### 1

# **ASSIGNMENT 3**

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Abstract—This document solves determinant of a matrix using its properties

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/anjanavasudevan/ grad\_schoolwork/tree/master/EE5609/ Assignment2

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/anjanavasudevan/ grad\_schoolwork/tree/master/EE5609/ Assignment2/latex

### 1 Question No. 55

By using properties of determinants, show that:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^3 & b^3 & c^3 \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)(a+b+c)$$
(1.0.1)

#### 2 Answer

The following properties of determinants will be used to solve the problem:

- 1) If a row or column of matrix is multiplied by a constant *k*, the determinant is multiplied by the same constant *k*
- 2) Row or column transformations do not affect the determinant of a matrix.

Using column operations to simplify the equation, we get:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^{3} & b^{3} & c^{3} \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_{1} \to C_{1} - C_{2}} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ a - b & b & c \\ a^{3} - b^{3} & b^{3} & c^{3} \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{(2.0.1)}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ a - b & b & c \\ a^{3} - b^{3} & b^{3} & c^{3} \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_{2} \to C_{2} - C_{3}} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ a - b & b - c & c \\ a^{3} - b^{3} & b^{3} - c^{3} & c^{3} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(2.0.2)$$

Taking out common factors a-b and b-c from  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  respectively, we get:

$$(a-b)(b-c)\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1\\ 1 & 1 & c\\ a^2+ab+b^2 & b^2+bc+c^2 & c^3 \end{vmatrix}$$
(2.0.3)

Further column operations give:

$$\stackrel{C_1 \to C_1 - C_2}{\longleftrightarrow} (a - b)(b - c) \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ a^2 + ab - bc - c^2 & b^2 + bc + c^2 & c^3 \end{vmatrix}$$
(2.0.4)

$$\implies (a-b)(b-c) \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ (a^2-c^2) + b(a-c) & b^2 + bc + c^2 & c^3 \end{vmatrix}$$
(2.0.5)

$$\implies (a-b)(b-c)\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ k & b^2 + bc + c^2 & c^3 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.6)

Where

$$k = (a - c)(a + c) + b(a - c)$$
 (2.0.7)

Taking a - c from  $C_1$ , we get

$$\implies (a-b)(b-c)(a-c) \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ a+b+c & b^2+bc+c^2 & c^3 \end{vmatrix}$$
(2.0.8)

$$= (a-b)(b-c)(a-c)(-1)(a+b+c)$$
 (2.0.9)  
=  $(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)(a+b+c)$  (2.0.10)