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**Abstract**

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# 1 Problem statement

We have to solve a schedule problem in an hospital. We need to design the nurses' schedule of a single day (24 hours). We have available a set of nurses, we need to minimize the number of nurses required by following some constraints.

We introduce the following parameters :

- *numNurses* : Number of nurses available
- *hours* : Number of total hours in one working day
- *demand* : Vector representing the number of nurses who are supposed to work at each hours
- *minHours* : Minimal number of working hours
- *maxHours* : Maximal number of working hours
- *maxConsec* : Maximal allowed number of consecutive working hours
- *maxPresence* : Maximal number of hours the nurses can spend at the hospital

Now we introduce the different constraints :

- C1 : For each hour  $h$ , at least,  $demand[h]$  nurses should be working
- C2 : Each nurse should work at least *minHours* hours
- C3 : Each nurse should work at most *maxHours* hours
- C4 : Each nurse should work at most *maxConsec* consecutive hours
- C5 : No nurse can stay at the hospital for more than *maxPresence* hours
- C6 : No nurse can rest for more than one consecutive hour

## 2 Linear model for optimization in OPL

In order to solve this optimization problem in OPL we used the aforementioned parameters but we also had to add new parameters :

- range N : Range between 1 and *numNurses*
- range H : Range between 1 and *hours*
- *works[numNurses][hours]* : Boolean matrix of size *numNurses* \* *hours*. Tells for each nurse if he/she is working for each hour. i.e, if *works[i][j]* = 1 then the nurse *i* is working during the hour *j*
- *used[numNurses]* : Boolean vector telling if a nurse is working at least one hour (value 1) or not (value 0).