













### **INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**



**Fastest Growing** App Market

2<sup>nd</sup> largest Telecomm Network

FY'07

2<sup>nd</sup> highest number of Internet users



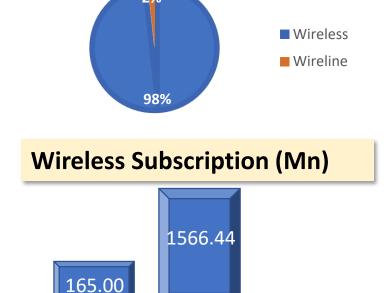


Subscriber base of 1,777.02 million as of January 2020

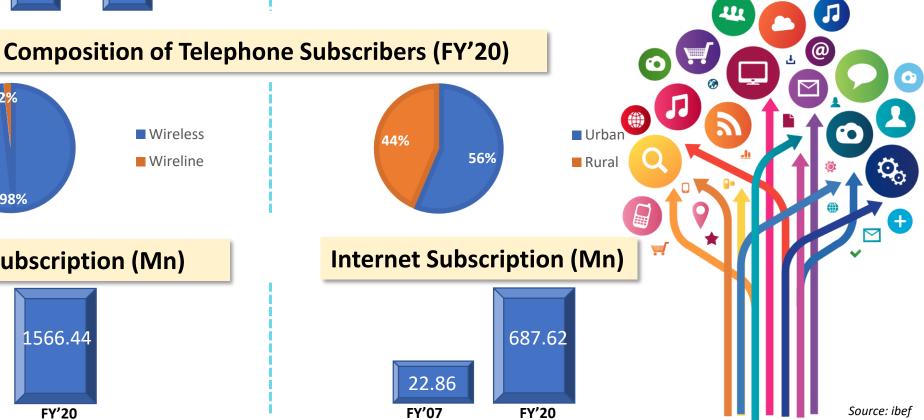
Sector Composition

Market

Size



FY'20



Key **Trends**  RELIANCE Communications

#### **Company Overview**

Reliance Communications was incorporated on 15<sup>th</sup> July, 2004. The company filed for bankruptcy in Feb,2019.

Headquarters: DAKC, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra, India

Areas of Operation: Worldwide

Core Sectors: Mobile Telephony, Wireless Internet, Digital Television

Net Revenue (2018-19): Rs 4015 Crores

#### Rs. 50,000 58,642.9 crore debt million licensing fees of 3G 61% reduction Rs. in 3G 18,000 Service assets 1st operator to price in offer 260 TV 2012 channels in HD through Reliance DTH 1.2 Billion Subscribers 61 Satellite stations

#### **Services Portfolio**

#### **Mobile Services**

GSM 2G GSM 3G CDMA2000 MIMO

#### **Broadband Services**

Landline Mobile Wi-Fi

#### **Enterprise Services**

Reliance Digicom
Data centre
Enterprise voice
Wholesale Voice

#### **Cloud Services**

Cloud Networking Cloud Telephony Collaboration Services

# Supply Chain Profile



#### **Stakeholders**

#### **Vendors**

- Key Suppliers and vendors provide with equipment and services
- They build, develop, maintain and rollout networks and operate business
- Supply of handsets

#### **Outsourcing**

- Services for the company and the customers
- Outsourced network and related infrastructure management
- Operations and maintenance outsourced to third party vendors

#### **Retail Distribution**

- Extensive distribution and service networks consist of 750 exclusive Reliance World and Mobile stores
- Pre-paid starter packs and vouchers are sold to distributors upfront, who in turn supply them to retail outlets

#### **IP Rights**

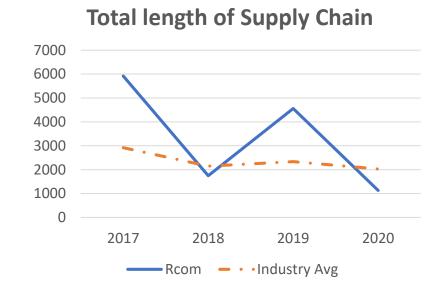
- Third-party licenses and other intellectual property arrangements provide services, including content providers for DTH business
- Network elements and telecom equipment including software and firmware deployed are licensed or purchased from various third parties

#### **Long Term Contracts**

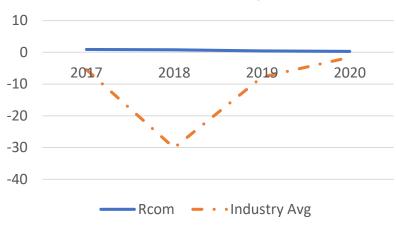
- Key components of telecommunications networks supplied by leading telecommunications equipment manufacturers
- Long term contracts with these vendors for the supply of equipment and for maintenance support of core and radio access networks. (3-10 years)

#### **Distribution Network**

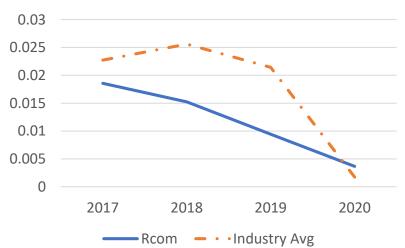
- Pre-paid distribution network comprises retail outlets, ranging from department stores, pharmacies to exclusive telecom outlets and branded stores
- BPO for customers servicing requirements and support to telecom, entertainment, BFSI and utility of the company



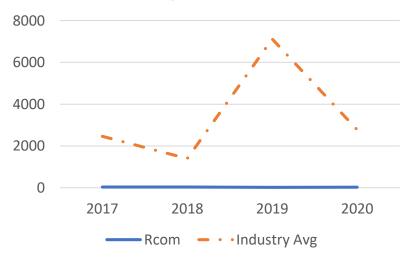
# Supply Chain Working Capital Productivity







