Class 16: Pathway Analysis from RNA-Seq Results

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#1. Overview - a complete analysis

- 1.) Import Count data Col data
- 2.) DESEQ Analysis
- 3.) Annotation
- 4.) Volcano Plot PCA
- 5.) Pathway Analysis KEGG GO

#Background

The data for for hands-on session comes from GEO entry: GSE37704, which is associated with the following publication:

Trapnell C, Hendrickson DG, Sauvageau M, Goff L et al. "Differential analysis of gene regulation at transcript resolution with RNA-seq". Nat Biotechnol 2013 Jan;31(1):46-53. PMID: 23222703

The authors report on differential analysis of lung fibroblasts in response to loss of the developmental transcription factor HOXA1.

Pathway analysis with R and Bioconductor

In this analysis, we check for coordinated differential expression over gene sets from KEGG pathways instead of changes of individual genes. The assumption here is that consistent perturbations over a given pathway (gene set) may suggest mechanistic changes.

##Section 1. Differential Expression Analysis

###IMPORT DATA

#Load up DESEQ library(DESeq2)

- ## Loading required package: S4Vectors
- ## Loading required package: stats4
- ## Loading required package: BiocGenerics

##

Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       anyDuplicated, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind, colnames,
##
       dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find, get, grep,
##
       grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply, match, mget,
       order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank,
##
##
       rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort, table, tapply,
##
       union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min
##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       expand.grid, I, unname
## Loading required package: IRanges
## Attaching package: 'IRanges'
## The following object is masked from 'package:grDevices':
##
##
       windows
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
## Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment
## Loading required package: MatrixGenerics
## Loading required package: matrixStats
##
## Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
       colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
##
##
       colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
##
       colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
##
       colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
       colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
##
##
       colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
##
       colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
```

```
##
       colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
##
       rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
##
       rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
       rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
##
##
       rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
       rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
##
##
       rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
       rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars
##
## Loading required package: Biobase
## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
       Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
##
       'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
       'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
##
## Attaching package: 'Biobase'
## The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':
##
##
       rowMedians
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##
       anyMissing, rowMedians
Now load our data files:
metaFile <- "GSE37704_metadata.csv"</pre>
countFile <- "GSE37704_featurecounts.csv"</pre>
# Import metadata and take a peak
colData = read.csv(metaFile, row.names=1)
head(colData)
                 condition
## SRR493366 control_sirna
## SRR493367 control_sirna
## SRR493368 control_sirna
## SRR493369
                  hoxa1_kd
## SRR493370
                  hoxa1_kd
## SRR493371
                  hoxa1_kd
# Import countdata
countData = read.csv(countFile, row.names=1)
head(countData)
##
                   length SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370
```

0

0

0

ENSG0000186092

918

0

```
0
                                                                               0
## ENSG00000279928
                       718
                                    0
                                               0
                                                                    0
## ENSG00000279457
                      1982
                                   23
                                              28
                                                        29
                                                                   29
                                                                              28
## ENSG00000278566
                       939
                                    0
                                               0
                                                         0
                                                                    0
                                                                               0
## ENSG00000273547
                                               0
                                                         0
                                                                    0
                                                                               0
                       939
                                    0
## ENSG0000187634
                      3214
                                  124
                                             123
                                                       205
                                                                  207
                                                                             212
##
                    SRR493371
## ENSG0000186092
## ENSG0000279928
                            0
## ENSG00000279457
                           46
                            0
## ENSG0000278566
## ENSG00000273547
                            0
## ENSG0000187634
                          258
```

BUT REMEMBER: we need the countData and colData files to match up so we will need to remove that odd first column in countData namely contData\$length

Q. Complete the code below to remove the troublesome first column from countData

```
# Note we need to remove the odd first $length col
countData <- as.matrix(countData[,-1])
head(countData)</pre>
```

##	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
## ENSG00000186092	0	0	0	0	0	0
## ENSG00000279928	0	0	0	0	0	0
## ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
## ENSG00000278566	0	0	0	0	0	0
## ENSG00000273547	0	0	0	0	0	0
## ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258

This looks better but there are lots of zero entries in there so let's get rid of them as we have no data for these.

Q. Complete the code below to filter countData to exclude genes (i.e. rows) where we have 0 read count across all samples (i.e. columns).

Tip: What will rowSums() of countData return and how could you use it in this context?

