Part 1 January 22, 2009

CURRENT ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

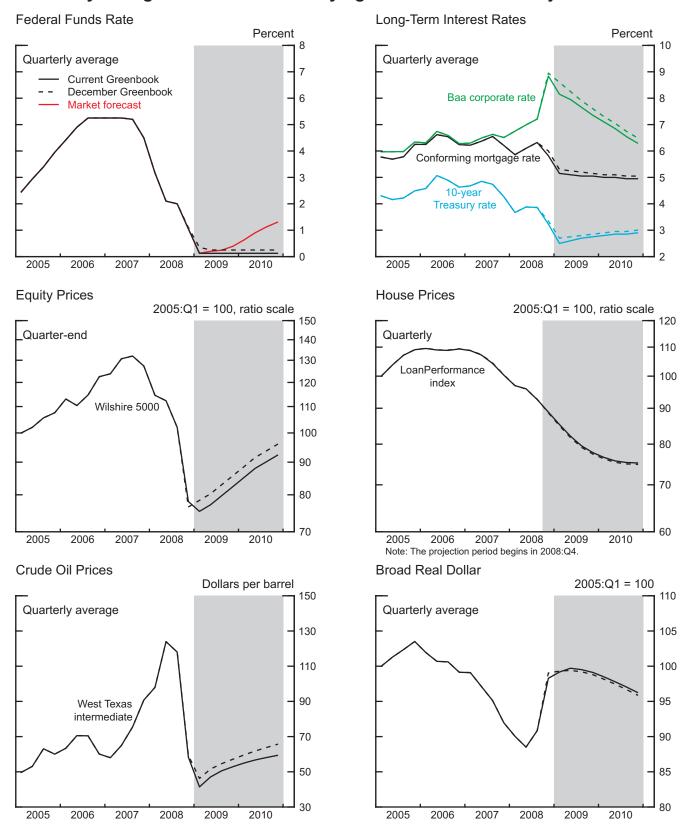
Summary and Outlook

January 22, 2009

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Prepared for the Federal Open Market Committee by the staff of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

Key Background Factors Underlying the Baseline Staff Projection



Note: In each panel, shading represents the projection period, which begins in 2009:Q1 except as noted.

Summary of the Near-Term Outlook (Percent change at annual rate except as noted)

	200	8:Q4	2009	9:Q1		
Measure	December	January	December	January		
	Greenbook	Greenbook	Greenbook	Greenbook		
Real GDP Private domestic final purchases Personal consumption expenditures Residential investment Business fixed investment	-4.7	-4.9	-5.0	-5.6		
	-6.6	-6.1	-5.2	-5.9		
	-4.3	-3.9	-1.3	-1.7		
	-27.0	-28.1	-32.5	-40.7		
	-14.0	-12.9	-19.8	-19.8		
Government outlays for consumption and investment	1.2 3.44 .4					
		Contributio (percenta)	•			
Inventory investment	.3	4	-1.6	-2.0		
Net exports	.4	1	.9	1.2		

Greenbook. With this path of output, capacity utilization in manufacturing is expected to move down to 68½ percent this quarter—more than 10 percentage points below its recent cyclical high in mid-2007.

Labor market conditions also deteriorated at an increasing pace in the fourth quarter. Private payroll employment fell more than 500,000 in December, and payroll counts for October and November were revised down substantially, evidence of an employment situation that is weaker than we had anticipated. Since then, new claims for unemployment insurance have remained at a very high level, and the level of continuing claims has continued to rise. We are now looking for private employment to fall another 500,000 in the January survey and to decline 375,000 per month, on average, in February and March. Accordingly, we expect the unemployment rate to climb from 7.2 percent in December to 7.5 percent in January and to almost 8 percent by March.

Consumer outlays have fallen sharply further, on net, in recent months. The deteriorating labor market, drops in equity and housing wealth, and tight credit availability have outweighed the boost to household purchasing power associated with the substantial declines in energy prices. We estimate that real PCE declined at an annual rate close to 4 percent in the fourth quarter, similar to both the pace of decline in the third quarter and the drop we projected in the December Greenbook. We project that real PCE will decline at a slower rate of 134 percent in the first quarter. Sales of light motor vehicles plunged

Projections of Real GDP
(Percent change at annual rate from end of preceding period except as noted)

Measure	2008: H2	2009: H1	2009	2010
Real GDP	-2.7	-3.5	8	2.6
Previous Greenbook	-2.6	-3.1	9	2.4
Final sales	-2.9	-2.7	-1.3	2.6
Previous Greenbook	-3.1	-2.4	-1.4	2.4
Personal consumption				
expenditures	-3.9	6	.6	2.9
Previous Greenbook	-4.0	2	.7	2.7
Residential investment	-22.3	-31.6	-12.8	10.0
Previous Greenbook	-21.6	-22.2	-10.4	8.9
Business fixed investment	-7.4	-19.5	-16.7	3.0
Previous Greenbook	-7.5	-19.7	-16.9	4.8
Government purchases	4.6	1.6	2.4	2.5
Previous Greenbook	3.4	.8	1.2	1.2
Exports	-9.2	-3.9	-2.1	2.4
Previous Greenbook	4	-2.7	-1.3	2.6
Imports	-9.6	-6.9	8	5.4
Previous Greenbook	-4.2	-5.6	-1.0	4.9
		Contributio	n to growt	:h
			ge points)	
Inventory change	.2	7	.6	.0
Previous Greenbook	.5	7	.4	.0
Net exports	.5	.6	1	5
Previous Greenbook	.7	.5	0	4
	I			

should promote greater spending in the quarters ahead. And, as in previous Greenbooks, consumption is supported over time by a gradual improvement in credit availability and consumer confidence as the economy starts to revive and by a waning of the adverse effects of declines in household wealth. In all, we project that real PCE will show a slight increase of about ½ percent for 2009 as a whole and will rise 3 percent in 2010.

The pattern of the personal saving rate is importantly influenced by the tax cuts, as the gradual spending response to the increase in disposable income implies a near-term jump

Decomposition of Structural Labor Productivity Nonfarm Business Sector

(Percent change, Q4 to Q4, except as noted)

Measure	1974- 95	1996- 2000	2001- 06	2007	2008	2009	2010
Structural labor productivity Previous Greenbook	1.5 1.5	2.5 2.5	2.6 2.6	2.1 2.1	1.9 1.9	1.7 1.7	1.7 1.7
Contributions ¹ Capital deepening Previous Greenbook	.7	1.4	.7	.6	.4	0	.1
	.7	1.4	.7	.6	.4	0	.1
Multifactor productivity	.5	.7	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.5
Previous Greenbook	.5	.7	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.5
Labor composition	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.1
MEMO Potential GDP Previous Greenbook	3.0	3.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2
	3.0	3.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2

Note: Components may not sum to totals because of rounding. For multiyear periods, the percent change is the annual average from Q4 of the year preceding the first year shown to Q4 of the last year shown.

The Outlook for the Labor Market (Percent change, Q4 to Q4, except as noted)

Measure	2007	2008	2009	2010
Output per hour, nonfarm business	2.7	2.4	1.1	2.0
Previous Greenbook	2.7	2.0		2.4
Nonfarm private payroll employment	.9	-1.9	-2.2	1.0
Previous Greenbook	.9	-1.8	-1.9	.4
Household survey employment	.4	-1.5	-1.1	1.1
Previous Greenbook	.4	-1.3	9	.6
Labor force participation rate ¹ Previous Greenbook	66.0	65.9	65.5	65.3
	66.0	65.9	65.5	65.3
Civilian unemployment rate ¹	4.8	6.9	8.4	8.1
Previous Greenbook	4.8	6.7	8.1	8.2
MEMO GDP gap ² Previous Greenbook	3 3	-3.2 -3.1	-6.0 -6.0	-5.5 -5.8

^{1.} Percent, average for the fourth quarter.

^{1.} Percentage points.

^{2.} Actual less potential GDP in the fourth quarter of the year indicated as a percent of potential GDP. A negative number thus indicates that the economy is operating below potential.

move back up, about in line with our projection in the December Greenbook.⁵ The other key determinants of inflation are little revised. We still expect slack in resource utilization, subdued import prices, and reduced costs of energy and other materials to hold down inflation—and inflation expectations—in the period ahead. In all, we project

Inflation Projections (Percent change, Q4 to Q4, except as noted)

`	• /	•		
Measure	2007	2008	2009	2010
PCE chain-weighted price index	3.5	1.7	.6	1.1
Previous Greenbook	3.5	1.9	.7	1.0
Food and beverages Previous Greenbook	4.5	6.2	2.0	1.2
	4.5	6.3	2.0	1.0
Energy	19.1	-9.8	-8.8	5.2
Previous Greenbook	19.1	-9.8	-8.1	4.8
Excluding food and energy	2.2	1.9	1.0	.8
Previous Greenbook	2.2	2.0	1.1	.8
Consumer price index	4.0	1.5	.4	1.3
Previous Greenbook	4.0	1.7	.7	1.3
Excluding food and energy	2.3	2.0	1.3	1.0
Previous Greenbook	2.3	2.1	1.3	1.0
GDP chain-weighted price index	2.6	2.3	1.5	.9
Previous Greenbook	2.6	2.6	1.5	.8
ECI for compensation of private industry workers ¹ Previous Greenbook	3.0	2.5	1.9	1.5
	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.6
Compensation per hour, nonfarm business sector Previous Greenbook	3.6 3.6	3.4 3.2	2.1 2.4	1.5 1.6
Prices of core goods imports ² Previous Greenbook	3.4	3.4	-3.2	1.3
	3.4	3.9	-2.7	1.3

^{1.} December to December.

^{2.} Core goods imports exclude computers, semiconductors, oil, and natural gas.

⁵ We boosted our projection for core PCE inflation in the second quarter to reflect the likely imposition of a substantial increase in the federal excise tax on cigarettes, which is part of expected legislation to increase funding for the State Children's Health Insurance Program.

The Long-Term Outlook

(Percent change, Q4 to Q4, except as noted)

Measure	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Real GDP	-0.5	-0.8	2.6	4.9	5.3	5.0
Civilian unemployment rate ¹	6.9	8.4	8.1	6.7	5.5	4.4
PCE prices, total	1.7	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.8
Core PCE prices	1.9	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7
Federal funds rate ¹	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.3

- 1. Percent, average for the final quarter of the period.
- Beyond 2010, foreign real GDP expands 4½ percent per year on average while the dollar depreciates 2½ percent per year in real terms; nominal WTI crude oil prices rise gradually from recent levels to about \$65 per barrel by the end of 2013, consistent with futures prices. Under these assumptions, movements in prices of energy and imports have only minor implications for domestic inflation.
- The NAIRU remains flat at 4¾ percent, and potential GDP expands a little more than 2½ percent per year, on average, over the 2011-13 period.

The unemployment rate enters 2011 considerably above the staff's estimate of the NAIRU. Moreover, inflation is well below the assumed long-run target. Under the assumptions used to construct the baseline extension, the federal funds rate does not begin to rise above the effective lower bound until 2013. The lingering effects of financial upheaval continue to fade, and the recovery in residential construction gains momentum; coupled with stimulative monetary policy, these factors propel real GDP to increases of about 5 percent per year, on average, over the 2011-13 period. With actual output increasing faster than its potential by a wide margin, the unemployment rate declines steadily over this period and falls below the NAIRU in 2013. Nevertheless, reflecting the considerable margin of slack on average over this period, inflation moves down further after 2010.

Financial Flows and Conditions

We expect that the growth of domestic nonfinancial debt will slow from an annual rate of $6\frac{1}{2}$ percent in the fourth quarter of last year to a rate of $4\frac{1}{2}$ percent in the current quarter, as federal borrowing to address financial market strains slows somewhat from its extraordinary fourth-quarter rate. Excluding the federal sector, we forecast that the level of debt will be essentially unchanged in the first quarter, as it was last quarter. In 2009

Alternative Scenarios
(Percent change, annual rate, from end of preceding period except as noted)

Measure and scenario	2008	20	009	2010	2011	2012-
Measure and scenario	H2	H1	H2	2010	2011	13
Real GDP				•	•	•
Greenbook extension	-2.7	-3.5	2.0	2.6	4.9	5.1
More financial stress	-2.7	-4.5	-0.3	0.6	4.2	5.2
More cautious spending	-2.7	-6.1	0.2	1.7	4.4	4.7
Faster recovery	-2.7	-3.4	5.6	6.1	5.5	2.5
Large-scale asset purchases	-2.7	-3.3	2.6	3.3	5.8	5.3
Deflation	-2.7	-3.5	2.0	2.5	4.6	4.6
Anchored inflation expectations	-2.7	-3.5	2.0	2.7	5.1	5.2
Unemployment rate ¹						
Greenbook extension	6.9	8.2	8.4	8.1	6.7	4.4
More financial stress	6.9	8.3	8.9	9.3	8.2	5.6
More cautious spending	6.9	8.5	9.1	9.2	7.9	5.7
Faster recovery	6.9	8.2	8.0	6.4	4.5	4.0
Large-scale asset purchases	6.9	8.2	8.3	7.7	6.0	3.6
Deflation	6.9	8.2	8.4	8.1	6.8	4.8
Anchored inflation expectations	6.9	8.2	8.4	8.1	6.6	4.3
Core PCE inflation						
Greenbook extension	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7
More financial stress	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.3	-0.2	-0.2
More cautious spending	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.0	-0.3
Faster recovery	1.5	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.7
Large-scale asset purchases	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0
Deflation	1.5	0.8	0.4	0.1	-0.3	-0.6
Anchored inflation expectations	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.5
Federal funds rate ¹						
Greenbook extension	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.3
More financial stress	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
More cautious spending	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Faster recovery	1.1	0.1	0.1	1.4	4.3	5.0
Large-scale asset purchases	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	4.9
Deflation	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Anchored inflation expectations	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	3.8

^{1.} Percent, average for the final quarter of the period.

The additional financial market stress causes household and business spending to weaken more appreciably than in the staff projection. Real GDP contracts $2\frac{1}{2}$ percent in 2009 ($1\frac{1}{2}$ percentage points more than in the baseline) and increases only $\frac{1}{2}$ percent in 2010. The unemployment rate peaks at $9\frac{1}{4}$ percent next year, and inflation declines to

Selected Greenbook Projections and 70 Percent Confidence Intervals Derived from Historical Greenbook Forecast Errors and FRB/US Simulations

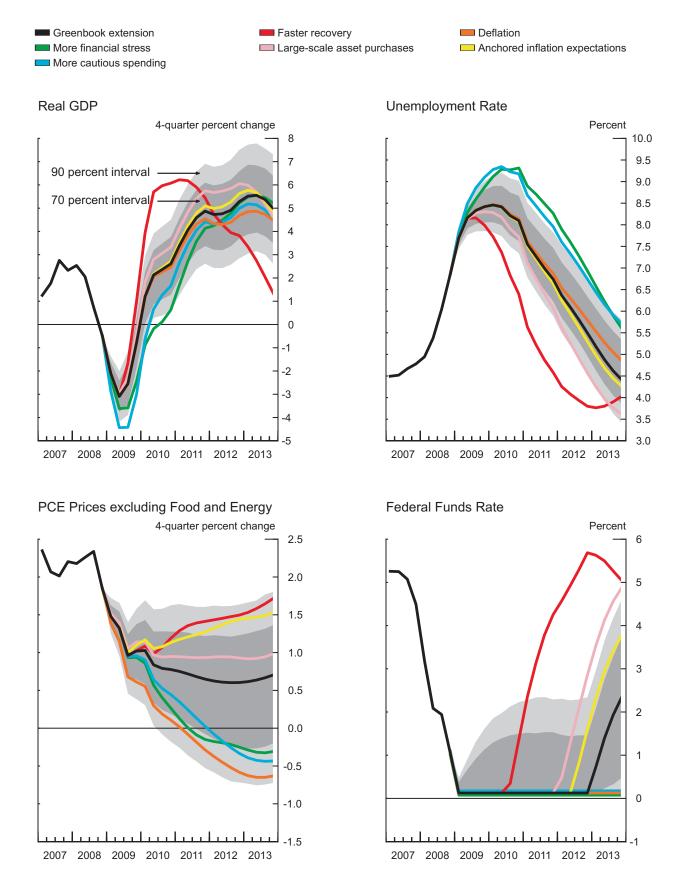
Measure	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Real GDP						
(percent change, Q4 to Q4)						
Projection	-0.5	-0.8	2.6	4.9	5.3	5.0
Confidence interval		0.0	2.0	,	0.0	2.0
Greenbook forecast errors	63	-2.27	1.2-4.0			
FRB/US stochastic simulations	63	-1.92	1.3–3.8	3.4-6.1	3.7–6.6	3.5-6.4
Civilian unemployment rate						
(percent, Q4)						
Projection	6.9	8.4	8.1	6.7	5.5	4.4
Confidence interval						
Greenbook forecast errors	6.8-6.9	8.0-8.9	7.2-8.9			
FRB/US stochastic simulations	6.8–6.9	8.1–8.8	7.6–8.7	6.2-7.5	5.0-6.3	3.9–5.3
PCE prices, total						
(percent change, Q4 to Q4)						
Projection	1.7	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.8
Confidence interval						
Greenbook forecast errors	1.6-1.9	2-1.4	.1-2.0			
FRB/US stochastic simulations	1.7–1.8	.0–1.2	.3–1.7	1–1.6	3–1.5	3–1.6
PCE prices excluding						
food and energy						
(percent change, Q4 to Q4)						
Projection	1.9	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7
Confidence interval						
Greenbook forecast errors	1.7–2.0	.5–1.5	1–1.6			
FRB/US stochastic simulations	1.8–1.9	.6–1.4	.2–1.3	1–1.2	3–1.2	2–1.4
Federal funds rate						
(percent, Q4)						
Projection	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.3
Confidence interval						
FRB/US stochastic simulations	1.1–1.1	.1–1.1	.1–1.5	.1–1.5	.1–1.5	.5–3.7

Notes: Intervals derived from Greenbook forecast errors are based on projections made from 1987-2007. Shocks underlying FRB/US stochastic simulations are randomly drawn from the 1987-2007 set of model equation residuals.