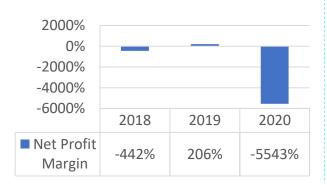
#### **Inventory Turnover Ratio**



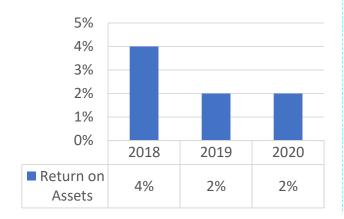
Bhavya Shrivastava— 11KA

# **DuPont Analysis**

### NET PROFIT MARGIN



#### **RETURN ON ASSETS**



#### ROE



#### **Net Profit Margin**

The net profit margin improved in 2019 but drastically fell in 2020 because the company filed for bankruptcy.

The company now offers 4G data services, fixed-line, data center services, and enterprise solutions as well as subsea cable networks, "Global Cloud Xchange"

#### **Return on Assets**

The asset utilization fell after 2018 and has been constant for the last 2 years at a value of 2%.

The company filed for bankruptcy and then started operating with limited assets and limited operations therefore, a change can be seen in the return on assets.

#### **Equity multiplier**

The value of Equity multiplier increased in 2019 form 2018 and then dropped again in 2020.

There was a gain for shareholders in the year 2019 but after the company filed for bankruptcy and then limited its operations, the equity multiplier fell.



#### **Company Overview**

Bharat Sanchar Nigam Limited was incorporated on 15<sup>th</sup> September, 2000.

Headquarters: New Delhi

Areas of Operation:

Core Sectors:

Net Sales (2018-19): Rs 19321 Crores

72.60 million 623 districts, GSM 7330 cities. 5.8 capacity Lakh Villages 43.74 8.83 million line million telephone

8.26% of

wireless

subscribers

WLL capacity

12071 **CDMA Towers** 

#### **Services Portfolio**

#### **Mobile Services**

GSM 2G GSM 3G

#### **Broadband Services**

Landline Mobile Wi-Fi Fiber Broadband

#### **Enterprise Services**

Voice & Mobility Data Centre Services Broadband

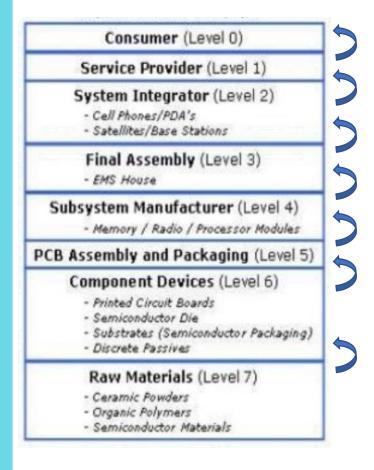
#### **Landline Services**

Telephone Lines **Intelligent Network** Services Dial-up internet

197 Satellite stations

### **Supply Chain Profile**

#### **Supply Chain Model**



#### **Procurement**

#### **Materials Procured**

#### Stocked Items

Which are stocked in the Telecom Stores Supplied to the Indenting unit by store organization

#### **Non-Stocked Items**

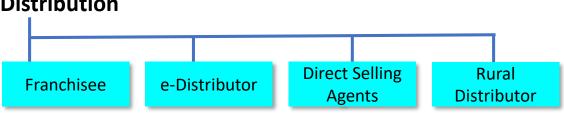
**Petty Local Purchase** 

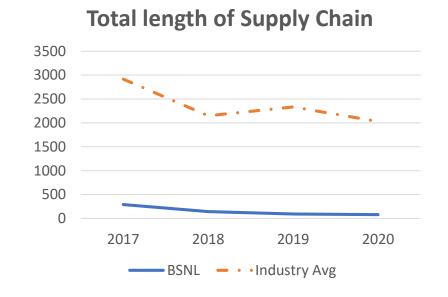
Which are not stocked in the Telecom Stores Centralized, Decentralized & Local **Purchases Contingent Items** 

#### **Sources**

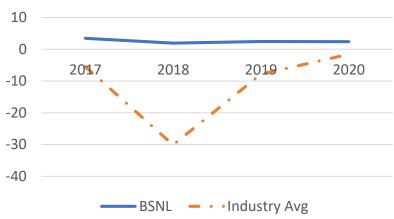
**Telecom Store Organisation** Circle Telecom Stores **Telecom Factories CGM Telecom Stores Kolkata** Telecom PSUs ITI, HTL, HCL, TCIL DGS & D Kendriya Bhandar & NCCF **Private Sources** Indian & MNCs

#### Distribution





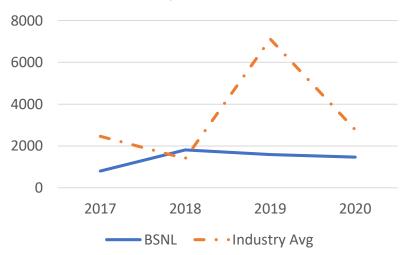
# Supply Chain Working Capital Productivity







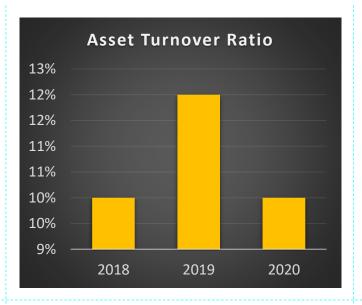
#### **Inventory Turnover Ratio**



Deewang Nayak- 12KA

#### Net Profit margin:

Net Profit margin for BSNL has seen a sharp decline with coming of major players like JIO in the market share



