```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 df=pd.read_excel('/content/drive/MyDrive/Datasets/Road.xlsx')
\overline{\pm}
                             Educational_level Vehicle_driver_relation Owner_of_vehicle Area
             Sex_of_driver
       0
                       Male
                               Above high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
       1
                       Male
                                Junior high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
                                Junior high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
       2
                       Male
       3
                       Male
                                Junior high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                 Governmental
        4
                       Male
                                Junior high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
      12311
                       Male
                                           NaN
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
      12312
                       Male
                               Elementary school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
      12313
                       Male
                                Junior high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
      12314
                    Female
                                Junior high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
      12315
                       Male
                                Junior high school
                                                                 Employee
                                                                                       Owner
     12316 rows × 12 columns
              Generate code with df
                                        View recommended plots
 Next steps:
1 df.head()
\overline{2}
         Sex_of_driver
                        Educational_level Vehicle_driver_relation Owner_of_vehicle Area_acc
     0
                  Male
                           Above high school
                                                             Employee
                                                                                   Owner
     1
                  Male
                           Junior high school
                                                             Employee
                                                                                   Owner
     2
                  Male
                           Junior high school
                                                             Employee
                                                                                   Owner
                                                                                                 Rŧ
     3
                  Male
                           Junior high school
                                                             Employee
                                                                            Governmental
                  Male
                           Junior high school
                                                             Employee
                                                                                   Owner
 Next steps:
              Generate code with df
                                        View recommended plots
1 df.replace('Unknown',np.NaN,inplace=True)
1 df.replace('Fatal injury','Serious Injury',inplace=True)
1 df['Accident_severity'].value_counts()
   Accident_severity
     Slight Injury
                        10415
     Serious Injury
                        1901
     Name: count, dtype: int64
1 df.isna().sum()
→ Sex_of_driver
                                      178
     Educational_level
                                      841
     Vehicle_driver_relation
                                      593
     Owner_of_vehicle
                                      482
     Area_accident_occured
                                      261
     {\tt Light\_conditions}
                                        0
     Weather_conditions
                                      292
```

```
Number_of_vehicles_involved 0
Number_of_casualties 0
Vehicle_movement 396
Cause_of_accident 25
Accident_severity 0
dtype: int64
```

1 df.dropna(inplace=True)

1 df.describe()

}	Number_of_vehicles_involved	Number_of_casualties
count	10064.000000	10064.000000
mean	2.042130	1.546999
std	0.694532	1.010320
min	1.000000	1.000000
25%	2.000000	1.000000
50%	2.000000	1.000000
75%	2.000000	2.000000
max	7.000000	8.000000

1 df.info()

<<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
 Index: 10064 entries, 0 to 12315
 Data columns (total 12 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Sex_of_driver	10064 non-null	object
1	Educational_level	10064 non-null	object
2	Vehicle_driver_relation	10064 non-null	object
3	Owner_of_vehicle	10064 non-null	object
4	Area_accident_occured	10064 non-null	object
5	Light_conditions	10064 non-null	object
6	Weather_conditions	10064 non-null	object
7	Number_of_vehicles_involved	10064 non-null	int64
8	Number_of_casualties	10064 non-null	int64
9	Vehicle_movement	10064 non-null	object
10	Cause_of_accident	10064 non-null	object
11	Accident_severity	10064 non-null	object
dtvpe	es: int64(2), object(10)		

1 df.shape

→ (10064, 12)

memory usage: 1022.1+ KB

1 df.dtypes

```
\rightarrow Sex_of_driver
                                      object
     Educational_level
                                      object
     Vehicle_driver_relation
                                      object
     Owner_of_vehicle
                                      object
     Area_accident_occured
                                      object
     Light_conditions
                                      object
    Weather_conditions
                                      object
     Number_of_vehicles_involved
                                       int64
    Number_of_casualties
                                       int64
     Vehicle_movement
                                      object
    Cause_of_accident
Accident_severity
                                      object
                                      object
     dtype: object
```

1 df.reset_index(drop=True,inplace=True)