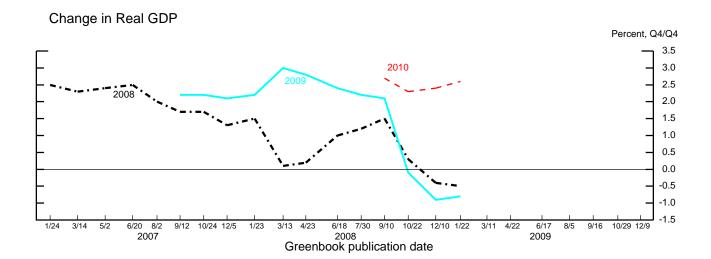
^{...} Not applicable. The Greenbook forecast horizon has typically extended about two years.

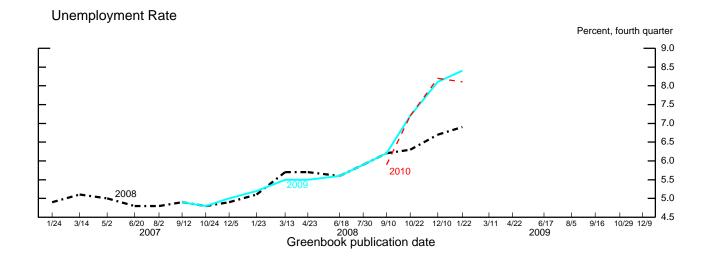
Forecast Confidence Intervals and Alternative Scenarios

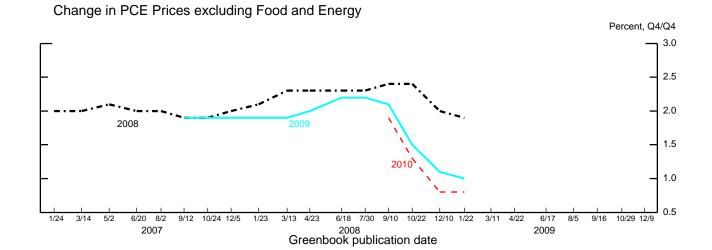
Confidence Intervals Based on FRB/US Stochastic Simulations



Evolution of the Staff Forecast







Changes in GDP, Prices, and Unemployment (Percent, annual rate except as noted)

	Nominal GDP	al GDP	Real GDP	GDP	PCE pri	PCE price index	Core PCE	Core PCE price index	Unemployment rate ¹	nent rate ¹
Interval	12/10/08	1/22/09	12/10/08	1/22/09	12/10/08	1/22/09	12/10/08	1/22/09	12/10/08	1/22/09
Quarterly 2008:Q1 Q2 Q3 Q3	£ 4.5. 2.4.6. 3.6.	8. 4. 8. 6. 2. 4. 8. 6.	6. 2 4 6. 8. 4. L. 4	6. 5 4 6. 8. 5 4	8.4.3.6 6.2.3.1.5.1.5.1.5.1.5.1.5.1.5.1.5.1.5.1.5.1	8.4.2.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6	2.2	2.2.2 2.4.2 6.	6.4 6.0 6.0	6.4 6.0 6.0
2009:Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	6.6. 6.4.4.2	4.3 3.2 2.5 2.5	-5.0 -1.2 1.0 1.6	-1.3 -1.3 -1.3 -1.3	1.2 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	-2- -2- -2- -2- -2- -2- -2- -2- -2- -2-	1.5 1.3 1.0 8.	1.6	7.5 7.8 8.0 8.1	7.7 7.8 8.3 7.8 8.3
2010:Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	7.88 7.88 7.7.	8.8.8.4 4.0.0	1.9 2.2 2.6 3.0	2.2.2 4.2.2 3.1.	1.1 1.0	1.1	∞ ∞ ∞ ∵	∞ ∞ ∞ ∠	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8.5 8.2 8.1 8.1
Two-quarter ² 2008:Q2 Q4 2009:Q2 Q4 2010:Q2 Q4	3.8 .6 .1.3 .2.5 .3.6	3.8 .0 .0 3.2 3.3 3.8	2.6 -2.6 -3.1 -3.1 -3.1 -2.1 -2.8	2.7 2.7 2.0 2.3 2.3	3.9 1 2 1.3 1.1 1.0	3.9 4 2 1.1 1.0	22.1 1.0 8:8:	22.1. 22.2.0.0.8.8.8.	6. 4. 1. 1. 1. 1. 2. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	6. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Four-quarter ³ 2007:Q4 2008:Q4 2009:Q4 2010:Q4	4.9 2.2 3.2 3.2	4.9 1.9 7.	2.3 2.2 2.5 4.2	23 2 2.6	3.5 1.9 7.	3.5 7.1 6.	2.2 2.0 1.1 .8	2.2 1.9 1.0 8.	4. 6. 1. 1. 1.	4. 2.1. 2.1. 2.1. 2.1. 2.1. 2.1. 2.1. 2.
Annual 2007 2008 2009 2010	4.8 3.6 .0 2.7	4. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.	2.0 -2.0 1.8	2.0 1.2 -2.1 2.1	2.6 3.3 .1	2.6 3.3 1.2	2.2 1.5 8.	2:2 1:2 9.	4.6 7.3 7.9 8.2	4.6 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3

^{1.} Level, except for two-quarter and four-quarter intervals.
2. Percent change from two quarters earlier; for unemployment rate, change is in percentage points.
3. Percent change from four quarters earlier; for unemployment rate, change is in percentage points.

Changes in Real Gross Domestic Product and Related Items (Percent, annual rate except as noted)

		20	2008			26	2009			2010	0				
Item	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	20081	20091	2010^{1}
Real GDP Previous Greenbook	6. 6.	2.8	5 4	-4.9 -4.7	-5.6 -5.0	-1.3	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.4 2.2	2.7	3.1	5 4	8	2.6
Final sales Previous Greenbook Priv. dom. final purch. Previous Greenbook	<i>७ ७ ६ हैं</i>	4.4 4.4 L'L'	-1.3 -1.1 -3.9	4.5 -4.9 -6.1	-3.6 -3.5 -5.9 -5.2	-1.8 -2.8 -2.2	1. 8. 6. 6.	ĠΞ μ. λ.	1.3	3.0 2.9 2.9 3.1	3.3 3.8 3.6	2.9 3.9 3.7	2 3 -2.5 -2.5	-1.3 -2.1 -2.0	2.2. 8. 8. 4. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.
Personal cons. expend. Previous Greenbook Durables Nondurables Services	e 4 4 4 4 4 4	1.2 1.2 2.8 3.9 7.	-3.8 -3.7 -14.8 -7.1	-3.9 -4.3 -23.6 -7.8	-1.7 -1.3 -4.9 -4.3	6. 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.1 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2 9.2	1.7 7.7 7.7 1.1 2.1	2.0 2.0 4.9 1.3	2.6 2.3 5.6 1.7 2.5	22.8 2.7.3 2.7.3	3.1 2.9 6.6 3.1 2.7	3.2 3.0 3.1 3.1 3.2	-1.4 -1.5 -11.8 -3.0 -1.2	6. V. 4. 8. 8.	2.9 2.7 5.6 2.6 2.7
Residential investment Previous Greenbook	-25.1 -25.1	-13.3 -13.3	-16.0 -15.7	-28.1	-40.7 -32.5	-21.0 -10.4	8.6	13.8	10.5	7.3	11.3	9.1	-20.9	-12.8 -10.4	10.0
Business fixed invest. Previous Greenbook Equipment & software Previous Greenbook Nonres. structures Previous Greenbook	2.2 8.8 4.4.6.6.8.0	2.5 2.5 -5.0 -5.0 18.5 18.5	-1.7 6 -7.5 -5.7 -9.7	-12.9 -14.0 -20.3 -18.2 1.5	-19.8 -19.8 -19.0 -18.1 -21.0	-19.3 -19.6 -13.2 -14.1 -28.7	-15.9 -15.7 -9.8 -10.1 -25.6	-11.6 -12.3 -5.3 -7.0 -22.0	-4.1 9 .0 5.3 -11.5	2.7 4.6 9.6 12.4 -9.5 -10.0	6.4 7.3 13.4 14.7 -6.6	7.5 8.4 13.7 15.1 -4.9 -5.3	-2.6 -2.7 -8.7 -7.6 -9.4	-16.7 -16.9 -12.0 -12.4 -24.4	3.0 4.8 9.0 11.8 -8.2 -8.6
Net exports ² $Previous\ Greenbook^2$ Exports Imports	-462 -462 5.1 8	-381 -381 12.3 -7.3	-353 -352 3.0 -3.5	-359 -343 -19.9 -15.4	-322 -316 -5.1 -11.7	-324 -311 -2.7 -1.9	-342 -324 -1.0 3.3	-375 -344 .7 8.2	-406 -372 1.4 8.3	-406 -372 2.1 1.5	-414 -380 2.8 4.0	-438 -397 3.4 7.9	-389 -385 7 -6.9	-341 -324 -2.1 8	-416 -380 2.4 5.4
Govt. cons. & invest. Previous Greenbook Federal Defense Nondefense State & local	1.9 1.9 7.3 2.9 2.9	3.9 6.6 7.3 7.3 2.5	5.8 5.8 13.8 18.0 5.1	3.4 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.7 4.	4. 4 0. 0. 0.	2.8 2.1 2.9 3.3 1.8	8.1.2.2.2.4 4.2.2.2.4 2.0.2.4	3.1. 3.2. 3.3. 3.3. 3.2. 3.3. 3.3.	3.1 3.5 1.2 8.7 8.7	2.7 1.6 1.8 6.3 2.6 2.6	2.2 .6 .7 .1.9 3.2	2.1 .6 .7 .1.9 -1.9 3.0	3.8 3.2 8.7 11.4 3.0	41. 22.22 42. 22.22 22. 22. 22	2.5 1.2 1.9 1.6 2.7 2.9
Change in bus. inventories ² Previous Greenbook ² Nonfarm ² Farm ²	-10 -10 -18 6	-51 -55 -25	-30 -33 -33 2	43 -29 1	-101 -73 -100	-86 -73 -85	-33 -19 -34	21 22 20 1	47 42 46 1	31 23 30 1	15 16 1	22 28 21 1	-33 -31 -38 3	-50 -36 -50	29 27 28 1

1. Change from fourth quarter of previous year to fourth quarter of year indicated. 2. Billions of chained (2000) dollars.

Changes in Real Gross Domestic Product and Related Items (Change from fourth quarter of previous year to fourth quarter of year indicated, unless otherwise noted)

Item	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Real GDP Previous Greenbook	1.9	3.7	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.3	¿	8	2.6 2.4
Final sales Previous Greenbook Priv. dom. final purch. Previous Greenbook	8. 8. T. T.	8.8.7.7.8.4.1.1.4.1.1.4.1.1.4.1.1.4.1.1.4.1.1.4.1.1.4.1.1.4.1.	2.2. 4.4. 8.8. E.E.	2.7 2.7 3.1 3.1	22 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2.5 2.5 4.1 4.1	2: - 2- 2: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5: 5:	-1.3 -1.4 -2.1	99 88 94 99
Personal cons. expend. Previous Greenbook Durables Nondurables Services	1.9 1.2 2.1 1.9	ωω ∞ ω Ω 4.4. ω ο Ω	6.6. 7.6. 7.6. 7.6. 7.6. 7.6. 7.6. 7.6.	2.6 2.6 3.6 2.4 2.4	3.2 3.2 3.2 5.6 6.9	22.2 4.1.2 2.2.2 1.1.2	-1.4 -1.5 -11.8 -3.0	6. 7. 7 8.	25.5 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6
Residential investment Previous Greenbook	7.0	11.7	6.7	5.4 4.3	-15.5 -15.5	-19.0 -19.0	-20.9 -20.5	-12.8 -10.4	10.0
Business fixed invest. Previous Greenbook Equipment & software Previous Greenbook Nonres. structures Previous Greenbook	-6.5 -6.5 -3.4 -14.9 -14.9	4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2.3 2.3 2.3 3.3 3.3 5.3	6.4 4 9.9 7.0 7.0 5 5 5	6.5 6.5 4.2 4.2 12.8 12.8	6.4 6.4 6.4 7.5 8.2 14.5 14.5	-2.6 -2.7 -8.7 -7.6 -7.6	-16.7 -16.9 -12.0 -24.4 -24.4	3.0 4.8 9.0 11.8 -8.2 -8.6
Net exports 1 $Previous\ Greenbook^1$ Exports Imports	-471 -471 3.8 9.7	-519 -519 5.8 4.8	-594 -594 7.4 11.5	-617 -617 7.0 4.8	-616 -616 10.1 3.8	-547 -547 8.9 1.1	-389 -385 7 -6.9	-341 -324 -2.1 8	-416 -380 2.4 5.4
Govt. cons. & invest. Previous Greenbook Federal Defense Nondefense State & local	4.0 4.0 7.8 6.8 7.1 7.1	7:11 7:12 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15 7:15	4222. 7. 4. 4. 6. 6. 4	6. 0.1. 8. 4.1. 6. E.	2.1 2.1 2.9 4.1 5.1 6.1 6.1 7.1	9999999 44 854	3.8 3.2 8.7 8.7 1.0 1.0	21	22.1 1.9 2.7 2.7 2.9
Change in bus. inventories ¹ Previous Greenbook ¹ Nonfarm ¹ Farm ¹	12 12 15 -2	14 14 10 0	54 54 48 6	39 39 39 0	42 42 46 -3	2-2-4-1	-33 -31 -38	-50 -36 -50	29 27 28 1

1. Billions of chained (2000) dollars.

Contributions to Changes in Real Gross Domestic Product (Percentage points, annual rate except as noted)

	20101	2.6	2.2.2.2.4.4.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.6.	2.0 1.9 4. 5.1 1.2	w 4	<i>ω</i> 4 <i>κ</i> ι Γ΄ ω΄ ω΄	~	<i>i i i i i i i i i i</i>	0.0.0.0.
	20091	8	-1.3 -1.4 -1.7	4 ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	4 č.	-1.8 -1.8 8 8 -1.0	1 0. 1	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	<i>6</i> . 4. 6.0.
	20081	5 4	2 3 -2.1 -2.2	-1.0 -1.1 9 6	∞. ∞.		1.1 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	7. 9. 9. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	
	Q4	3.1	2.9 3.2 3.0	2.3 2.1 3.6 1.4	w 4	6. <i>C</i> . 8. 8. 1. 1. 1.	8 6 7.1-	<i>i</i> . i.	44 40
2010	Q 3	2.7	3.3 2.9 3.0 3.0	2.2 2.0 4. 6. 1.2	ω ω	66 1 8 2 7	6. 4. 6.	<i>c</i> : -: -: 0: 4:	6 6 0 0
20	Q2	2.4	3.0 2.9 2.5 2.5	9.1 9.1 4.5 0.1	44	4 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	0.0. 4.4.	8 to 5 - 5 d to	6 6 0 0
	Q1	2.2	1.3 1.2 1.7 1.8	8.1 6.1 7. 8.1 1.1	ώ <i>i</i>	4.1.0 c. 6.4.4.	-1.0 9 .1.2	∠4	<i>6.1. 6. 0.</i>
	Q4	2.1	<i>5</i> i - i - 6 . 4 .	<u>1 1 1 4 4 6 6 7 8 6 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9</u>	ui ui	1.1. 2.1. 4 4 8 8	1.1	∠4	1.9 1.9 0.
96	03	1.8	1. 8 5	1.0 1.0 2.5 3.5 5.	5 <u>. </u>	-1.6 -1.6 6 7 -1.0	6. 4	r. e. c. 1 : o. e.	1.9 1.9 1.9 0.
2009	Q2	-1.3	-1.8 -1.2 -2.4 -1.8	4. 9. 9. 1. 0. 0.	6 3	-2.1 -2.2 9 -1.0 -1.3	<u></u> : : ::	64 44 64 6 ¢	60. 4.0.
	Q1	-5.6	-3.5 -3.4 -4.9 -4.3	-1.1 9 3 8	-1.5	-2.3 -2.3 -1.4 -1.3 9	1.2 .9 6 1.9		-2.0 -1.6 -2.0
	Q4	4.9	-5.5 -5.2 -5.2 -5.6	-2.7 -3.0 -1.8 -1.7	-1.1	21 5.1 5.1 5.1 5 5	1 -2.9 2.8	ν.ε. ν.ν. ο. <u>1</u> .	4. c. 4. o.
80	03	5 4	-1.4 -1.1 -3.5	-2.8 -2.7 -1.2 -1.6	9	5	1.1 1.7 4.	1.1. 1.0 6. 1. 5.	% r. % o
2008	Q2	2.8	£.4 6. 6.	000.	٠. خ: م:	<i>κ</i> ί κ΄ 4΄ 4΄ 6΄ δ΄	2.9 2.9 1.5	$\infty \infty \approx \alpha 4 - \alpha$	2.1- 2.1- 4.1- 1
	Q1	6. 6.	0 0 6 6	.6 .6 3 1	-1.1	<i>ww</i> 00 <i>ww</i>	8 8 9 1	444610	0.0.44
	Item	Real GDP Previous Greenbook	Final sales Previous Greenbook Priv. dom. final purch. Previous Greenbook	Personal cons. expend. Previous Greenbook Durables Nondurables Services	Residential investment Previous Greenbook	Business fixed invest. Previous Greenbook Equipment & software Previous Greenbook Nonres. structures Previous Greenbook	Net exports Previous Greenbook Exports Imports	Govt. cons. & invest. Previous Greenbook Federal Defense Nondefense State & local	Change in bus. inventories Previous Greenbook Nonfarm Farm

