

SURE Project

September 24, 2022

Objective

Validate predictions using LANDSAT data for kelp area.

```
# clear environment
rm(list = ls())

# set a directory
r.dir <- '/Volumes/GoogleDrive/My Drive/SURE_Project/Spatial_data/Landsat_rasters'
d.dir <- here('data')
# output
o.dir <- '/Volumes/Chunting HD/Git_Repositories/Chunting_Spatial_Analyses/spatial_data/Landsat_rasters'
```

Aggregate LANDSAT data

```
year <- 1984:2021

# # list files
# n.files <- dir(r.dir)
# n.files <- list.files(r.dir, pattern = '.tif$')
#
# # choose cell size for aggregate factor
# agg.fact <- 120/30 # ~120m
# # agg.fact <- 150/30 # ~150m
# # agg.fact <- 300/30 # ~300m
# # agg.fact <- 600/30 # ~600m
# # agg.fact <- 900/30 # ~900m
# # agg.fact <- 1500/30 # ~1500m
#
# for (i in 1:length(n.files)) {
#   area.rast <- rast(paste(r.dir, n.files[i], sep = '/'))
#   # aggregate
#   agg.rast <- aggregate(area.rast, fact = agg.fact, fun = mean, na.rm = TRUE)
#   # write to file
#   writeRaster(agg.rast,
#               file.path(o.dir, paste0('NC_mean_kelp_area_', year[i], '_120m.tif')),
#               overwrite = TRUE)
# }
```

Extract Landsat data

Extract the Landsat data of every year (1984 - 2021) for each site in the North Coast.

```

# # load info on RCCA
# site <- read.csv(paste(d.dir, 'RCCA_North_Coast_sites.csv', sep = '/'))
#
# # convert from .csv to .shp
# site.shp <- st_as_sf(site, coords = c('longitude', 'latitude'), crs = 'EPSG:4326')
#
# # initialize an empty data frame
# landsat <- data.frame(site_name = character(),
#                       year = numeric(),
#                       area = numeric(),
#                       stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
#
# k.dir <- paste(o.dir, '150m_res', sep = '/')
# k.files <- dir(k.dir)
# k.files <- list.files(k.dir, pattern = '.tif$')
#
# # extract Landsat data
# for (i in 1:length(k.files)) {
#   kelp.rast <- rast(paste(k.dir, k.files[i], sep = '/'))
#   ext <- terra::extract(kelp.rast, vect(site.shp$geometry)) %>%
#     mutate(site_name = site$site_name, year = as.factor(year[i]), .after = ID) %>%
#     dplyr::select(-ID)
#   landsat <- rbind(landsat, setNames(ext, names(landsat)))
# }
#
# # save as .csv
# write.csv(landsat, file.path(o.dir, 'NC_mean_kelp_area_1984-2021_150m.csv'))

```

Plot

```

# kelp density predictions at different resolution
res <- c(120, 300, 900, 1500)

# initialize an empty data frame
kelp.density <- data.frame(site_name = character(),
                           year = factor(),
                           fit = numeric(),
                           longitude = numeric(),
                           latitude = numeric(),
                           resolution = factor())

for (i in res) {
  data <- read.csv(paste(d.dir, paste0('NC_kelp_density_predictions_', i, 'm.csv'), sep = '/')) %>%
    mutate_at(vars(year, site_name), list(as.factor)) %>%
    mutate(resolution = factor(i))
  kelp.density <- rbind(kelp.density, data)
}

# Landsat kelp area at different resolution

# initialize an empty data frame

```

```

kelp.area <- data.frame(site_name = character(),
                        year = factor(),
                        area = numeric(),
                        resolution = factor())

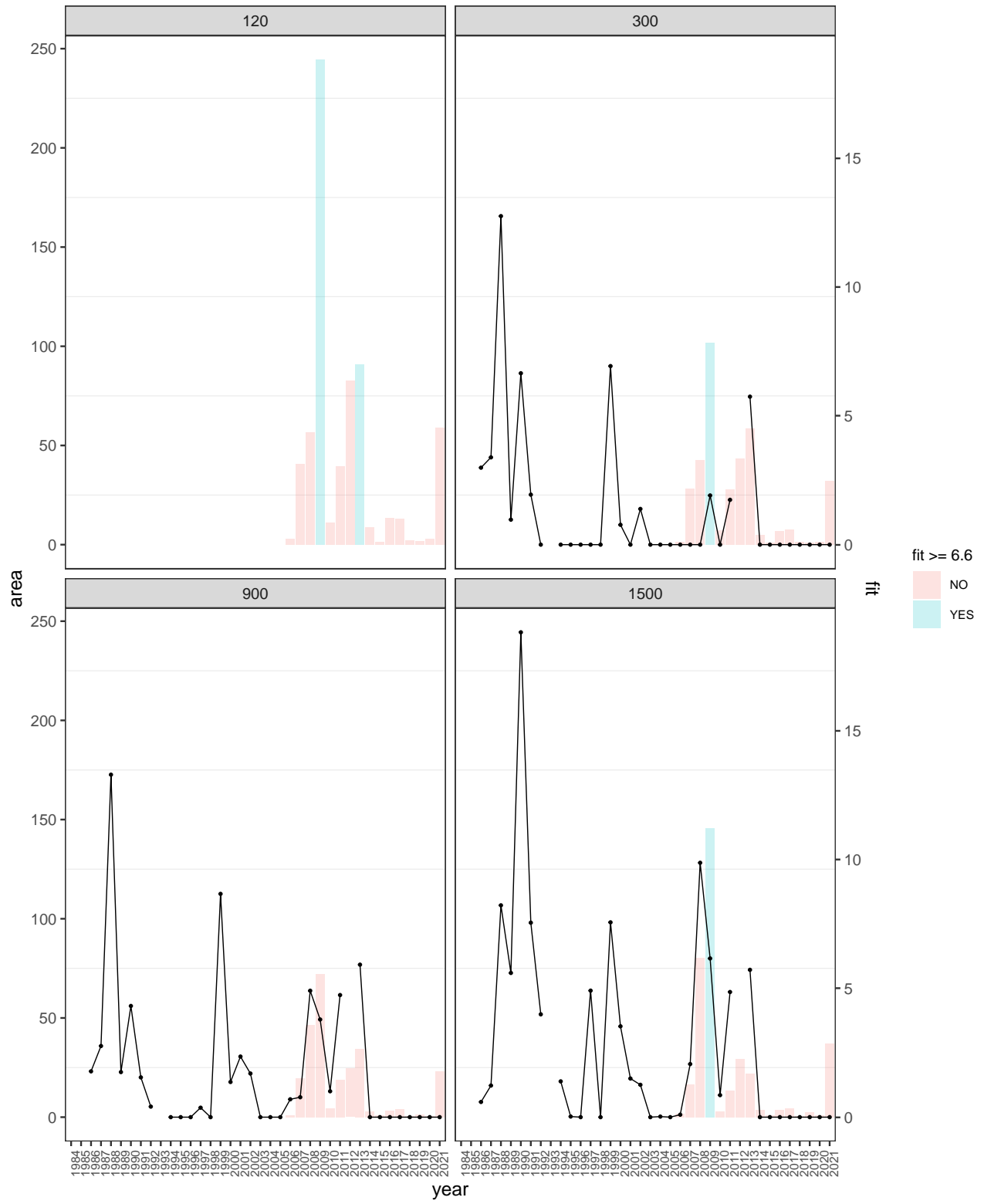
for (i in res) {
  data <- read.csv(paste(o.dir, paste0('NC_mean_kelp_area_1984-2021_', i, 'm.csv'), sep = '/')) %>%
    dplyr::select(-X) %>%
    mutate_at(vars(year), list(as.factor)) %>%
    mutate(resolution = factor(i))
  kelp.area <- rbind(kelp.area, data)
}

sites <- kelp.area$site_name %>% unique()
sites <- sites[-c(5, 7, 12, 20, 24, 18)] # remove the ones with no predicted values or Landsat data

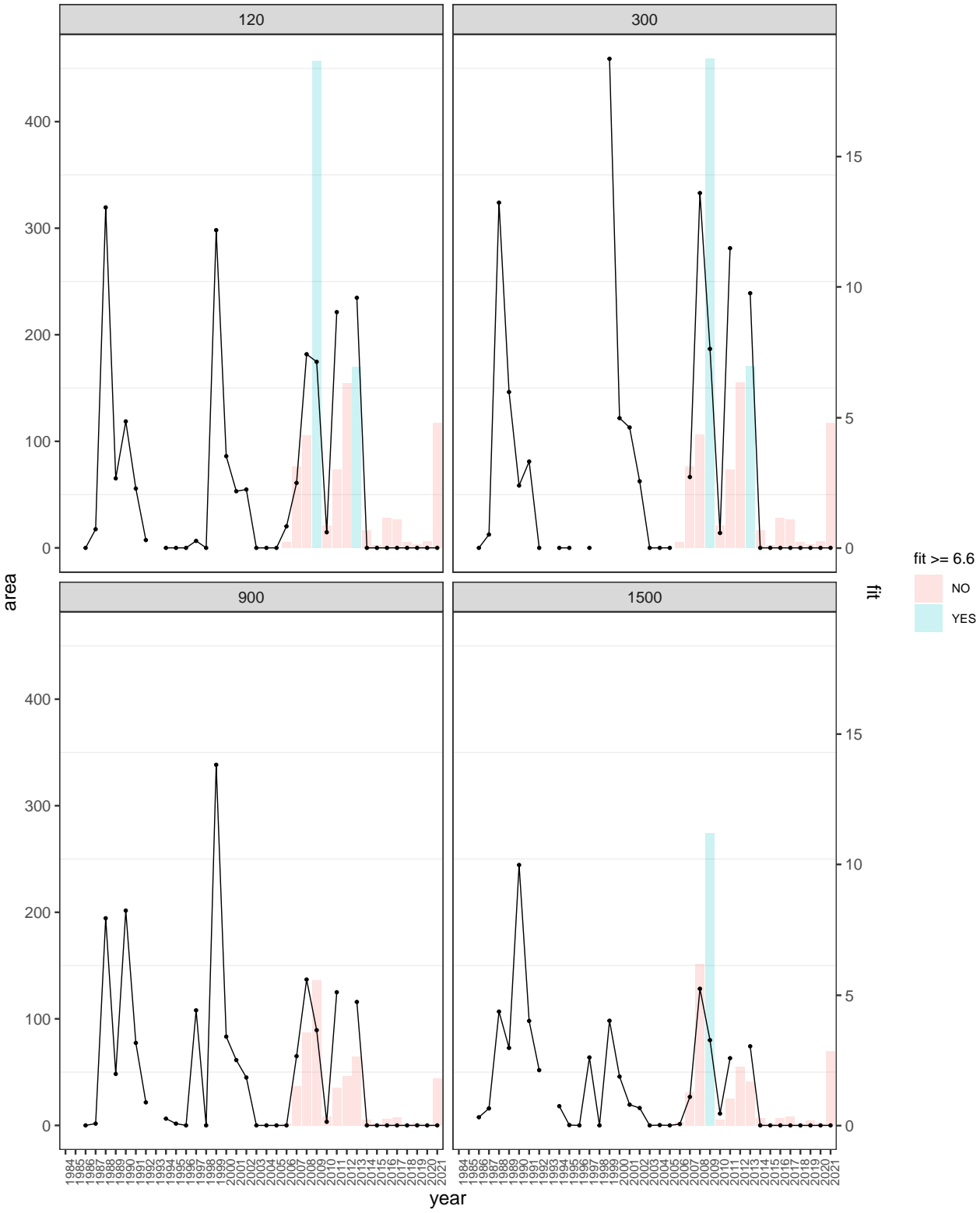
for (i in sites) {
  max.kelp.area <- filter(kelp.area, site_name == i)$area %>% max(na.rm = TRUE)
  max.kelp.density <- filter(kelp.density, site_name == i)$fit %>% max(na.rm = TRUE)
  factor <- max.kelp.area / max.kelp.density
  plot <- ggplot() +
    geom_bar(data = filter(kelp.density, site_name == i),
             aes(x = year, y = fit * factor,
                 fill = ifelse(!is.na(fit) & fit >= 6.6, 'YES', 'NO')),
             stat = 'identity', position = 'dodge', alpha = 0.2) +
    labs(fill = 'fit >= 6.6', title = i) +
    geom_point(data = filter(kelp.area, site_name == i),
              aes(x = year, y = area), size = 0.5, color = 'black') +
    geom_line(data = filter(kelp.area, site_name == i),
             aes(x = year, y = area), color = 'black', size = 0.3, group = 1, na.rm = TRUE) +
    scale_y_continuous(name = 'area',
                      sec.axis = sec_axis(~. / factor, name = 'fit')) +
    facet_wrap(. ~ resolution, nrow = 2) +
    theme_bw() +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, size = 7),
          plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5),
          panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
          legend.title = element_text(size = 9),
          legend.text = element_text(size = 7))
  print(plot)
}