1 df

→	Sex_of_driver	Educational_level	Vehicle_driver_relation	Owner_of_vehicle	Area
0	Male	Above high school	Employee	Owner	
1	Male	Junior high school	Employee	Owner	
2	Male	Junior high school	Employee	Owner	
3	Male	Junior high school	Employee	Governmental	
4	Male	Junior high school	Employee	Owner	
100	59 Female	Elementary school	Employee	Owner	
100	60 Male	Elementary school	Employee	Owner	
100	61 Male	Junior high school	Employee	Owner	
100	62 Female	Junior high school	Employee	Owner	
100	63 Male	Junior high school	Employee	Owner	
1006	4 rows × 12 columns				
Next steps: Generate code with df View recommended plots					

1 df.dtypes → Sex_of_driver object Educational_level object Vehicle driver relation object Owner_of_vehicle object Area_accident_occured object Light_conditions object Weather conditions obiect Number_of_vehicles_involved int64 Number_of_casualties int64 Vehicle_movement object Cause_of_accident object Accident_severity object dtype: object 1 df.shape → (10064, 12)

Label Encoder

```
1 for i in df:
2 if df[i].dtypes=='object':
       print(i,'|',df[i].unique())
    Sex_of_driver | ['Male' 'Female']
     Educational_level | ['Above high school' 'Junior high school' 'Elementary school' 'High school' 'Illiterate' 'Writing & reading']

Vehicle_driver_relation | ['Employee' 'Owner' 'Other']

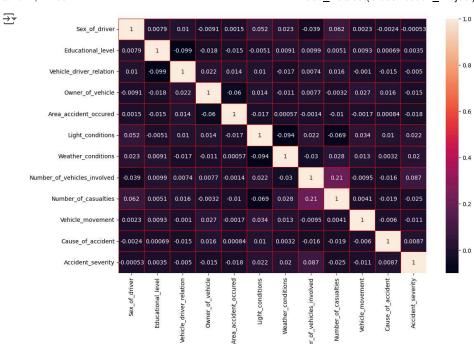
Owner_of_vehicle | ['Owner' 'Governmental' 'Organization' 'Other']
     Area_accident_occured | ['Residential areas' 'Office areas' 'Recreational areas'
      'Industrial areas' 'Other' 'Church areas' 'Market areas'
       'Rural village areas' 'Outside rural areas' 'Hospital areas'
     'School areas' 'Rural village areasOffice areas']
Light_conditions | ['Daylight' 'Darkness - lights lit' 'Darkness - no lighting'
       'Darkness - lights unlit']
     Weather_conditions | ['Normal' 'Raining' 'Raining and Windy' 'Cloudy' 'Other' 'Windy' 'Snow'
       'Fog or mist']
     Vehicle_movement | ['Going straight' 'Moving Backward' 'U-Turn' 'Turnover' 'Waiting to go'
       'Getting off' 'Reversing' 'Parked' 'Stopping' 'Other' 'Overtaking'
       'Entering a junction']
     Cause_of_accident | ['Moving Backward' 'Overtaking' 'Changing lane to the left' 'Changing lane to the right' 'Other' 'No priority to vehicle' 'No priority to pedestrian' 'No distancing'
```

```
'Getting off the vehicle improperly' 'Overloading' 'Driving carelessly'
                  'Driving at high speed' 'Driving to the left' 'Overturning' 'Turnover'
                  'Driving under the influence of drugs' 'Overspeed' 'Drunk driving'
                  'Improper parking']
              Accident_severity | ['Slight Injury' 'Serious Injury']
  1 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
  2 \ lst=['Sex\_of\_driver','Educational\_level','Vehicle\_driver\_relation','Owner\_of\_vehicle','Area\_accident\_occured','Light\_conditions','Weather the state of the 
  3 label={}
 4 for col in 1st:
  5 label[col]=LabelEncoder()
  6 df[col]=label[col].fit_transform(df[col])
  7 label
{'Sex_of_driver': LabelEncoder(),
                   'Educational_level': LabelEncoder(),
                  'Vehicle_driver_relation': LabelEncoder(),
                  'Owner_of_vehicle': LabelEncoder(),
                  'Area_accident_occured': LabelEncoder(),
                  'Light_conditions': LabelEncoder(),
                  'Weather_conditions': LabelEncoder(),
                  'Vehicle_movement': LabelEncoder(),
'Cause_of_accident': LabelEncoder(),
                  'Accident_severity': LabelEncoder()}
```