1. Change from fourth quarter of previous year to fourth quarter of year indicated.

Changes in Prices and Costs (Percent, annual rate except as noted)

		2008	×			2009	00			000	2010				
Item	Q1	02	63	Q4	Q1	62	63	40	Q1	62	63	94	20081	20091	2010^{1}
GDP chain-wt. price index Previous Greenbook	2.6	11.11	3.9	1.7	1.3	2.3	4.1.	1.1	1.0	1.0	0;∞	8: L:	2.3	2.1 5.1	oʻ &i
PCE chain-wt. price index Previous Greenbook Energy Previous Greenbook	3.6 3.6 19.0 19.0	4.72 4.72 4.72	5.0 5.2 31.7 31.6	-5.6 -5.1 -66.8	-2.3 -1.8 -45.4 -48.3	1.9 2.2 8.8 19.2	1.5 1.5 9.5 8.7	1.2 1.2 6.4 6.2	1.2 1.1 6.9 6.3	1.1 1.1 5.7 5.2	1.0 1.0 4.5	1.0 .9 3.8 3.6	1.7 1.9 -9.8 -9.8	.6. 7. 8.8. -8.1	1.1 1.0 5.2 4.8
Food Previous Greenbook Ex. food & energy Previous Greenbook	4.9 4.9 2.3 2.3	6.4 4.6 5.2 5.2	8.8 8.5 2.4 2.6	5.0 5.3 6	2.4 2.4 8. 3. 5.1	1.8 1.8 1.6 1.3	2.0 2.0 1.0 1.0	7.1 7.1 8. 8.	1.3 8.8 8.	2.1 2. 8. 8.	2. 2. 6. 8. 8.	1.1 9.	6.2 6.3 1.9 2.0	2.0 2.0 1.0	2.1.0 8: 8:
CPI Previous Greenbook Ex. food & energy Previous Greenbook	4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5.0 5.0 1.9 1.9	6.7 6.7 3.2 3.2	2.9- 2.8- 4.	-3.7 -3.2 .9 .1.6	2.1 2.6 1.7 1.5	1.9 1.3 1.3	1.6 1.4 1.1 1.0	1.5 1.0 1.0	4.1 1.3 1.0	1.3 1.2 1.0	1.1	1.5 1.7 2.0 2.1	4. r. c. 1 6. 1 7. c. 1	1.3 1.3 1.0 1.0
ECI, hourly compensation ² $Previous\ Greenbook^2$	3.0	2.3	2.6	2:2	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.5	1.9	1.5
Nonfarm business sector Output per hour Previous Greenbook Compensation per hour Previous Greenbook Unit labor costs Previous Greenbook	2.6 2.6 3.8 3.8 1.2 1.2	3.6 3.6 9.9 2.6 2.6	1.5 4.1 1.4 2.6 2.6 3.6	7.1 7.4 7.2 8.8 8.8	£.2. 2.2. 2.2. 4.8. 8.	6. 2. 4.2. 4.2. 4.2. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	3.4 2.6 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.4 2.1	3.7 2.8 1.8 2.1 -1.8	2.6 2.7 1.6 1.8 9	1.8 2.5 1.6 1.6 8	1.7 2.1 1.5 1.5 2	2.0 2.2 1.4 1.4 6	2.2 2.0 3.2 2.2 1.0 1.0	1.1 8	2.0 2.4 2.4 1.5 1.6 2.5 2.8
Core goods imports chain-wt price index ³ Previous Greenbook ³	8.5	10.6	4.6	-9.0 -7.0	-9.4 -8.5	-3.0	-1.0	.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	3.4	-3.2	1.3
					,										

Change from fourth quarter of previous year to fourth quarter of year indicated.
 Private-industry workers.
 Core goods imports exclude computers, semiconductors, oil, and natural gas.

(Change from fourth quarter of previous year to fourth quarter of year indicated, unless otherwise noted) **Changes in Prices and Costs**

2.0 2.4 1.5 1.6 -.8 2010 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.0 8.8 8.8 1.3 1.0 1.0 1.5 1.3 -8.8 2009 2.0 4. 2. 2. 2. 1.9 2.1 2.4 1.0 1.6 -3.2 22.4 23.4 33.2 1.0 1.0 2008 9.8 6.2 1.5 1.7 2.0 2.1 2007 2.6 4.5 2.2 4.0 3.0 2.7 2.7 3.6 3.6 19.1 19.1 4.5 3.4 1.9 1.9 2.7 2.7 2006 2.3 3.2 4.4. 4.4. 3.5 3.8 2.9 3.6 2.2 2005 2.1 2.1 2.2 23.1 2.1 18.3 18.3 2.9 2.9 3.8 3.9 3.9 2.1 2.1 3.6 2004 3.2 2.2 3.4 3.4 2.1 2.1 1.9 1.9 7.6 7.6 2.6 1.4 1.4 2.0 2.0 1.2 1.2 4.0 5.3 1.6 2003 2.2 4.7 α 2002 1.8 1.8 7.7 7.7 7.7 1.3 1.3 1.6 1.6 2.9 2.9 3.2 3.2 2.3 2.3 2.1 2.1 Core goods imports chain-wt. price index² $Previous\ Greenbook^2$ Energy Previous Greenbook Previous Greenbook Ex. food & energy Previous Greenbook Ex. food & energy Previous Greenbook Previous Greenbook Previous Greenbook Previous Greenbook Previous Greenbook¹ ECI, hourly compensation¹ GDP chain-wt price index Previous Greenbook Previous Greenbook Compensation per hour Previous Greenbook PCE chain-wt price index Nonfarm business sector Output per hour Unit labor costs Food Item

^{1.} Private-industry workers.
2. Core goods imports exclude computers, semiconductors, oil and natural gas.

Other Macroeconomic Indicators

		2008	8			2	2009			2010	10				
Item	01	Q 2	03	9	01	Q2	03	Q4	Q1	Q2	03	9	20081	20091	20101
Employment and production Nonfarm payroll employment ² Unemployment rate ³ Previous Greenbook ³ GDP gap ⁴ Previous Greenbook ⁴	1 6.4 7 7	5.3 5.36	6.0 6.0 6.0 -1.3	-1.3 6.9 6.7 -3.2 -3.1	1.7.7 7.7.7 7.5.1 8.4.8	8.2 7.8 7.8 -5.9	8.3 8.0 -6.0 -5.9	8.4 8.1 8.1 -6.0	8.3 8.3 8.3 -5.9	6.2 8.3 8.3 9.5 9.5	8.2 8.2 -5.8 -6.0	4. 8.1 8.2 8.5. 8.6.	-2.0 6.9 6.7 -3.2 -3.1	-2.3 8.4 8.1 -6.0 -6.0	1.4 8.2 8.2 -5.5 8.2
Industrial production ⁵ **Previous Greenbook ⁵ **Manufacturing industr. prod. ⁵ **Previous Greenbook ⁵ **Capacity utilization rate - mfg. ³ **Previous Greenbook ³	.4 -1.0 -1.0 78.7 78.7	3.4. 4.1. 4.1. 4.1. 5.77. 5.77.	-8.9 -7.6 -8.8 -7.5 75.5	-11.5 -9.1 -16.2 -13.2 72.8	-13.8 -6.5 -17.3 -8.5 68.6 71.2	-2.3 -1.0 -2.0 .0 68.3 71.2	1.4 3.2 3.2 1.0 68.8 71.3	2.6 1.4 3.7 1.2 69.4 71.6	3.5 1.6 3.5 1.1 70.1 71.8	2.9 2.1 3.0 2.0 70.7 72.3	3.3. 3.3. 4.5. 71.6 73.0	8.8 8.3 8.2 7.27 7.37	-6.0 -5.0 -7.7 -6.6 71.9 72.8	-3.2 -1.5 -3.5 -1.7 69.4 71.6	3.8 3.8 2.5 7.2.4 73.7
Housing starts ⁶ Light motor vehicle sales ⁶	1.1	1.0	.9 12.9	.7	.5	.6 11.0	.7 11.4	8.	.8	.8 12.6	.9 13.1	9.13.4	.9 13.1	.6	.9 12.8
Income and saving Nominal GDP ⁵ Real disposable pers. income ⁵ Previous Greenbook ⁵ Personal saving rate ³ Previous Greenbook ³	& & 44	4.1 10.7 10.7 2.5 2.5	3.4 -8.8 -9.2 1.1	£. 4. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.	4 4 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1.0 1.9 9. 8.8 8.8	£	3.2 1.0 1.1 5.2 5.3	8. 4. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	3.4 1.9 1.5 5.0 5.0	3.6 2.5 2.0 4.9 4.9	0.4 2.3 7.4 7.8 8.4	1.9 1.3 1.3 3.3 4.6	7. 2.2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	3.6 2.3 1.9 7.4 8.4
Corporate profits ⁷ Profit share of GNP^3	4.3	-14.3 10.6	-4.7 10.4	-26.0 9.8	-30.5 9.1	-18.7	14.3 8.8	8.9	13.0	11.2 9.3	7.9	7.3	-12.8 9.8	-7.9 8.9	9.8
Net federal saving ⁸ Net state & local saving ⁸	-331 -52	-650	-548 -104	-571	-904 -15	-1,022	-1,042	-1,060	-987 -50	-973 -55	-994 -52	-996 -52	-525 -81	-1,007	-988 -52
Gross national saving rate ³ Net national saving rate ³	12.4	-1.3	11.4	12.3	12.2	11.1	10.9	10.7	10.6	10.7	10.6	10.5	12.3	10.7	10.5

Change from fourth quarter of previous year to fourth quarter of year indicated, unless otherwise indicated.
 Change, millions.
 Percent, annual values are for the fourth quarter of the year indicated.
 Percent difference between actual and potential GDP; a negative number indicates that the economy is operating below potential.
 Percent change, annual rate.
 Evel, millions, annual values are annual averages.
 Evel, millions, annual rate, with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.
 Beillions of dollars, annual values are annual averages.

Other Macroeconomic Indicators (Change from fourth quarter of previous year to fourth quarter of year indicated, unless otherwise noted)

Item	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Employment and production Nonfarm payroll employment ¹ Unemployment rate ² Previous Greenbook ² GDP gap ³ Previous Greenbook ³	5.8 5.8 5.2 -2.5	5.8 5.8 5.8 7.1-	2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	2, 4, 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6,	2.1. 4.4.4. 1.1.	1 4 4 4	-2.0 6.9 6.7 -3.2 -3.1	-2.3 8.4 8.1 -6.0	1.4 8.1 8.2 -5.5 -5.8
Industrial production ⁴ **Previous Greenbook ⁴ **Manufacturing industr. prod. ⁴ **Previous Greenbook ⁴ Capacity utilization rate - mfg. ² **Previous Greenbook ²	2.6 2.6 73.2 73.2 73.2	1.5 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.8 7.4.8	3.1 3.1 3.7 3.7 3.7 5.77	2.6 2.6 3.7 79.2 79.2	1.7 1.1 1.1 79.0 79.0	23.1 23.3 29.3 79.3 79.3	-6.0 -5.0 -7.7 -6.6 71.9	-3.2 -1.5 -3.5 -1.7 69.4 71.6	3.8 3.8 4.27 7.25
Housing starts ⁵ Light motor vehicle sales ⁵	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.4	.9 13.1	.6	.9 12.8
Income and saving Nominal GDP ⁴ Real disposable pers. income ⁴ Previous Greenbook ⁴ Personal saving rate ² Previous Greenbook ²	3.6 2.9 2.9 1.8	3.3.7 3.3.7 2.2.2 2.2.2	6.5 4.1 4.1 2.5 5.5	6. 6. 6. 6. 8. 8.	8.8 8.8 8.9 9.9	2. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.	1.9 1.2 1.3 3.3 3.4 3.4	7. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	3.6 2.3 1.9 4.7 4.8
Corporate profits ⁶ Profit share of GNP ²	20.6	12.6 9.5	20.3	18.8 12.0	6.9	-2.0	-12.8 9.8	-7.9 8.9	9.8
Net federal saving ⁷ Net state & local saving ⁷	-248 -34	-372	-371	-292 29	-201 46	-229	-525 -81	-1007	-988 -52
Gross national saving rate ² Net national saving rate ²	13.6	13.7	13.8	15.0	15.5 3.4	13.4	12.3	10.7	10.5

Change, millions.
 Percent, values are for the fourth quarter of the year indicated.
 Percent difference between actual and potential GDP; a negative number indicates that the economy is operating below potential.
 Values are for the fourth quarter of the year indicated.

^{4.} Percent change.5. Level, millions, values are annual averages.6. Percent change, with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.7. Billions of dollars, values are annual averages.

Staff Projections of Federal Sector Accounts and Related Items

January 22, 2009

(Billions of dollars except as noted)

2009 2010 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4	Not seasonally adjusted 524 545 742 594 586 683 545 524 545 742 594 586 81 1070 910 903 859 848 828 894 73 -365 -378 -314 -106 -234 -309 7 -315 -291 -260 -312 -191 -229 -366 85 85 -3 58 85 -5 58	7 353 207 368 303 131 249 298 5 30 170 15 15 -20 -10 15 7 4 -12 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 7 220 50 35 20 40 50 35	2 2558 2563 2588 2616 2642 2 2358 2409 2428 2563 2588 2616 2642 7 3381 3451 3488 3550 3610 3638 9 993 1003 1016 1032 1045 1050 1056 1 688 694 701 708 713 719 725 2 306 309 315 325 332 331 331 4 2388 2448 2473 2518 2517 2560 2583 1 -1022 -1042 -1060 -987 -973 -994 -996 1 148 149 151 151 152 154 155 3 -1046 -1066 -1084 -1010 -995 -1017 -1017	12 -798 -779 -694 -679 -702
Not se 488 (1041 10 -553 -: -567 -: -564		487 116 -50	- Seasonally 2402 273307 3307 3307 300 680 680 680 680 680 690 690 690 690 690 690 690 690 690 69	-734 -734 -734 -734 -734 -734 -734 -734
547 1033 -485	-538 -538 53	561 5 -81 367	2563 3134 970 675 295 2164 -571 148	-465 -0.3 -0.2
	590 759 -169 -169 -171	526 -318 -39 372	2592 3140 954 660 295 2186 -548 144	-507 -1.0 0.7 0.7
	788 761 27 27 27 91	-48 -7 29 53	2479 3128 918 629 289 2210 -650 138	-643 2.2 0.5 0.5
γ.	540 746 -206 -206 -237 31	200 11 -5	2673 3003 898 614 284 2105 -331 129	-325 0.6 0.1 0.1
2010	2405 3438 -1033 -842 -1179	1051 0 -18	2549 3552 1036 710 325 2517 -1004 152	-713 -0.0 1.0 0.7
7007	2263 4054 -1791 -1675 -1937	1608 322 -138 50	2433 3318 987 684 303 2331 -885 148	-694 1.6 1.0 0.6
2008^{a}	2524 2978 -455 -455 -638	768 -296 -17 372	2606 3047 910 624 286 2136 -441 134	429 1.3 0.8 0.8
2007 ^a	2568 2729 -162 -162 -343 181	206 -23 -22 75	2624 2832 842 842 569 273 1990 -209 123	-225 -0.3 0.2 0.2
Item	Unified budget Receipts ¹ Outlays ¹ Surplus/deficit ¹ Previous On-budget	Means of financing Borrowing Cash decrease Other ² Cash operating balance, end of period	NIPA federal sector Receipts Expenditures Consumption expenditures Defense Nondefense Nondefense Other spending Current account surplus Gross investment Gross saving less gross investment ³	Fiscal indicators ⁴ High-employment (HEB) surplus/deficit Change in HEB, percent of potential GDP Fiscal impetus (FI), percent of GDP

^{1.} Budget receipts, outlays, and surplus/deficit include corresponding social security (OASDI) categories. The OASDI surplus and the Postal Service surplus are excluded from the on-budget

surplus and shown separately as off-budget, as classified under current law.

2. Other means of financing are checks paid, accrued items, and changes in other financial assets and liabilities.

3. Gross saving is the current account surplus plus consumption of fixed capital of the general government as well as government enterprises.