```
countsnozero = countData[rowSums(countData) != 0,]
head(countsnozero)
```

##		SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
##	ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
##	ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258
##	ENSG00000188976	1637	1831	2383	1226	1326	1504
##	ENSG00000187961	120	153	180	236	255	357
##	ENSG00000187583	24	48	65	44	48	64
##	ENSG00000187642	4	9	16	14	16	16

```
# Filter count data where you have 0 read count across all samples.
countData = countData[rowSums(countData) != 0,]
head(countData)
```

##	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
## ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
## ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258
## ENSG00000188976	1637	1831	2383	1226	1326	1504
## ENSG00000187961	120	153	180	236	255	357
## ENSG00000187583	24	48	65	44	48	64
## ENSG00000187642	4	9	16	14	16	16

DESEQ Analysis - Running DESeq2

Now lets setup the DESeqDataSet object required for the DESeq() function and then run the DESeq pipeline

```
## Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in
## design formula are characters, converting to factors
```

```
dds = DESeq(dds)
```

```
## estimating size factors
```

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

dds

```
## class: DESeqDataSet
## dim: 15975 6
## metadata(1): version
## assays(4): counts mu H cooks
## rownames(15975): ENSG00000279457 ENSG00000187634 ... ENSG00000276345
## rowData names(22): baseMean baseVar ... deviance maxCooks
## colnames(6): SRR493366 SRR493367 ... SRR493370 SRR493371
## colData names(2): condition sizeFactor
```

Next, get results for the HoxA1 knockdown versus control siRNA (remember that these were labeled as "hoxa1_kd" and "control_sirna" in our original colData metaFile input to DESeq, you can check this above and by running resultsNames(dds) command).

```
res = results(dds, contrast=c("condition", "hoxa1_kd", "control_sirna"))
```

Q. Call the summary() function on your results to get a sense of how many genes are up or down-regulated at the default 0.1 p-value cutoff.

```
summary(res)
```

```
##
## out of 15975 with nonzero total read count
## adjusted p-value < 0.1
## LFC > 0 (up) : 4349, 27%
## LFC < 0 (down) : 4396, 28%
## outliers [1] : 0, 0%
## low counts [2] : 1237, 7.7%
## (mean count < 0)
## [1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results
## [2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results</pre>
```

###Annotation - Adding gene annotation

Q. Use the mapIDs() function multiple times to add SYMBOL, ENTREZID and GENENAME annotation to our results by completing the code below.