Visualization

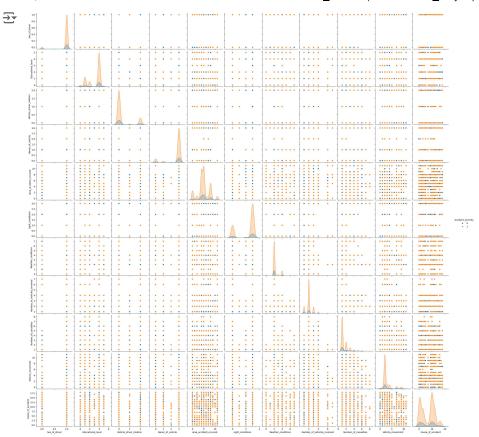
Heatmap

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import seaborn as sns
3 plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 8))
4 sns.heatmap(df.corr(),linewidths=0.5,linecolor='red',annot=True)
5 plt.show()
```



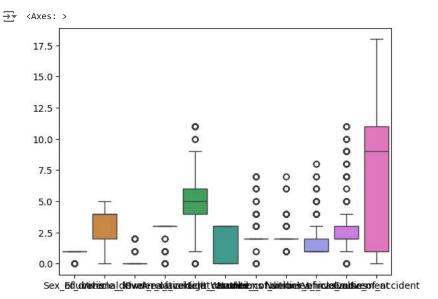
Pair Plot

```
1 sns.pairplot(df,hue='Accident_severity',kind='scatter')
2 plt.show()
```



SeaBorn Plot

1 col=df[['Sex_of_driver','Educational_level','Vehicle_driver_relation','Owner_of_vehicle','Area_accident_occured','Light_conditions','Weat 2 sns.boxplot(col)

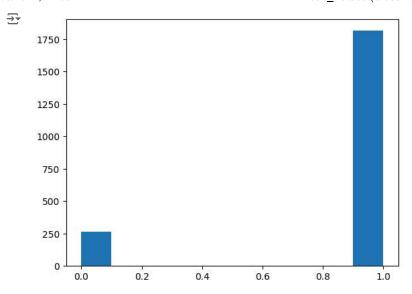


Remove Outerliers

```
1 \ lst=['Sex\_of\_driver', 'Educational\_level', 'Vehicle\_driver\_relation', 'Owner\_of\_vehicle', 'Area\_accident\_occured', 'Light\_conditions', 'Weather the state of the state o
2 for i in 1st:
                 if df[i].dtype in ['int64']:
3
4
                                  Q1 = df[i].quantile(0.25)
 5
                                  Q3 = df[i].quantile(0.75)
 6
                                  IQR = Q3 - Q1
 7
                                  lower\_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
                                  upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
8
                                  df = df[(df[i] >= lower_bound) & (df[i] <= upper_bound)]
1 df['Accident_severity'].value_counts()
               Accident_severity
                                             1815
                                                 264
                    Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Hist Plot

```
plt.hist(df['Accident_severity'])
plt.show()
```



```
1 df['Accident_severity'].value_counts()

Accident_severity
1 1815
0 264
Name: count, dtype: int64

1 x=df.drop(columns='Accident_severity')
2 y=df['Accident_severity']
```

OverSampling

```
1 from imblearn.over_sampling import RandomOverSampler
2 rand=RandomOverSampler()
3 x,y=rand.fit_resample(x,y)

1 df['Accident_severity'].value_counts()

Accident_severity
1 1815
0 264
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

TrainTest Splitting

```
1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
2 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=42)
```

Normalized Scaling

```
1 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
2 ss=StandardScaler()
3 x_train_scaled=ss.fit_transform(x_train)
4 x_test_scaled=ss.transform(x_test)
```

KNeighborsClassifier

