

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM - CSA0593

ASSIGNMENT 5

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QUESTION:

Model tables for products, suppliers, sales, and customer orders.

- **Write stored procedures to manage product stock, record sales transactions, and handle order fulfillment.**
- **Implement triggers to update inventory levels and reorder points when items are sold.**
- **Write SQL queries to generate sales reports, top-selling products, and low-stock alerts.**

ANSWER:

CONCEPTUAL E.R.DIAGRAM:

PRODUCT

```
-----  
| ProductID (PK) |  
| Name           |  
| Description    |  
| Price          |  
| StockQuantity |  
| ReorderLevel  |  
-----
```

```
      |  
      |-----< SUPPLIER
```

```
-----  
| SupplierID (PK) |  
| Name            |  
| ContactInfo     |  
| Address         |  
-----
```

```
      |  
      v
```

CUSTOMER_ORDER

```
-----  
| OrderID (PK)   |  
| CustomerName   |  
| OrderDate      |  
| TotalAmount    |  
-----
```

```
      |  
      |-----< ORDER_ITEM
```

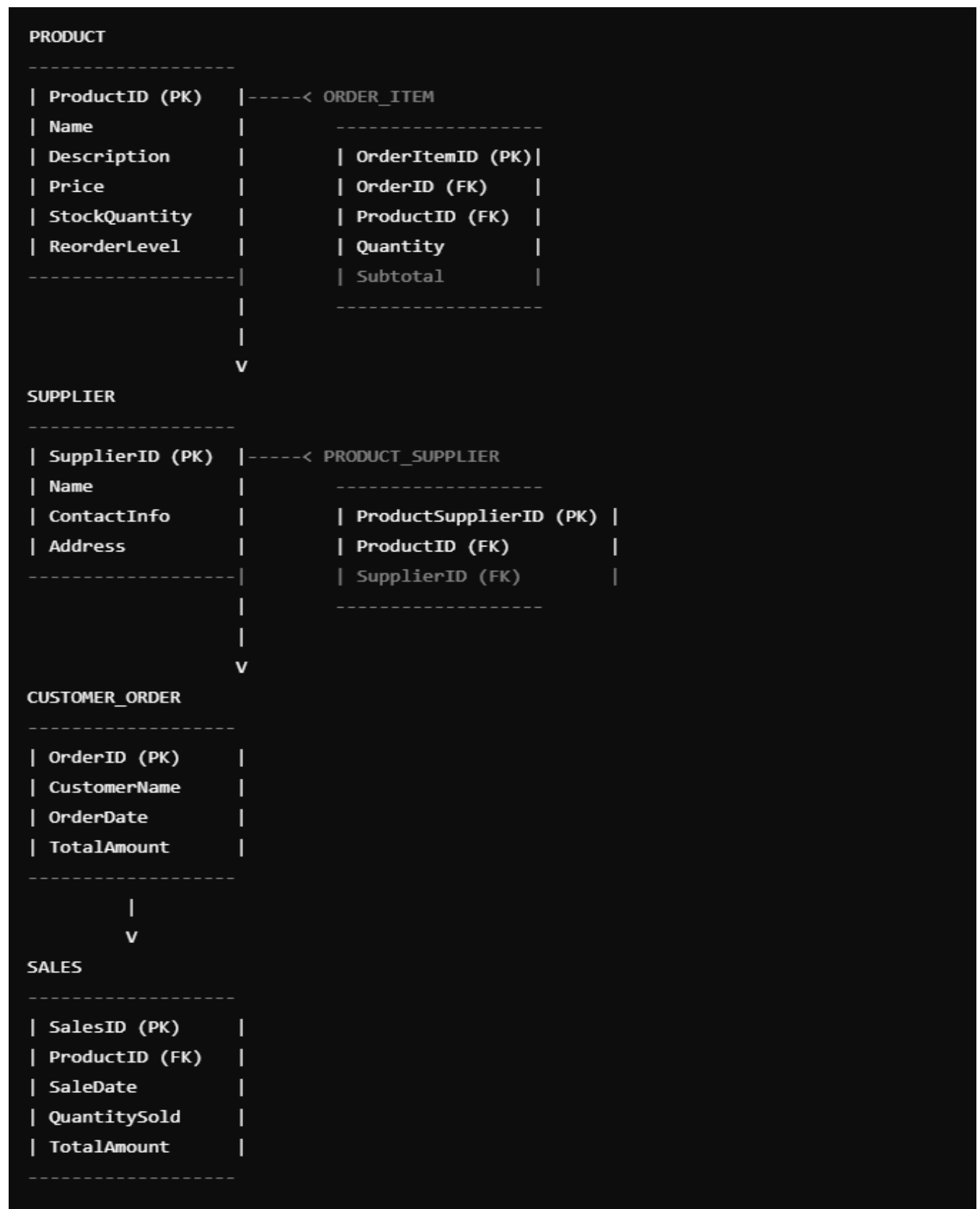
```
-----  
| OrderItemID (PK) |  
| OrderID (FK)     |  
| ProductID (FK)   |  
| Quantity         |  
| Subtotal         |  
-----
```

```
      |  
      v
```

SALES

```
-----  
| SalesID (PK)   |  
| ProductID (FK) |  
| SaleDate       |  
| QuantitySold   |  
| TotalAmount    |  
-----
```

LOGICAL E.R DIAGRAM:



PHYSICAL E.R.DIAGRAM:

PRODUCT

ProductID (PK)	INT	
Name	VARCHAR(100)	
Description	TEXT	
Price	DECIMAL(10,2)	
StockQuantity	INT	
ReorderLevel	INT	

|
|-----< SUPPLIER

SupplierID (PK)	INT	
Name	VARCHAR(100)	
ContactInfo	VARCHAR(150)	
Address	TEXT	

|
V

CUSTOMER_ORDER

OrderID (PK)	INT	
CustomerName	VARCHAR(100)	
OrderDate	DATE	
TotalAmount	DECIMAL(10,2)	

|
|-----< ORDER_ITEM

OrderItemID (PK)	INT	
OrderID (FK)	INT	
ProductID (FK)	INT	
Quantity	INT	
Subtotal	DECIMAL(10,2)	

|
V

SALES

SalesID (PK)	INT	
ProductID (FK)	INT	
SaleDate	DATE	
QuantitySold	INT	
TotalAmount	DECIMAL(10,2)	

MYSQL STATEMENTS:

mysql

```
CREATE DATABASE SalesManagement;
```

```
USE SalesManagement;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Suppliers (  
    SupplierID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    SupplierName VARCHAR(100),  
    SupplierAddress VARCHAR(255),  
    SupplierPhone VARCHAR(20)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Products (  
    ProductID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    ProductName VARCHAR(100),  
    ProductDescription VARCHAR(255),  
    UnitPrice DECIMAL(10, 2),
```

```
    StockLevel INT,  
    ReorderPoint INT,  
    SupplierID INT,  
    FOREIGN KEY (SupplierID) REFERENCES  
    Suppliers(SupplierID)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (  
    CustomerID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY  
    KEY,  
    CustomerName VARCHAR(100),  
    CustomerAddress VARCHAR(255),  
    CustomerPhone VARCHAR(20)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (  
    OrderID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    CustomerID INT,  
    OrderDate DATE,
```

```
TotalCost DECIMAL(10, 2),  
    FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES  
Customers(CustomerID)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE OrderItems (  
    OrderItemID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY  
KEY,  
    OrderID INT,  
    ProductID INT,  
    Quantity INT,  
    FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES  
Orders(OrderID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES  
Products(ProductID)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Sales (  
    SaleID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    ProductID INT,
```

```
SaleDate DATE,  
Quantity INT,  
SalePrice DECIMAL(10, 2),  
FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES  
Products(ProductID)  
);
```

Stored Procedures:

```
mysql
```

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_RecordSale(  
    IN productID INT,  
    IN quantity INT,  
    IN salePrice DECIMAL(10, 2)  
)
```


BEGIN

INSERT INTO Sales (ProductID, SaleDate,
Quantity, SalePrice)

VALUES (productID, CURDATE(), quantity,
salePrice);

UPDATE Products

SET StockLevel = StockLevel - quantity

WHERE ProductID = productID;

END //

CREATE PROCEDURE sp_FulfillOrder(

IN orderID INT

)

BEGIN

DECLARE finished INT DEFAULT 0;

DECLARE productID INT;

DECLARE quantity INT;

```
DECLARE curOrderItems CURSOR FOR  
SELECT ProductID, Quantity  
FROM OrderItems  
WHERE OrderID = orderID;
```

```
DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND  
SET finished = 1;
```

```
OPEN curOrderItems;
```

```
read_loop: LOOP
```

```
    FETCH curOrderItems INTO productID, quantity;
```

```
    IF finished = 1 THEN
```

```
        LEAVE read_loop;
```

```
    END IF;
```

```
    CALL sp_RecordSale(productID, quantity,  
(SELECT UnitPrice FROM Products WHERE  
ProductID = productID));
```

END LOOP;

CLOSE curOrderItems;

END //

DELIMITER;

Triggers:

mysql

DELIMITER //

CREATE TRIGGER tr_UpdateReorderPoint

AFTER UPDATE ON Products

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF NEW.StockLevel <= NEW.ReorderPoint THEN

```
INSERT INTO LowStockAlerts (ProductID,  
ProductName, StockLevel)  
VALUES (NEW.ProductID, NEW.ProductName,  
NEW.StockLevel);  
END IF;  
END //  
  
DELIMITER;
```

SQL Queries:

mysql

-- Sales Report

SELECT

ProductName,

SUM(Quantity) AS TotalSales,

SUM(SalePrice) AS TotalRevenue

FROM

Products

```
JOIN Sales ON Products.ProductID =  
Sales.ProductID
```

```
GROUP BY
```

```
    ProductName;
```

```
-- Top-Selling Products
```

```
SELECT
```

```
    ProductName,
```

```
    SUM(Quantity) AS TotalSales
```

```
FROM
```

```
    Products
```

```
JOIN Sales ON Products.ProductID =  
Sales.ProductID
```

```
GROUP BY
```

```
    ProductName
```

```
ORDER BY
```

```
    TotalSales DESC;
```

```
-- Low-Stock Alerts
```

```
SELECT  
    ProductName,  
    StockLevel  
FROM  
    LowStockAlerts;
```

Conclusion:

This database design provides a comprehensive foundation for managing products, suppliers, sales, and customer orders. The stored procedures simplify sales transactions and order fulfillment, while the triggers ensure data consistency and accuracy. The SQL queries enable reporting on sales, top-selling products, and low-stock alerts.