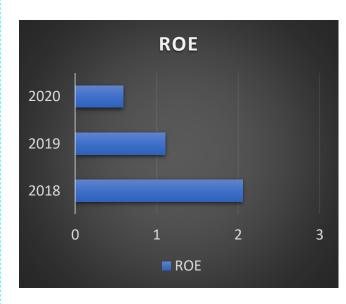
#### ROE:

The ROE again decreased over the years with the overall decrease in ARPU. It indicates the decrease in subscribers & market share for BSNL



#### **Asset Turnover Ratio:**

BSNL saw a drop in its assets with the onset of 4G in the market since 2019. The asset turnover came down further due to onset of Covid-19 pandemic



Deewang Nayak- 12KA







- Vodafone Idea Limited, is a pan-India integrated GSM operator offering 2G, 3G and 4G, 4G+ and VolTE
- It is Headquartered in Mumbai, Maharashtra and Gandhinagar, Gujarat
- On 31 August 2018, Vodafone India merged with Idea Cellular, to form a new entity named Vodafone Idea Limited. Vodafone currently holds a 45.1% stake in the combined entity and Aditya Birla Group holds a 26% stake
- Vodafone Idea posted a net revenue of approx. USD 6.4 billion for FY 19-20
- As of March 31, 2020 Vodafone Idea had a subscriber base of 291 Million

#### **Enterprise Mobility**

- Postpaid & Prepaid
- International Roaming
- Secure Device Manager
- Managed Mobility
- Location Tracking
- eSIMs

### Internet of Things Solutions

- Integrated IoT solutions
- Smart Energy Data Management
- Smart Security and Surveillance
- Smart Mobility

#### Connectivity

- SD-WAN
- MPLS and Global MPLS
- ILL (Internet Leased Line)
- Leased Circuits (NPLC, PLC)
- Managed WiFi

#### Security

- Managed DDoS
- Device Security
   Solutions
- Secure Device Manager
- Managed Security Services

### **Business Communications**

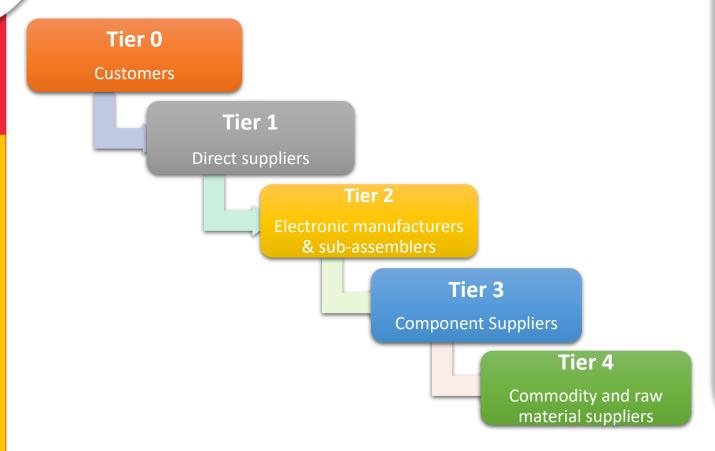
- SIP Trunking
- SIP Central
- Audio Conferencing
- Cloud Telephony Solutions
- Global IP Trunking
- Toll Free Services

#### **Cloud Store**

- G Suite
- Office 365
- Mobile Workforce Essentials
- Device Security
   Solutions
- Website Builder

#### **Supply Chain Model**





### Major elements of supply chain:

- Vodafone Procurement Company (VPC)
   Accountability for strategic category activities related to suppliers, savings and trading operations as well as partner markets and 3<sup>rd</sup> Party business
- Operations and Enablers Team
   Accountability for overall operational effectiveness of supply chain across categories and markets
- Local Market SCM Teams
   Local accountability for stakeholder management and commercial savings realisation in local markets

#### **Distribution**





Over 25,000 retail offline stores across the country offering prepaid and postpaid plans



Over 5400 branded stores to services customers



partnered with Amazon India, to build a unique 'Shop-in-Shop' model at Company-owned stores

#### **Indirect Channels**

- 2 tiered distribution model
- Mass market reach

#### **Exclusive Retail**

- Sales and Service
- Vodafone Store, Idea Store, Vodafone

#### **Direct Channels**

- Direct selling agents, cold calling
- Canopies and kiosks

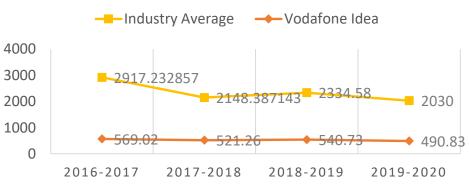
#### **B2B Business**

- Enterprise
   Solutions –
   VGE, SME
- Includes fixed line, data and IoT solutions

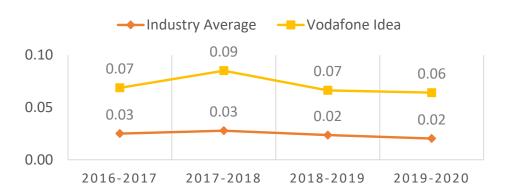
Parikshit Bhandari- 27KA



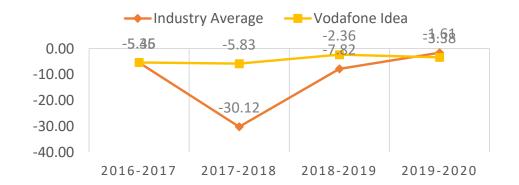
### TOTAL LENGTH OF SUPPLY CHAIN



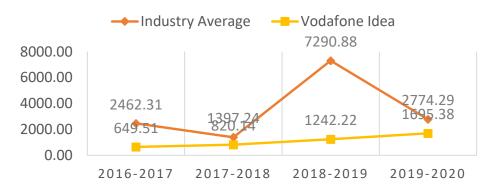
#### SUPPLY CHAIN INEFFICIENCY RATIO



### SUPPLY CHAIN WORKING CAPITAL PRODUCTIVITY



## INVENTORY TURNOVER RATIO



Parikshit Bhandari – 27KA



The net profit margins declined in 2019, due to low operating performance and hefty spectrum fee imposed by DoT. However the profits improved significantly after that after the tariff hikes.