```

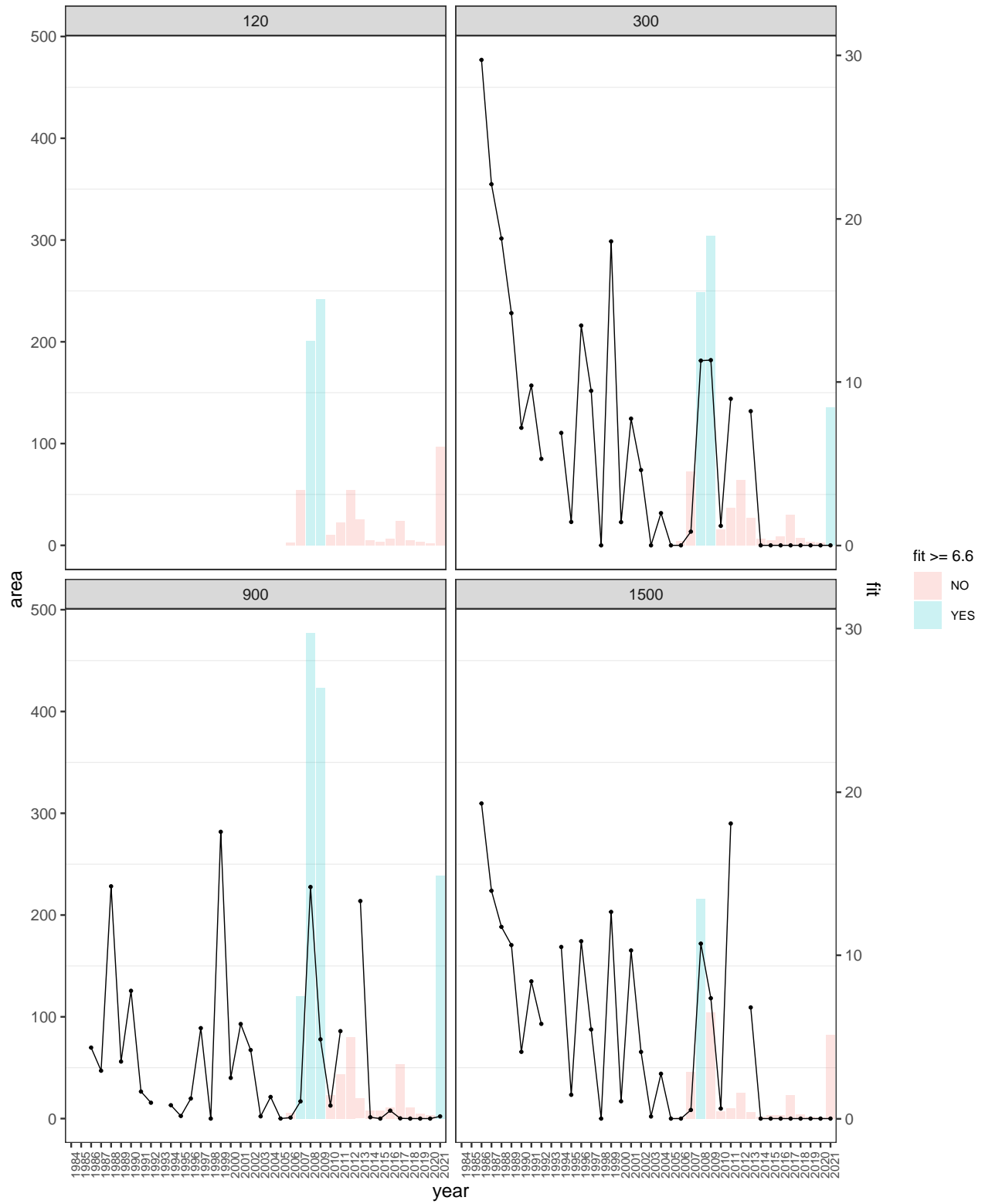
Caspar



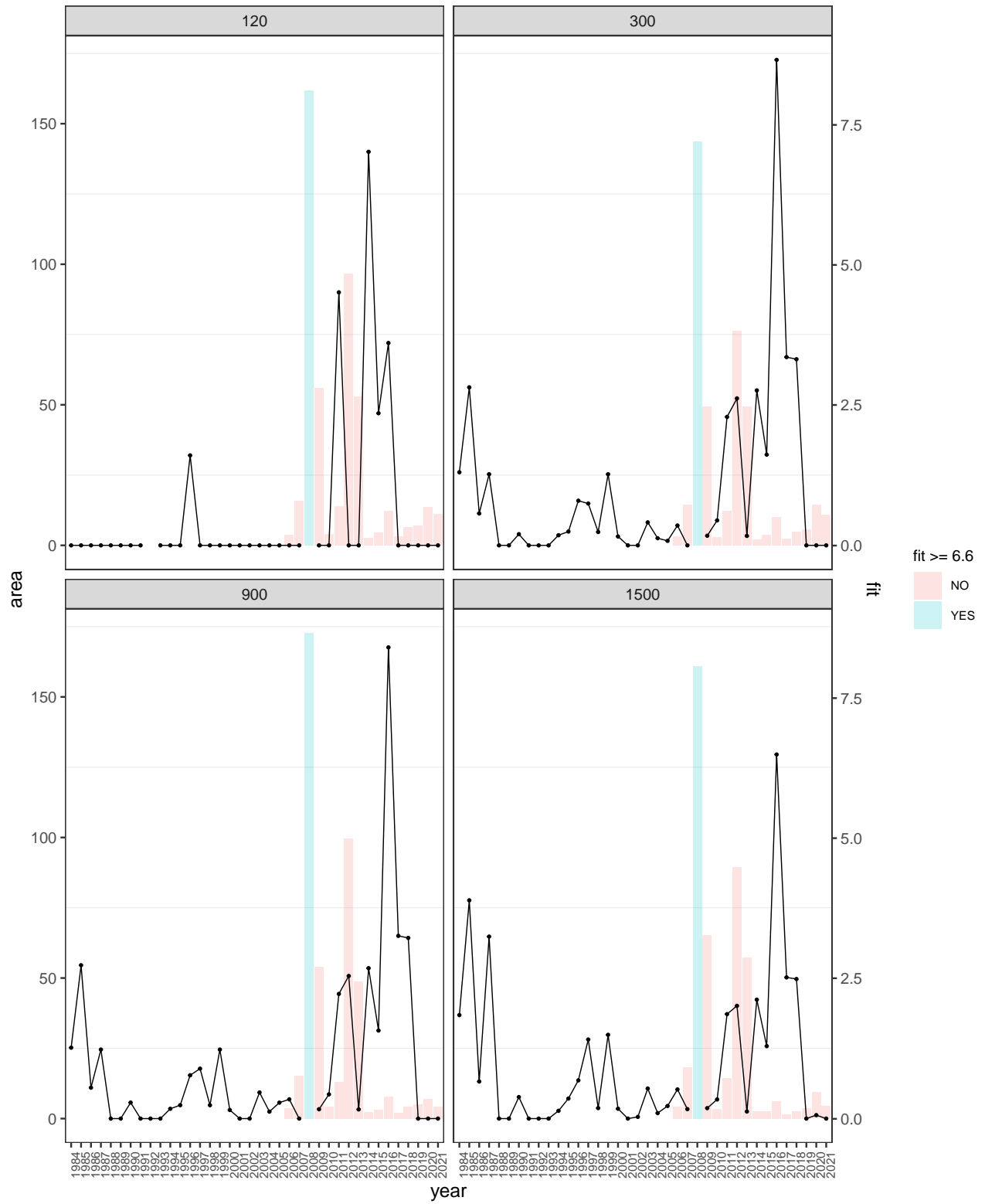
Caspar North



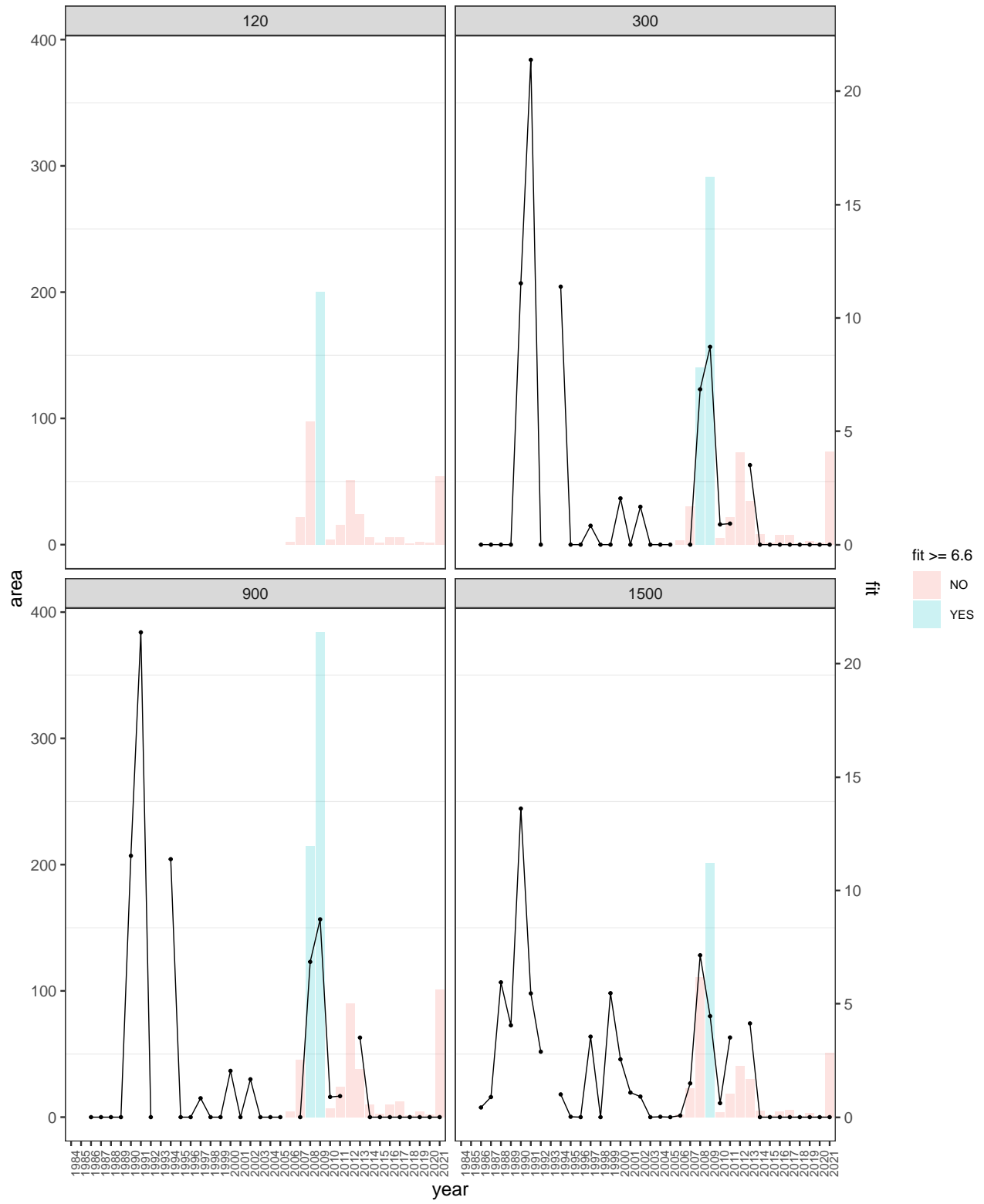