4. HEB is gross investment (NIPA) of the federal government in current dollars, with cyclically sensitive receipts and outlays adjusted to the staff's measure of potential output and the NAIRU. Quarterly figures for change in HEB and FI are not at annual rates. The sign on Change in HEB, as a percent of nominal potential GDP, is reversed. FI is the weighted difference of discretionary changes in federal spending and taxes in chained (2000) dollars, scaled by real GDP. The annual FI estimates are on a calendar year basis. Also, for FI and the change in HEB, positive values indicate aggregate demand stimulus. a--Actual

Class II FOMC Restricted (FR)	OMC (FR)	Ch	Change in Debt of the Domestic Nonfinancial Sectors (Percent)	he Domestic Nor (Percent)	nfinancial Sect	ors	January	January 22, 2009
			Households					
Period ¹	Total	Total	Home	Consumer	Business	State and local governments	Federal	Memo: Nominal GDP
			0)	0	
Year								
2003	8.1	11.6	14.2	5.2	2.5	8.3	10.9	5.9
2004	8.9	11.1	13.6	5.5	6.2	7.4	0.6	6.5
2005	9.5	11.0	13.2	4.3	8.7	10.2	7.0	6.3
2006	9.0	10.2	11.2	4.5	10.5	8.1	3.9	5.3
2007	8.6	8.9	8.9	5.5	13.1	9.3	4.9	4.9
2008	5.7	1.	T	1.6	5.0	2.1	24.2	1.9
2009	5.0	-1.1	-1.4	-1.3	2.7	5.2	22.2	7.
2010	4.7	1.4	9:	3.5	3.2	4.6	12.6	3.6
Quarter								
2008:1	5.3	3.2	2.6	4.7	7.1	3.4	8.1	3.5
2	3.1	9:	1	3.9	5.5	6.	5.9	4.1
33	7.7	r.7	-2.5	1.2	4.1	3.0	39.2	3.4
4	6.4	-2.7	-2.9	-3.4	2.8	1.0	37.0	-3.3
2009:1	4.6	-2.7	-2.8	-4.0	2.2	4.9	24.5	-4.3
2	6.4	-1.3	-1.5	-1.8	2.7	5.3	28.4	1.0
3	3.4	¿	8	2	2.9	5.0	11.1	3.2
4	5.3	1.	3	6.	2.9	5.0	18.6	3.2
2010:1	3.9	9:	-:1	2.0	3.2	4.7	10.6	3.2
2	4.6	1.0	5.	3.2	3.2	4.7	12.9	3.4
33	4.6	1.6	7.	4.1	3.0	4.4	11.7	3.6
4	5.2	2.4	1.6	4.6	3.1	4.4	13.0	4.0

Note. Quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

1. Data after 2008:Q3 are staff projections. Changes are measured from end of the preceding period to end of period indicated except for annual nominal GDP growth, which is calculated from Q4 to Q4.

^{2.6.3} FOF

Flow of Funds Projections: Highlights

January 22, 2009

(Billions of dollars at seasonally adjusted annual rates except as noted)

		Ļ				· · · · · · · ·			,					
				'	20	2008		20	2009			20	2010	
Category	2007	2008	2009	2010	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	94
Domestic nonfinancial sectors Net funds raised Total Net equity issuance Net debt issuance	1692.4 -831.2 2523.6	1405.8 -417.3 1823.2	1495.5 -185.0 1680.5	1500.1 -140.0 1640.1	2052.4 -447.7 2500.1	1667.6 -450.0 2117.6	1323.2 -220.0 1543.2	1956.2 -200.0 2156.2	1022.7 -160.0 1182.7	1679.9 -160.0 1839.9	1236.3 -140.0 1376.3	1507.9 -140.0 1647.9	1499.2 -140.0 1639.2	1757.2 -140.0 1897.2
Borrowing indicators Debt (percent of GDP) ¹ Borrowing (percent of GDP)	220.6	228.4 12.8	241.4	245.1 11.2	226.9 17.3	232.8	238.7 10.9	241.3 15.2	242.4	243.1 12.8	243.9 9.5	244.5 11.3	245.1 11.1	245.7 12.7
Households Net borrowing ² Home mortgages Consumer credit Debt/DPI (percent) ³	876.4 674.6 133.6 131.5	12.6 -75.9 40.1 129.8	-150.2 -142.9 -33.1 126.1	187.6 61.4 89.8 122.7	-92.1 -260.3 30.5 130.3	-370.1 -307.1 -90.0 130.1	-372.3 -292.9 -104.4	-181.1 -160.6 -45.5 125.8	-64.1 -85.0 -5.0 125.1	16.6 -33.1 22.7 124.4	76.2 -9.4 50.6 123.4	136.4 18.9 81.6 122.7	213.3 70.9 105.5 122.0	324.5 165.4 121.7 121.6
Business Financing gap ⁴ Net equity issuance Credit market borrowing	185.6 -831.2 1224.2	180.4 -417.3 525.2	6.4 -185.0 300.8	68.4 -140.0 362.3	129.2 -447.7 446.9	105.2 -450.0 309.9	-2.5 -220.0 245.5	12.6 -200.0 301.6	1.6 -160.0 331.6	14.1 -160.0 324.5	107.1 -140.0 363.5	70.1 -140.0 372.0	42.3 -140.0 351.5	54.3 -140.0 362.3
State and local governments Net borrowing Current surplus ⁵	185.9	46.1 157.9	115.4	109.1 167.2	66.8	22.6 108.3	110.6 197.1	119.6 171.0	115.6 165.0	115.6 161.7	111.6	111.6	106.6 168.1	106.6 169.5
Federal government Net borrowing Net borrowing (n.s.a.) Unified deficit (n.s.a.)	237.1 237.1 187.9	1239.2 1239.2 833.2	1414.5 1414.5 1684.2	981.1 981.1 963.1	2078.5 526.5 168.9	2155.2 560.9 485.2	1559.4 486.9 553.4	1916.1 353.0 387.3	799.6 206.8 365.2	1383.1 367.9 378.4	825.0 303.3 313.8	1027.8 130.9 106.4	967.8 248.8 234.3	1103.8 298.0 308.5
Depository institutions Funds supplied	851.7	220.9	238.3	427.7	537.3	-621.9	-78.3	133.8	461.4	436.3	382.5	560.8	457.6	309.8
N														

Note. Data after 2008:O3 are staff projections.

1. Average debt levels in the period (computed as the average of period-end debt positions) divided by nominal GDP.

2. Includes change in liabilities not shown in home mortgages and consumer credit.

3. Average debt levels in the period (computed as the average of period-end debt positions) divided by disposable personal income.

4. For corporations, excess of capital expenditures over U.S. internal funds.

5. NIPA state and local government saving plus consumption of fixed capital and net capital transfers.

n.s.a. Not seasonally adjusted.

^{2.6.4} FOF

International Developments

With indicators of foreign activity continuing to come in weaker than expected, we now estimate that foreign real gross domestic product (GDP) contracted 3¾ percent at an annual rate in the fourth quarter. The near-term outlook also has deteriorated since the December Greenbook, and we project that foreign GDP will decline a further 1¾ percent at an annual rate in the first half of this year. Thereafter activity should begin to recover, in line with projected improvement in credit market conditions, the rebound in U.S. GDP growth, and further monetary and fiscal stimulus abroad. However, even with the projected foreign recovery, we expect net exports to subtract from U.S. GDP growth for most of the forecast period, as U.S. import growth responds to the projected recovery in the U.S. economy.

The slowing pace of global activity has continued to put downward pressure on consumer prices and prices for globally traded commodities. We now estimate that foreign consumer prices declined about 1 percent at an annual rate in the fourth quarter. We forecast that headline foreign consumer price inflation will turn positive again this year -- to rates that are slightly lower than our previous forecast.

Summary of Staff Projections
(Percent change from end of previous period except as noted, annual rate)

	20	008		I	Projection	1	
Indicator	H1	02	2008:		2009		2010
	пі	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	H2	2010
Foreign output	1.8	.7	-3.7	-2.7	7	1.5	2.8
Previous Greenbook	1.8	.7	-1.6	-1.2	.1	1.5	2.8
Foreign consumer prices	5.1	4.5	-1.1	8	1.3	1.7	2.0
Previous Greenbook	5.1	4.4	1	.4	1.4	1.8	2.0
		Contrib	oution to g	rowth (p	ercentage	e points)	
U.S. net exports	1.8	1.1	1	1.2	1	8	5
Previous Greenbook	1.8	1.1	.4	.9	.1	5	4

Note: Change for year measured as Q4/Q4; half-years are Q2/Q4 or Q4/Q2.

Our key conditioning assumptions for the dollar and for international commodity prices have not changed appreciablly. The starting point for our projected path for the broad

goods were little changed. We project that core import prices will decline at a 9½ percent pace in the current quarter, mainly reflecting the lagged effects of declines in commodity prices and the appreciation of the dollar in late 2008. Core import prices are projected to fall at a more modest pace in the second quarter before bottoming out and rising gradually in 2010.

Staff Projections of Selected Trade Prices (Percent change from end of previous period, annual rate, excepted as noted)

	20	008			Projection	1	
Trade category	H1	Q3	2008:		2009		2010
		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	H2	2010
Imports		•					
Core goods	9.5	4.6	-9.0	-9.4	-3.0	1	1.3
Previous Greenbook	9.5	4.6	-7.0	-8.5	-2.4	.1	1.3
Oil (dollars per barrel)	108.65	117.49	68.52	45.55	44.56	48.60	54.82
Previous Greenbook	108.65	117.53	68.09	43.81	47.92	52.64	61.12
Exports							
Core goods	13.0	6.6	-19.0	-12.9	-2.9	.5	1.1
Previous Greenbook	13.0	6.7	-13.5	-8.6	-2.1	.6	.9

Note: Prices for core exports exclude computers and semiconductors. Prices for core imports exclude computers, semiconductors, oil, and natural gas. Both prices are on a National Income and Product Account chain-weighted basis.

The price of imported oil for multi-quarter periods is the price for the final quarter of the period. Imported oil includes both crude oil and refined products.

Core export prices registered their largest one-quarter decline in over 40 years, falling an estimated 19 percent at an annual rate in the fourth quarter, on account of the sharp declines in commodity prices. We project that core export prices will move down 13 percent in the current quarter but only 3 percent in the second quarter of 2009, given slowing declines in some commodity prices. Thereafter, core export price inflation is projected to average under 1 percent. Compared with the previous Greenbook, data for November and December have led us to decrease our estimate for core export price inflation in the fourth quarter by about 5½ percentage points. We have also marked down our forecast of core export price inflation in the current quarter by about 4½ percentage points, with lower projected prices for petroleum products, intermediate goods, and other commodities.

Trade in Goods and Services

Based on weak incoming data for October and November, we now estimate that real exports of goods and services plunged nearly 20 percent (annual rate) in the fourth quarter, about 16 percentage points worse than projected in the December Greenbook. For the first half of 2009, we expect exports to decline at an average pace of about 4 percent, reflecting the dismal pace of foreign activity. We currently expect real exports to bottom out in the second half of 2009 and then expand at a $2\frac{1}{2}$ percent pace in 2010, as the recovery in foreign GDP growth more than offsets some drag from the recent appreciation of the dollar. Relative to the previous Greenbook, our export growth projection for the current quarter is about 3 percentage points weaker.

Staff Projections for Trade in Goods and Services (Percent change from end of previous period, annual rate)

	200	08			Projecti	ion	
Measure	H1	Q3	2008:		2009		2010
		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	H2	2010
Real imports Previous Greenbook	-4.1 -4.1	-3.5 -3.2	-15.4 -5.2	-11.7 -7.4	-1.9 -3.7	5.8 3.7	5.4 4.9
Real exports Previous Greenbook	8.6 8.6	3.0 3.4	-19.9 -4.1	-5.1 -2.2	-2.7 -3.2	1 .1	2.4 2.6

Note: Changes for years are measured as Q4/Q4; half-years are measured as Q2/Q4 or Q4/Q2.

We estimate that real imports of goods and services decreased at an annual rate of 15½ percent in the fourth quarter. Our estimate is about 10 percentage points lower than our projection in the December Greenbook, mostly as a result of surprisingly weak imports in November. We expect imports to decrease at an average annual rate of about 7 percent in the first half of this year, mainly reflecting weak U.S. demand, before shifting to positive growth thereafter alongside the projected recovery of the U.S. economy. We revised down our projection for import growth in the first half of 2009 slightly, in part because of lower projected imports of automotive products, reflecting cutbacks in motor vehicle production schedules. For the rest of the forecast period, our projection is a little stronger, mostly reflecting the higher projected path for U.S. growth.

Alternative Simulations

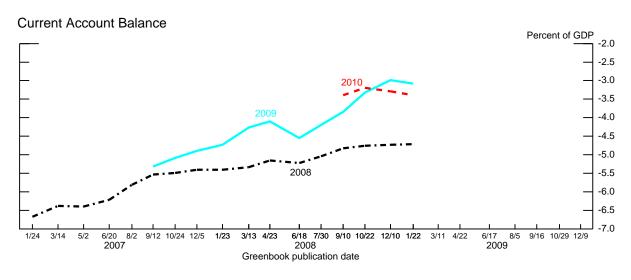
Our baseline forecast for major U.S. trading partners already incorporates the effects of fiscal stimulus measures that we believe are likely to be implemented over the forecast

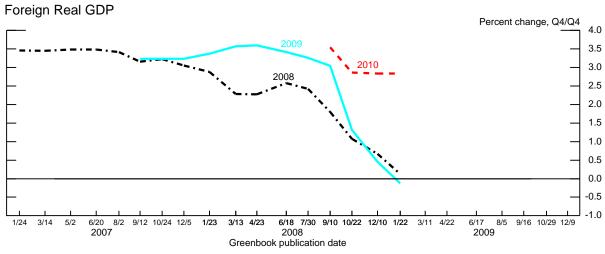
Alternative Scenarios: More Expansionary Fiscal and Monetary Policies Abroad (Percent change from previous period, annual rate, except as noted)

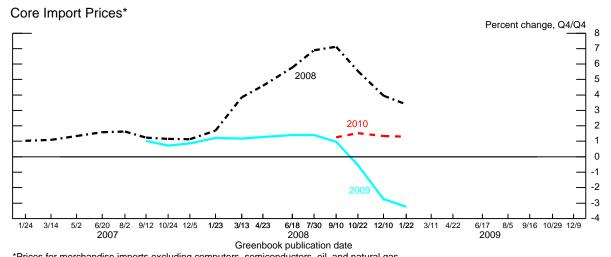
Indicator and simulation	20	09	20	10	2011	2012-
indicator and simulation	H1	H2	H1	H2	2011	13
U.S. real GDP						
Baseline	-3.5	2.0	2.3	2.9	4.9	5.1
Larger Fiscal Stimulus Abroad	-3.4	2.2	2.7	3.5	5.7	5.3
Larger Monetary Stimulus Abroad	-3.5	2.0	2.3	2.9	4.9	5.0
U.S. PCE prices excluding food and energy						
Baseline	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
Larger Fiscal Stimulus Abroad	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1
Larger Monetary Stimulus Abroad	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.7
U.S federal funds rate (percent)						
Baseline	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2
Larger Fiscal Stimulus Abroad	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	3.1
Larger Monetary Stimulus Abroad	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.1
U.S. trade balance (percent share of GDP)						
Baseline	-2.5	-2.7	-3.2	-3.4	-3.7	-4.2
Larger Fiscal Stimulus Abroad	-2.6	-3.0	-3.4	-3.5	-3.4	-3.4
Larger Monetary Stimulus Abroad	-2.5	-2.7	-3.3	-3.4	-3.6	-4.5

Note: H1 is Q2/Q4; H2 is Q4/Q2. U.S. real Gross Domestic Product and U.S. Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE) prices are the average rates over the period. The federal funds rate and the trade balance are the values for the final quarter of the period.

Evolution of the Staff Forecast







^{*}Prices for merchandise imports excluding computers, semiconductors, oil, and natural gas.

Class II FOMC Restricted (FR)

OUTLOOK FOR FOREIGN REAL GDP AND CONSUMER PRICES: SELECTED COUNTRIES (Percent changes)

	 	2(800				Proje 009	ojected .		101	10	
Measure and country	01	02	Ŋ3	Q4	01	02	Ŋ3	Q4	01	<u>0</u> 2	03	Q4
REAL GDP (1)		; 	 	Qua	rterly	change	s at an	n annual	rate -			
Total Foreign	2.3	1.3	0.7	-3.7	-2.7	-0.7	1.2	1.8	2.3	2.7	3.1	3.3
Advanced Foreign Economies	1.0	-0.3	-0.1	-2.6	-3.3	-1.9	0.3	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.2
wnich: Canada Japan United Kingdom Euro Area (2) Germany	0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	0.6 -3.7 -0.0 -1.7	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	4.2001.	4	111112	00-1 0 	10100 14700	100011 00011	01111 01488	01322	21222 42711
Emerging Market Economies Asia Korea China Latin America Mexico	4.7.6.1.0.0 0.8.6.1.0.0	8880000 4048084	1000800 7.0.14104		101 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0147010	40υωραι 40υωραι	44 W L 10 C	wwww.u.u. 4www.v.o	4048000 0710 0710	4549000 49000	4040WWW
CONSUMER PRICES (3)				· I	Fou	r-quar	ter ch	· U			· 1	
 Foreign	4.1	4.7	4.8	3.4	2.0	6.0	0.2	1.0	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0
Advanced Foreign Economies	2.2	2.7	3.4	2.2	1.0	0.2	-0.5	0.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3
. Which: Canada Japan United Kingdom (4) Euro Area (2) Germany	HHZWW 8044H	21 к к к к к к к к к к к к к к к к к к к	W Q 4 W W 4 G 8 8 W	718077	10- 10-1- 0-1-6-1-9	0 - 1 0 - 1 - 1 0 - 1 - 1 0 - 2 - 1 0 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 0 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -	1 - 1 - 0 - 0 - 1 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	01010	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	100 81 100 100 100	11201 12053	10211 51 74
Emerging Market Economies Asia Korea China Latin America Mexico Brazil	n ο ω α 4 ω 4 ο π α ο π ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο ο	0747747 7188707	00000000	4 W 4 U O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	01400 0.000 0.000	1001- 1001- 1004- 14.04.00	1011444 00114444 0011262	1.00100004 5.00100004 5.00100004	0111804 6	2211824 	0010804 0070880	2212824 7474882

^{1.} Foreign GDP aggregates calculated using shares of U.S. exports.
2. Harmonized data for euro area from Eurostat.
3. Foreign CPI aggregates calculated using shares of U.S. non-oil imports.
4. CPI excluding mortgage interest payments, which is the targeted inflation rate.