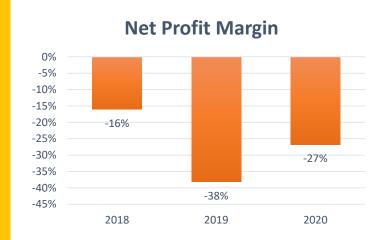


2019

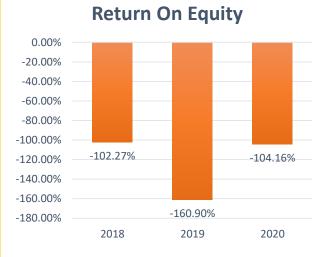
2020

2018

Market share decreased drastically in 2019 due to low profits and most of the subscribers switching to JIO, which hit the ARPU drastically.



Return on Assets decreased over the last 3 years due to obsoleting of older spectrum assets after the introduction of 4G and also due to the Covid 19 impact in late 2019



Parikshit Bhandari – 27KA

### **TATA**COMMUNICATIONS

#### **Company Overview**

TATA Communications Limited, formerly known as Videsh Sanchar

Nigam Ltd, is a part of TATA Group.

Incorporated: 1986

Headquarters: Pune, Maharashtra, India

Recognition: AON Hewitt's Best Employers in India for 2017.

Traded as: BSE: 500483, NSE: TATACOMM Revenue (2018-19): Rs. 170.95 billion

Serves over 7000 companies globally

co-location in 44 sites

400 points of presence (PoPs) with data centre

network spans more than 500,000 km (310,000 mi) of subsea fibre

Invested \$1.19 billion in its global subsea fibre network.

speeds upto 10 Gbit/s.

#### **Services Portfolio**

#### **Network and connectivity**

#### services

Ethernet
Private line
Content delivery network
Data centres

#### **Cloud services**

IZO Internet WAN
IZO Private Connect
IZO Public Connect
IZO SDWAN

#### **Mobility**

Roaming
Signaling
Messaging
Sponsored data exchange

#### **Unified communications**

Global SIP connect
Unified communications as a service
(UCaaS)
Hosted contact centre (InstaCC)

#### Security

3.5.1Managed security3.5.2Fraud prevention

#### **Voice**

Voice direct transit Access services WiFi +

**Media Services** 

Supply Chain Profile

#### **Supply Chain Model**

Multi-tier suppliers

**Sub Assemblers** 

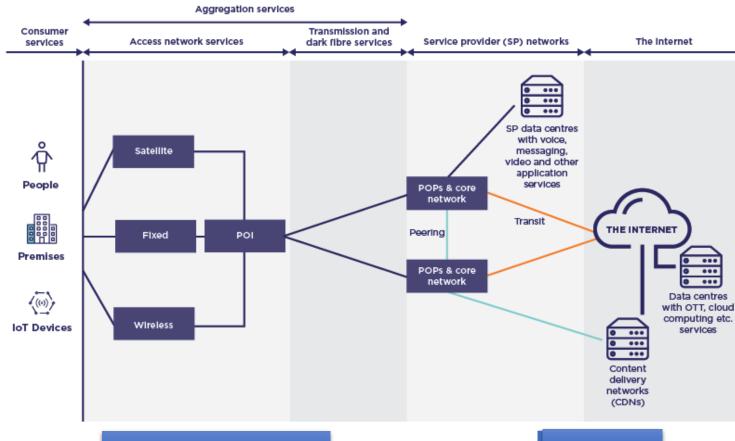
**Assemblers** 

Upstream

Downstream

System Integrators

Network operators



#### **Materials Procured**

#### **Stocked Items**

Which are stocked in the Telecom Stores Supplied to the Indenting unit by store organization

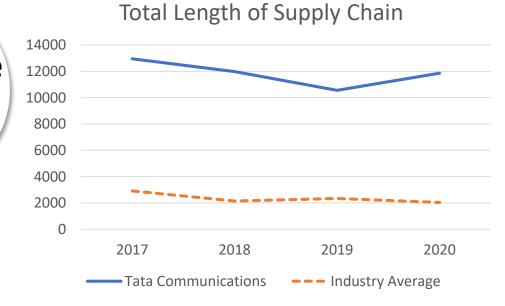
#### **Non-Stocked Items**

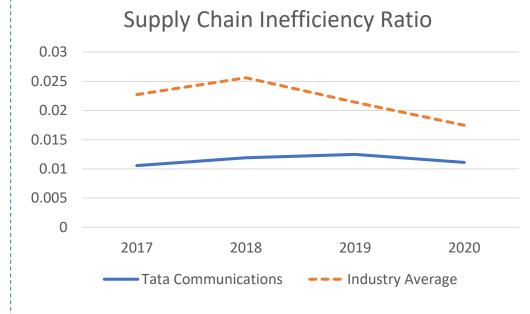
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Centralized, Decentralized & Local
Purchases
Contingent Items
Petty Local Purchase

