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```
import tensorflow as tf
print(tf.__version__)
→ 2.17.1
scalar=tf.constant(7)
scalar
<tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int32, numpy=7>
tf.constant()
#check no of dimentions
scalar.ndim
→ 0
#create a vector
vector=tf.constant([[10,10],[10,10]])
vector
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 2), dtype=int32, numpy=
     array([[10, 10],
           [10, 10]], dtype=int32)>
vector.ndim
→ 2
matrix=tf.constant([[10.,7.],[7.,10.],[3.,2.]],dtype=tf.float16)
matrix
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(3, 2), dtype=float16, numpy=
     array([[10., 7.],
            [ 7., 10.],
            [ 3., 2.]], dtype=float16)>
#create tensor
tensor =tf.constant([[[1,2,3,],[3,4,5]],[[6,8,9],[10,11,12]]])
tensor
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 2, 3), dtype=int32, numpy=
     array([[[ 1, 2, 3],
            [3, 4, 5]],
            [[ 6, 8, 9],
            [10, 11, 12]]], dtype=int32)>
```

```
tensor.ndim
```

```
→ 3
```

```
tf.Variable()
changable_tensor=tf.Variable([10,7])
unchangable_tensor=tf.constant([10,7])
changable tensor, unchangable tensor
→ (<tf.Variable 'Variable:0' shape=(2,) dtype=int32, numpy=array([10, 7],
     dtype=int32)>,
      <tf.Tensor: shape=(2,), dtype=int32, numpy=array([10, 7], dtype=int32)>)
#.assign()
changable_tensor[0].assign(7)
changable_tensor
<tf.Variable 'Variable:0' shape=(2,) dtype=int32, numpy=array([7, 7], dtype=int32)>
#unchangable_tensor[0].assign(7)
#unchangable_tensor
#create random tensor
r1=tf.random.Generator.from_seed(42)
r1=r1.normal(shape=(3,2))
r1
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(3, 2), dtype=float32, numpy=
     array([[-0.7565803 , -0.06854702],
            [0.07595026, -1.2573844],
            [-0.23193763, -1.8107855 ]], dtype=float32)>
shuffle the order of elements
tf.random.set_seed(42)#global level seed
tf.random.shuffle(r1,seed=42)#operation level seed
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(3, 2), dtype=float32, numpy=
     array([[-0.7565803 , -0.06854702],
            [0.07595026, -1.2573844],
            [-0.23193763, -1.8107855 ]], dtype=float32)>
other ways to make tensors
tf.ones([10,7])#tensor of all ones
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(10, 7), dtype=float32, numpy=
```

array([[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],

```
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.]], dtype=float32)>

tf.zeros(shape=(3,4))

$\times \text{cf.Tensor: shape=(3, 4), dtype=float32, numpy= array([[0., 0., 0., 0.],
[0., 0., 0., 0.]], dtype=float32)>}
```

main diff b/w numpy arrays and tensor flow tensors is that tensors can be run on a gpu much faster

```
import numpy as np
numpy_A=np.arange(1,25,dtype=np.int64)
numpy A
\rightarrow array([ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,
           18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24])
A=tf.constant(numpy_A,shape=(2,3,4))
B=tf.constant(numpy_A)
A,B
→ (<tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 3, 4), dtype=int64, numpy=
      array([[[ 1, 2, 3, 4],
             [5, 6, 7, 8],
             [ 9, 10, 11, 12]],
             [[13, 14, 15, 16],
             [17, 18, 19, 20],
             [21, 22, 23, 24]]])>,
      <tf.Tensor: shape=(24,), dtype=int64, numpy=
      array([ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,
             18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24])>)
```

getting info from tensors shape(len of each of the dim)tensor.shape ,rank(the no of tenssor dim)tensor.ndim ,axis(a particular dim of a tansor)tensor[0] ,size(total no of items in the tansor)tf.size(tensor)

