred.

```
kelp_longer %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = fit, y = mean, color = zone)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.6) +
  geom_smooth(method = 'lm', alpha = 0.15, aes(fill = zone)) +
  xlim(NA, 110) +
  labs(x = 'pred', y = 'obs') +
  facet_wrap(~zone, ncol = 2) +
  theme_bw()
```

