# Resnet-34

## Model

- 1. Used resnet-34
- 2. Freezed all layers
- 3. Replaced the fc layer with our classification layer. We have two output classes.

## Training

Epochs: 20

**Optimizer:** Adam

<u>Lr Scheduling:</u> cosine annealing

## **Optimizer**

- **1.** Loss: tells about how poorly the model is performing.
- **2. Aim:** Minimize the loss.
- **3. Optimization**: Process of minimizing the loss function.
- **4. Learning rate:** How big each step we move in the direction of gradient.
- Optimizers after every step it updates the parameters.

### Adam

- 1. Adaptive moment estimation
- 2. Combination of momentum and rmsprop
- 3. Very effective

#### a. Two ideas:

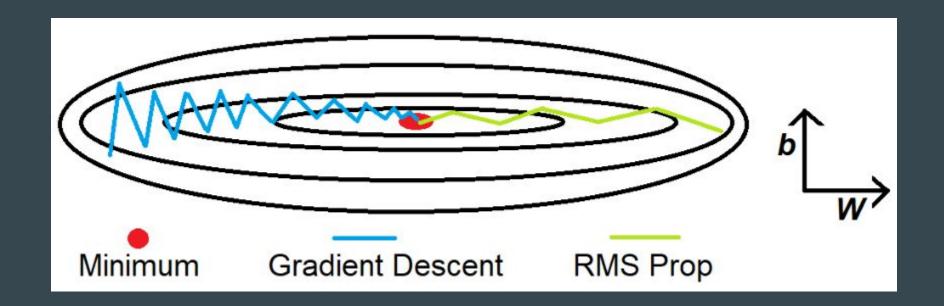
- i. If update params batch wise then noise comes into play.
- ii. To denoise we use the idea of momentum.
- iii. Adaptive learning rate based on gradient it decided what lr needs to be set.
  - 1. If gradient is high then lr is low.
  - 2. If gradient is low then Lr is high.
- 4. Commonly used optimizer.

#### Momentum

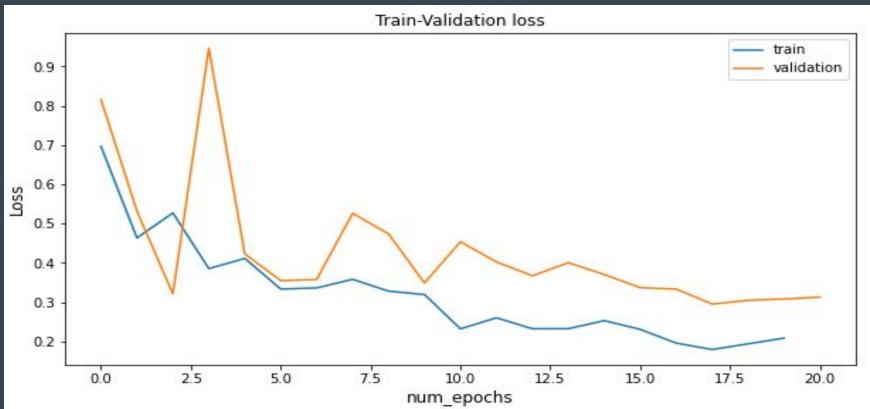
- 1. Overcomes the drawback of MB-SGD.
- 2. Previous update is added to the current update.
- 3. So repeated updates compounds in a particular direction. This avoids that oscillation.
- 4. Similar to momentum concept in physics.
- 5. This helps in convergence towards relevant direction and reduces the fluctuation to the irrelevant direction.

## **RMSprop**

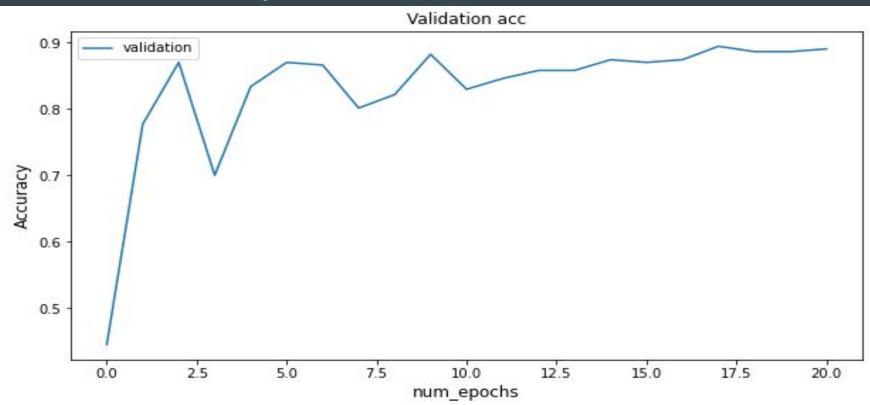
1. Gives less weightage to previous all derivatives and more weightage to recent moving average window.



## **Train Validation Loss**



## **Validation Accuracy**



## Test Accuracy

Accuracy: 0.8799999952316284 Loss: 0.32042595744132996