

Q2. Binary Search Tree.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node * left;
    struct node * right;
};

struct node * create ()
{
    struct node * temp;
    temp = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct));

    scanf ("%d", &temp->data);
    temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
    return temp;
}

void insert (struct node * root, struct node * temp)
{
    if (temp->data < root->data)
    {
        if (root->left != NULL)
            insert (root->left, temp);
        else
            root->left = temp;
    }
    else
    {
        if (root->right != NULL)
            insert (root->right, temp);
        else
            root->right = temp;
    }
}

```

April

```

void max(struct node * root)
{
    while (root -> right != NULL)
    {
        root = root -> right;
    }

```

```

void preorder ();
{
    if (root != NULL)
    {
        preorder (root -> left);
        preorder (root -> right);
    }
}

```

```

void postorder ();
{
    if (root != NULL)
    {
        postorder (root -> left);
        postorder (root -> right);
    }
}

```

```

void inorder ();
{
    if (root != NULL)
    {
        inorder (root -> left);
        print
    }
}

```

```

void display ();
{
    int i;
    if (root == NULL)
        return NULL;
    else if (root -> left == NULL)
    return root;
    else
    return Max (root -> left);
    else
    {
        print display
    }
}

```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int ch, count = 1;
```

```
struct node *rt;
```

```
do
```

```
{
```

~~printf~~

use switch case statements.

```
case 1();
```

```
break
```

```
case 2();
```

```
break
```

```
case 3();
```

```
break
```

```
case 4();
```

```
break
```

~~case 5();~~

~~break~~

~~case 6();~~

```
break
```

```
}
```

```
while (ch != 4);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```