```
library("AnnotationDbi")
library("org.Hs.eg.db")
```

##

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
##
    [1] "ACCNUM"
                        "ALIAS"
                                        "ENSEMBL"
                                                        "ENSEMBLPROT"
                                                                        "ENSEMBLTRANS"
   [6] "ENTREZID"
                        "ENZYME"
                                        "EVIDENCE"
                                                        "EVIDENCEALL"
                                                                        "GENENAME"
## [11] "GENETYPE"
                        "GO"
                                        "GOALL"
                                                        "IPI"
                                                                        "MAP"
## [16] "OMIM"
                        "ONTOLOGY"
                                        "ONTOLOGYALL"
                                                        "PATH"
                                                                        "PFAM"
## [21] "PMID"
                        "PROSITE"
                                        "REFSEQ"
                                                        "SYMBOL"
                                                                        "UCSCKG"
## [26] "UNIPROT"
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

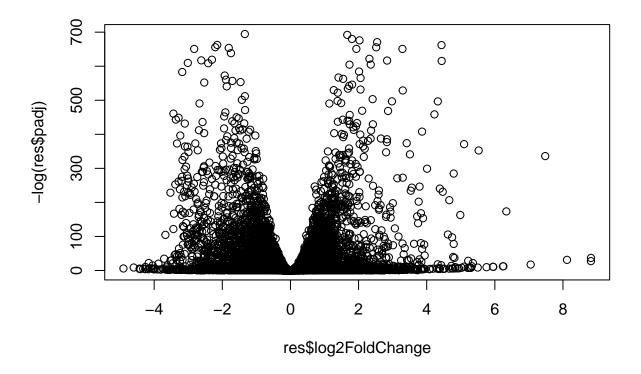
```
res$entrez = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                    keys=row.names(res),
                    keytype="ENSEMBL",
                    column="ENTREZID",
                    multiVals="first")
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
             mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
res$name =
                    keys=row.names(res),
                    keytype="ENSEMBL",
                    column="GENENAME",
                    multiVals="first")
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
head(res, 10)
## log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1_kd vs control_sirna
## Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna
## DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns
##
                      baseMean log2FoldChange
                                                   lfcSE
                                                               stat
                                                                         pvalue
##
                     <numeric>
                                    <numeric> <numeric>
                                                          <numeric>
                                                                      <numeric>
## ENSG00000279457
                     29.913579
                                    0.1792571 0.3248216
                                                           0.551863 5.81042e-01
## ENSG0000187634
                    183.229650
                                    0.4264571 0.1402658
                                                           3.040350 2.36304e-03
## ENSG00000188976 1651.188076
                                   -0.6927205 0.0548465 -12.630158 1.43990e-36
## ENSG0000187961
                    209.637938
                                    0.7297556 0.1318599
                                                           5.534326 3.12428e-08
## ENSG0000187583
                     47.255123
                                    0.0405765 0.2718928
                                                           0.149237 8.81366e-01
## ENSG0000187642
                     11.979750
                                    0.5428105 0.5215598
                                                           1.040744 2.97994e-01
## ENSG00000188290 108.922128
                                    2.0570638 0.1969053 10.446970 1.51282e-25
## ENSG00000187608 350.716868
                                    0.2573837 0.1027266
                                                           2.505522 1.22271e-02
## ENSG00000188157 9128.439422
                                    0.3899088 0.0467163
                                                           8.346304 7.04321e-17
## ENSG0000237330
                                    0.7859552 4.0804729
                                                           0.192614 8.47261e-01
                      0.158192
##
                          padj
                                    symbol
                                                 entrez
                                                                          name
                     <numeric> <character> <character>
                                                                   <character>
## ENSG00000279457 6.86555e-01
                                              102723897 WAS protein family h..
                                    WASH9P
## ENSG00000187634 5.15718e-03
                                    SAMD11
                                                 148398 sterile alpha motif ...
                                                  26155 NOC2 like nucleolar ..
## ENSG00000188976 1.76549e-35
                                     NOC2L
## ENSG00000187961 1.13413e-07
                                                 339451 kelch like family me..
                                    KLHL17
## ENSG00000187583 9.19031e-01
                                   PLEKHN1
                                                  84069 pleckstrin homology ...
## ENSG00000187642 4.03379e-01
                                     PERM1
                                                  84808 PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..
## ENSG00000188290 1.30538e-24
                                      HES4
                                                  57801 hes family bHLH tran..
## ENSG00000187608 2.37452e-02
                                     ISG15
                                                   9636 ISG15 ubiquitin like..
## ENSG00000188157 4.21963e-16
                                       AGRN
                                                 375790
                                                                          agrin
## ENSG00000237330
                            NΑ
                                                 401934 ring finger protein ..
                                    RNF223
```

Q. Finally for this section let's reorder these results by adjusted p-value and save them to a CSV file in your current project directory.