Dark Gulch



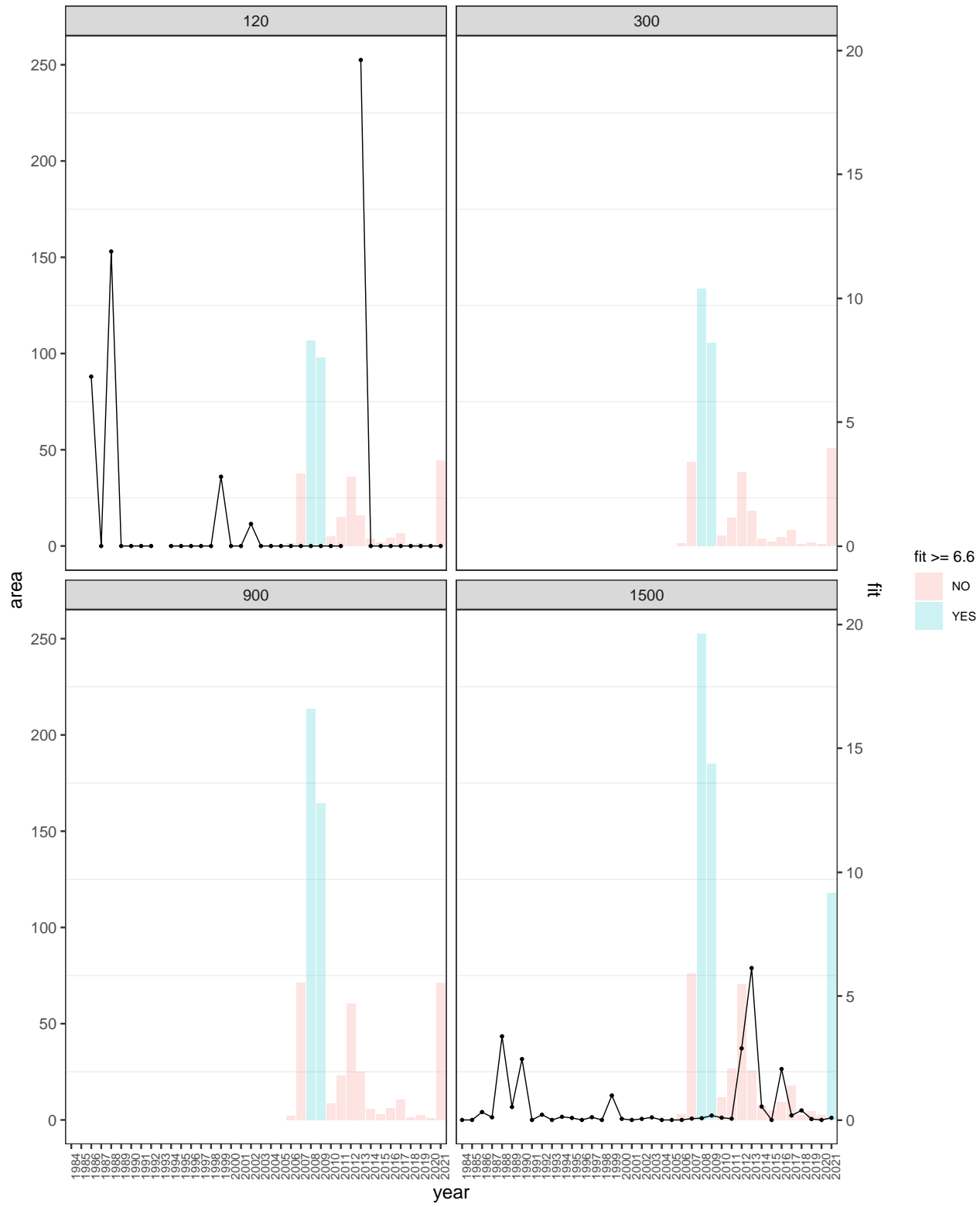
Flat Iron Rock



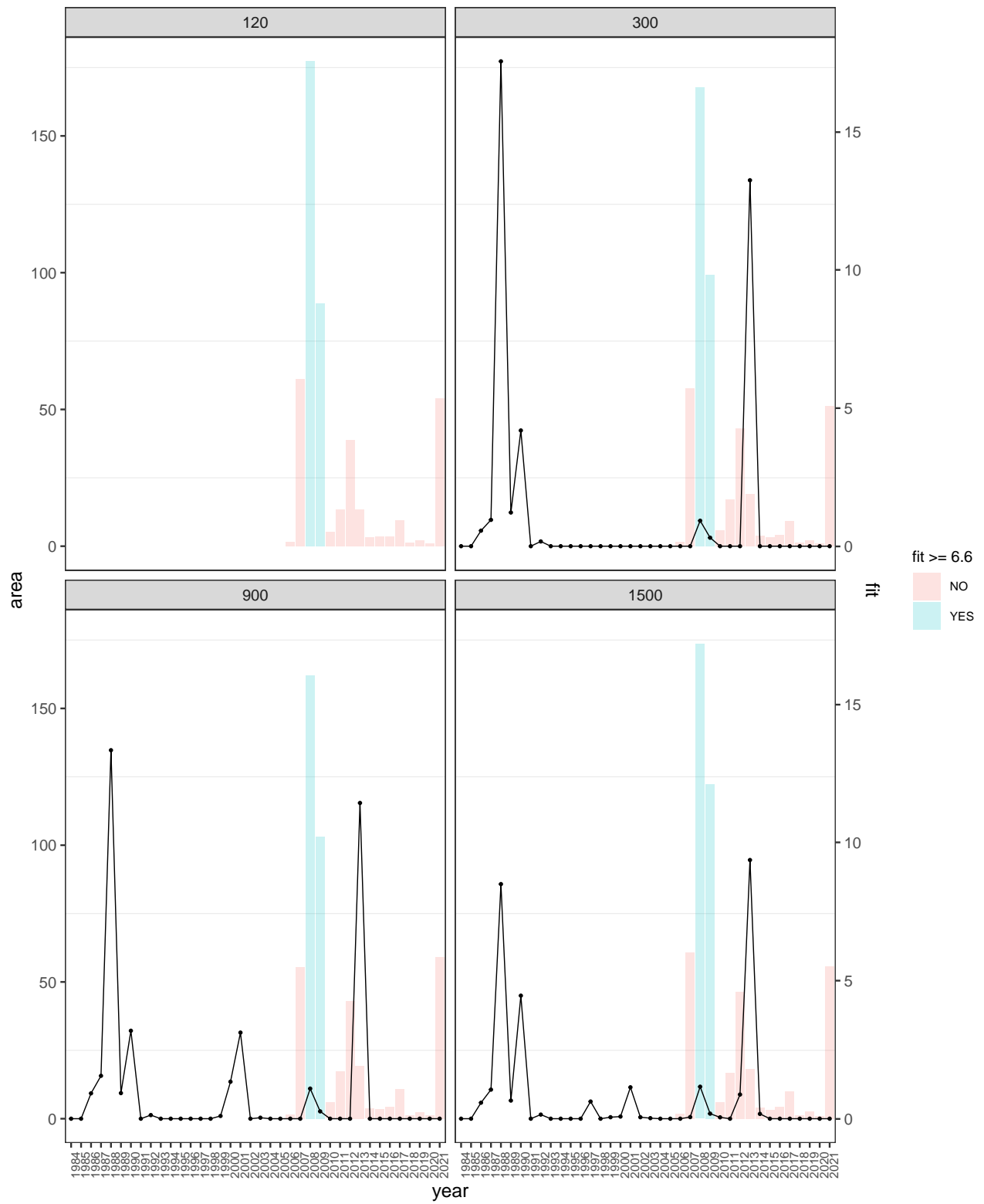
Frolic Cove