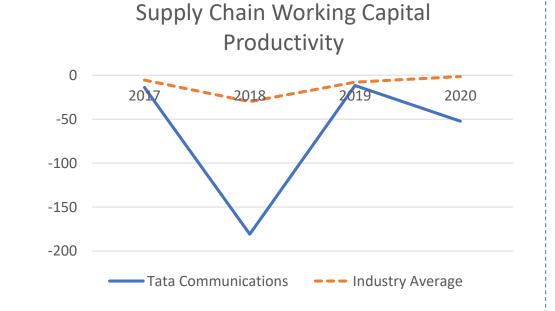
#### **Features**

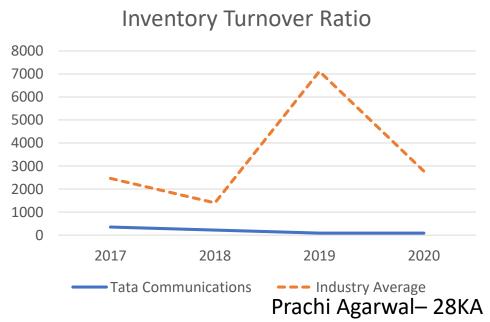
Global Growth
Enhance Productivity
Boost Agility
Connect Multi-Clouds
Private Line Solutions
WAN ethernet services
Internet Access Services
Application Aware Networking

Prachi Agarwal – 28KA



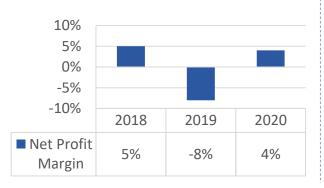




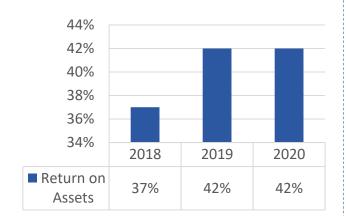


# **DuPont Analysis**

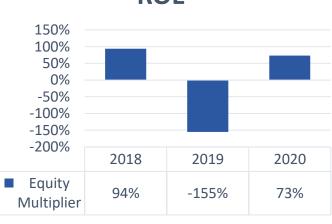
## NET PROFIT MARGIN



#### **RETURN ON ASSETS**



#### ROE



#### **Net Profit Margin**

The net profit margin dipped in 2019 but drastically improved in 2020 because the company introduced new verticals. The company now offers various services such as media, security, data center services, and cloud services as well as subsea cable networks.

#### **Return on Assets**

The asset utilization improved after 2018 and has been constant for the year 2020 also. The company has adapted with changing telecom regulatory environment and then started operating with increased number of assets and operations therefore, a change can be seen in the return on assets.

#### **Equity multiplier**

The value of Equity multiplier drastically decreased in 2019 form 2018 and then improved in 2020.

There was a loss for shareholders in the year 2019 but after the company intorduced connected supply chain model and added other services in its portfolio, the equity multiplier improved.



#### **Company Overview**

Mahanagar Telephone Nigam was created by the Government of India in 1986 to oversee the telephone services of Delhi and Mumbai.

Headquarters: New Delhi

Areas of Operation: Fixed line and

Core Sectors:

Net Sales (2018-19): Rs 2085 Crores

3.62 million GSM capacity

1.1 million broadband subscribers

5.00 million line telephone

9000 FTTH subscri bers "Green Initiative
in the Corporate
Governance" paperless
compliances by
the Companies
through
electronic mode

120 Satellite stations

#### **Product Portfolio**

#### **Telephone & Mobile**

Fixed Line telephones and Wireless Local Loop services

#### **3G Mobile Services**

MTNL 3G Jadoo includes video calling, mobile TV and mobile broadband

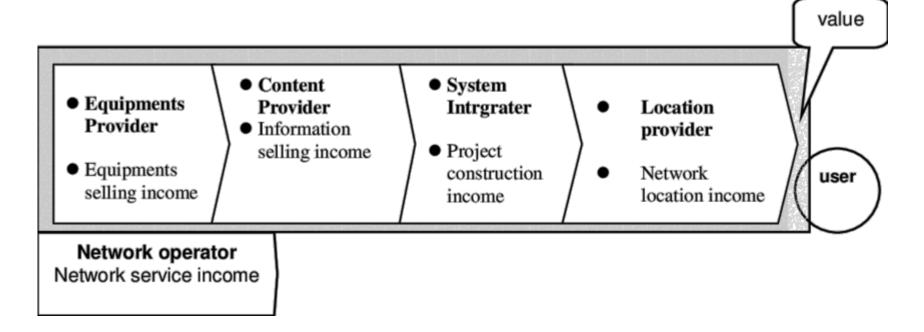
#### **Broadband & FTTH**

Triband Services via Dialup & DSL FTTH- Tripple Play

#### **Other Services**

VPN, VOIP and Leased Lines through BSNL and VSNL

# Supply Chain Profile



#### FOCUS AREAS FOR IMPROVING SUPPLY CHAIN EFFICIENCY

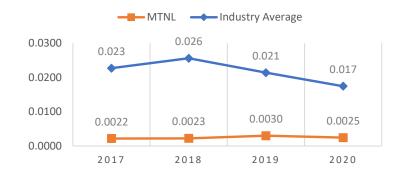


MTNL, a loss making PSU needs improvement in its Supply Chain management to improve customer satisfaction. Supply chain is a major determinant as it requires quick and faster information flow along with speedy redressal of grievances

