

Assignment – 1

1. Write a java program to find the maximum & minimum element in an array.



Source Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class MaxMin {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter how many element you want: ");
        int size = sc.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[size];

        System.out.print("Enter the space separated array elements: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();

        int max = Integer.MIN_VALUE, min = Integer.MAX_VALUE;

        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            if (arr[i] > max)
                max = arr[i];
            if (arr[i] < min)
                min = arr[i];
        }

        System.out.println("Max: " + max);
        System.out.println("Min: " + min);
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output

```
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/OOPs/java_ass (main)
$ javac MaxMin.java
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/OOPs/java_ass (main)
$ java MaxMin
```

```
Enter how many elements you want: 5
Enter the space separated array elements: 2 4 1 6 7
Max: 7
Min: 1
```

2. Implement a java program to reverse an array.



Source Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class RevArray {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter how many element you want: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];

        System.out.print("Enter the space separated array elements: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();

        System.out.print("Reversed array: ");

        for (int i = 0; i < n / 2; i++) {
            int temp = arr[i];
            arr[i] = arr[n - i - 1];
            arr[n - i - 1] = temp;
        }

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");

        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output

```
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/OOPs/java_ass (main)
$ javac RevArray.java
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/OOPs/java_ass (main)
$ java RevArray
```

```
Enter how many element you want: 5
Enter the space separated array elements: 1 2 3 4 5
Reversed array: 5 4 3 2 1
```

3. Write a java program to check an array is palindrome or not.



Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    if (n < 1)
    {
        printf("Invalid input\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    printf("Enter the elements of the array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
    int max = arr[0];
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
        if (arr[i] > max)
        {
            max = arr[i];
        }
    }
    printf("The maximum element in the array is: %d\n", max);
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/OOPs/java_ass (main)
$ javac PalindromeArr.java
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/OOPs/java_ass (main)
$ java PalindromeArr
Enter how many element you want: 4
Enter the space separated array elements: 1 2 2 1
Array is palindrome
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/OOPs/java_ass (main)
$ java PalindromeArr
Enter how many element you want: 4
Enter the space separated array elements: 1 2 3 1
Array is not palindrome
```

4. Write a java program Array Index Access Using Switch Case in Java.



Source Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Switch {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        int[] arr = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
        int choice;

        System.out.print("Enter any choice : ");
        switch (choice = sc.nextInt()) {
            case 0:
                System.out.println("Value is:" + arr[choice]);
                break;
            case 1:
                System.out.println("Value is:" + arr[choice]);
                break;
            case 2:
                System.out.println("Value is:" + arr[choice]);
                break;
            case 3:
                System.out.println("Value is:" + arr[choice]);
                break;
            case 4:
                System.out.println("Value is:" + arr[choice]);
                break;
            case 5:
                System.out.println("Value is:" + arr[choice]);
                break;

            default:
                System.out.println("Value is: " + arr[choice]);
                break;
        }

        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output

```
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/00Ps/java_ass (main)
$ javac Switch.java
user@AnitDesktop MINGW64 /g/My Works/B.Tech-IT/00Ps/java_ass (main)
$ java Switch
Enter any choice: 3
Value is: 4
```