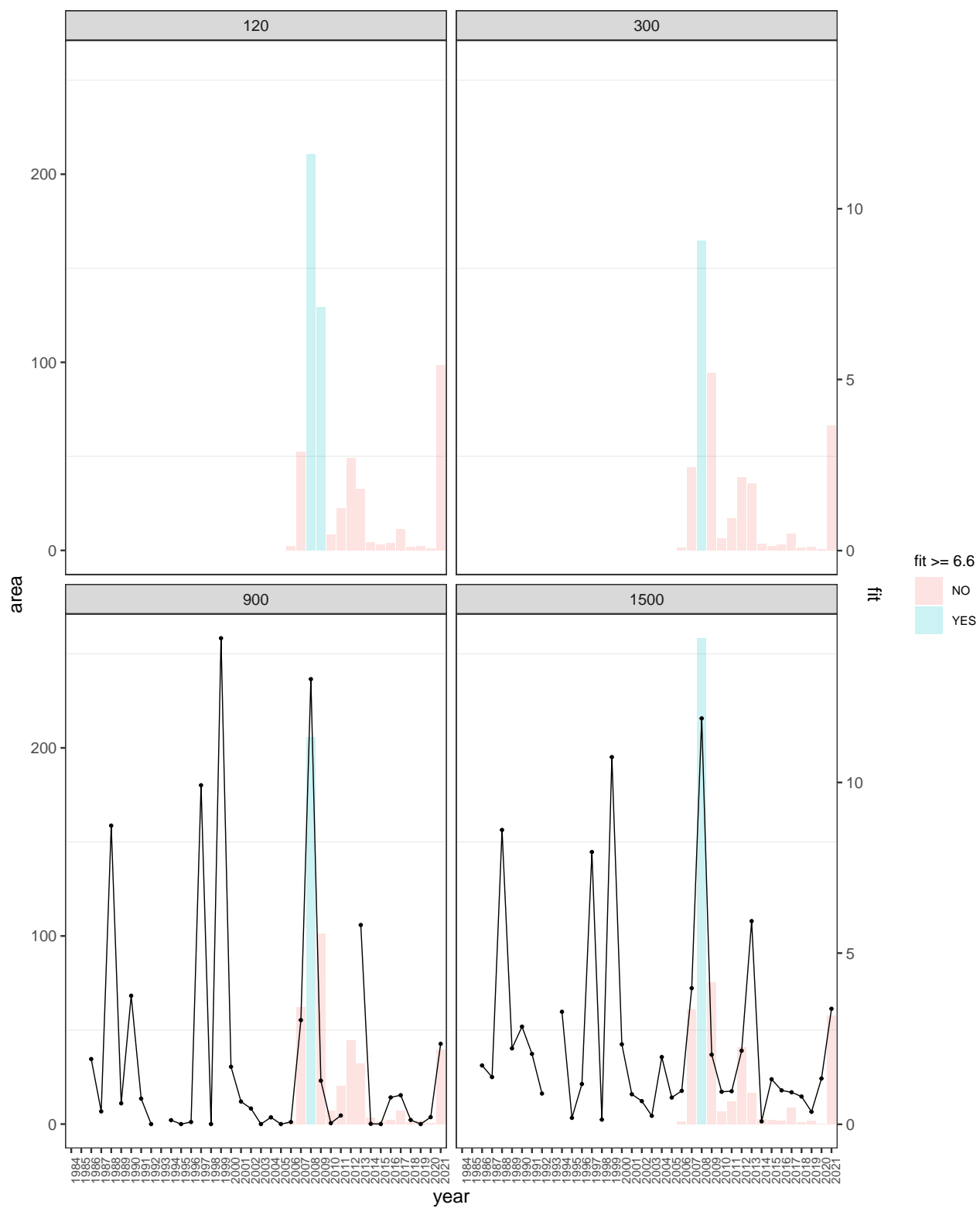
Glass Beach

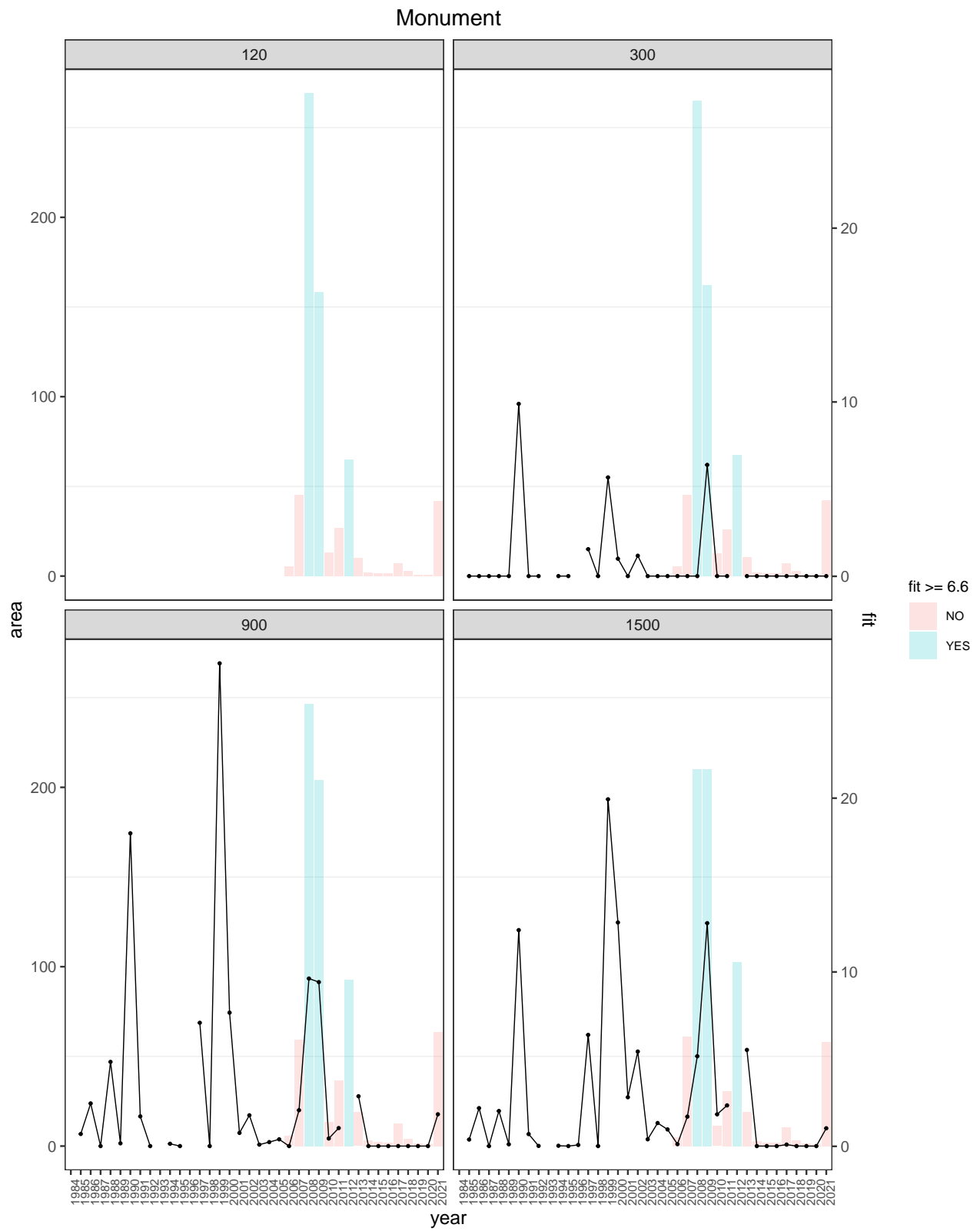


Mackerricher North

