

Q1 $L(\theta_1, \theta_2 | x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\theta_2}} \right) e^{-\frac{(x_i - \theta_1)^2}{2\theta_2}}$

$$\log L(\theta_1, \theta_2 | x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = -\frac{n}{2} \log(2\pi\theta_2) - \frac{1}{2\theta_2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1)^2$$

⇒ for θ_1

$$\frac{d}{d\theta_1} \log L = \frac{1}{\theta_2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i - n\theta_1 = 0$$

$$\theta_1 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \quad (\text{MLE of } \theta_1 \rightarrow \text{sample mean})$$

⇒ for θ_2

$$\frac{d}{d\theta_2} \log L = -\frac{n}{2\theta_2} + \frac{1}{2\theta_2^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1)^2 = 0$$

$$-n\theta_2 + \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1)^2 = 0$$

$$\theta_2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1)^2 \quad (\text{MLE of } \theta_2 \rightarrow \text{sample variance})$$

Q2 PMF $= P(X=k) = n C k \theta^k (1-\theta)^{n-k}$

$$L(\theta | x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n (n C x_i) \theta^{x_i} (1-\theta)^{n-x_i}$$

$$\log L(\theta | x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \sum_{i=1}^n [\log(n C x_i) + x_i \log \theta + (n-x_i) \log(1-\theta)]$$

$$\frac{d}{d\theta} \log L(\theta | x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{x_i}{\theta} - \frac{n-x_i}{1-\theta} \right]$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{x_i}{\theta} - \frac{n-x_i}{1-\theta} \right] = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i - \theta n}{\theta(1-\theta)} = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta n) = 0$$

$$\theta \sum_{i=1}^n x_i - n\theta n = 0$$

$$\theta = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{nm}$$