```
1 from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
2 knn=KNeighborsClassifier()
3 knn.fit(x_train_scaled,y_train)
```

```
* KNeighborsClassifier
KNeighborsClassifier()
```

- 1 y_pred=knn.predict(x_test_scaled)
- 2 y_pred
- \Rightarrow array([0, 1, 0, ..., 1, 1, 0])
- 1 y_test.values
- \rightarrow array([1, 0, 1, ..., 1, 1, 0])
- 1 from sklearn.metrics import classification_report,accuracy_score
- 2 print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
- → 67.76859504132231
- 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
6	0.63	0.80	0.70	522
1	0.76	0.56	0.65	567
accuracy	,		0.68	1089
macro ave	0.69	0.68	0.67	1089
weighted avg	0.69	0.68	0.67	1089

1 x_scaled=ss.transform(x)

SVM

- 1 from sklearn.svm import SVC
- 2 model=SVC()
- 3 model.fit(x_train_scaled,y_train)

- 1 y_pred=model.predict(x_test_scaled)
- 2 y_pred
- \Rightarrow array([0, 1, 0, ..., 1, 1, 0])
- 1 print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
- 59.87144168962351
- 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

_	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.57	0.69	0.62	522
1	0.64	0.51	0.57	567
accuracy			0.60	1089
macro avg	0.61	0.60	0.60	1089
weighted avg	0.61	0.60	0.60	1089

Naive Bayes

```
1 from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB,GaussianNB,BernoulliNB
2 model1=BernoulliNB()
3 model1.fit(x_train_scaled,y_train)
\overline{2}
     ▼ BernoulliNB
     BernoulliNB()
1 y_pred=model1.predict(x_test_scaled)
1 print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
→ 53.168044077134994
1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
```

∓ *		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.51	0.83	0.63	522
	1	0.62	0.25	0.36	567
	accuracy			0.53	1089
	macro avg	0.57	0.54	0.50	1089
	weighted avg	0.57	0.53	0.49	1089

Decision Tree

- from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier,plot_tree model2=DecisionTreeClassifier()
- model2.fit(x_train,y_train)



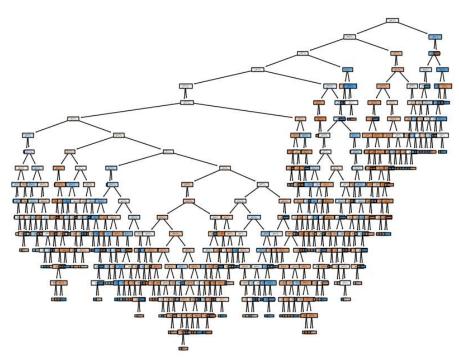
- 1 y_pred=model2.predict(x_test)
- 2 y_pred
- \Rightarrow array([1, 1, 1, ..., 1, 1, 0])
- 1 print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
- → 73.27823691460054
- 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

→	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.66	0.90	0.76	522
1	0.86	0.58	0.69	567
accuracy			0.73	1089
macro avg	0.76	0.74	0.73	1089
weighted avg	0.77	0.73	0.73	1089

Decision Tree Plot

```
1 plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
2 plot_tree(model2,filled=True,feature_names=x_train.columns)
3 plt.show()
```





RandomForest

- 1 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
 2 rf=RandomForestClassifier()
- 3 rf.fit(x_train,y_train)
- \rightarrow
- * RandomForestClassifier
 RandomForestClassifier()
- 1 y_pred=rf.predict(x_test)
- 2 y_pred
- → array([1, 1, 1, ..., 1, 1, 0])
- 1 print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
- 73.46189164370982
- print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

∑ ▼	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.67	0.89	0.76	522
1	0.85	0.59	0.70	567
accuracy			0.73	1089
macro avg	0.76	0.74	0.73	1089
weighted avg	0.76	0.73	0.73	1089

GradientBoosting

- 1 from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
- 2 gc=GradientBoostingClassifier()
- 3 on fit/v thain v thain)