```
res = res[order(res$pvalue),]
write.csv(res, file ="deseq_results.csv")
```

Now make a basic volcano plot of log2 fold change vs -log adjusted p-value:

```
plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj) )
```



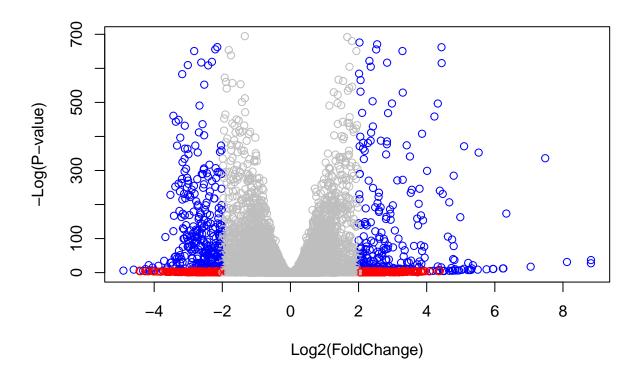
Q. Improve this plot by completing the below code, which adds color and axis labels

```
# Make a color vector for all genes
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res) )

# Color red the genes with absolute fold change above 2
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "red"

# Color blue those with adjusted p-value less than 0.01
# and absolute fold change more than 2
inds <- (res$padj < 0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "blue"

plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), col=mycols, xlab="Log2(FoldChange)", ylab="-Log(P-value)" )</pre>
```



I will try Enhanced Volcano Plot

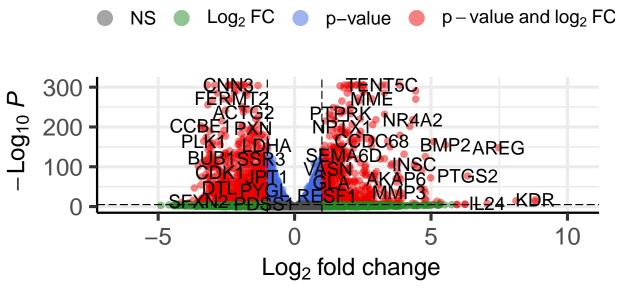
zero p-value...

```
library(EnhancedVolcano)
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: ggrepel
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggalt':
     method
##
                              from
##
     grid.draw.absoluteGrob ggplot2
     grobHeight.absoluteGrob ggplot2
##
##
     grobWidth.absoluteGrob
                              ggplot2
##
     grobX.absoluteGrob
                              ggplot2
     grobY.absoluteGrob
                              ggplot2
x <- as.data.frame(res)</pre>
EnhancedVolcano(x,
    lab = x$symbol,
    x = 'log2FoldChange',
    y = 'pvalue')
```

Warning: One or more p-values is 0. Converting to 10^-1 * current lowest non-

Volcano plot

Enhanced Volcano



total = 15975 variables

PCA #5. Pathway Analysis

##KEGG pathways

First we need to do our one time install of these required bioconductor packages:

```
# Run in your R console (i.e. not your Rmarkdown doc!)
#BiocManager::install( c("pathview", "gage", "gageData") )
```

Now we can load the packages and setup the KEGG data-sets we need.

library(pathview)