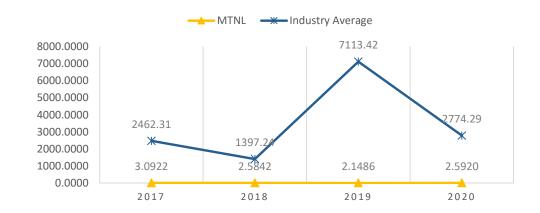
### TOTAL LENGTH OF SUPPLY CHAIN



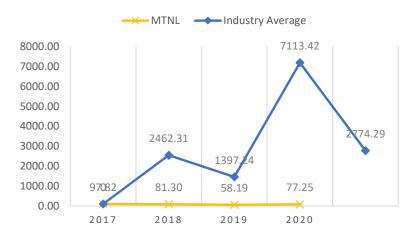
### SUPPLY CHAIN INEFFICIENCY RATIO



### SUPPLY CHAIN WORKING CAPITAL PRODUCTIVITY



#### **INVENTORY TURNOVER RATIO**



Ria Anand-34KA

# **DuPont Analysis**

Net Profit Margin

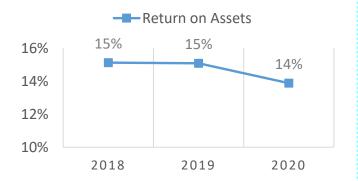
#### **NET PROFIT MARGIN**



The Net Profit margin has consistently been very low for the past 3 years and fell to its lowest in 2020. The revenues of the company have been on a decline as well.

**Asset Turnover** 

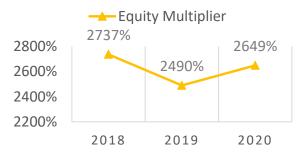
#### **RETURN ON ASSETS**



The return on assets was fairly good and the assets showed an increase in 2020. The decline observed for the year 2020 is due to fall in revenue of the company due to industry wide disruptions

**Equity Multiplier** 

## **EQUITY MULTIPLIER**



The equity of the company has been considerably low as compared to the asset base the company has. This is the prime reason for extremely high equity multiplier along with an observed increase in Assets as well

Average ROE for the 3 years is : -532.08%



**Company Overview** 

Bharti Infratel Limited is a telecom tower infrastructure service provider that deploys, owns and manages telecom towers and communication structures, for various mobile operators.

Established: November 30, 2006.

Headquarters : New Delhi

Net Revenue (2018-19): Rs 6927 Crores

Shared Tower Telecom Infrastructure provider

One of the world's largest telecom tower infrastructure providers

Total Colocations: 174,216 as on June 30, 2020

**Total Towers :** 95,801 as on June 30, 2020

Lowest cost of ownership including both Rentals and Opex

Industry pioneer in adopting green energy initiatives for its operations Decentralized operations in circle & zonal offices

#### **Services Portfolio**

#### **Tower Infrastructure Solutions**

The towers or poles come in 2 varieties:

- ground-based (GBT)
- roof-top (RTT)

#### **Tower Operations Center**

Centralized Control Room that functions as a single point of contact for flashing and reporting all site-downtime alerts

#### Infratel Enterprise Suite -Customer Portal

IES is Infratel's innovative online ERP platform, where the customer OpCo user can raise & manage their respective business requests on an end-to-end basis.

#### Three largest customers -







Shruti Shreya-44KA

#### **Supply Chain Relationship Matrix**



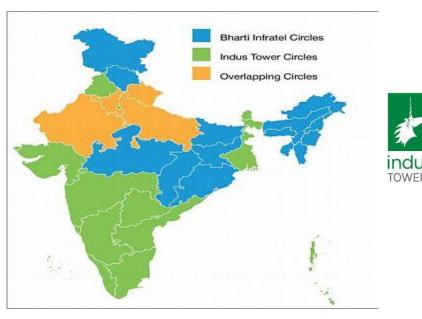
# Supply Chain Profile

Component Vendors

Equipment Vendors Service Provider Infrastructure Provider

Consumer

#### **Pan India Footprint**



	Bharti Infratel Circles	Indus Towers Circles	Overlapping Circles
No of Circles	7	11	4
No of Operators	5-7	7	7
No of Subs. (m)	244	649	254
Tele density (%)	84.0%	115.8%	81.0%

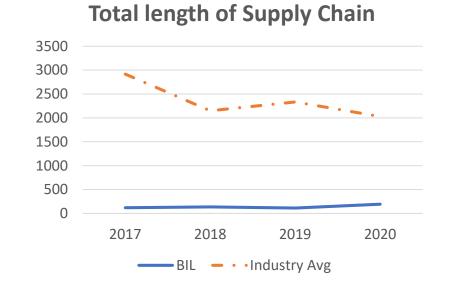
#### **Distribution**

- In India, they have a vast footprint of over 39,000+ towers across 18 states of the Union of India in 11 telecom circles
- 42% stake in Indus Tower Joint Venture between Bharti Infratel,
   Vodafone and Aditya Birla Telecoms
- Opportunities for voice growth in rural areas given rural penetration of 58.92%

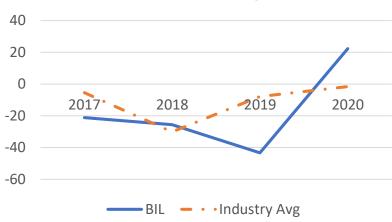
#### **Going Green**

As part of the Green Towers P7 program, Bharti Infratel has commissioned:

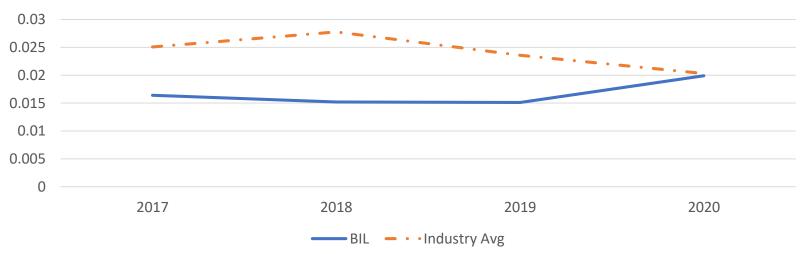
- Over 1,200 solar powered towers
- Variable speed DC powered DG sets
- Integrated Power Management Systems (IPMS), and
- Free Cooling Units (FCU)
- Green towers eliminating use of DG sets



# Supply Chain Working Capital Productivity

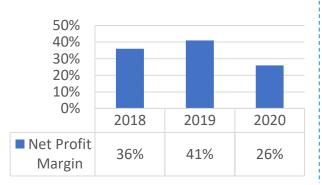


#### **Supply Chain Inefficiency ratio**

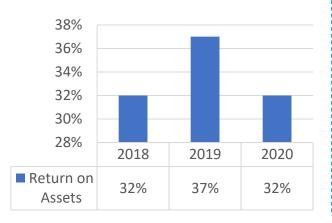


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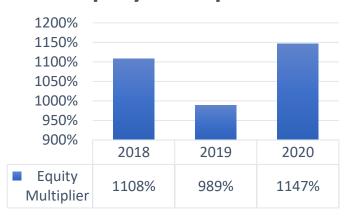
## NET PROFIT MARGIN



#### **RETURN ON ASSETS**



#### **Equity Multiplier**



#### **Net Profit Margin**

The net profit margin improved in 2019 but drastically fell in 2020.

The Company during the 1st quarter of 2020 has reported reduction in co-locations (Bharti Infratel and Indus towers).

Average sharing factor declined from 1.87 to 1.82 on-year leading, to 4% fall in sharing revenue per tower to Rs 78,219.

#### **Return on Assets**

The asset utilization rose after 2018 but fell to the same level in 2020 as 2019.

Co-locations are points where a tower company deploys mobile telecom antennae of multiple carriers on a single structure.

As of June 30, 2020, there are cumulative 3,474 co-locations for which though the exit notices have been received but actual exits have not happened

#### **Equity multiplier**

The value of Equity multiplier decreased in 2019 form 2018 and then rose again in 2020.

There was a loss for shareholders in the year 2019 but after the company Bharti Infratel acquired 42% equity interest in Indus tower and increased its operations, the equity multiplier rose.

Shruti Shreya-44KA



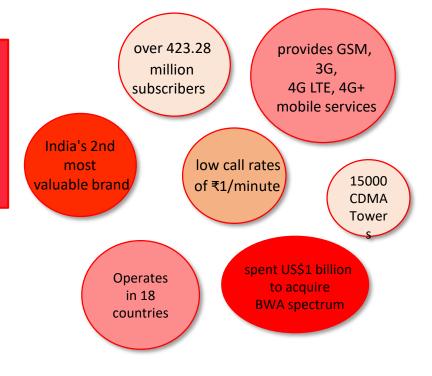
#### **Company Overview**

Bharat Sanchar Nigam Limited was founded on 7<sup>th</sup> July, 1995.

Headquarters: Gurgaon

Areas of Operation: India, Sri Lanka, Africa Core Sectors: Telecommunications Services