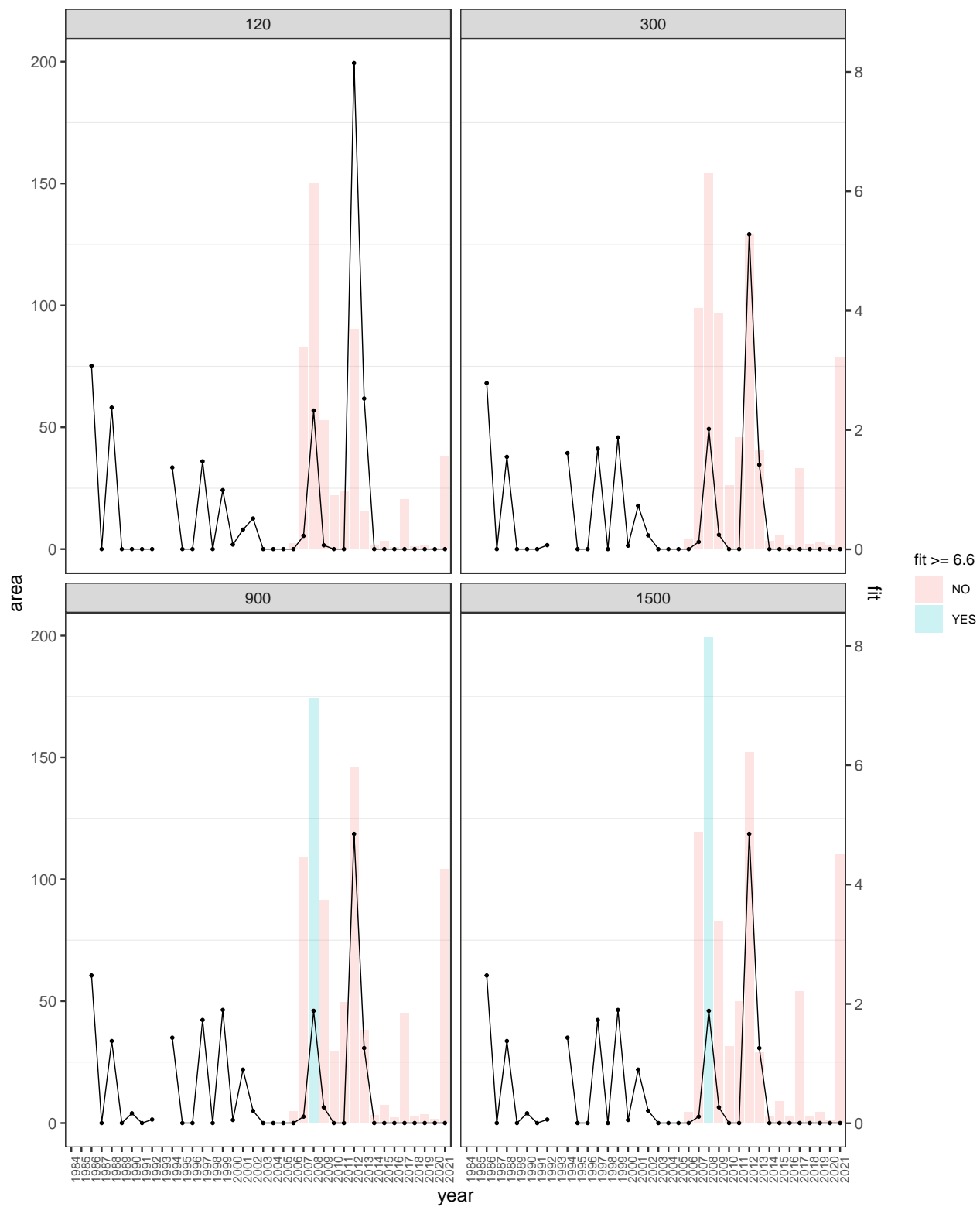


Mendocino Headlands

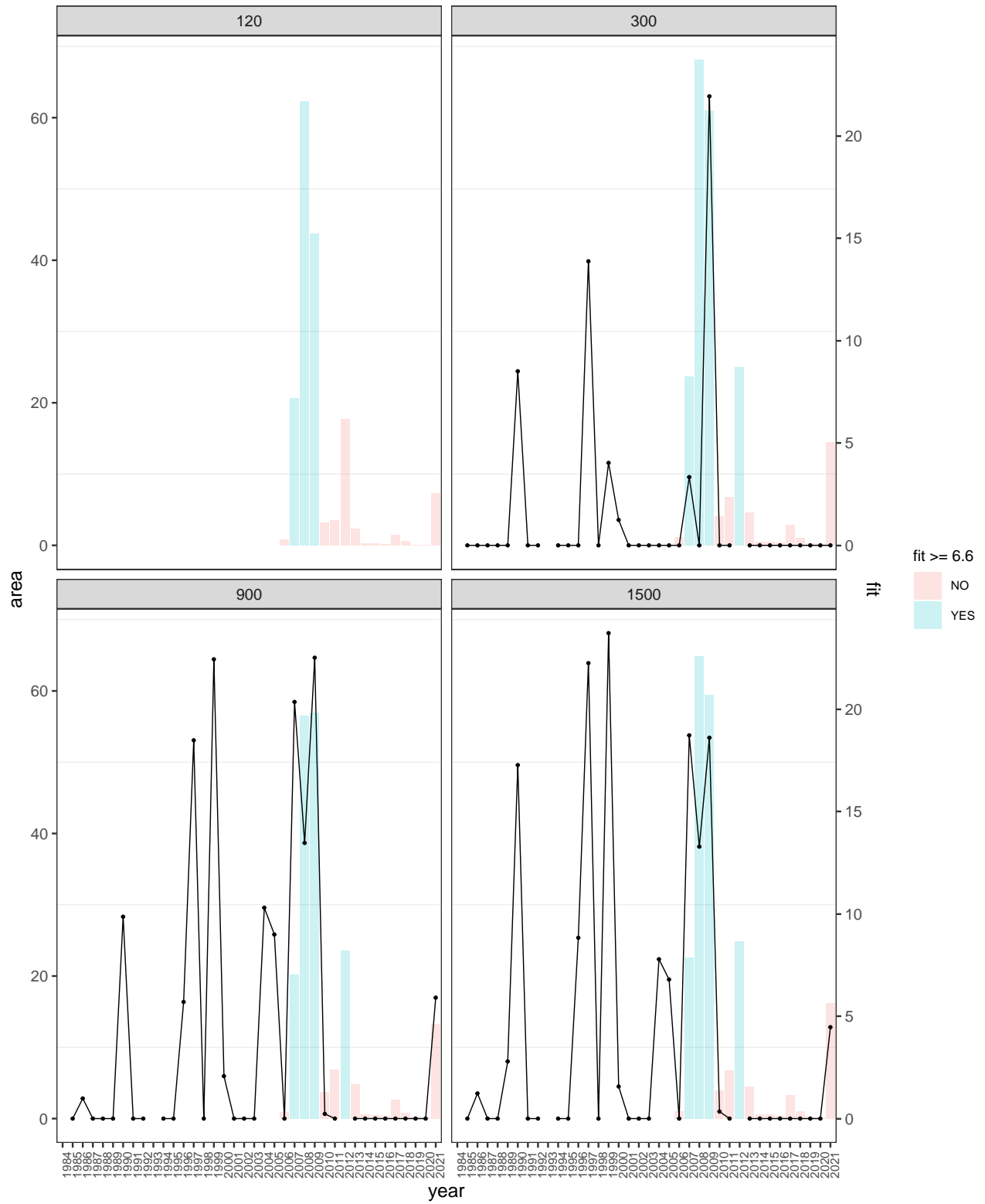




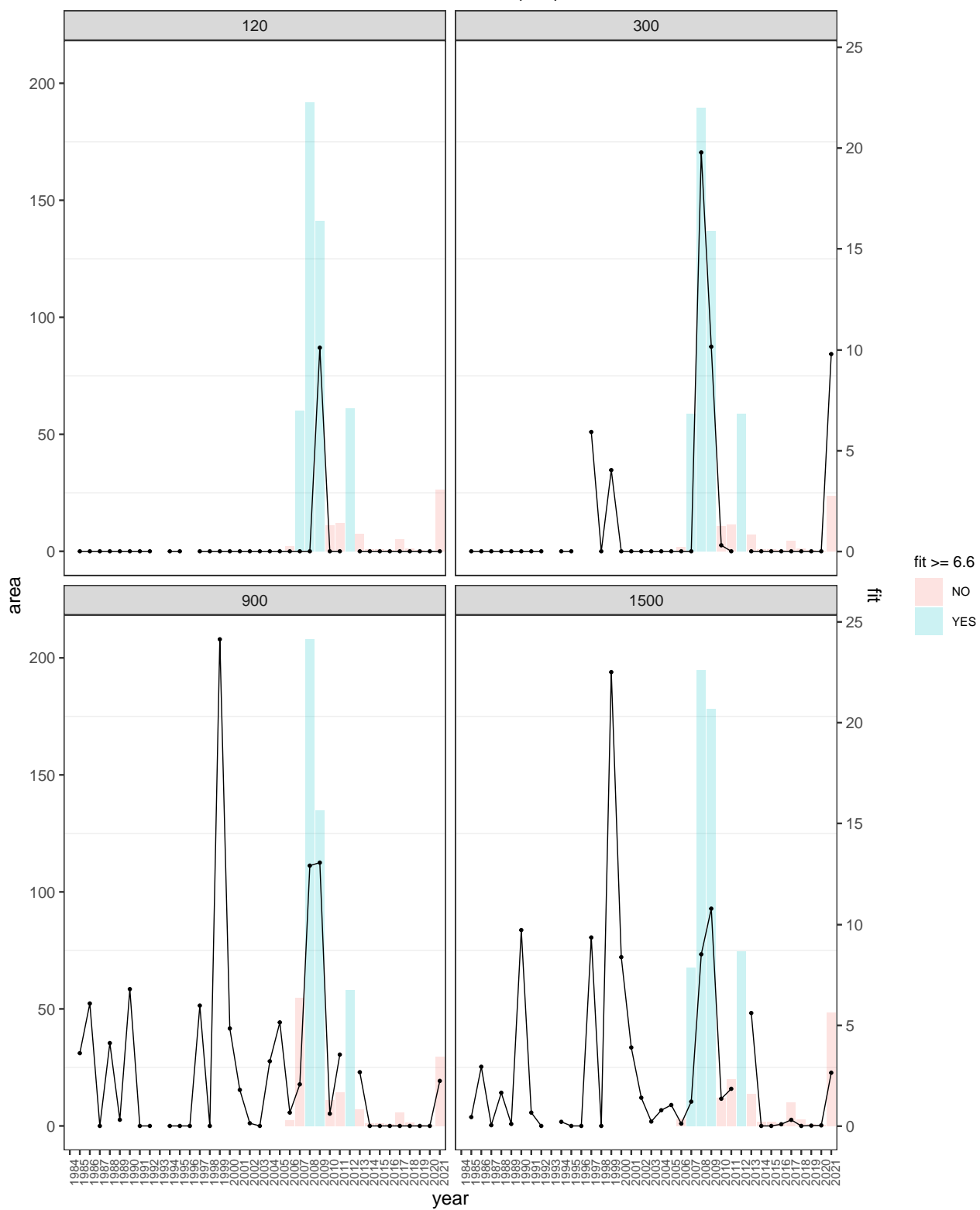
Pebble Beach