```
library(gage)
```

library(gageData)

##

```
data(kegg.sets.hs)
data(sigmet.idx.hs)
# Focus on signaling and metabolic pathways only
kegg.sets.hs = kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]
# Examine the first 3 pathways
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)
## $'hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism'
               "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"
  [1] "10"
##
##
## $'hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes'
                  "1066"
                                               "151531"
                                                         "1548"
                                                                   "1549"
                                                                             "1551"
##
    [1] "10"
                            "10720"
                                     "10941"
    [9] "1553"
                  "1576"
                            "1577"
                                      "1806"
                                               "1807"
                                                         "1890"
                                                                   "221223" "2990"
##
##
   [17] "3251"
                  "3614"
                            "3615"
                                      "3704"
                                               "51733"
                                                         "54490"
                                                                   "54575"
                                                                            "54576"
##
   [25] "54577"
                  "54578"
                            "54579"
                                     "54600"
                                               "54657"
                                                         "54658"
                                                                   "54659"
                                                                            "54963"
   [33] "574537"
                  "64816"
                            "7083"
                                      "7084"
                                               "7172"
                                                         "7363"
                                                                   "7364"
                                                                             "7365"
   [41] "7366"
                  "7367"
                            "7371"
                                      "7372"
                                               "7378"
                                                         "7498"
                                                                   "79799"
                                                                            "83549"
##
                            "9"
##
   [49] "8824"
                  "8833"
                                      "978"
##
## $'hsa00230 Purine metabolism'
##
     [1] "100"
                   "10201"
                             "10606"
                                       "10621"
                                                "10622"
                                                          "10623"
                                                                    "107"
                                                                             "10714"
##
     [9] "108"
                   "10846"
                             "109"
                                       "111"
                                                "11128"
                                                          "11164"
                                                                    "112"
                                                                             "113"
    [17] "114"
                   "115"
                             "122481"
                                      "122622" "124583" "132"
                                                                    "158"
                                                                             "159"
##
                   "171568" "1716"
    [25] "1633"
                                       "196883" "203"
                                                          "204"
                                                                    "205"
                                                                             "221823"
##
    [33] "2272"
                   "22978"
                             "23649"
                                       "246721" "25885"
                                                          "2618"
                                                                    "26289"
                                                                             "270"
##
                             "272"
                                       "2766"
                                                "2977"
                                                          "2982"
                                                                             "2984"
##
    [41] "271"
                   "27115"
                                                                    "2983"
##
    [49] "2986"
                   "2987"
                             "29922"
                                       "3000"
                                                "30833"
                                                          "30834"
                                                                    "318"
                                                                             "3251"
    [57] "353"
                   "3614"
                             "3615"
                                       "3704"
                                                "377841" "471"
                                                                    "4830"
                                                                             "4831"
##
    [65] "4832"
                   "4833"
                             "4860"
                                       "4881"
                                                "4882"
                                                          "4907"
                                                                    "50484"
                                                                             "50940"
##
                             "51292"
                                       "5136"
##
    [73] "51082"
                   "51251"
                                                "5137"
                                                          "5138"
                                                                    "5139"
                                                                             "5140"
                   "5142"
                             "5143"
                                       "5144"
                                                "5145"
                                                                    "5147"
##
    [81] "5141"
                                                          "5146"
                                                                             "5148"
    [89] "5149"
                   "5150"
                             "5151"
                                       "5152"
                                                "5153"
                                                          "5158"
                                                                    "5167"
                                                                             "5169"
##
                             "5236"
                                       "5313"
##
    [97] "51728"
                   "5198"
                                                "5315"
                                                          "53343"
                                                                    "54107"
                                                                             "5422"
                             "5426"
                   "5425"
                                       "5427"
                                                "5430"
                                                          "5431"
                                                                    "5432"
                                                                             "5433"
## [105] "5424"
                                       "5437"
## [113] "5434"
                   "5435"
                             "5436"
                                                "5438"
                                                          "5439"
                                                                    "5440"
                                                                             "5441"
## [121] "5471"
                   "548644" "55276"
                                       "5557"
                                                                    "55811"
                                                "5558"
                                                          "55703"
                                                                             "55821"
                                      "56953"
                                                                    "58497"
## [129] "5631"
                   "5634"
                             "56655"
                                                "56985"
                                                          "57804"
                                                                             "6240"
## [137] "6241"
                   "64425"
                             "646625"
                                      "654364"
                                                "661"
                                                          "7498"
                                                                    "8382"
                                                                             "84172"
## [145] "84265"
                   "84284"
                             "84618"
                                       "8622"
                                                "8654"
                                                          "87178"
                                                                    "8833"
                                                                             "9060"
  [153] "9061"
                   "93034"
                             "953"
                                       "9533"
                                                "954"
                                                          "955"
                                                                    "956"
                                                                             "957"
##
  [161] "9583"
                   "9615"
##
```

The main gage() function requires a named vector of fold changes, where the names of the values are the Entrez gene IDs.

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
## 1266 54855 1465 51232 2034 2317
## -2.422719 3.201955 -2.313738 -2.059631 -1.888019 -1.649792
```

Now, let's run the gage pathway analysis.

```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
```

Now lets look at the object returned from gage().

```
attributes(keggres)
```

It is a list with three elements, "greater", "less" and "stats".