Class II FOMC						January	22,	2009	
OUTLOOK FOR FOREIGN	REAL GDP (Pe)	AND ccent	CONSUMER , Q4 to (PRICES: Q4)	SELECTED		COUNTRIES		
							I	Projected	ا ا ا
Measure and country	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
REAL GDP (1)									
Total Foreign	3.0	2.9	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.2	0.1	-0.1	2.8
Advanced Foreign Economies	2.5	1.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6	-0.5	-1.0	1.9
Camada Japan United Kingdom Euro Area (2) Germany	82240 	10.010 74.020	01213	WWWW 000010	22884 21281	10008	100.13	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	8,0711 8,0711
Emerging Market Economies Asia Korea China Latin America Mexico Brazil	W0V81U4	4644 201111 201111 801111		0.001 0.004 0.004 0.004 0.004 0.004 0.004	1 004 004 004 004	4	0.1.00	121 - 1 0 - 1 1 - 1 0 - 1 1 - 1 0 - 1 0 - 1	4748728 1718728
CONSUMER PRICES (3)	2.5	2.1	28.	2.3	2.1	3.6	3.4	1.0	2.0
Advanced Foreign Economies	2.1	1.3	1.8	1.6	1.4	2.2	2.2	0.2	1.3
Canada Canada Japan United Kingdom (4) Euro Area (2) Germany	10103	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	00100 41	20.1.0 20.1.0 20.1.0	11773	00008 40101	10310	1.0 0.1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	10011 404
Emerging Market Economies Asia Korea China Latin America Mexico Brazil	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0		ωωωωυυν υ.τ	00048844 0000484	000044w 0011110	0000464 	4 W 4 U O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	1010 ww4 	0010804

Foreign GDP aggregates calculated using shares of U.S. exports. Harmonized data for euro area from Eurostat.
Foreign CPI aggregates calculated using shares of U.S. non-oil imports.
CPI excluding mortgage interest payments, which is the targeted inflation rate. H 2 K 4

Class II FOMC Restricted (FR)

OUTLOOK FOR U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS

	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	Projecte 2009	d 2010
NIPA REAL EXPORTS and IMPORTS	Percenta	age point	contributi	tion to GD	OP growth	, 04/04			
Net Goods & Services Exports of G&S Imports of G&S	-0.9 0.4 -1.3	-0.1 0.6 -0.7	-0.9 0.7 -1.7	-0.1 0.7 -0.8	0.4 1.1 0.0	0.8	10-1	-00.1 -0.3	0.3
		Per	centage ch	hange, Q4,	/Q4				
Exports of G&S Services Computers Semiconductors Core Goods 1/	10.2 10.1 10.1 10.1	38.7.3 8.3.3.0 4.3.3	7.8.7.8 	7	110. 111. 10. 10. 10.	00000 00000	- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10		22 10 4 10 8
Imports of G&S Services Oil Natural Gas Computers Semiconductors Core Goods 2/	88.37 119.58 101.25 101.00	44. 12.1. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0.	11 10.83 10.83 10.03 11.10 11.10	4.0-1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1	112.6 112.6 113.8 5.33	11001 1.0021 1.0088 1.008	1	0 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	0.0.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
		Billion	s of Chair	ned 2000 I	Dollars				
Net Goods & Services Exports of G&S Imports of G&S	-471.3 1013.3 1484.6	-518.9 1026.1 1545.0	-593.8 1126.1 1719.9	-616.6 1205.3 1821.9	-615.7 1314.8 1930.5	-546.5 1425.9 1972.4	-388.8 1518.4 1907.2	-340.5 1444.2 1784.8	-415.9 1460.7 1876.6
			Billions	of dollars	מ				
US CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCE Current Acct as Percent of GDP	-461.3 -4.4	-523.4 -4.8	-625.0 -5.3	-729.0 -5.9	-788.1 -6.0	-731.2 -5.3	-673.3 -4.7	-439.1 -3.1	-498.7 -3.4
Net Goods & Services (BOP)	-423.7	-496.9	-607.7	-711.6	-753.3	-700.3	-658.9	-372.6	-482.8
<pre>Investment Income, Net Direct, Net Portfolio, Net</pre>	33.0 102.4 -69.4	51.0 112.7 -61.7	73.4 150.9 -77.5	78.8 173.2 -94.4	63.8 184.1 -120.3	88.8 233.9 -145.1	113.4 251.9 -138.5	59.0 173.6 -114.6	107.7 190.8 -83.0
Other Income & Transfers,Net	-70.5	-77.5	9.06-	-96.2	9.86-	-119.7	-127.7	-125.5	-123.6

1. Merchandise exports excluding computers and semiconductors. 2. Merchandise imports excluding oil, natural gas, computers, and semiconductors.

January 22, 2009

OUTLOOK FOR U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS

	01	00	2005		010	000	2006		010	005	2007	- - - - - 040
K	I	N K			Z	δς δς						
IMPORTS		P P	Percentage	point co	contribut	ion to G	DP growt	ゼ				
000		00.8	-0.1 -0.1	$^{-1}.3$	0.1	99.0	-0.1 -0.4	1.3	10.1	1.7	000	0.00
		Percenta	ge	hange from	m previous	s perio	d, s.a.a	ч.				
10.2 15.2 7.2 3.2 3.2		20.8 27.9 111.7 13.8	0 % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	10.9 5.7 38.0 12.4	16.7 13.4 12.0 20.3 18.3	10.17 16.15 5.6		28.6 28.6 12.7 -15.0 11.8	15.99 15.99 1.39	13.3 23.7 6.6	23.0 25.9 20.54 20.54	4.2.0 4.0.0 4.0.0 7.0.0 8.00
		-20.0 -147.1 -147.1 -11.6 -17.7	0.11.0 1.11.1 1.11.1 1.11.1 1.0.1 0.3	15.3 6.3.3 15.3 10.0 120.0	110.7 17.7 17.7 20.7 20.7 13.7		-03.1 26.5 11.7 1.2	11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	7.48 K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	3 - 22.0 - 24.3 - 6.5 - 1.1	- 11 8 3 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		B1.	llions of	f Chaine	d 2000 D	ollars,	s.a.a.r.					
-623.7 1177.9 1801.7		-601.3 1203.1 1804.4	-603.6 1204.3 1807.9	-637.8 1235.7 1873.6	-636.0 1284.3 1920.2	-619.4 1301.4 1920.9	-623.0 1312.6 1935.7	-584.2 1361.1 1945.3	-618.6 1363.2 1981.8	-571.2 1392.2 1963.4	-511.8 1466.2 1978.0	-484.5 1482.1 1966.5
			Bil:	lions of	dollars	8.a.a.	H					
-696.2 -5.7		-711.3 -5.8	-675.6 -5.4	-832.9 -6.6	-783.8	-799.6 -6.1	-843.6 -6.4	-725.4 -5.4	-787.7 -5.8	-776.4 -5.7	-691.8 -5.0	-669.0 -4.8
-664.0		-682.9	-721.4	-778.0	-756.4	-767.4	-789.9	-699.5	-718.2	-715.3	-672.5	-695.1
88.6 170.2 -81.6		77.8 168.5 -90.7	88.7 187.8 -99.0	59.9 166.3 -106.5	65.2 177.2 -112.0	70.7 189.2 -118.5	51.7 171.9 -120.3	67.7 198.2 -130.5	57.8 201.1 -143.2	45.8 196.2 -150.4	98.9 -139.9	152.6 299.3 -146.7
Net-120.9		-106.2	-42.9	-114.8	-92.6	-103.0	-105.4	-93.6	-127.4	-106.9	-118.3	-126.4

1. Merchandise exports excluding computers and semiconductors. 2. Merchandise imports excluding oil, natural gas, computers, and semiconductors.

OUTLOOK FOR U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS

	ı 4 ı	I	80 4 4 C1		46700 Te	ust Page		L 6 0	I	വവ	7	Q T 2	œ
2010	Q 		-0 -1 		64.01 Ω	1337. 136. 156. 55.		-437. 1476. 1914.		-524. -3.	-517.	118. 199. -80.	-125.
	•		0.3		11932 110936 1009	111.6 121.6 124.0 154.0 15.0 15.0 15.0	.a.a.r. -341.7 -374.8 -406.3 -405.7 -413. 1439.3 1441.8 1447.0 1454.4 1464.	-413.9 1464.6 1878.5		-492.3 -3.3	-483.0	113.6 194.0 -80.4	-122.8
 	02		00.0		10.02 1.050 1.050 1.50	1.5 1.20 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50		-405.7 1454.4 1860.1		-485.3 -3.3	-467.8	105.4 188.3 -82.9	-122.8
	01		-1. 0.2 1.2	.r.	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	88 1297.73 1597.1 69.0		-406.3 1447.0 1853.3		-492.8 -3.4	-463.4	93.5 181.7 -88.2	-122.8
		נ	-1 -1 -1.2		0.1- 0.1- 7.7- 7.3- 8.1-	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		-374.8 1441.8 1816.7	dollars, s.a.a.r.	-452.3 -3.1	-416.3	86.9 176.4 -89.6	-122.8
4 000	 03	OP growth	-0.6 -0.1	l, s.a.a	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	1.1.7 5.1.7 0.00 9.00		-341.7 1439.3 1781.0		-425.9 -3.0	-371.3	68.2 172.0 -103.9	-122.8
	02	on to GD	-0.1 0.3	previous period	13.09	1	ollars, s	-323.6 1442.8 1766.5		-422.3 -3.0	-346.6	47.2 170.7 -123.5	-122.8
	 Q1	contributi	10.1		1.86.0.8.3	- 111.7 - 111.0 - 9.6 - 17.8 - 17.8	2000 Do	-322.0 1452.9 1774.9		-456.0 -3.2	-356.2	33.8 175.5 -141.6	-133.6
	04 1	point co	1.0.2 2.0.1	hange from	- 14.9 - 44.3 - 345.7 - 25.0	115.44 1222.3 12242.3 1288.7 1288.7 1288.7	Chained	f Chaine -358.9 1472.0 1830.9	-570.5 -4.0	-500.8	63.2 205.7 -142.5	-132.8	
2008	 03	ercentage	1.1 0.4	a)	8 2 2 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	lions o	-353.0 1556.1 1909.1	Bill	-696.4 -4.8	-706.1	130.5 261.2 -130.7	-120.8
	02	Per	0.8 0.6 0.1 1.5 9.9	Percentag	12.3 3.8 57.4 -6.8	- 7 - 7 - 3 8 . 0 - 3 8 . 1 - 2 3 8 . 1 - 2 . 4 + 4 . 2 . 4	Bil	-381.3 1544.7 1926.0		-723.8 -5.1	-720.3	119.8 259.5 -139.7	-123.2
	01 101				70044 14407	- 4 1 7 5 5 6 - 4 4 0 7 5 6 6 7 8 8 6 7 9 6 7 9 6 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		-462.0 1500.6 1962.6		-702.6 -5.0	-708.4	140.0 281.0 -141.0	Net-134.2
		NIPA REAL EXPORTS and IMPORTS	Net Goods & Services Exports of G&S Imports of G&S		Exports of G&S Services Computers Semiconductors Core Goods 1/	Imports of G&S Services Oil Natural Gas Computers Semiconductors Core Goods 2/		Net Goods & Services Exports of G&S Imports of G&S		US CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCE Current Account as % of GDP	Net Goods & Services (BOP)	<pre>Investment Income, Net Direct, Net Portfolio, Net</pre>	Other Inc. & Transfers, Net

1. Merchandise exports excluding computers and semiconductors. 2. Merchandise imports excluding oil, natural gas, computers, and semiconductors.

Part 2 January 22, 2009

CURRENT ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

Recent Developments

January 22, 2009

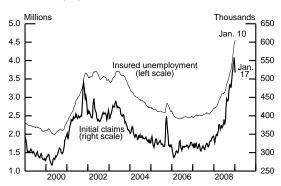
Recent Developments

Prepared for the Federal Open Market Committee by the staff of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

Domestic Nonfinancial Developments

Labor Market Indicators

Unemployment Insurance



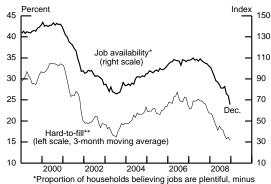
Note: 4-week moving averages. Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

Hiring Percent of employment 30 JOLTS hiring rate (left scale) 25 4.0 20 15 3.5 10 3.0 NFIB net hiring plans (right scale,3-month moving average) 5 2.5 -5 2.0

Note: NFIB is the percent planning an increase in employment minus the percent planning a reduction.

Source: National Federation of Independent Business (NFIB); Job Openings and Labor Turnover Suvey (JOLTS).

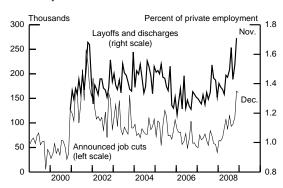
Job Availability and Hard-to-Fill Positions



the proportion believing jobs are hard to get, plus 100.

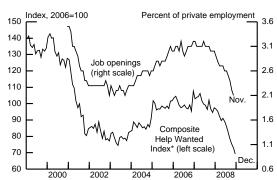
**Percent of small businesses surveyed with at least one
"hard-to-fill" job opening. Seasonally adjusted by FRB staff.
Source: For job availability, Conference Board; for hard-to-fill, National Federation of Independent Business.

Layoffs and Job Cuts



Note: Both series are seasonally adjusted by FRB staff. Source: For layoffs and discharges, Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey; for job cuts, Challenger, Gray, and Christmas, Inc.

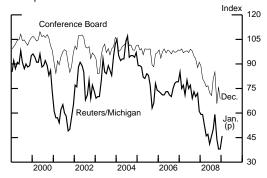
Job Openings



*Index of staff composite help wanted advertising as a percent of private payroll employment.

Source: For job openings, Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey; for Help Wanted Index, Conference Board and staff calculations.

Expected Labor Market Conditions

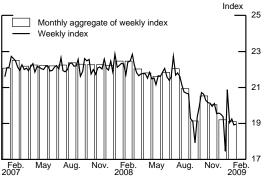


Note: The proportion of households expecting labor market conditions to improve, minus the proportion expecting conditions to worsen, plus 100.

p Preliminary.
Source: Conference Board; Reuters/University of Michigan Surveys of Consumers.

Indicators of Industrial Activity

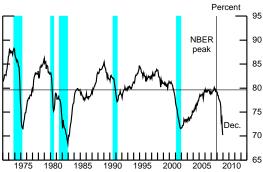
Weekly Production Index



Note: One index point equals 1 percent of 2002 total industrial

output.
Source: Federal Reserve, G.17 Statistical Release, "Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization."

Manufacturing Capacity Utilization



Note: Horizontal line is 1972-2007 average. Shaded bars indicate periods of business recession as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER). The NBER peak is the last business cycle peak as defined by the NBER.

Source: Federal Reserve, G.17 Statistical Release, "Industrial

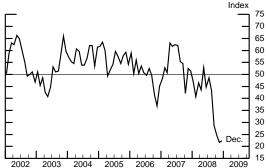
Production and Capacity Utilization.

ISM New Orders Diffusion Index



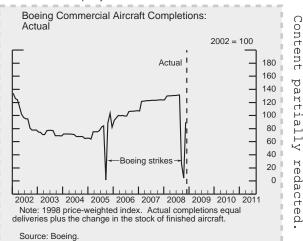
Note: The diffusion index equals the percentage of respondents reporting greater levels of new orders plus one-half the percentage of respondents reporting that new orders were unchanged. Source: Institute for Supply Management (ISM).

Manufacturing IP Diffusion Index

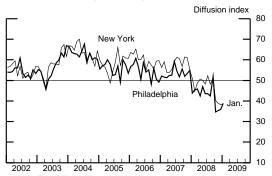


Note: The diffusion index equals the percentage of series that increased over 3 months plus one-half the percentage that were unchanged.

Source: Federal Reserve, G.17 Statistical Release, "Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization."



New Orders: FRB New York Survey and FRB Philadelphia Survey



Note: The diffusion index equals the percentage of respondents reporting greater levels of new orders plus one-half the percentage of respondents reporting that new orders were unchanged. Source: Federal Reserve.

Production of Domestic Light Vehicles

(Millions of units at an annual rate except as noted)

		2008		2009		20	08	
Item	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
U.S. production ¹ Autos	8.5 3.7	8.5 4.2	7.2 3.4	5.9 2.5	8.2 4.0	7.9 3.8	7.4 3.4	6.4 2.9
Light trucks	4.9	4.3	3.9	3.4	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.6
Days' supply ² Autos Light trucks	72 48 94	76 67 84	98 98 99	n.a. n.a. n.a.	77 68 85	96 87 105	100 103 98	98 96 99
Inventories ³ Autos Light trucks	2.41 0.78 1.63	2.40 0.96 1.44	2.47 1.14 1.33	n.a. n.a. n.a.	2.40 0.96 1.44	2.45 1.06 1.39	2.46 1.11 1.36	2.47 1.14 1.33
Memo: U.S. production, total motor vehicles ⁴	8.8	8.8	7.4	6.1	8.4	8.1	7.6	6.7

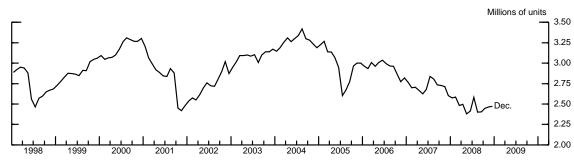
Note: FRB seasonals. Components may not sum to totals because of rounding.