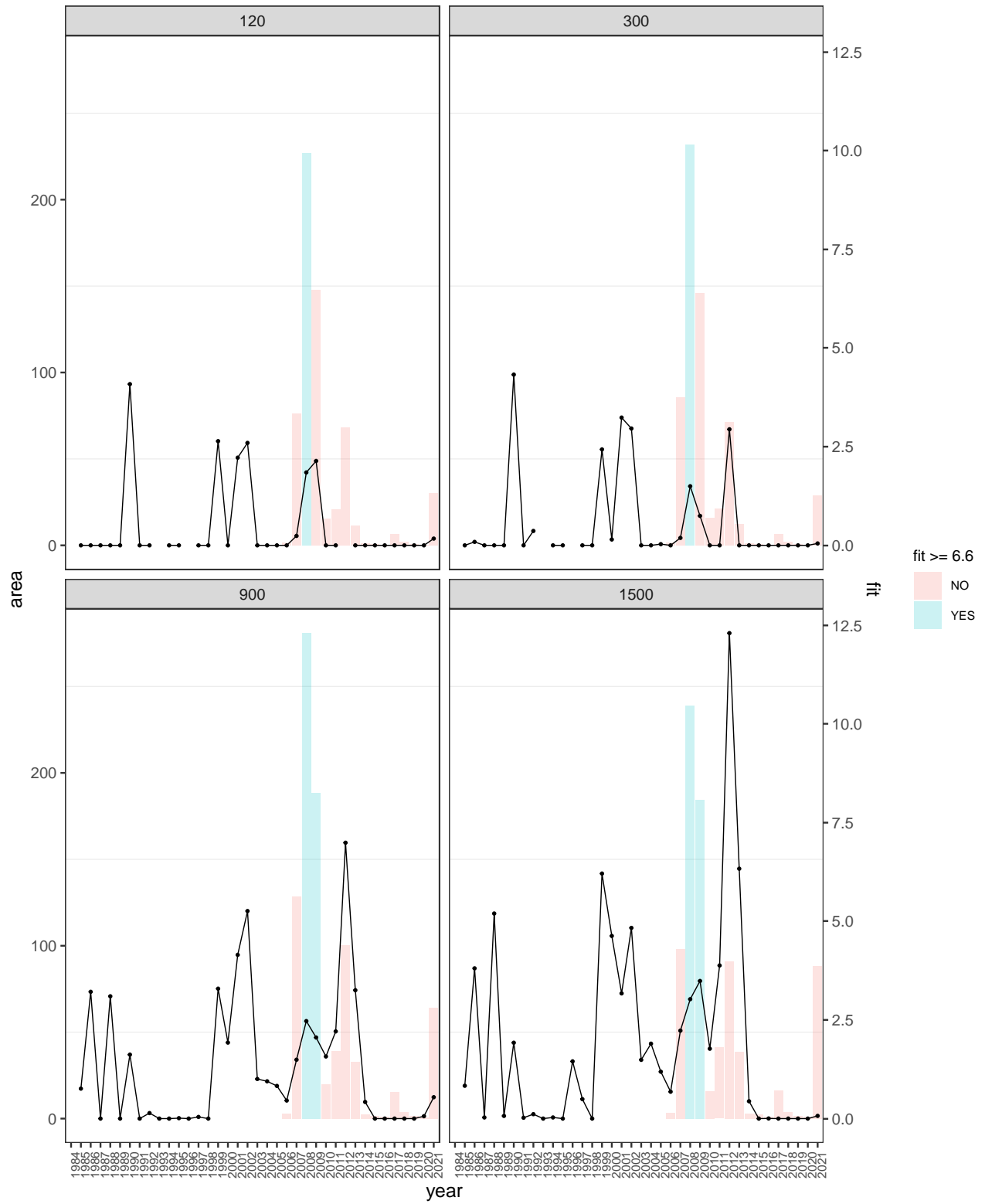
Point Arena Lighthouse



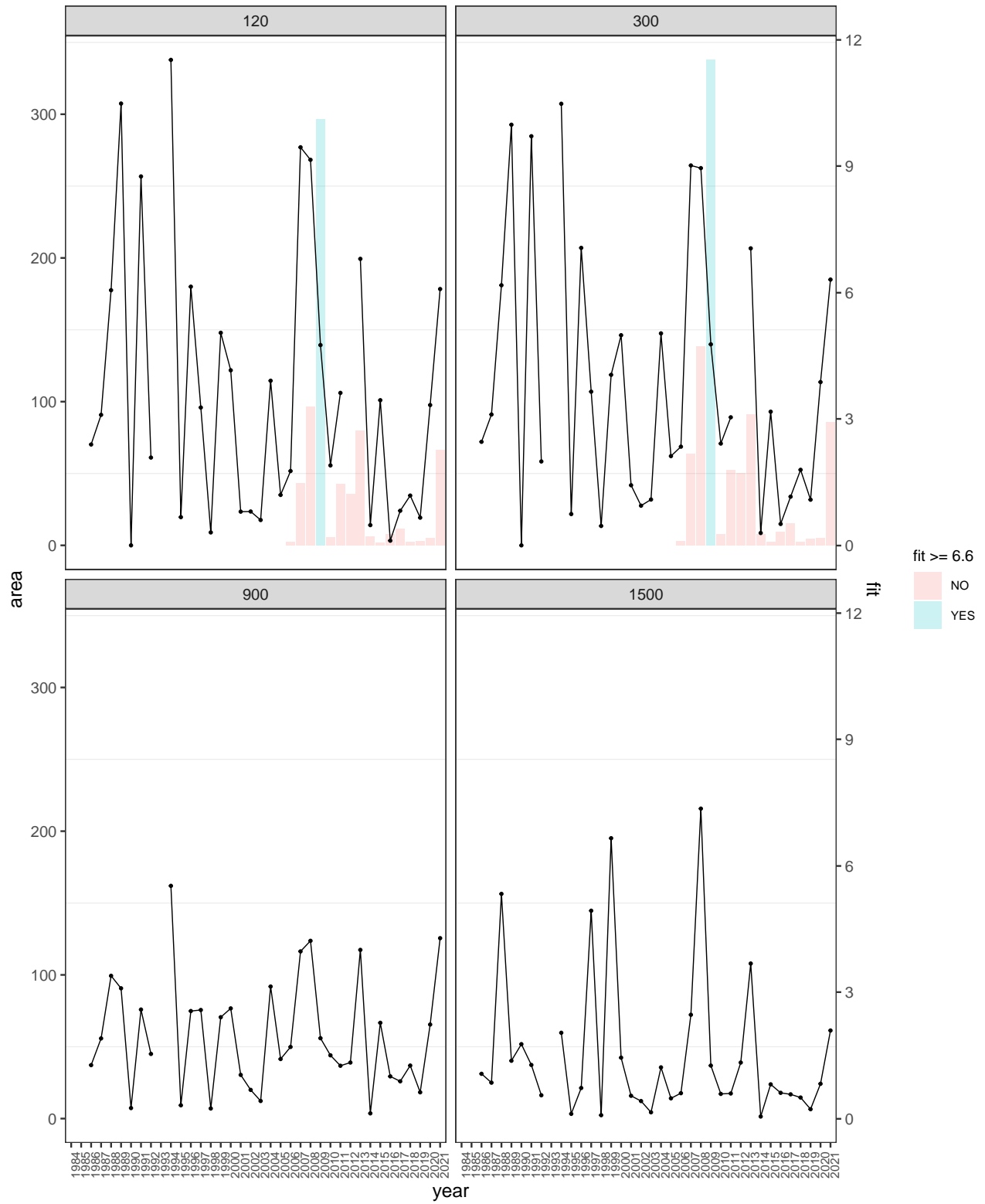
Point Arena MPA (M2)



