

Social network Graph Link Prediction - Facebook Challenge

import pdb import pickle from pandas import HDFStore, DataFrame from pandas import read\_hdf from scipy.sparse.linalg import svds, eigs import gc from tqdm import tqdm from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier from sklearn.metrics import f1\_score In [ ]: | wget --header="Host: doc-0o-bk-docs.googleusercontent.com" --header="User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrom

--2021-06-12 16:01:49-- https://doc-0o-bk-docs.googleusercontent.com/docs/securesc/nss2f5s2soorprev6d4t4qp3n5ekp9nh/ev12j2j4t5hronicnhsbdlsblnbl9qk3/1622116650000/0662 9147635963609455/13017565264516993811/1fDJptlCFEWNV5UNGPc4geTykgFI3PDCV?e=download&authuser=0&nonce=iak2ig7rpq664&user=13017565264516993811&hash=fvl5s6dohfnqle6k8q3koe9

from sklearn.cluster import MiniBatchKMeans, KMeans#Clustering import math import pickle

Resolving doc-0o-bk-docs.googleusercontent.com (doc-0o-bk-docs.googleusercontent.com)... 64.233.170.132, 2607:f8b0:400c:c0d::84 Connecting to doc-0o-bk-docs.googleusercontent.com (doc-0o-bk-docs.googleusercontent.com)|64.233.170.132|:443... connected.

import os

jr2mhe6jr

In [ ]: #reading

Out[]:

import xgboost as xgb

import networkx as nx

import warnings

# to install xgboost: pip3 install xgboost

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 403 Forbidden

Index(['source\_node', 'destination\_node', 'indicator\_link',

df\_final\_train = read\_hdf('storage\_sample\_stage4.h5', 'train\_df', mode='r') df\_final\_test = read\_hdf('storage\_sample\_stage4.h5', 'test\_df', mode='r')

'jaccard\_followers', 'jaccard\_followees', 'cosine\_followers',

'cosine\_followees', 'num\_followers\_s', 'num\_followees\_s', 'num\_followees\_d', 'inter\_followers', 'inter\_followees', 'adar\_index', 'follows\_back', 'same\_comp', 'shortest\_path', 'weight\_in', 'weight\_out',

In [ ]: | df\_final\_train.drop(['source\_node', 'destination\_node', 'indicator\_link'], axis=1, inplace=True)

df\_final\_test.drop(['source\_node', 'destination\_node','indicator\_link'],axis=1,inplace=True)

clf = RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class\_weight=None, criterion='gini',

min\_weight\_fraction\_leaf=0.0, n\_estimators=i, n\_jobs=-1, random\_state=25, verbose=0, warm\_start=False)

max\_depth=5, max\_features='auto', max\_leaf\_nodes=None, min\_impurity\_decrease=0.0, min\_impurity\_split=None,

print('Estimators = ',i,'Train Score',train\_sc,'test Score',test\_sc)

Estimators = 10 Train Score 0.9063252121775113 test Score 0.8745605278006858 Estimators = 50 Train Score 0.9205725512208812 test Score 0.9125653355634538 Estimators = 100 Train Score 0.9238690848446947 test Score 0.9141199714153599 Estimators = 250 Train Score 0.9239789348046863 test Score 0.9188007232664732 Estimators = 450 Train Score 0.9237190618658074 test Score 0.9161507685828595

min\_samples\_leaf=52, min\_samples\_split=120,

train\_sc = f1\_score(y\_train, clf.predict(df\_final\_train)) test\_sc = f1\_score(y\_test, clf.predict(df\_final\_test))

plt.plot(estimators, train\_scores, label='Train Score') plt.plot(estimators, test\_scores, label='Test Score')

plt.title('Estimators vs score at depth of 5')

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Estimators vs score at depth of 5')

200

Estimators

300

min\_samples\_leaf=52, min\_samples\_split=120,

train\_sc = f1\_score(y\_train, clf.predict(df\_final\_train)) test\_sc = f1\_score(y\_test,clf.predict(df\_final\_test))

plt.title('Depth vs score at depth of 5 at estimators = 115')

Depth vs score at depth of 5 at estimators = 115

Depth

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

from scipy.stats import randint as sp\_randint

param\_dist = {"n\_estimators":sp\_randint(105,125),

from sklearn.model\_selection import RandomizedSearchCV

"max\_depth": sp\_randint(10,15),

clf = RandomForestClassifier(random\_state=25, n\_jobs=-1)

"min\_samples\_split": sp\_randint(110,190), "min\_samples\_leaf": sp\_randint(25,65)}

rf\_random = RandomizedSearchCV(clf, param\_distributions=param\_dist,

print('mean test scores',rf\_random.cv\_results\_['mean\_test\_score']) print('mean train scores',rf\_random.cv\_results\_['mean\_train\_score'])

min\_samples\_leaf=28, min\_samples\_split=111,

min\_samples\_leaf=28, min\_samples\_split=111,

mean test scores [0.96225043 0.96215493 0.96057081 0.96194015 0.96330005] mean train scores [0.96294922 0.96266735 0.96115674 0.96263457 0.96430539]

RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class\_weight=None, criterion='gini', max\_depth=14, max\_features='auto', max\_leaf\_nodes=None, min\_impurity\_decrease=0.0, min\_impurity\_split=None,

> min\_weight\_fraction\_leaf=0.0, n\_estimators=121, n\_jobs=-1, oob\_score=False, random\_state=25, verbose=0, warm\_start=False)

clf = RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class\_weight=None, criterion='gini', max\_depth=14, max\_features='auto', max\_leaf\_nodes=None, min\_impurity\_decrease=0.0, min\_impurity\_split=None,

> min\_weight\_fraction\_leaf=0.0, n\_estimators=121, n\_jobs=-1, oob\_score=False, random\_state=25, verbose=0, warm\_start=False)

sns.heatmap(C, annot=True, cmap=cmap, fmt=".3f", xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)

sns.heatmap(B, annot=True, cmap=cmap, fmt=".3f", xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)

sns.heatmap(A, annot=True, cmap=cmap, fmt=".3f", xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)

48000

40000

32000

24000

- 16000

- 8000

- 24000

20000

- 16000

12000

8000

4000

plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='navy',label='ROC curve (area = %0.2f)' % auc\_sc)

ROC curve (area = 0.93)

plt.barh(range(len(indices)), importances[indices], color='r', align='center')

1.0

Feature Importances

plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic with test data')

0.6

plt.yticks(range(len(indices)), [features[i] for i in indices])

0.4

importances = clf.feature\_importances\_ indices = (np.argsort(importances))[-25:]

False Positive Rate

Receiver operating characteristic with test data

Original Class

0

Original Class

Precision matrix

Predicted Class

Precision matrix

Predicted Class

0.022

0.978

1

0.027

0.954

0.046

0

0.891

0.109

0.8

0.6

- 0.4

- 0.2

0.8

0.6

- 0.4

- 0.2

Recall matrix

Predicted Class

Recall matrix

Predicted Class

0.021

0.952

1

0.024

0.979

0.048

0

0.976

0.120

0

0 -

Original Class

- 0.8

- 0.6

- 0.4

- 0.2

- 0.8

- 0.6

- 0.4

- 0.2

print('depth = ',i,'Train Score',train\_sc,'test Score',test\_sc)

depth = 3 Train Score 0.8916120853581238 test Score 0.8687934859875491 depth = 9 Train Score 0.9572226298198419 test Score 0.9222953031452904 depth = 11 Train Score 0.9623451340902863 test Score 0.9252318758281279 depth = 15 Train Score 0.9634267621927706 test Score 0.9231288356496615 depth = 20 Train Score 0.9631629153051491 test Score 0.9235051024711141 depth = 35 Train Score 0.9634333127085721 test Score 0.9235601652753184 depth = 50 Train Score 0.9634333127085721 test Score 0.9235601652753184 depth = 70 Train Score 0.9634333127085721 test Score 0.9235601652753184 depth = 130 Train Score 0.9634333127085721 test Score 0.9235601652753184

400

clf = RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class\_weight=None, criterion='gini',

120

n\_iter=5, cv=10, scoring='f1', random\_state=25)

min\_weight\_fraction\_leaf=0.0, n\_estimators=115, n\_jobs=-1, random\_state=25, verbose=0, warm\_start=False)

max\_depth=i, max\_features='auto', max\_leaf\_nodes=None, min\_impurity\_decrease=0.0, min\_impurity\_split=None,

Estimators vs score at depth of 5

'weight\_f1', 'weight\_f2', 'weight\_f3', 'weight\_f4', 'page\_rank\_s', 'page\_rank\_d', 'katz\_s', 'katz\_d', 'hubs\_s', 'hubs\_d', 'authorities\_s', 'authorities\_d', 'svd\_u\_s\_1', 'svd\_u\_s\_2', 'svd\_u\_s\_3', 'svd\_u\_s\_4', 'svd\_u\_s\_5', 'svd\_u\_s\_6', 'svd\_u\_d\_1', 'svd\_u\_d\_2', 'svd\_u\_d\_3', 'svd\_u\_d\_4', 'svd\_u\_d\_5', 'svd\_u\_d\_6', 'svd\_v\_s\_1', 'svd\_v\_s\_2', 'svd\_v\_s\_3', 'svd\_v\_s\_4', 'svd\_v\_s\_5', 'svd\_v\_s\_6', 'svd\_v\_d\_1', 'svd\_v\_d\_2', 'svd\_v\_d\_3', 'svd\_v\_d\_4', 'svd\_v\_d\_5', 'svd\_v\_d\_6'],