- 1. Production rates for the first quarter of 2009 reflect the latest industry schedules.
- 2. Quarterly values are calculated with end-of-period stocks and average reported sales.
- 3. End-of-period stocks.
- 4. Includes medium and heavy trucks.

n.a. Not available.

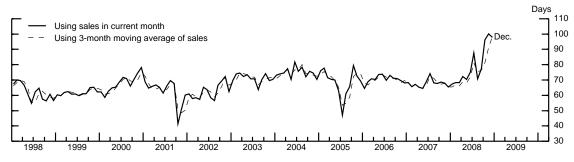
Source: Ward's Communications.

Inventories of Light Vehicles



Source: Ward's Communications. Adjusted using FRB seasonals.

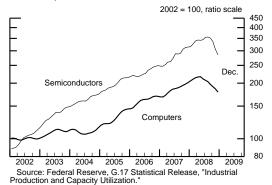
Days' Supply of Light Vehicles



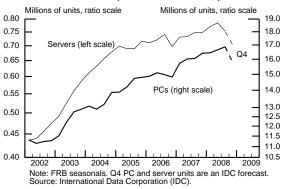
 $Source: Constructed \ from \ Ward's \ Communications \ data. \ Adjusted \ using \ FRB \ seasonals.$

Indicators of High-Tech Manufacturing Activity

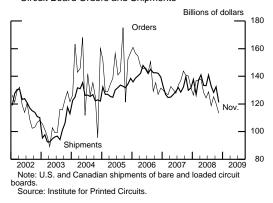
IP: Computers and Semiconductors



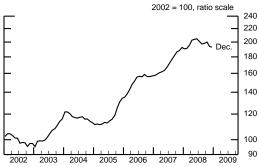
U.S. Personal Computer and Server Absorption



Circuit Board Orders and Shipments

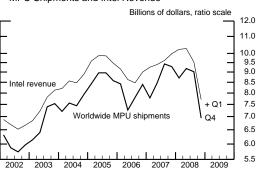


IP: Communications Equipment



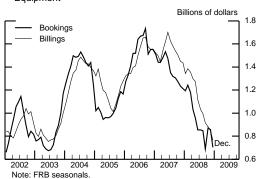
Source: Federal Reserve, G.17 Statistical Release, "Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization."

MPU Shipments and Intel Revenue



Note: FRB seasonals. MPU is a microprocessor unit. Q1 Intel revenue is the company's internal forecast as of January 15, 2009. MPU shipments include Semiconductor Industry Association (SIA) data through November and a staff estimate for December. Source: Intel; SIA.

Bookings and Billings for Semiconductor Equipment



Source: Semiconductor Equipment and Materials International.

Sales of Light Vehicles

(Millions of units at an annual rate; FRB seasonals)

		2008						
Category	2008	Q2	Q3	Q4	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	
Total	13.1	14.1	12.9	10.3	10.5	10.1	10.3	
Autos Light trucks	6.7 6.4	7.6 6.5	6.6 6.3	5.2 5.1	5.6 4.9	5.0 5.2	5.2 5.1	
North American ¹ Autos Light trucks	9.8 4.5 5.3	10.3 5.0 5.3	9.7 4.4 5.3	7.7 3.6 4.1	7.8 3.8 4.0	7.6 3.3 4.3	7.8 3.6 4.1	
Foreign-produced Autos Light trucks	3.3 2.2 1.1	3.8 2.7 1.1	3.2 2.2 1.0	2.6 1.7 .9	2.7 1.8 .9	2.6 1.7 .9	2.5 1.6 .9	
Memo: Detroit Three domestic market share (percent) ²	47.6	45.9	46.7	47.5	46.0	47.8	48.9	

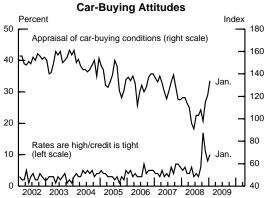
Note: Components may not sum to totals because of rounding.

1. Excludes some vehicles produced in Canada that are classified as imports by the industry.

2. Domestic market share excludes sales of foreign brands affiliated with the Detroit Three.

Source: Ward's Communications. Adjusted using FRB seasonals.

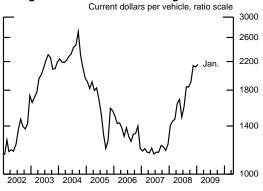








Average Value of Incentives on Light Vehicles



Note: Seasonally adjusted weighted average of customer cash rebate and the present value of interest rate reduction. January figure is based on data through January 18. Source: J.D. Power and Associates.

Fundamentals of Household Spending

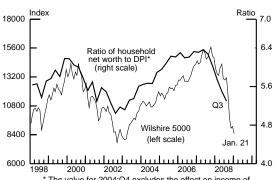
Change in Real Disposable Personal Income



exclude the effect on income of the one-time Microsoft dividend in December 2004.

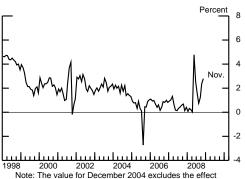
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Household Net Worth and Wilshire 5000



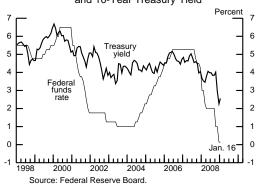
* The value for 2004:Q4 excludes the effect on income of the one-time Microsoft dividend in December 2004. Source: Federal Reserve Board; U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis; Wall Street Journal.

Personal Saving Rate



on income of the one-time Microsoft dividend in that month. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Target Federal Funds Rate and 10-Year Treasury Yield



Consumer Confidence



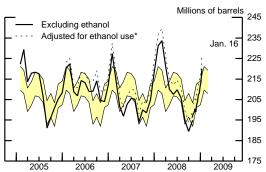
Energy and Food Price Indicators (Data from U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration except as noted)

Total Gasoline Margin

Cents per gallon Retail price less average spot crude price* 160 140 120 100 80 60

2005 2006 2007 2008 2009
* Regular grade seasonally adjusted by FRB staff, less average spot crude price: 60% West Texas intermediate, 40% Maya heavy crude. Includes gasoline taxes.

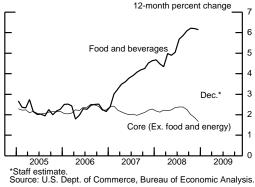
Gasoline Inventories



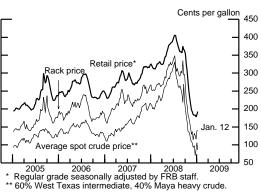
Note: Shaded region is average historical range as calculated by U.S. Dept. of Energy. Monthly data through October 2008, weekly data thereafter.

* Adjustment for approximate amount of fuel ethanol to be added to the gasoline blendstock (RBOB) component of inventories; estimated by FRB staff.

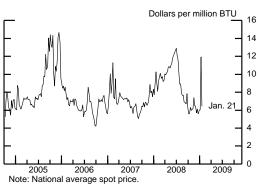
PCE: Food and Core Prices



Gasoline Price Decomposition

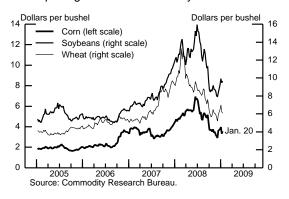


Natural Gas Prices



Source: Bloomberg.

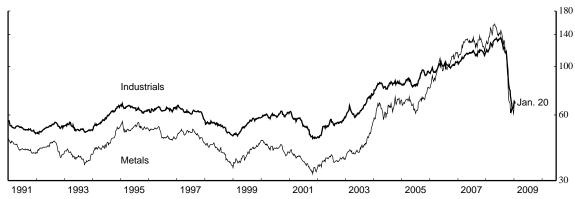
Spot Agricultural Commodity Prices



Commodity Price Indexes

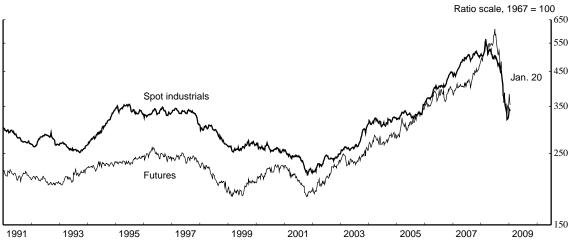
Journal of Commerce

Ratio scale, 2006 = 100



Note: The *Journal of Commerce* (JOC) industrial price index is based almost entirely on industrial commodities, with a small weight given to energy commodities. Copyright for JOC data is held by CIBCR, 1994.

Commodity Research Bureau



Note: The Commodity Research Bureau (CRB) spot industrials index consists entirely of industrial commodities, excluding energy. The CRB futures index gives about a 60 percent weight to food commodities and splits the remaining weight roughly equally among energy commodities, industrial commodities, and precious metals.

Selected Commodity Price Indexes

(Percent change)

Index	2007 1	12/18/07 to 12/9/08 ²	12/9/08 ² to 1/20/09	52-week change to 1/20/09
JOC industrials JOC metals CRB spot industrials CRB spot foodstuffs CRB futures	7.6	-42.1	4.8	-41.8
	2.1	-45.3	5.0	-46.8
	11.1	-36.0	6.3	-32.4
	25.5	-18.9	8.6	-14.0
	18.2	-28.6	6.0	-27.0

- 1. From the last week of the preceding year to the last week of the year indicated.
- 2. December 9, 2008, is the Tuesday preceding publication of the December Greenbook.

Broad Measures of Inflation

(Percent change, Q3 to Q3)

	, , ,			
Measure	2005	2006	2007	2008
Product prices GDP price index Less food and energy	3.4	3.2	2.5	2.6
	3.2	3.2	2.3	2.2
Nonfarm business chain price index	3.5	3.1	1.8	2.4
Expenditure prices Gross domestic purchases price index Less food and energy	3.9	3.3	2.4	4.1
	3.1	3.1	2.3	2.4
PCE price index	3.2	2.9	2.2	4.3
Less food and energy	2.1	2.5	2.0	2.3
PCE price index, market-based components	3.1	2.7	2.0	4.5
Less food and energy	1.7	2.1	1.6	2.1
CPI	3.8	3.3	2.4	5.3
Less food and energy	2.1	2.8	2.1	2.5
Chained CPI	3.4	3.1	2.0	4.6
Less food and energy	1.8	2.6	1.7	2.2
Median CPI	2.4	3.1	3.0	3.3
Trimmed mean CPI	2.5	2.8	2.5	3.5
Trimmed mean PCE	2.4	2.9	2.4	2.7

Source: For CPI, U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; for all else, U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Surveys of Inflation Expectations

(Percent)

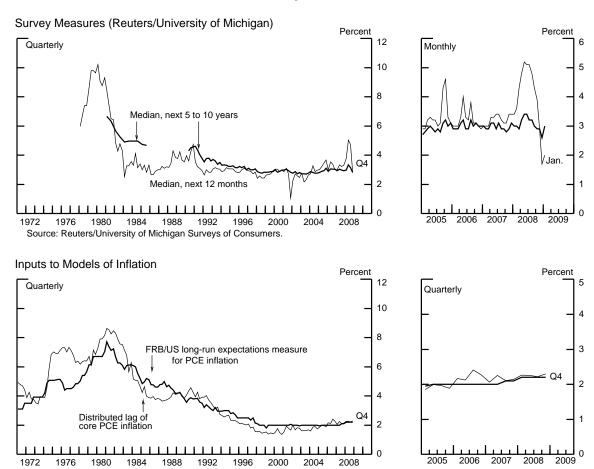
			Reuters/Mic	у		essional		
	Actual CPI	1 y	ear ²	5 to 10) years ³	forecasters (10 years) ⁴		
Period	inflation ¹	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	CPI	PCE	
2007:Q1	2.4	3.6	3.0	3.4	2.9	2.4	2.0	
Q2	2.7	4.2	3.3	3.5	3.0	2.4	2.0	
Q3	2.4	4.1	3.2	3.5	3.0	2.4	2.1	
Q4	4.0	4.1	3.3	3.3	2.9	2.4	2.1	
2008:Q1	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.3	3.0	2.5	2.2	
Q2	4.4	6.4	5.0	3.8	3.3	2.5	2.2	
Q3	5.3	5.4	4.7	3.6	3.1	2.5	2.2	
Q4	1.6	3.0	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.2	
2008:Sept.	4.9	4.6	4.3	3.3	3.0			
Oct.	3.7	4.3	3.9	3.1	2.9	•••	•••	
Nov.	1.1	2.9	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.5	2.2	
Dec.	.1	1.7	1.7	2.6	2.6	2.5		
2009:Jan.	n.a.	2.5	2.0	3.7	3.0			

- 1. Percent change from the same period in the preceding year.
- 2. Responses to the question, By about what percent do you expect prices to go up, on
- average, during the next 12 months?

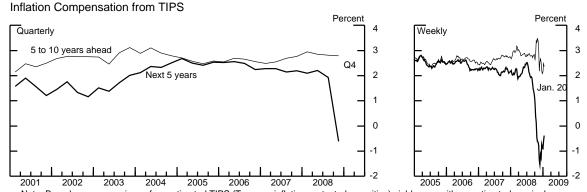
 3. Responses to the question, By about what percent per year do you expect prices to go up,
- on average, during the next 5 to 10 years?
 4. Median CPI and PCE price projections.
- ... Not applicable.

Source: For CPI, U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; for Reuters/Michigan Survey, Reuters/University of Michigan Surveys of Consumers; for professional forecasters, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia.

Measures of Expected Inflation



Note: The distributed lag of core PCE inflation is derived from one of the reduced-form Phillips curves used by Board staff. Source: For the distributed lag of core PCE inflation, FRB staff calculations; for the FRB/US measure, for 2007 forward, the median projection for PCE inflation over the next 10 years from the Survey of Professional Forecasters (SPF); for 1990 to 2006, the equivalent SPF projection for the CPI; for 1981 to 1989, a related survey for the CPI conducted by Richard Hoey; and for the period preceding 1981, a model-based estimate constructed by Board staff. The survey data before 2007 are adjusted down 0.5 percentage point to put the CPI projections approximately on a PCE basis.



Note: Based on a comparison of an estimated TIPS (Treasury inflation-protected securities) yield curve with an estimated nominal off-the-run Treasury yield curve, with an adjustment for the indexation-lag effect. Source: FRB staff calculations.

Domestic Financial Developments

(One-day quotes in percent except as noted)

		2007	200	8	2009		ge to Jan. 21 fi	
Instrument		Aug. 6	Oct. 28	Dec. 15	Jan. 21	2007 Aug. 6	2008 Oct. 28	2008 Dec. 15
Short-term FOMC intended federal funds ra	ite	5.25	1.50	1.00	.13	-5.12	-1.37	87
Treasury bills ¹ 3-month 6-month		4.74 4.72	.76 1.23	.04 .28	.11 .30	-4.63 -4.42	65 93	.07 .02
Commercial paper (A1/P1 rates) 1-month 3-month	2	5.26 5.29	2.71 2.89	.53 1.35	.40 .62	-4.86 -4.67	-2.31 -2.27	13 73
Large negotiable CDs ¹ 3-month 6-month		5.34 5.27	3.63 3.73	1.85 2.24	1.05 1.58	-4.29 -3.69	-2.58 -2.15	80 66
Eurodollar deposits ³ 1-month 3-month		5.33 5.35	3.75 4.50	1.50 2.55	1.00 1.75	-4.33 -3.60	-2.75 -2.75	50 80
Bank prime rate		8.25	4.50	4.00	3.25	-5.00	-1.25	75
Intermediate- and long-term U.S. Treasury ⁴ 2-year 5-year 10-year		4.49 4.52 4.82	1.49 2.81 4.43	.48 1.57 3.08	.65 1.71 3.14	-3.84 -2.81 -1.68	84 -1.10 -1.29	.17 .14 .06
U.S. Treasury indexed notes ⁵ 5-year 10-year		2.43 2.48	3.64 3.29	2.99 2.66	2.01 2.15	42 33	-1.63 -1.14	98 51
Municipal general obligations (F	Bond Buyer) ⁶	4.51	5.32	5.85	4.80	.29	52	-1.05
Private instruments 10-year swap 10-year FNMA ⁷ 10-year AA ⁸ 10-year BBB ⁸ 10-year high yield ⁸		5.44 5.34 6.12 6.57 9.21	4.26 5.36 8.26 9.77 16.27	2.76 3.50 6.86 9.59 18.30	2.52 3.71 6.17 9.02 15.92	-2.92 -1.63 .05 2.45 6.71	-1.74 -1.65 -2.09 75 35	24 .21 69 57 -2.38
Home mortgages (FHLMC surve 30-year fixed 1-year adjustable	ey rate)	6.59 5.65	6.46 5.38	5.19 4.94	5.12 4.92	-1.47 73	-1.34 46	07 02
	Record	high	200	8	2009		ange to Jan. 21 ected dates (pe	
Stock exchange index	Level	Date	Oct. 28	Dec. 15	Jan. 21	Record high	2008 Oct. 28	2008 Dec. 15
Dow Jones Industrial S&P 500 Composite Nasdaq Russell 2000	14,165 1,565 5,049 856	10-9-07 10-9-07 3-10-00 7-13-07	9,065 941 1,649 483	8,565 869 1,508 453	8,228 840 1,507 457	-41.91 -46.32 -70.15 -46.63	-9.23 -10.66 -8.63 -5.34	-3.93 -3.26 08
Wilshire 5000	15,807	10-9-07	9,341	8,664	8,484	-46.32	-9.17	-2.08

- 1. Secondary market.
- 2. Financial commercial paper.
- 3. Bid rates for Eurodollar deposits collected around 9:30 a.m. eastern time.
- 4. Derived from a smoothed Treasury yield curve estimated using off-the-run securities.
- 5. Derived from a smoothed Treasury yield curve estimated using all outstanding securities and adjusted for the carry effect.
- 6. Most recent Thursday quote.
- 7. Constant-maturity yields estimated from Fannie Mae domestic noncallable coupon securities.
- 8. Derived from smoothed corporate yield curves estimated using Merrill Lynch bond data.

