ROBUST PULSAR TIMING INFERENCE WITH NON-GAUSSIAN DISTRIBUTIONS

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ABSTRACT

Really awesome results.

1. INTRODUCTION

- Overview of pulsar timing methodology.
- Need for outlier modeling. Reference fact that several outliers are already found in current data and more nongaussian errors are likely to crop up as data gets better.

2. METHODS

- Give overview of mixture model and Gibbs setup. Maybe here we want to go over several different options such as one theta for all points vs a different theta for all points. Is there ever a case where we wouldn't want the d.o.f to vary?
- Stress differences and improvements over Vallisneri & van Haasteren (2017). Namely, our method makes fewer assumptions about the nature of the "outliers" given that the gaussian mixture case assumes that the "outlier" distributions is uniform (i.e. Gaussian with a very large variance) and we allow the data to inform the "outlier" distribution. Furthermore, even though we can use this as an outlier rejection code, it is more aptly a robust inference code since the mixture is very flexible in our framework. Lastly, stress the computational advantages of this method. Can be coded with few extra lines over standard Gaussian likelihoods whereas Vallisneri & van Haasteren (2017) is an enormous effort with coordinate transformations, gradients, hessians, and customized samplers.

2.1. Inferential model

2.2. Outlier-robust modification

2.3. Gibbs sampling

3. TESTS

- Test illustrating method on simulated data. Something obvious to show that it can work with single large outliers or on a t-distributed dataset (i.e. many "outliers")
- Run on 9-year NANOGrav data (use this data because it is open) and show improvement over standard methods and maybe compare with Vallisneri & van Haasteren (2017) method. Need to have a metric for what we call "better". For some very precisely timed pulsars perhaps we could use the upper limit on the powerlaw red noise amplitude as a measure of "goodness" since that is a proxy for its sensitivity to a GW background.
- Maybe test on Normal pulsar not a MSP. MSPs are what
 is used for GW experiments and are generally fairly
 well behaved, normal pulsars are much more messy and
 will be a good testing ground for robust techniques like
 this.

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REFERENCES

Vallisneri, M., & van Haasteren, R. 2017, MNRAS, 466, 4954 []