```
[0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]],
             [[0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
             [[0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]]
            [[[0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
             [[0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
             [[0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
              [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]]]], dtype=float32)>
rank_4_tensor.ndim,rank_4_tensor.shape,tf.size(rank_4_tensor)
→ (4, TensorShape([2, 3, 4, 5]), <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int32, numpy=120>)
Suggested code may be subject to a licence | | Justy-11/DL_ML_fundamentals
print("data type of elements:",rank_4_tensor.dtype)
print("no of dimensions(rank):",rank_4_tensor.ndim)
print("shape of tensor:",rank_4_tensor.shape)
print("elements along the 0 axis:",rank_4_tensor.shape[0])
print("elements along the last axis:",rank_4_tensor.shape[-1])
print("total no of elements in our tensor:",tf.size(rank 4 tensor).numpy())
→ data type of elements: <dtype: 'float32'>
     no of dimensions(rank): 4
     shape of tensor: (2, 3, 4, 5)
     elements along the 0 axis: 2
     elements along the last axis: 5
     total no of elements in our tensor: 120
indexing
```

 $https://colab.research.google.com/drive/10zwJ6yb_xyxZq-aMSvdouUxU2DwuSaUC\#scrollTo=ekj-BiAsd37S\&printMode=truewards-allered and the standard and the standard$

#get first two elements of each dimention

rank 4 tensor[:2,:2,:2,:2]

```
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 2, 2, 2), dtype=float32, numpy=
     array([[[[0., 0.],
              [0., 0.]],
             [[0., 0.],
              [0., 0.]]],
            [[[0., 0.],
              [0., 0.]],
             [[0., 0.],
              [0., 0.]]]], dtype=float32)>
#get first element from each dim except for final one
rank_4_tensor[:1,:1,:1]
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(1, 1, 1, 5), dtype=float32, numpy=array([[[[0., 0., 0., 0.,
     0.]]]], dtype=float32)>
rank_2_tensor=tf.constant([[10,7],[3,4]])
rank_2_tensor.shape,rank_2_tensor.ndim
\rightarrow (TensorShape([2, 2]), 2)
rank_2_tensor[:,-1]
<tf.Tensor: shape=(2,), dtype=int32, numpy=array([7, 4], dtype=int32)>
Suggested code may be subject to a licence | bhupendpatil/Practice
#add extra dimention
rank_3_tensor=rank_2_tensor[...,tf.newaxis]
rank_3_tensor
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 2, 1), dtype=int32, numpy=
     array([[[10],
             [7]],
            [[ 3],
             [ 4]]], dtype=int32)>
#alternative to tf.newaxis
tf.expand_dims(rank_2_tensor,axis=-1)
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 2, 1), dtype=int32, numpy=
     array([[[10],
             [7]],
            [[ 3],
             [ 4]]], dtype=int32)>
tf.expand_dims(rank_2_tensor,axis=0)
```

Manipulating tensors

Mtrix multiplication

```
tf.matmul(tensor,tensor)
```

array([[100, 70],

[30, 40]], dtype=int32)>

#matrix mul usin @
tensor @ tensor

can use tf.reshape(y,shape=(2,3))

```
x= tf.constant([[3,4],[5,6],[7,8]])
y= tf.constant([[1,2],[3,4],[7,5]])
```

```
tf.transpose(x),tf.reshape(x,shape=(2,3))
(<tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 3), dtype=int32, numpy=</pre>
      array([[3, 5, 7],
             [4, 6, 8]], dtype=int32)>,
      <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 3), dtype=int32, numpy=
      array([[3, 4, 5],
             [6, 7, 8]], dtype=int32)>)
matrix multiplication: tf.matmul(), tf.tensordot(),@
tf.matmul(x,tf.reshape(y,shape=(2,3)))
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(3, 3), dtype=int32, numpy=
     array([[19, 34, 29],
            [29, 52, 45],
            [39, 70, 61]], dtype=int32)>
tf.matmul(x,tf.transpose(y))
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(3, 3), dtype=int32, numpy=
     array([[11, 25, 41],
            [17, 39, 65],
            [23, 53, 89]], dtype=int32)>
transpose_y=tf.transpose(y)
reshape_y=tf.reshape(y,shape=(2,3))
transpose_y,reshape_y
→ (<tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 3), dtype=int32, numpy=
      array([[1, 3, 7],
             [2, 4, 5]], dtype=int32)>,
      <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 3), dtype=int32, numpy=
      array([[1, 2, 3],
             [4, 7, 5]], dtype=int32)>)
Changing the datatype of a tensor
B = tf.constant([[2.4,5.6],[1.2,2.3]])
B.dtype
→ tf.float32
A= tf.constant([[1,2],[2,3]])
A.dtype
→ tf.int32
D = tf.cast(B,dtype=tf.float16)
D
```

