Semantic versioning

There are 2 stages of app development

- 1. 0 Pre-MVP/Alpha
- 2. Major.Minor.Patch Alpha/Beta

o - Pre-MVP/Alpha

At this stage, you're developing your app and still building towards an MVP.

Major.Minor.Patch — Alpha/Beta

- 1. Once you reach your **MVP**, you might iterate over this and create **Alpha/Beta** releases for users **to test and supply feedback on**.
- 2. When creating your first release, you'll want to start versioning.
- 3. A pre-release version may be denoted by appending a hyphen and a series of dot separated identifiers immediately following the patch version. A pre-release version indicates that the version is unstable and might not satisfy the intended compatibility requirements as denoted by its associated normal version. Examples: 1.0.0-alpha, 1.0.0-alpha.1, 1.0.0-0.3.7

Semantic versioning specifications



Major Release — Increment the first digit by 1 if the new features break backwards compatibility/current features

Minor Release — Increment the middle digit by 1 if the new features don't break any existing features and are compatible with the app in it's current state.

Patch Release — Increment the last digit by 1 if you're publishing bug/patch fixes to your app.

Key points to remember

1. The first version starts at 0.1.0 and not at 0.0.1, as no bug fixes have taken place, rather we start off with a set of features as first draft of the project.

- 2. Before 1.0.0 is only the Development Phase, where you focus on getting stuff done.
- 3. The first stable version is v1.0.0.
- **4.** It's best to keep track of all these changes in a **CHANGELOG**. This way you can keep track of what's been fixed and any upcoming features that are being released into the next version. **Ref**: https://keepachangelog.com/en/1.0.0/

How do I make a good changelog? **Guiding Principles** • Changelogs are for humans, not machines. • There should be an entry for every single version. • The same types of changes should be grouped. · Versions and sections should be linkable. • The latest version comes first. • The release date of each version is displayed. Mention whether you follow Semantic Versioning. Types of changes Added for new features. Changed for changes in existing functionality. Deprecated for soon-to-be removed features. Removed for now removed features. Fixed for any bug fixes. Security in case of vulnerabilities.