```
> &c.itr(x_ri.atii)
```

- 1 y_pred=gc.predict(x_test)
- y_pred
- \rightarrow array([1, 1, 0, ..., 1, 1, 0])
- 1 print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
- **→** 61.89164370982553
- 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

_		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.58	0.73	0.65	522
	1	0.68	0.52	0.59	567
	accuracy			0.62	1089
	macro avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	1089
	weighted avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	1089

XGBooster

```
1 from xgboost import XGBClassifier
```

- 2 xg=XGBClassifier()
- 3 xg.fit(x_train,y_train)

→	v XGBClassifier
	XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None, colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None, colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None, enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_types=None, gamma=None, grow_policy=None, importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None, learning_rate=None, max_bin=None, max_cat_threshold=None, max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=None, max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=None, missing=nan, monotone_constraints=None, num parallel tree=None, random state=None,)

```
1 y_pred=gc.predict(x_test)
```

 \Rightarrow array([1, 1, 0, ..., 1, 1, 0])

1 print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)

→ 61.89164370982553

1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

_		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.58	0.73	0.65	522
	1	0.68	0.52	0.59	567
	accuracy			0.62	1089
	macro avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	1089
	weighted avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	1089

AdaBooster

1 from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier

² y_pred

```
2 ada=AdaBoostClassifier()
3 ada.fit(x_train,y_train)
\overline{z}
    * AdaBoostClassifier
    AdaBoostClassifier()
1
   y_pred=ada.predict(x_test)
    y_pred
\rightarrow array([1, 1, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0])
    print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
    56.84113865932048
<del>آ</del>∀
   print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
∓
                 precision
                              recall f1-score
                                                support
              0
                      0.54
                                0.63
                                         0.58
                                                    522
              1
                      0.60
                                0.51
                                         0.55
                                                    567
                                         0.57
                                                   1089
       accuracy
                      0.57
                                0.57
                                         0.57
                                                   1089
       macro avg
                                                   1089
    weighted avg
                      0.57
                                0.57
                                         0.57
1 from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
2 params={'criterion':['entropy','gini'],
3
          'max_depth':[5,10,30,40,50],
4
         'min_samples_split':[10,20,25,30,45,60,100] }
5 rs=RandomizedSearchCV(RandomForestClassifier(),params,cv=10,n_iter=15)
6 rs.fit(x_train,y_train)
₹
              RandomizedSearchCV
      • estimator: RandomForestClassifier
          ▶ RandomForestClassifier
1 rs.best_params_
{ 'min_samples_split': 20, 'max_depth': 30, 'criterion': 'gini'}
1 rs.best_score_
→ 0.7044681179558437
1 knn=KNeighborsClassifier()
2 svc=SVC()
3 naive=BernoulliNB()
4 decision=DecisionTreeClassifier()
5 rf=RandomForestClassifier()
6 gcv=GradientBoostingClassifier()
7 xgb=XGBClassifier()
8 ada=AdaBoostClassifier()
1 model_lst=[knn,svc,naive,decision,rf,gcv,xgb,ada]
2 for model in model_lst:
3 model.fit(x_train,y_train)
4 y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
   print(model)
6 print('Accuracy_Score:',accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)*100)
7 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
8 print('----')
₹
```

accuracy			0.73	1089	
macro avg	0.76	0.74	0.73	1089	
weighted avg	0.77	0.73	0.73	1089	
GradientBoos	-				
Accuracy_Sco					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
0	0.58	0.73	0.65	522	
1		0.52	0.59	567	
_	0.00	0.32	0.33	307	
accuracy			0.62	1089	
macro avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	1089	
weighted avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	1089	
XGBClassifie	· —				•
	colsample_b	•			•
		-	-		_stopping_rounds=None,
	_	_	-	-	ne, feature_types=None,
	gamma=None,				
		_			ate=None, max_bin=None,
	max_cat_thr		_		•
				_	_leaves=None,
		•		-	cone_constraints=None,
	multi_stra	egy=None,	n_estimato	ors=None, r	n_jobs=None,
	num_paralle		ne, random_	_state=None	2,)
Accuracy_Sco					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	