Net Sales (2018-19): Rs 543171 Crores



#### **Services Portfolio**

#### **B2C Services**

2G

3G

4G

International Roaming
Prepaid services
Postpaid services
Wifi Calling
DTH

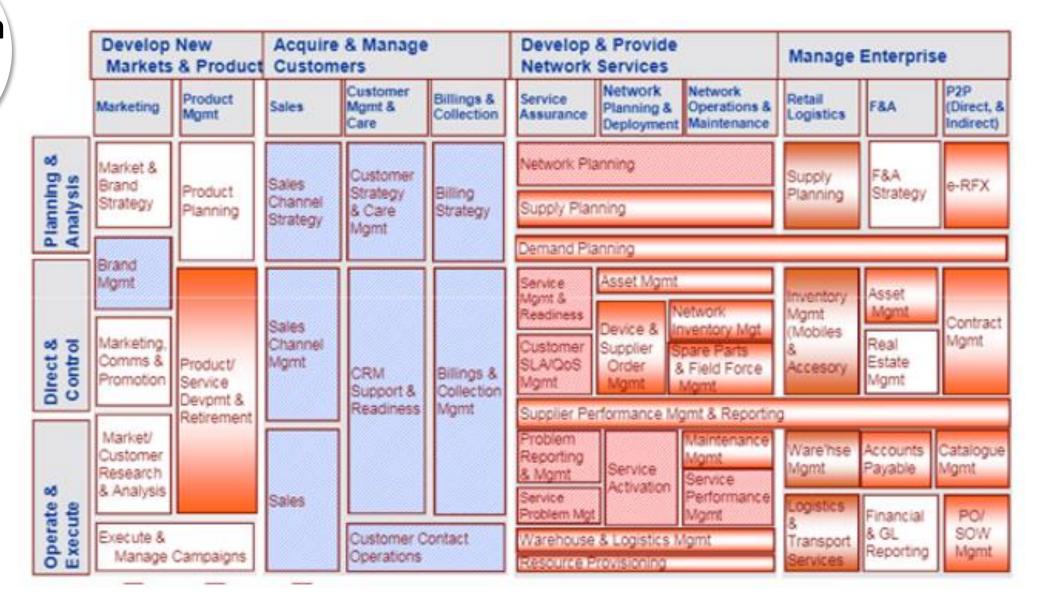
#### **B2B Services**

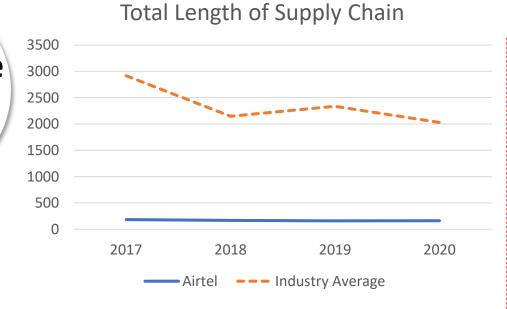
Enterprise Grade LAN
Wifi for Office
Government Contracts
Internet of Things devices
Bluejeans Video Calling
Solutions
Global Connectivity
Cloud Computing Services

#### **Digital Properties**

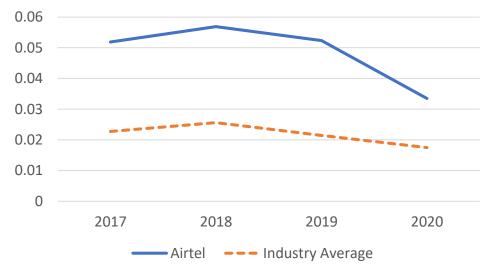
Wynk Music
Airtel Xstream OTT
Xstream Box
Airtel Payments Bank

# Supply Chain Profile

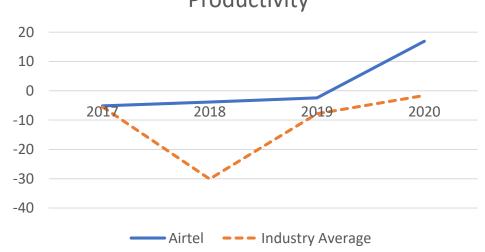










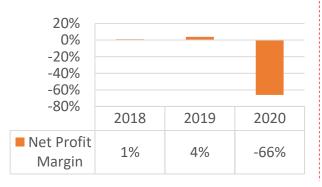


#### Inventory Turnover Ratio

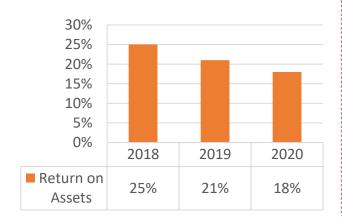


# **DuPont Analysis**

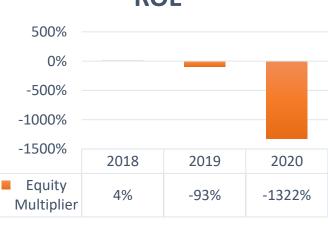
### NET PROFIT MARGIN



#### **RETURN ON ASSETS**



#### ROE



#### **Net Profit Margin**

The net profit margin improved in 2019 but drastically fell in 2020 because of the pandemic and telecom fees imposed by government.

The company has now diversified into various verticals and offers cheap 4G data services, data center services, and has also signed contracts with companies like Amazon.

#### **Return on Assets**

The asset utilization fell after 2018 and has been falling for the last 2 years at a value of 3%.

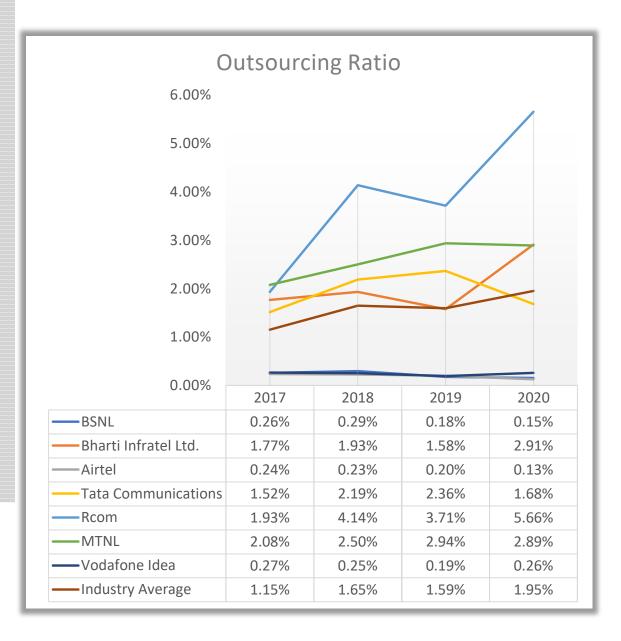
The company has introduced low tariff rate and then started operating with increased number of assets and operations therefore, a change can be seen in the return on assets.

#### **Equity multiplier**

The value of Equity multiplier decreased in 2019 form 2018 and then dropped again in 2020.

There was a loss for shareholders in the year 2019 but after 2020, the shares have lost significant value because of changes in regulatory and competitive environment ,hence the equity multiplier fell.

#### **Peer Comparison - Outsourcing Trend Analysis**





The Outsourcing Ratio of a firm is an indicator of the extent to which a firm has shrunk the scope of its internally managed activities. For Vodafone Idea, Airtel and BSNL the value being the least and far below the industry average shows that most of there activities have been outsourced. But Tata Communications, RCom and MTNL have high Outsourcing Ratio, showing most of the production activities are being taken care of by the firm itself.

# THANK YOU