Image Processing Project #6

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I. Source codes (With Matlab)

```
Img=im2double(imread('image-pj6(Canny).tif'));
[w,h] = size(Img);
sig = min([w,h]) * 0.005;
x = floor(-3*sig):ceil(3*sig);
y = floor(-3*sig):ceil(3*sig);
y = repmat(y, 19, 1);
x = repmat(x', 1, 19);
G = \exp((-0.5*x.^2 - 0.5*y.^2)./\sin^2);
sobel x = [-1, -2, -1; 0, 0, 0; 1, 2, 1];
sobel y = [-1,0,1;-2,0,2;-1,0,1];
sxg = conv2(Img, G, 'same');
syg = conv2(Img, G, 'same');
sxg = sxg./sum(sum(G));
syg = syg./sum(sum(G));
sx = conv2(sxg, sobel_x, 'same');
sy = conv2(syg, sobel y, 'same');
sx = -1.*sx; % inverse because conv2 will turn opposite 180 degrees direction
sy = -1.*sy;
Mag = sqrt( sx.^2 + sy.^2 );
Angle = atan2(sy, sx) * (180.0/pi);
figure;
imshow(Mag,[])
title('Gradient magnitude')
saveas(gcf,'Gradient magnitude','png');
figure;
imshow(Angle,[])
title('Gradient angle')
saveas(gcf,'Gradient angle','png');
% x and x+pi are the same categories
a = Angle < 0;
```

```
Angle = Angle + 180.0*a;
dmap = zeros(w,h);
d = [-\inf 22.5 67.5 112.5 157.5 \inf];
dmap((Angle \ge d(1) \& Angle < d(2)) | (Angle \ge d(5) \& Angle < d(6)))=1;
dmap(Angle >= d(2) \& Angle < d(3))=2;
dmap(Angle >= d(3) \& Angle < d(4))=3;
dmap(Angle >= d(4) \& Angle < d(5))=4;
%%%%%%% compute gn %%%%%%%%
gn = zeros(w,h);
temp = zeros(w+2,h+2);
temp(2:w+1,2:h+1)=dmap;
tempMag = zeros(w+2,h+2);
tempMag(2:w+1,2:h+1)=Mag;
for i = 2:h+1
        m = 0;
        n = 0;
        if temp(i,j)==1
            m = tempMag(i-1,j);
            n = tempMag(i+1,j);
        elseif temp(i,j)==2
            m = tempMag(i-1,j-1);
            n = tempMag(i+1,j+1);
        elseif temp(i,j)==3
            m = tempMag(i,j-1);
            n = tempMag(i,j+1);
        elseif temp(i,j)==4
             m = tempMag(i-1,j+1);
            n = tempMag(i+1,j-1);
        end
        if tempMag(i,j) \geq max([n m])
             gn(i-1,j-1) = tempMag(i,j);
        else
             gn(i-1,j-1) = 0;
        end
    end
end
```

```
TH = 0.1;
TL = 0.04;
%%%%%% determine gnh & gnl%%%%%%%
gnh = zeros(w,h);
gnl = zeros(w,h);
gnh(gn \ge TH) = gn(gn \ge TH);
gnl(TH > gn \& gn >= TL) = gn(TH > gn \& gn >= TL);
figure;
imshow(gnl,[])
title('gnL')
saveas(gcf,'gnL','png');
figure;
imshow(gnh,[])
title('gnH')
saveas(gcf,'gnH','png');
e = zeros(w,h);
temp gnl=zeros(w+2,h+2);
temp gnl(2:w+1,2:h+1)=gnl;
for i = 2:w+1
    for j = 2:h+1
         if gnh(i-1,j-1) > 0
              e(i-1,j-1)=1;
              if temp gnl(i-1,j-1) > 0
                   e(i-1-1,j-1-1)=1;
              end
              if temp gnl(i-1,j) > 0
                   e(i-1-1,j-1)=1;
              end
              if temp gnl(i-1,j+1) > 0
                   e(i-1-1,j+1-1)=1;
              end
              if temp_gnl(i,j-1) > 0
                   e(i-1,j-1-1)=1;
              end
              if temp gnl(i,j+1) > 0
                   e(i-1,j+1-1)=1;
              end
              if temp_gnl(i+1,j-1) > 0
```

```
e(i+1-1,j-1-1)=1;
end

if temp_gnl(i+1,j) > 0

e(i+1-1,j-1)=1;
end

if temp_gnl(i+1,j+1) > 0

e(i+1-1,j+1-1)=1;
end

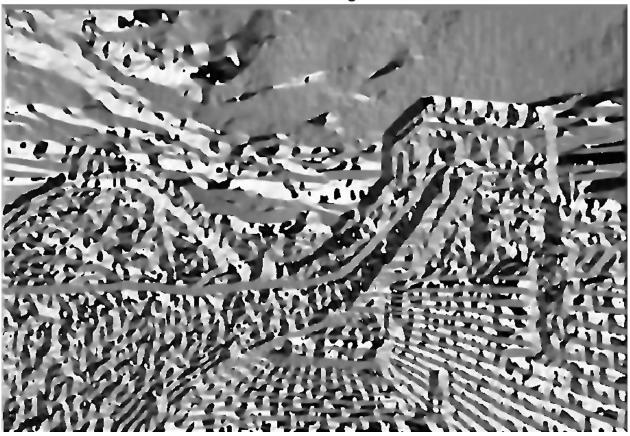
end
end
end
end
figure;
imshow(e)
title('Final edge map')
saveas(gcf,'Final edge map','png');
```

II. Figures of the gradient magnitude(normalized)and gradient angle (normalized)images

Gradient magnitude

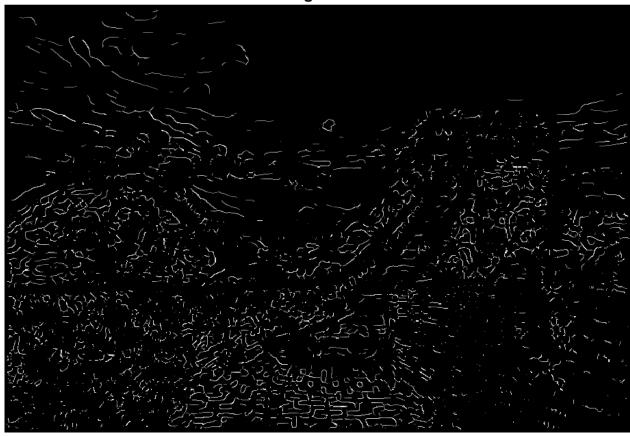


Gradient angle



III. Figures of $g_{NL}(x, y)$ (normalized) and $g_{NH}(x, y)$ (normalized)

gnL



gnH



IV. Figure of final edge map Final edge map