NOTES:

August 6, 2007, is the day before the August 2007 FOMC meeting.

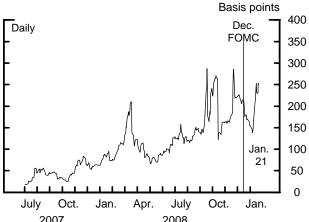
October 28, 2008, is the day before the October 2008 FOMC monetary policy announcement.

December 15, 2008, is the day before the most recent FOMC monetary policy announcement.

Data for the 3-month commercial paper rate on December 15, 2008, are from December 4, 2008, the most recent date for which a sufficient volume of new issues was available to calculate this rate.

Financial Institutions and Short-Term Funding Markets

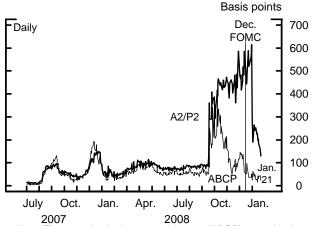
CDS Spreads for Bank Holding Companies



2007 2008 Note: Median credit default swap (CDS) spreads for 6 bank holding companies.

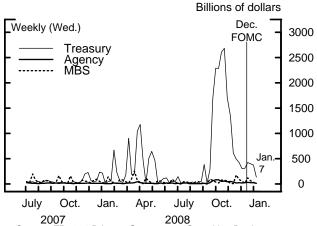
Source: Markit.

Spreads on 30-day Commercial Paper



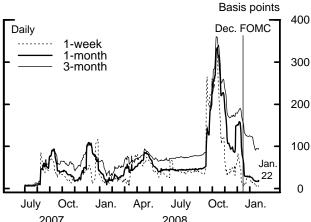
Note: The asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP) spread is the AA ABCP rate minus the AA nonfinancial rate. The A2/P2 spread is the A2/P2 nonfinancial rate minus the AA nonfinancial rate. Source: Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation.

Fails to Deliver



Source: FR2004 Primary Government Securities Dealers Reports.

Spread between Libor and OIS Rates

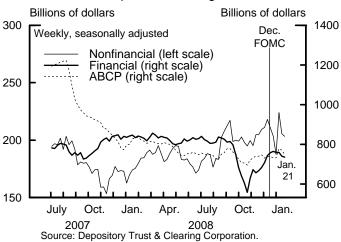


2007 2008

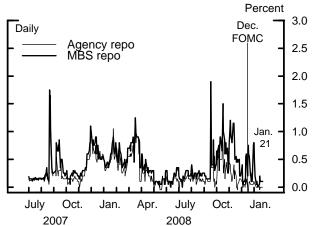
Note: Libor quotes are taken at 6:00 a.m., and the overnight index swap (OIS) rate quotes are observed at the close of business of the previous trading day.

Source: British Banker's Association.

Commercial Paper Outstandings



Spreads on MBS and Agency Repos

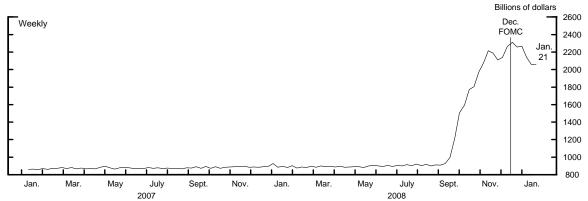


Note: Spreads on 1-month repurchase agreements (repos) over 1-month Treasury general collateral repos. MBS are mortgage-backed securities

Source: Bloomberg.

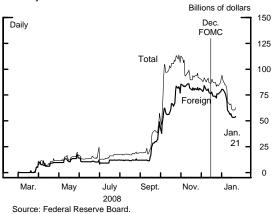
Federal Reserve Liquidity Provision

Total Federal Reserve Assets



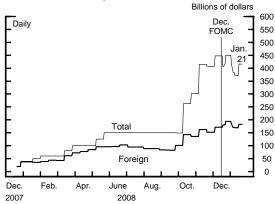
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Statistical Release H.4.1, "Factors Affecting Reserve Balances."

Primary Credit



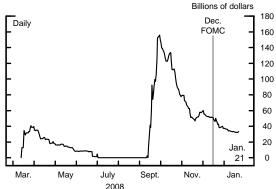
Source: Federal Reserve Board.

Term Auction Facility



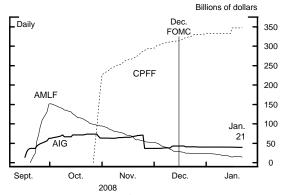
Source: Federal Reserve Board.

Primary Dealer Credit Facility



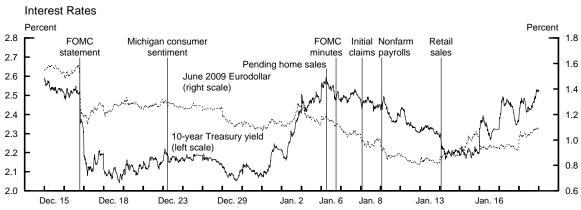
Source: Federal Reserve Board.

Other Credit Extensions



Note: AMLF is Asset-Backed Commercial Paper Money Market Mutual Fund Lending Facility; AlG is American International Group, Inc.; CPFF is Commercial Paper Funding Facility. Source: Federal Reserve Board.

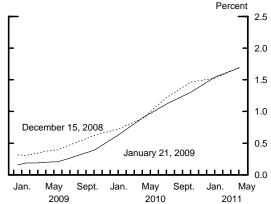
Policy Expectations and Treasury Yields



Note: 5-minute intervals. 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. No adjustments for term premiums.

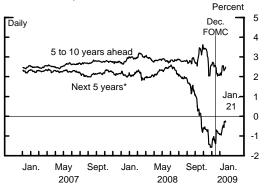
Source: Bloomberg.

Implied Federal Funds Rate



Note: Estimated from federal funds and Eurodollar futures, with an allowance for term premiums and other adjustments. Source: Chicago Mercantile Exchange; Chicago Board of Trade

Inflation Compensation

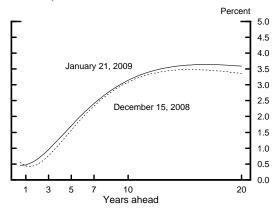


Note: Estimates based on smoothed nominal and inflation-indexed Treasury yields.

*Adjusted for lagged indexation of Treasury inflation-protected securities.

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

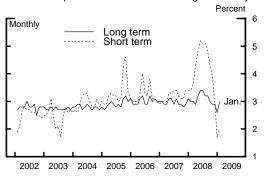
Treasury Yield Curve



Note: Smoothed yield curve estimated from off-the-run Treasury coupon securities. Yields shown are those on notional par Treasury securities with semiannual coupons.

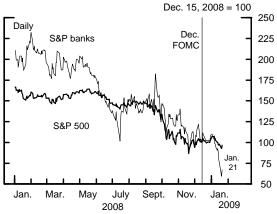
Source: Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Inflation Expectations from the Michigan Survey



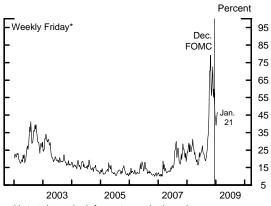
Source: Reuters/University of Michigan Surveys of Consumers.

Selected Stock Price Indexes



Source: Standard & Poor's.

Implied Volatility on S&P 500 (VIX)



Latest observation is for most recent business day. Source: Chicago Board of Exchange

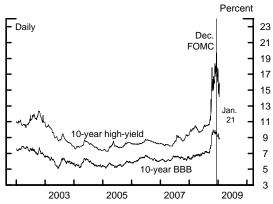
Corporate Yields, Risk Spreads, and Stock Prices



* Trend earnings are estimated using analysts' forecasts of year-ahead earnings from I/B/E/S.
+ Denotes the latest observation using daily interest rates and

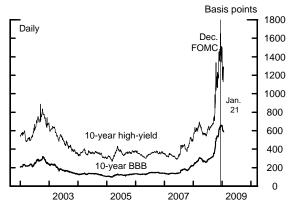
stock prices and latest earnings data from I/B/E/S. Source: Thomson Financial.

Corporate Bond Yields



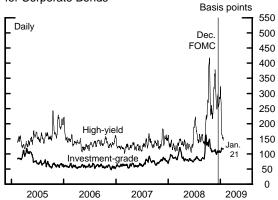
Note: Yields from smoothed yield curves based on Merrill Lynch

Corporate Bond Spreads



Note: Corporate yields from smoothed yield curves based on Merrill Lynch bond data and spreads measured relative to comparable-maturity Treasury securities.

Estimated Median Bid-Ask Spread for Corporate Bonds



Source: Staff estimate using data from the National Assn. of Securities Dealers' Trade Reporting and Compliance Engine.

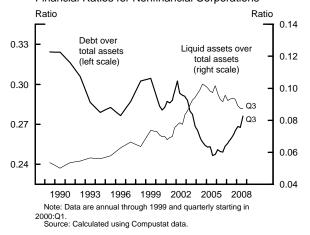
Corporate Earnings and Credit Quality

S&P 500 Earnings Per Share

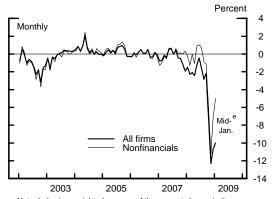
Percent 40 Change from 4 quarters earlier 30 20 10 0 -10 **'**Q3 All firms Nonfinancials -20 -30 2004 1998 2000 2002 2006 2008

Source: Thomson Financial.

Financial Ratios for Nonfinancial Corporations



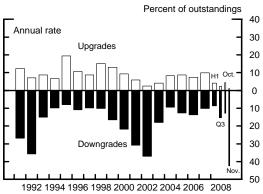
Revisions to Expected S&P 500 Earnings



Note: Index is a weighted average of the percent change in the consensus forecasts of current-year and following-year earnings per share for a fixed sample.

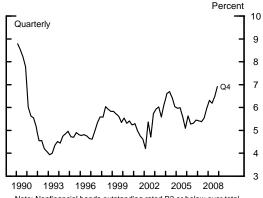
e Staff estimate. Source: Thomson Financial.

Bond Ratings Changes of Nonfinancial Companies



Source: Calculated using data from Moody's Investors Service.

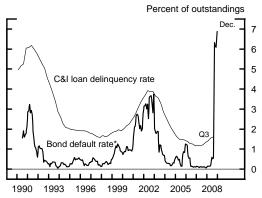
Deep Junk Share of Bonds Outstanding



Note: Nonfinancial bonds outstanding rated B3 or below over total

Source: Moody's Investors Service.

Selected Default and Delinquency Rates



* 6-month moving average. Source: For default rate, Moody's Investors Service; for delinquency rate, Call Report.

Business Finance

Gross Issuance of Securities by U.S. Corporations

(Billions of dollars; monthly rates, not seasonally adjusted)

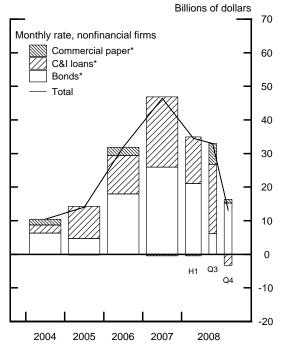
						2008		2009
Type of security	2004	2005	2006	2007	H1	Q3	Q4	Jan. ^p
Nonfinancial corporations								
Stocks ¹	5.4	4.6	4.7	5.5	3.5	3.0	5.0	2.0
Initial public offerings	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.6	.6	.1	.0	.0
Seasoned offerings	3.8	2.8	2.9	3.8	2.9	2.9	4.9	2.0
Bonds ²	22.4	18.7	29.3	35.1	34.7	14.5	22.2	26.0
Investment grade	8.3	8.7	13.1	17.5	24.9	10.5	17.9	24.0
Speculative grade	8.2	5.2	6.2	7.5	3.1	.7	.2	2.0
Other (sold abroad/unrated)	5.9	4.8	10.1	10.0	6.7	3.3	4.1	.0
Memo								
Net issuance of commercial paper ³ Change in C&I loans at	1.7	2	2.4	4	5	6.2	1.2	13.0
commercial banks ³	2.4	9.6	11.4	20.9	13.9	20.6	-3.3	n.a.
Financial corporations								
Stocks ¹	6.9	5.0	5.3	8.6	17.2	10.5	9.2	.5
Bonds ²	134.1	170.4	180.6	151.7	66.0	20.0	28.2	40.0

Note: Components may not sum to totals because of rounding.

- 1. Excludes private placements and equity-for-equity swaps that occur in restructurings.
- 2. Data include regular and 144a private placements. Bond totals reflect gross proceeds rather than par value of original discount bonds. Bonds are categorized according to Moody's bond ratings or to Standard & Poor's if unrated by Moody's.
- 3. End-of-period basis, seasonally adjusted.
- n.a. Not available.
- p Forecast based on preliminary data.

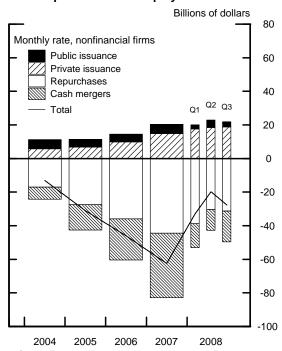
Source: Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation; Thomson Financial; Federal Reserve Board.

Selected Components of Net Debt Financing



* Seasonally adjusted, period-end basis. Source: Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation; Thomson Financial; Federal Reserve Board.

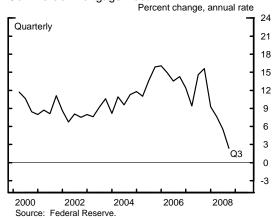
Components of Net Equity Issuance



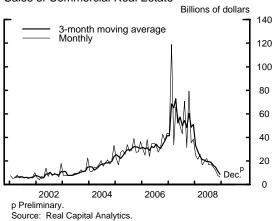
Source: Thomson Financial; Investment Benchmark Report; Money Tree Report by PricewaterhouseCoopers, National Venture Capital Association, and Venture Economics.

Commercial Real Estate

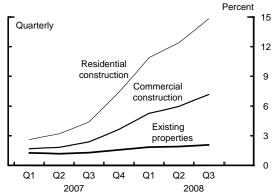
Commercial Mortgage Debt



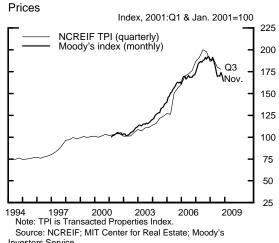
Sales of Commercial Real Estate



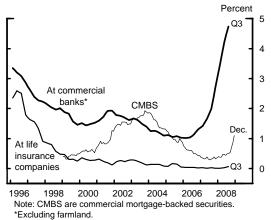
Delinquency Rates on Commercial Mortgages at Banks



Note: Data series for residential and commercial construction begin in 2007:Q1. Existing properties include nonresidential and multifamily.
Source: Call Report.



Delinquency Rates on Commercial Mortgages



Source: Citigroup; Call Report; ACLI.

Commercial Mortgage CDS Index Prices

CMBX.NA 120 Daily, by rating 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 BBB-30 20 10

2007 2008 Note: Each index corresponds to pools of mortgages securitized in 2006:H1. CDS are credit default swaps.

July

Apr.

0

Source: J.P. Morgan.

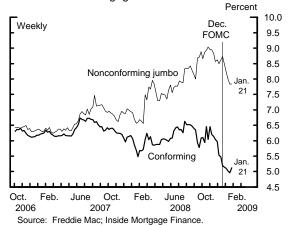
Oct.

Jan.

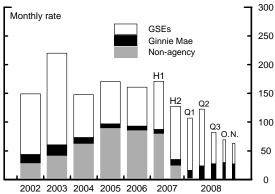
July

Residential Mortgages

30-Year Fixed Mortgage Rates



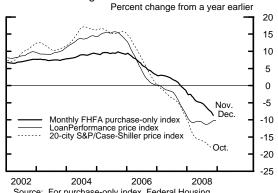
Agency and Non-Agency MBS Issuance



Note: MBS are mortgage-backed securities; GSEs are government-sponsored enterprises.

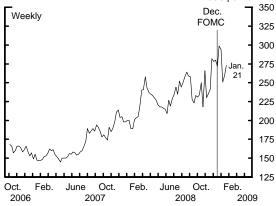
Source: For agency issuance, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Ginnie Mae. For non-agency, Inside Mortgage Finance.

Prices of Existing Homes



Source: For purchase-only index, Federal Housing Finance Agency; for S&P/Case-Shiller, Standard & Poor's; for LoanPerformance, First American CoreLogic.

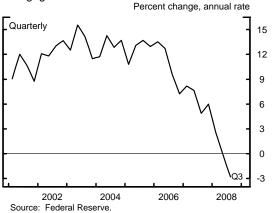
30-Year Conforming Fixed-Rate Mortgage Spread Basis points



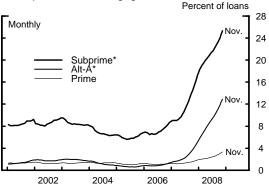
Note: Spread is quoted relative to the on-the-run 10-year Treasury yield.

