## **INTERNAL ASSIGNMENT 2**

Course Code: OBC 102 Course Title: Foundations of Compu	Last Date of Submission: 10/01/202 ter Programming
Note: 1. The assignment will have two parts, 2. Part B has 8 Descriptive Questions. A	A and B. Part A is of 20 MCQ type questions. Attempt any 5 out of it.
Part A: Multiple-Choice Question	ons
Q1. If an array is declared as int arr[4][4]	4], how many elements can be stored in it?
A. 4	
B. 8	
C. 16	
D. 64	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ith element can be accessed by writing
A. (arr+i)	
B. *(i+arr)	
C. arr[i]	
D. All of these	
Q3. It is possible to omit the mention of	of the of the array at the time of initialization.
A. Name	·
B. Datatype	
C. Size	
D. None of these	
O4. We can add a new data element to	an already existing array, this is called
A. Inserting	
B. Deleting	
C. Searching	
D. Sorting	
O5 Removing a data element from an a	already existing array, this is called
A. Inserting	includy existing unity, this is curied
B. Deleting	
C. Searching	
D. Sorting	
Ç	nent in an array, whether the element is present or not.
A. Inserting	<b>3</b> 7
B. Deleting	
C. Searching	
D. Sorting	
Q7. The search is best for u	nsorted array.

A.	Binary
	Linear
C.	Both (A) & (B)
	None of these
Q8	is the process of arranging data in a specific order
A.	Inserting
В.	Deleting
C.	Searching
D.	Sorting
Q9. The fo	unction used to print a line of text on the output device is
E.	printf()
F.	puts()
	Both (A) & (B)
H.	None of these
Q10. The	subscripts of the string start with the index
A.	
В.	
	10
D.	None of these
	nination of a string is indicated by
A.	·
В.	·
	Either (A) or (B)
D.	None of these
_	on two strings are compared, the comparison is based on
	the size of the strings
	ASCII value
	the length of the strings
D.	None of these
_	ccess union member variable, we generally use
	Dot operator
	Comma operator
	Address operator
D.	None of these
Q14	cannot be a structure member.
	array
	function
	another structure
D.	None of these
	are types of data allowed inside a structure.
	union

B. int, float, char, double
C. pointers, same structure type members
D. all of these
Q16. If you pass a structure variable to a function, we actually pass
A. starting address of structure variable
B. ending address of structure variable
C. copy of structure variable
D. reference of structure variable
Q17. A do-while loop is useful when we want that the statements within the loop must be
executed
a) Only once
b) At least once
c) More than once
a) None of the above
Q18. In C programming, character input/output functions are and  A. fgetc() and fputc()  B. fgets() and fputs()  C. fprintf() and fscanf()  D. None of these
Q19. In C programming, string input/output functions are and  A. fgetc() and fputc()
B. fgets() and fputs()
C. fprintf() and fscanf()
D. None of these
Q20. In C programming, formatted input/output functions are and
A. fgetc() and fputc()
B. fgets() and fputs()
C. fprintf() and fscanf()
D. None of these

## **Part B: Subjective Questions**

Answer the following questions in brief:

- Q1. Write a well-defined recursive algorithm to compute Fibonacci series.
- Q2. Write a C program to store name, roll\_no, subject\_name, subject\_marks1, subject\_marks2. Also, calculate total and average using structure with functions.
- Q3. Differentiate between structure and union definition.
- Q4. Write a C program to find the frequency of a character in a given string.
- Q5. Write a C program to find the length of a given string without using string functions.
- Q6. Write a program to perform matrix addition.
- Q7. Write a program to perform matrix multiplication.