 $\label{like-any-list-we} \text{Like any list we can use the dollar syntax to access a named element, e.g. head} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \textit{and} \\ \textit{head} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \textit{head} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \textit{head} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \textit{head} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \textit{head} \\ \text{(keggres} \\ \textit{greater)} \\ \text$

Lets look at the first few down (less) pathway results:

```
# Look at the first few down (less) pathways head(keggres$less)
```

```
##
                                           p.geomean stat.mean
                                                                      p.val
## hsa04110 Cell cycle
                                        8.995727e-06 -4.378644 8.995727e-06
## hsa03030 DNA replication
                                        9.424076e-05 -3.951803 9.424076e-05
## hsa03013 RNA transport
                                        1.375901e-03 -3.028500 1.375901e-03
## hsa03440 Homologous recombination
                                        3.066756e-03 -2.852899 3.066756e-03
## hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis
                                        3.784520e-03 -2.698128 3.784520e-03
## hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis 8.961413e-03 -2.405398 8.961413e-03
                                              q.val set.size
##
                                                                     exp1
## hsa04110 Cell cycle
                                        0.001448312
                                                         121 8.995727e-06
## hsa03030 DNA replication
                                        0.007586381
                                                          36 9.424076e-05
## hsa03013 RNA transport
                                        0.073840037
                                                         144 1.375901e-03
## hsa03440 Homologous recombination
                                        0.121861535
                                                          28 3.066756e-03
## hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis
                                                         102 3.784520e-03
                                        0.121861535
## hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis 0.212222694
                                                          53 8.961413e-03
```

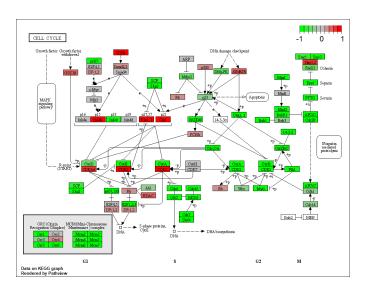
Now, let's try out the pathview() function from the pathview package to make a pathway plot with our RNA-Seq expression results shown in color. To begin with lets manually supply a pathway.id (namely the first part of the "hsa04110 Cell cycle") that we could see from the print out above.

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110")
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png



You can play with the other input arguments to pathview() to change the display in various ways including generating a PDF graph. For example:

```
# A different PDF based output of the same data
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110", kegg.native=FALSE)
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.pdf

Now, let's process our results a bit more to automagically pull out the top 5 upregulated pathways, then further process that just to get the pathway IDs needed by the pathview() function. We'll use these KEGG pathway IDs for pathview plotting below.

```
## Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways here for demo purposes only
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$greater)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids = substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids</pre>
```

[1] "hsa04640" "hsa04630" "hsa00140" "hsa04142" "hsa04330"

Finally, lets pass these IDs in keggresids to the pathview() function to draw plots for all the top 5 pathways.

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

```
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa04640.pathview.png
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa04630.pathview.png
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa00140.pathview.png
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa04142.pathview.png
## Info: some node width is different from others, and hence adjusted!
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa04330.pathview.png
    Q. Can you do the same procedure as above to plot the pathview figures for the top 5 down-
    reguled pathways?
keggrespathwaysdown <- rownames(keggres$less)[1:5]</pre>
keggresidsdown = substr(keggrespathwaysdown, start=1, stop=8)
keggresidsdown
## [1] "hsa04110" "hsa03030" "hsa03013" "hsa03440" "hsa04114"
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresidsdown, species="hsa")
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16 rna seq pathway an
## Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png
```

```
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa03030.pathview.png
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa03013.pathview.png
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Writing image file hsa03440.pathview.png
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Working in directory C:/Users/anita/Documents/Bimm143/Week4/bimm143/class16_rna_seq_pathway_an
## Info: Working image file hsa04114.pathview.png
```

#Section 3. Gene Ontology (GO)

We can also do a similar procedure with gene ontology. Similar to above, go.sets.hs has all GO terms. go.subs.hs is a named list containing indexes for the BP, CC, and MF ontologies. Let's focus on BP (a.k.a Biological Process) here.