Source: Bloomberg; Freddie Mac.

Mortgage Debt



Delinquencies on Mortgages



Note: Percent of loans 90 or more days past due or in foreclosure. Prime includes near-prime mortgages.

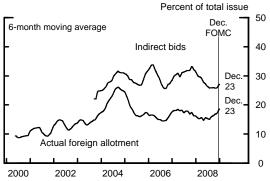
Among securitized loans only.

Source: For subprime and alf-A, LoanPerformance, a division of First American CoreLogic; for prime, McDash.

Treasury Finance

Cents per

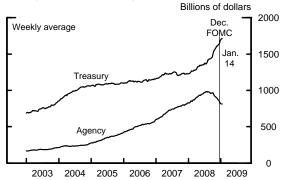
Foreign Participation in Treasury Auctions



Note: Indirect bids and actual allotment are a percentage of the total amount accepted, including the amount tendered to the Federal Reserve. Moving averages include 2-, 5-, and 10-year original auctions and reopenings.

Source: Federal Reserve Board.

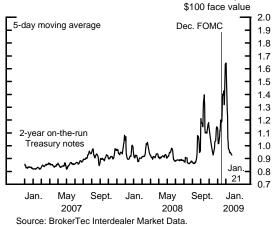
Foreign Custody Holdings



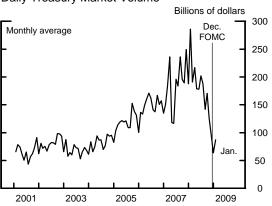
Note: Securities held in custody at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on behalf of foreign official institutions.

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Treasury Bid-Asked Spread

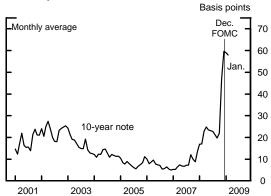


Daily Treasury Market Volume



Note: January observation is average for month to date. Source: BrokerTec Interdealer Market Data.

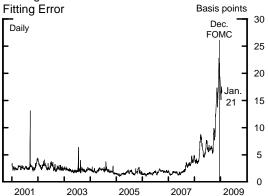
Treasury On-the-Run Premium



Note: Computed as the spread of the yield read from an estimated off-the-run yield curve over the on-the-run Treasury yield. January observation is the month-to-date average.

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Average Absolute Nominal Yield Curve



Note: Calculated from securities with 2 to 10 years until maturity, excluding on-the-run and first off-the-run securities.

Source: Federal Reserve Board.

State and Local Government Finance

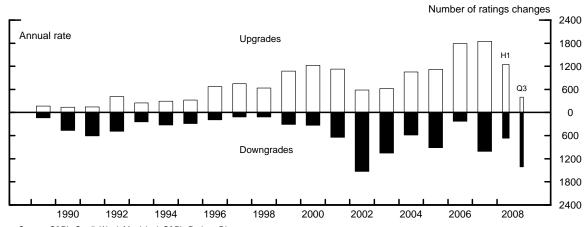
Gross Offerings of Municipal Securities

(Billions of dollars; monthly rate, not seasonally adjusted)

						2008		2009
Type of security	2004	2005	2006	2007	H1	Q3	Q4	Jan. p
Total	34.7	38.4	36.1	40.4	41.5	36.5	28.9	20.0
Long-term ¹	29.8	34.2	32.5	35.5	38.0	30.0	22.5	17.0
Refundings ²	10.8	15.6	10.6	12.6	17.9	13.0	8.7	5.0
New capital	19.0	18.6	21.9	22.9	20.1	17.0	13.8	12.0
Short-term	4.9	4.2	3.7	4.9	3.6	6.6	6.3	3.0
Memo: Long-term taxable	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.4	1.1	.0

- 1. Includes issues for public and private purposes.
- 2. All issues that include any refunding bonds.
- p Forecast based on preliminary data through January 15, 2009. Source: Thomson Financial.

Ratings Changes

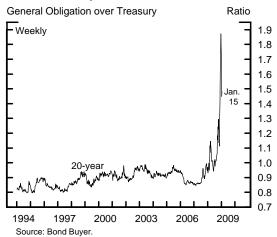


Source: S&P's Credit Week Municipal; S&P's Ratings Direct.

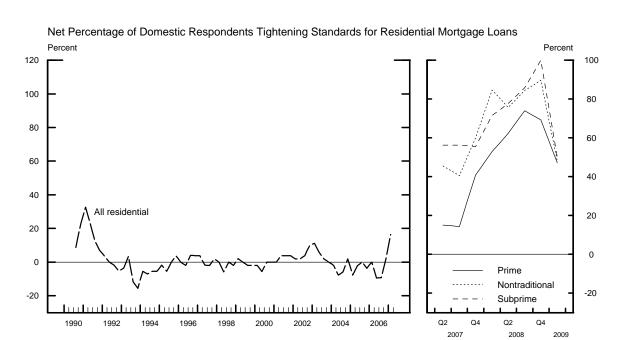
Municipal Bond Yields Percent 9 Weekly 8 7 20-year general 6 obligation 5 4 VMW/W 3 7-day SIFMA 2 swap index* 1 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 * SIFMA is the Securities Industry and Financial Markets

Association. Source: Municipal Market Advisors; Bond Buyer.

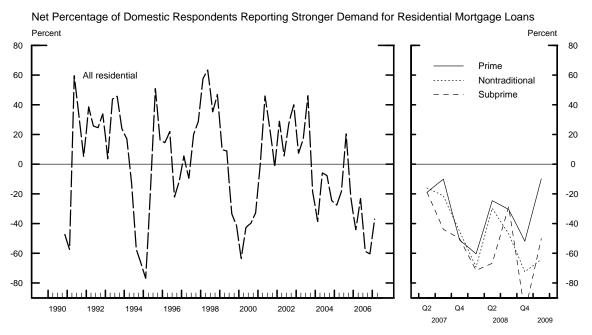
Municipal Bond Yield Ratio



Measures of Supply and Demand for Residential Mortgage Loans



Note: For data starting in 2007:Q2, changes in standards for prime, nontraditional, and subprime mortgage loans are reported separately.



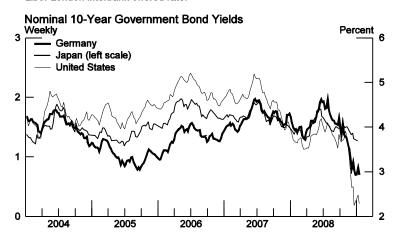
Note: For data starting in 2007:Q2, changes in demand for prime, nontraditional, and subprime mortgage loans are reported separately.

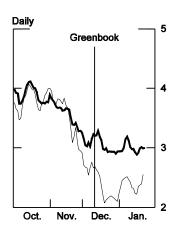
International Developments

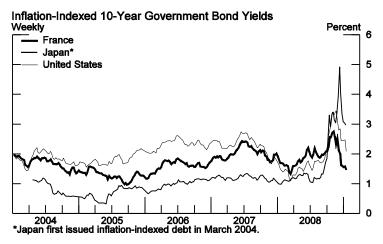
Industrial Countries: Nominal and Real Interest Rates

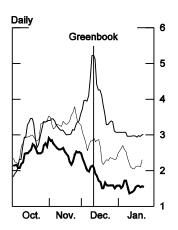
						Perce	
	3-m	onth Libor	10-ye	ar nominal	10-year indexed		
	Latest	Change since Dec. Greenbook	Latest	Change since Dec. Greenbook	Latest	Change since Dec. Greenbook	
Germany	2.25	-1.12	3.01	-0.20	1.35	-0.51	
Japan	0.70	-0.25	1.23	-0.18	3.01	-2.22	
United Kingdom	2.20	-1.05	3.46	-0.11	1.42	-1.08	
Canada	1.52	-0.98	2.68	-0.40	•••	•••	
United States	1.16	-1.00	2.56	-0.11	2.32	-0.53	

... Not applicable. Libor London interbank offered rate.

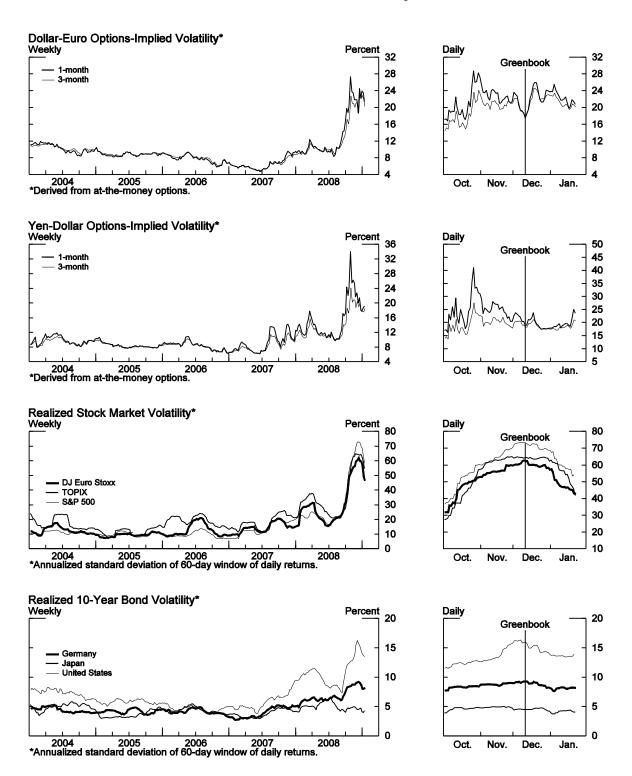








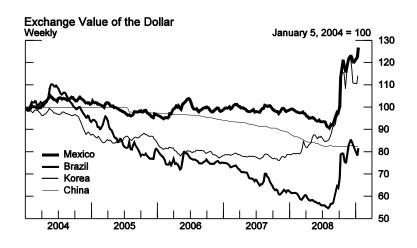
Measures of Market Volatility

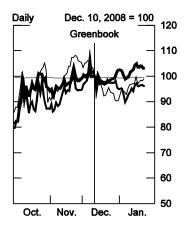


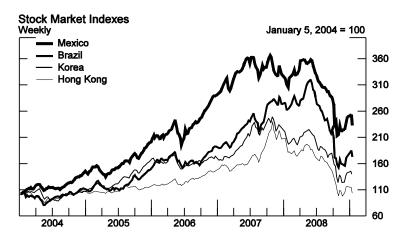
Emerging Markets: Exchange Rates and Stock Market Indexes

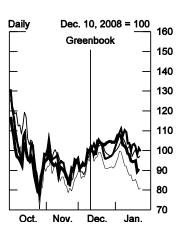
		alue of the dollar		narket index
	Latest	Percent change since Dec. Greenbook*	Latest	Percent change since Dec. Greenbook
Mexico	13.9091	3.3	19497	-9.1
Brazil	2.3419	-3.7	37940	-0.1
Venezuela	2.14	0.0	35306	1.7
China	6.8370	-0.4	2005	-3.6
Hong Kong	7.7590	0.1	12658	-18.7
Korea	1380.0	-0.9	1116	-2.6
Taiwan	33.59	0.4	4591	-1.5
Thailand	34.82	-1.6	438	3.4

^{*} Positive percent change denotes appreciation of U.S. dollar.





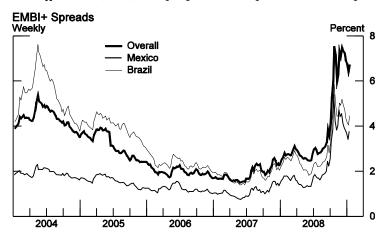


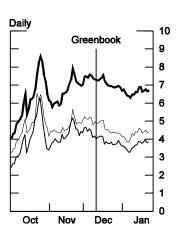


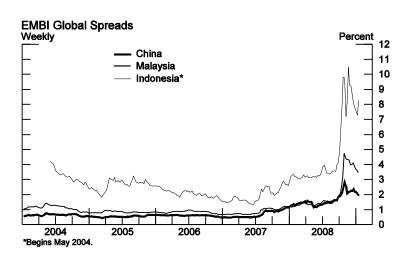
Emerging Markets: Short-Term Interest Rates and Dollar-Denominated Bond Spreads

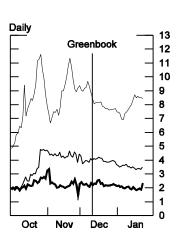
		rt-term st rates*	Dollar-denominated bond spreads**		
_	Latest	Change since Dec. Greenbook	Latest	Change since Dec. Greenbook	
Mexico	7.43	-0.64	3.84	-0.33	
Brazil	12.55	-1.46	4.42	-0.55	
Argentina	15.19	-0.94	15.37	-2.85	
China	•••	•••	2.37	-0.02	
Korea	3.25	-2.10	•••	•••	
Taiwan	1.29	-0.91	•••	•••	
Singapore	0.31	-0.38	•••	***	
Hong Kong	0.34	-0.80	•••	•••	

^{*}One-month interest rate except 1-week rate for Korea. (No reliable short-term interest rate exists for China.)
**EMBI+ Spreads or EMBI Global Spreads over similar-maturity U.S. Treasury securities.
... Not applicable. Korea, Taiwan, and Hong Kong have no outstanding dollar-denominated sovereign bonds.









January 23, 2009

CURRENT ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

Supplemental Notes

Prepared for the Federal Open Market Committee by the staff of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

III-T-1 **Selected Financial Market Quotations**

(One-day quotes in percent except as noted)

		2007	200	8	2009		ge to Jan. 22 fr ites (percentage	
Instrument		Aug. 6	Oct. 28	Dec. 15	Jan. 22	2007 Aug. 6	2008 Oct. 28	2008 Dec. 15
Short-term FOMC intended federal funds ra	ite	5.25	1.50	1.00	.13	-5.12	-1.37	87
Treasury bills ¹ 3-month 6-month		4.74 4.72	.76 1.23	.04 .28	.10 .29	-4.64 -4.43	66 94	.06 .01
Commercial paper (A1/P1 rates) 1-month 3-month	2	5.26 5.29	2.71 2.89	.53 1.35	.43 .62	-4.83 -4.67	-2.28 -2.27	10 73
Large negotiable CDs ¹ 3-month 6-month		5.34 5.27	3.63 3.73	1.85 2.24	1.07 1.57	-4.27 -3.70	-2.56 -2.16	78 67
Eurodollar deposits ³ 1-month 3-month		5.33 5.35	3.75 4.50	1.50 2.55	1.00 1.80	-4.33 -3.55	-2.75 -2.70	50 75
Bank prime rate		8.25	4.50	4.00	3.25	-5.00	-1.25	75
Intermediate- and long-term U.S. Treasury ⁴ 2-year 5-year 10-year		4.49 4.52 4.82	1.49 2.81 4.43	.48 1.57 3.08	.63 1.73 3.21	-3.86 -2.79 -1.61	86 -1.08 -1.22	.15 .16 .13
U.S. Treasury indexed notes ⁵ 5-year 10-year		2.43 2.48	3.64 3.29	2.99 2.66	1.97 2.13	46 35	-1.67 -1.16	-1.02 53
Municipal general obligations (E	Bond Buyer) ⁶	4.51	5.32	5.85	5.13	.62	19	72
Private instruments 10-year swap 10-year FNMA ⁷ 10-year AA ⁸ 10-year BBB ⁸ 10-year high yield ⁸		5.44 5.34 6.12 6.57 9.21	4.26 5.36 8.26 9.77 16.27	2.76 3.50 6.86 9.59 18.30	2.69 3.76 6.23 9.07 15.82	-2.75 -1.58 .11 2.50 6.61	-1.57 -1.60 -2.03 70 45	07 .26 63 52 -2.48
Home mortgages (FHLMC surve 30-year fixed 1-year adjustable	ey rate)	6.59 5.65	6.46 5.38	5.19 4.94	5.12 4.92	-1.47 73	-1.34 46	07 02
	Record	high	200	8	2009		ange to Jan. 22 ected dates (pe	
Stock exchange index	Level	Date	Oct. 28	Dec. 15	Jan. 22	Record high	2008 Oct. 28	2008 Dec. 15
Dow Jones Industrial S&P 500 Composite Nasdaq Russell 2000	14,165 1,565 5,049 856	10-9-07 10-9-07 3-10-00 7-13-07	9,065 941 1,649 483	8,565 869 1,508 453	8,123 828 1,465 443	-42.65 -47.13 -70.97 -48.25	-10.40 -12.02 -11.15 -8.23	-5.16 -4.73 -2.84 -2.15

- 1. Secondary market.
- 2. Financial commercial paper.
- 3. Bid rates for Eurodollar deposits collected around 9:30 a.m. eastern time.

15,807

- 4. Derived from a smoothed Treasury yield curve estimated using off-the-run securities.
- 5. Derived from a smoothed Treasury yield curve estimated using all outstanding securities and adjusted for the carry effect.

9,341

8,664

8,338

-47.25

-10.74

-3.77

- 6. Most recent Thursday quote.
- 7. Constant-maturity yields estimated from Fannie Mae domestic noncallable coupon securities.

10-9-07

8. Derived from smoothed corporate yield curves estimated using Merrill Lynch bond data.

NOTES:

Wilshire 5000

August 6, 2007, is the day before the August 2007 FOMC meeting.

October 28, 2008, is the day before the October 2008 FOMC monetary policy announcement.

December 15, 2008, is the day before the most recent FOMC monetary policy announcement.

Data for the 3-month commercial paper rate on December 15, 2008, are from December 4, 2008, the most recent date for which a sufficient volume of new issues was available to calculate this rate.