2021-06-12 16:01:49 ERROR 403: Forbidden.

from pandas import read\_hdf

dtype='object')

In []: estimators = [10, 50, 100, 250, 450]

plt.xlabel('Estimators') plt.ylabel('Score')

0.92

0.91

S 0.90

0.89

0.88

100

clf.fit(df\_final\_train,y\_train)

plt.plot(depths, train\_scores, label='Train Score') plt.plot(depths, test\_scores, label='Test Score')

test\_scores.append(test\_sc) train\_scores.append(train\_sc)

In []: depths = [3,9,11,15,20,35,50,70,130]

train\_scores = [] test\_scores = [] **for** i in depths:

plt.xlabel('Depth') plt.ylabel('Score')

plt.show()

0.96

0.94

인.92 양

0.90

0.88

20

from sklearn.metrics import f1\_score

from sklearn.metrics import f1\_score

rf\_random.fit(df\_final\_train,y\_train)

In [ ]: print(rf\_random.best\_estimator\_)

In [ ]: clf.fit(df\_final\_train,y\_train)

y\_train\_pred = clf.predict(df\_final\_train) y\_test\_pred = clf.predict(df\_final\_test)

print('Train f1 score',f1\_score(y\_train,y\_train\_pred)) print('Test f1 score', f1\_score(y\_test, y\_test\_pred))

from sklearn.metrics import f1\_score

Train f1 score 0.9652533106548414 Test f1 score 0.9241678239279553

In [ ]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion\_matrix

A = (((C.T)/(C.sum(axis=1))).T)

# representing A in heatmap format cmap=sns.light\_palette("blue")

plt.xlabel('Predicted Class') plt.ylabel('Original Class') plt.title("Confusion matrix")

plt.xlabel('Predicted Class') plt.ylabel('Original Class') plt.title("Precision matrix")

plt.xlabel('Predicted Class') plt.ylabel('Original Class') plt.title("Recall matrix")

# representing B in heatmap format

plot\_confusion\_matrix(y\_train,y\_train\_pred)

plot\_confusion\_matrix(y\_test,y\_test\_pred)

Confusion matrix

Confusion matrix

Predicted Class

fpr, tpr, ths = roc\_curve(y\_test, y\_test\_pred)

In [ ]: from sklearn.metrics import roc\_curve, auc

plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate') plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')

1052.000

47670.000

1

609.000

plt.figure(figsize=(20,4))

B = (C/C.sum(axis=0))

plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)

plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)

plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)

plt.show()

In [ ]: print('Train confusion\_matrix')

Train confusion\_matrix

48900.000

2380.000

Test confusion\_matrix

24437.000

2995.000

 $auc\_sc = auc(fpr, tpr)$ 

plt.legend() plt.show()

1.0

0.8

0.4

0.2

0.0

0.0

plt.show()

follows\_back weight\_f1

cosine\_followers shortest\_path inter\_followers

num followees s

jaccard\_followees num\_followers\_s

weight\_f3 weight\_f4

weight\_f2

weight\_out adar\_index inter\_followees

> weight\_in katz\_d

> > katz s

0.000

Assignments:

0.025

0.050

0.075

Tune hyperparameters for XG boost with all these features and check the error metric.

0.100

https://storage.googleapis.com/kaggle-forum-message-attachments/2594/supervised\_link\_prediction.pdf

Relative Importance

0.125

0.150

2. Add feature called svd\_dot. you can calculate svd\_dot as Dot product between sourse node svd and destination node svd features. you can read about this in below pdf

0.175

1. Add another feature called Preferential Attachment with followers and followees data of vertex. you can check about Preferential Attachment in below link http://be.amazd.com/link-prediction/

0.200

same comp

page\_rank\_d svd\_v\_d\_3 svd\_u\_s\_3 svd\_v\_s\_3 svd\_u\_d\_3

cosine\_followees

num\_followees\_d

0.2

In [ ]: features = df\_final\_train.columns

plt.figure(figsize=(10,12)) plt.title('Feature Importances')

plt.xlabel('Relative Importance')

Positive Rate 0.6

0

0

Original Class

Original Class

print('Test confusion\_matrix')

labels = [0,1]

def plot\_confusion\_matrix(test\_y, predict\_y): C = confusion\_matrix(test\_y, predict\_y)

from scipy.stats import uniform

train\_scores = [] test\_scores = [] **for** i **in** estimators:

y\_train = df\_final\_train.indicator\_link y\_test = df\_final\_test.indicator\_link

clf.fit(df\_final\_train,y\_train)

test\_scores.append(test\_sc) train\_scores.append(train\_sc)

df\_final\_train.columns