```
data(go.sets.hs)
data(go.subs.hs)

# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
gobpsets = go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]

gobpres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)

lapply(gobpres, head)
```

```
## $greater
                                                p.geomean stat.mean
                                                                          p.val
## GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion
                                            8.519724e-05 3.824205 8.519724e-05
## G0:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium 1.396681e-04 3.653886 1.396681e-04
## GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis
                                            1.432451e-04 3.643242 1.432451e-04
## GO:0007610 behavior
                                             2.195494e-04 3.530241 2.195494e-04
## G0:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis 5.932837e-04 3.261376 5.932837e-04
## GO:0035295 tube development
                                            5.953254e-04 3.253665 5.953254e-04
##
                                                 q.val set.size
## GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion
                                            0.1951953
                                                           113 8.519724e-05
## GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium 0.1951953
                                                           339 1.396681e-04
```

```
## GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis
                                             0.1951953
                                                             424 1.432451e-04
## GD:0007610 behavior
                                                             427 2.195494e-04
                                              0.2243795
## GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis 0.3711390
                                                             257 5.932837e-04
## GO:0035295 tube development
                                              0.3711390
                                                             391 5.953254e-04
##
## $less
##
                                                p.geomean stat.mean
                                                                           p.val
## GO:0048285 organelle fission
                                             1.536227e-15 -8.063910 1.536227e-15
## GO:0000280 nuclear division
                                             4.286961e-15 -7.939217 4.286961e-15
## GO:0007067 mitosis
                                             4.286961e-15 -7.939217 4.286961e-15
## GO:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle 1.169934e-14 -7.797496 1.169934e-14
## GO:0007059 chromosome segregation
                                             2.028624e-11 -6.878340 2.028624e-11
## GO:0000236 mitotic prometaphase
                                             1.729553e-10 -6.695966 1.729553e-10
##
                                                    q.val set.size
## GO:0048285 organelle fission
                                                               376 1.536227e-15
                                             5.841698e-12
## GO:0000280 nuclear division
                                             5.841698e-12
                                                               352 4.286961e-15
## GO:0007067 mitosis
                                                               352 4.286961e-15
                                             5.841698e-12
## GO:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle 1.195672e-11
                                                               362 1.169934e-14
## GO:0007059 chromosome segregation
                                                               142 2.028624e-11
                                             1.658603e-08
## GO:0000236 mitotic prometaphase
                                             1.178402e-07
                                                                84 1.729553e-10
##
## $stats
##
                                              stat.mean
                                                            exp1
## GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion
                                               3.824205 3.824205
## GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium 3.653886 3.653886
## GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis
                                               3.643242 3.643242
## GO:0007610 behavior
                                               3.530241 3.530241
## GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis
                                               3.261376 3.261376
## GO:0035295 tube development
                                               3.253665 3.253665
```

#Section 4. Reactome Analysis

Reactome is database consisting of biological molecules and their relation to pathways and processes.

Let's now conduct over-representation enrichment analysis and pathway-topology analysis with Reactome using the previous list of significant genes generated from our differential expression results above.

First, Using R, output the list of significant genes at the 0.05 level as a plain text file:

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
## [1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE)</pre>
```

Q: What pathway has the most significant "Entities p-value"? Do the most significant pathways listed match your previous KEGG results? What factors could cause differences between the two methods?

• The Endosomal/Vacuolar pathway has the most significant "Entities p-value". The most significant pathways listed are a bit different from what was produced from the previous KEGG result, but there is some overlap. For example, pathways having to do with the cell cycle is consistent between the two methods. Differences between the two methods may be the result of simply the specificity and depth that each pathway catalog allows for. The reactome database appears to be more comprehensive than KEEG.