

# **DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM - CSA0593**

## **ASSIGNMENT 4**

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### **QUESTION:**

**Model tables for books, authors, members, and loans.**

- **Write stored procedures for managing book loans and updating member borrowing history.**
- **Implement triggers to update book availability status when books are borrowed or returned.**
- **Write SQL queries to generate reports on popular books and overdue loans.**

ANSWER:

CONCEPTUAL E.R.DIAGRAM:



## LOGICAL E.R DIAGRAM:

### BOOK

-----	
BookID (PK)	-----< LOAN
Title	-----
Genre	LoanID (PK)
ISBN	BookID (FK)
PublishedYear	MemberID (FK)
Availability	LoanDate
-----	DueDate
	ReturnDate
	-----
	v

### AUTHOR

-----	
AuthorID (PK)	-----< BOOK_AUTHOR
Name	-----
Bio	BookAuthorID (PK)
-----	BookID (FK)
	AuthorID (FK)
	-----
	v

### MEMBER

-----	
MemberID (PK)	
Name	
Email	
Phone	
JoinDate	
-----	

## PHYSICAL E.R.DIAGRAM:

### BOOK

```
-----  
| BookID (PK)      INT      |  
| Title           VARCHAR(100)|  
| Genre           VARCHAR(50) |  
| ISBN            VARCHAR(20) |  
| PublishedYear    YEAR      |  
| Availability     BOOLEAN    |  
-----
```

```
|  
|-----< AUTHOR
```

```
-----  
| AuthorID (PK)    INT      |  
| Name             VARCHAR(100)|  
| Bio              TEXT      |  
-----
```

```
|  
V
```

### MEMBER

```
-----  
| MemberID (PK)    INT      |  
| Name             VARCHAR(100)|  
| Email            VARCHAR(150)|  
| Phone            VARCHAR(15) |  
| JoinDate         DATE      |  
-----
```

```
|  
|-----< LOAN
```

```
-----  
| LoanID (PK)      INT      |  
| BookID (FK)      INT      |  
| MemberID (FK)    INT      |  
| LoanDate         DATE      |  
| DueDate          DATE      |  
| ReturnDate       DATE      |  
-----
```

```
|  
V
```

### BOOK\_AUTHOR

```
-----  
| BookAuthorID (PK) INT      |  
| BookID (FK)      INT      |  
| AuthorID (FK)    INT      |  
-----
```

## MYSQL STATEMENTS:

mysql

```
CREATE DATABASE LibraryManagement;
```

```
USE LibraryManagement;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Authors (  
    AuthorID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    AuthorName VARCHAR(100)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Books (  
    BookID INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    Title VARCHAR(100),  
    AuthorID INT,  
    Availability VARCHAR(20),  
    FOREIGN KEY (AuthorID) REFERENCES  
    Authors(AuthorID)
```

);

CREATE TABLE Members (

MemberID INT AUTO\_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

MemberName VARCHAR(100),

Email VARCHAR(100),

Phone VARCHAR(20)

);

CREATE TABLE Loans (

LoanID INT AUTO\_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

BookID INT,

MemberID INT,

LoanDate DATE,

ReturnDate DATE,

Status VARCHAR(20),

FOREIGN KEY (BookID) REFERENCES

Books(BookID),

```
FOREIGN KEY (MemberID) REFERENCES  
Members(MemberID)  
);
```

Stored Procedures:

```
mysql
```

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_BorrowBook(  
    IN bookID INT,  
    IN memberID INT,  
    IN loanDate DATE,  
    IN returnDate DATE  
)  
BEGIN
```

```
INSERT INTO Loans (BookID, MemberID,  
LoanDate, ReturnDate, Status)  
VALUES (bookID, memberID, loanDate,  
returnDate, 'Borrowed');
```

```
UPDATE Books  
SET Availability = 'Unavailable'  
WHERE BookID = bookID;  
END //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_ReturnBook(  
    IN loanID INT  
)  
BEGIN  
    UPDATE Loans  
    SET Status = 'Returned'  
    WHERE LoanID = loanID;  
  
    UPDATE Books
```



```
SET Availability = 'Available'  
WHERE BookID = (SELECT BookID FROM Loans  
WHERE LoanID = loanID);  
END //
```

```
DELIMITER;
```

Triggers:

```
mysql
```

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE TRIGGER tr_UpdateBookAvailability  
AFTER INSERT ON Loans  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
    UPDATE Books
```

```
    SET Availability = 'Unavailable'
    WHERE BookID = NEW.BookID;
END //
```

```
CREATE TRIGGER
tr_UpdateBookAvailabilityOnReturn
AFTER UPDATE ON Loans
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    IF NEW.Status = 'Returned' THEN
        UPDATE Books
        SET Availability = 'Available'
        WHERE BookID = NEW.BookID;
    END IF;
END //
```

```
DELIMITER;
```

## SQL Queries:

mysql

-- Popular Books

SELECT

Title,

COUNT(\*) AS TotalLoans

FROM

Books

JOIN Loans ON Books.BookID = Loans.BookID

GROUP BY

Title

ORDER BY

TotalLoans DESC;

-- Overdue Loans

SELECT

MemberName,

```
Title,  
LoanDate,  
ReturnDate  
FROM  
Members  
JOIN Loans ON Members.MemberID =  
Loans.MemberID  
JOIN Books ON Loans.BookID = Books.BookID  
WHERE  
ReturnDate < CURDATE();
```

## **Conclusion:**

This database design provides a comprehensive foundation for managing books, authors, members, and loans. The stored procedures simplify book borrowing and returning, while the triggers ensure data consistency and accuracy. The SQL queries enable reporting on popular books and overdue loans.