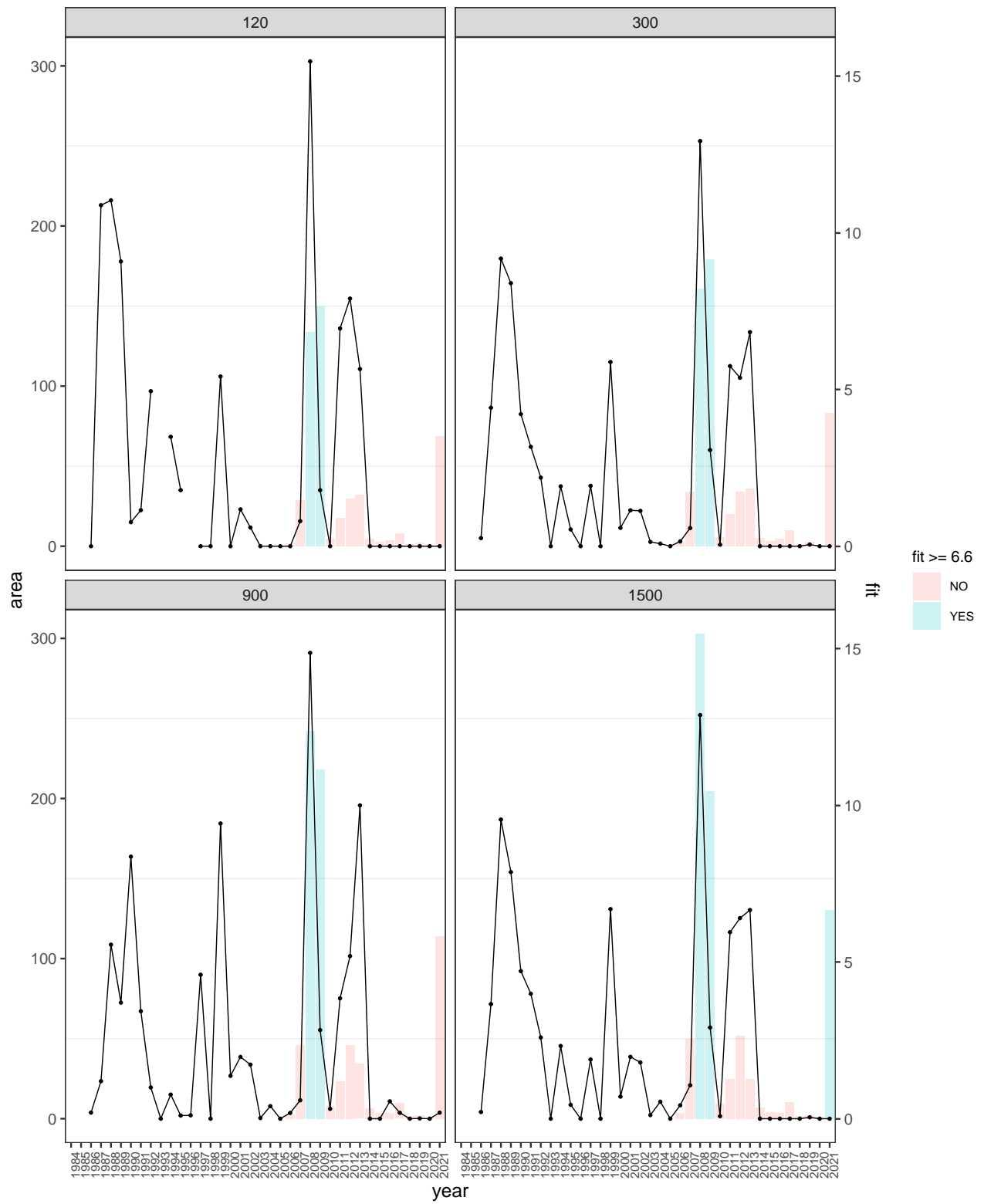
Point Arena Ref



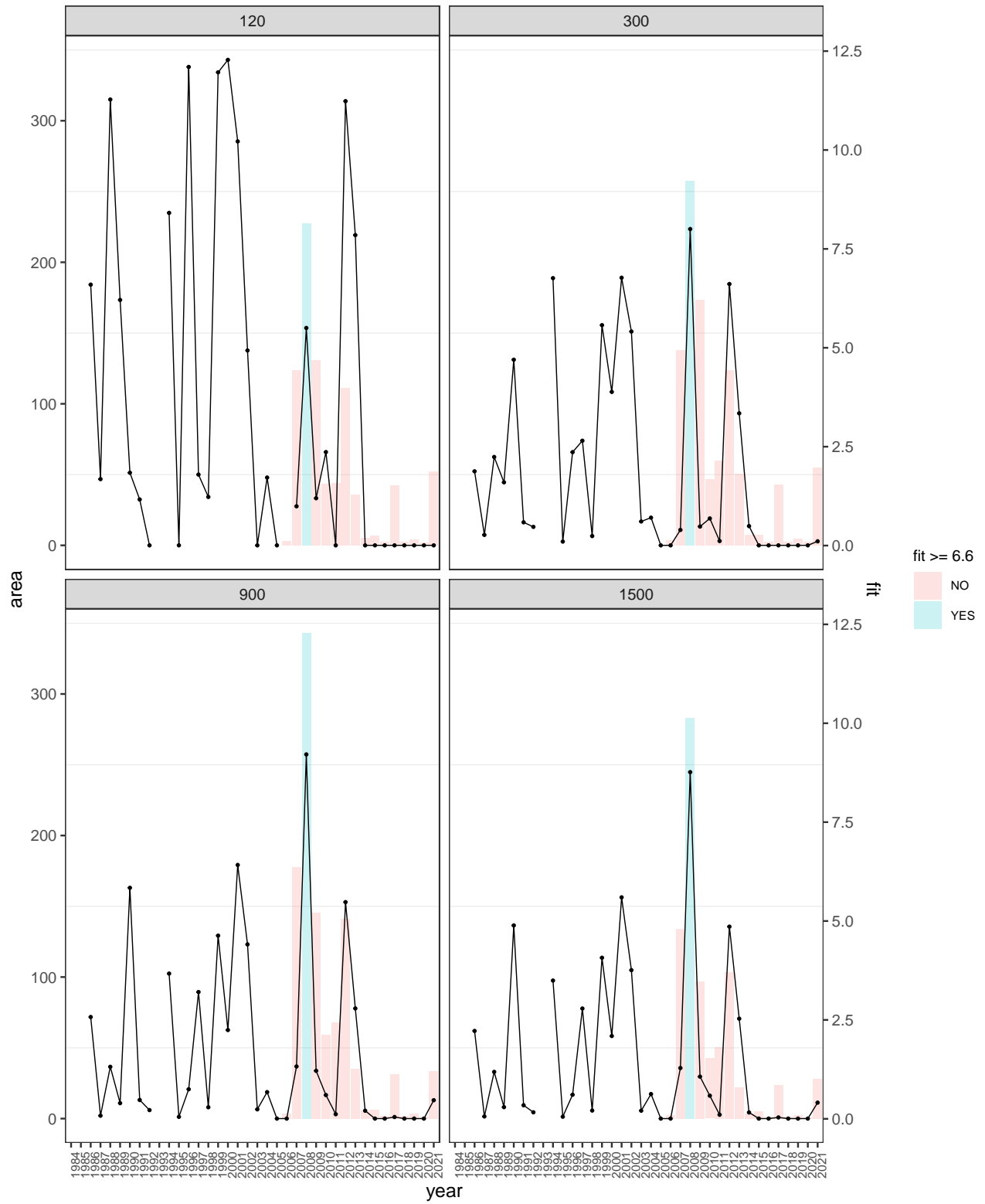
Portuguese Beach



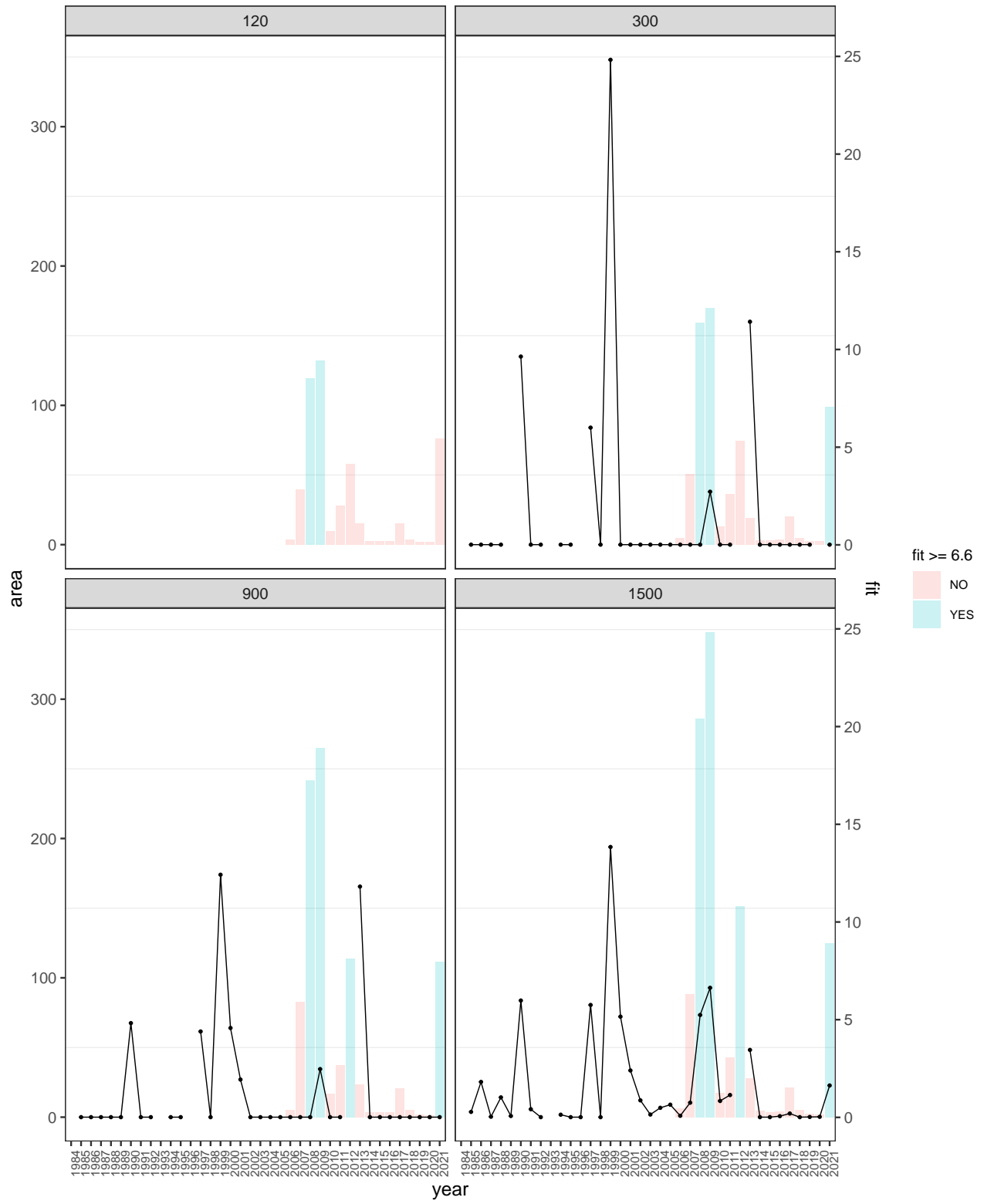
Russian Gulch



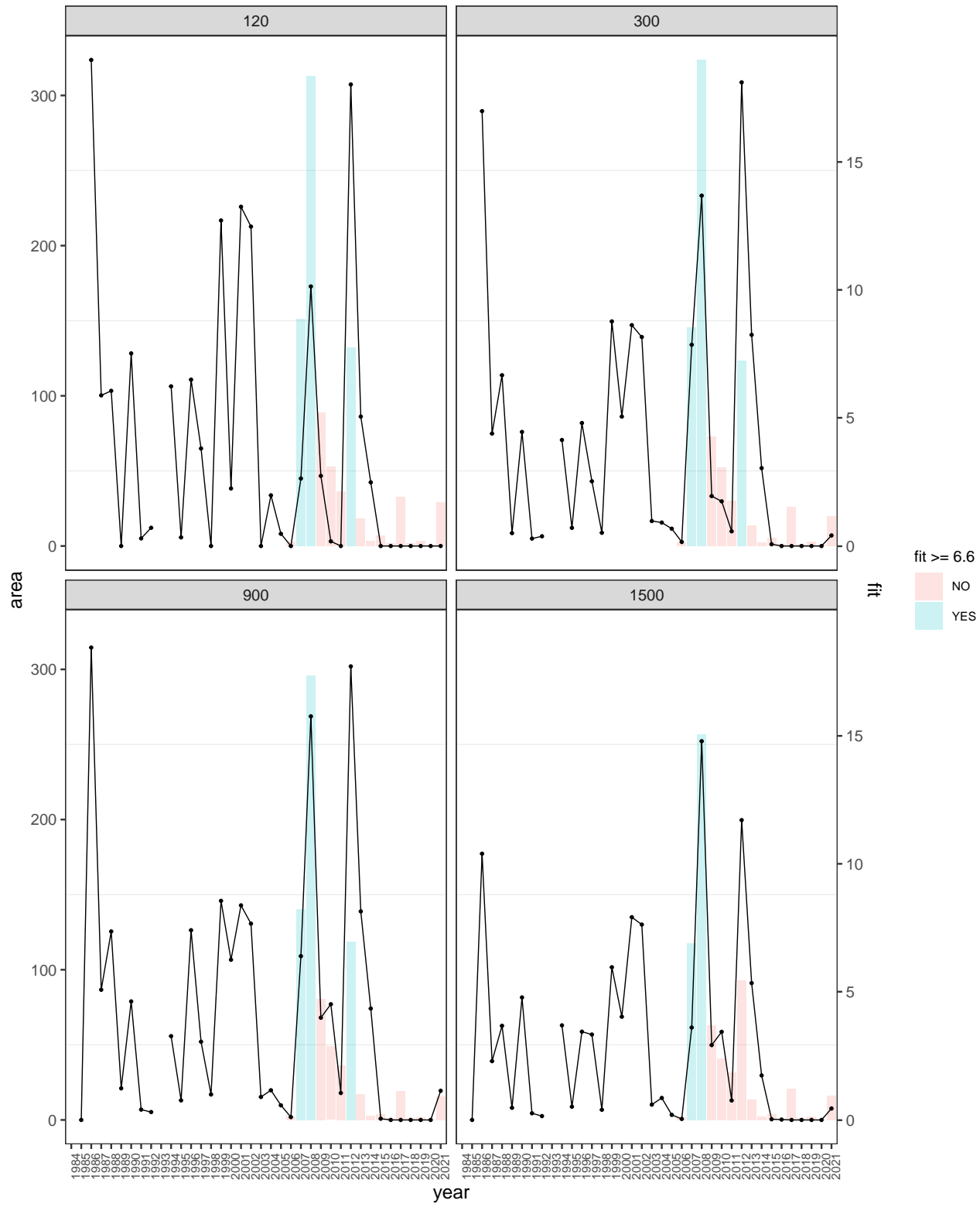
Stillwater Sonoma



Stornetta



Timber Cove



Van Damme