```
<tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 2), dtype=float16, numpy=</pre>
     array([[2.4, 5.6],
            [1.2, 2.3]], dtype=float16)>
AGGREGATING TENSORS
F= tf.constant([[1,2],[-3,-4]])
tf.abs(F)
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(2, 2), dtype=int32, numpy=
     array([[1, 2],
           [3, 4]], dtype=int32)>
min ,max, mean ,sum
 # This is formatted as code
E= tf.constant(np.random.randint(0,100,size=50))
Ε
<tf.Tensor: shape=(50,), dtype=int64, numpy=</pre>
     array([69, 28, 69, 80, 8, 53, 35, 62, 26, 68, 95, 50, 25, 92, 85, 38, 21,
           44, 72, 14, 78, 91, 2, 97, 27, 13, 10, 72, 26, 10, 0, 94, 75, 14,
           44, 42, 94, 85, 41, 96, 95, 77, 56, 67, 36, 87, 26, 98, 8, 42])>
#min
tf.reduce min(E).numpy()
→ 0
tf.reduce max(E)
<tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=98>
tf.reduce mean(E)
<tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=52>
tf.reduce sum(E)
<tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=2637>
std dev = tf.math.reduce std(tf.cast(E,dtype=tf.float32))#should be in float
std_dev
```

```
<tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=float32, numpy=30.827137>
tensorflow probability as tfp
import tensorflow_probability as tfp
tfp.stats.variance(E),tf.math.reduce_variance(tf.cast(E,dtype=tf.float32))
→ (<tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=950>,
      <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=float32, numpy=950.3123>)
FIND THE POSITIONAL MAX AND MIN
F = tf.random.uniform(shape=[50])
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(50,), dtype=float32, numpy=
     array([0.6645621, 0.44100678, 0.3528825, 0.46448255, 0.03366041,
           0.68467236, 0.74011743, 0.8724445 , 0.22632635, 0.22319686,
           0.3103881 , 0.7223358 , 0.13318717, 0.5480639 , 0.5746088 ,
           0.8996835 , 0.00946367, 0.5212307 , 0.6345445 , 0.1993283 ,
           0.72942245, 0.54583454, 0.10756552, 0.6767061, 0.6602763,
           0.33695042, 0.60141766, 0.21062577, 0.8527372, 0.44062173,
           0.9485276 , 0.23752594 , 0.81179297 , 0.5263394 , 0.494308 ,
           0.21612847, 0.8457197, 0.8718841, 0.3083862, 0.6868038,
           0.23764038, 0.7817228, 0.9671384, 0.06870162, 0.79873943,
           0.66028714, 0.5871513 , 0.16461694, 0.7381023 , 0.32054043],
           dtype=float32)>
tf.argmax(F)#positional max
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=int64, numpy=42>
#index on our largest value position
F[tf.argmax(F)]
<tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=float32, numpy=0.9671384>
tf.reduce max(F)
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(), dtype=float32, numpy=0.9671384>
SQUEEZING A TENSOR (REMOVING ALL SINGLE DIMENTIONS)
G = tf.constant(tf.random.uniform(shape=[50]),shape=(1,1,1,1,50))
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(1, 1, 1, 1, 50), dtype=float32, numpy=
     array([[[[[0.7413678, 0.62854624, 0.01738465, 0.3431449, 0.51063764,
               0.3777541 , 0.07321596, 0.02137029, 0.2871771 , 0.4710616 ,
```

```
0.6936141 , 0.07321334, 0.93251204, 0.20843053, 0.70105827,
                0.45856392, 0.8596262, 0.92934334, 0.20291913, 0.76865506,
                0.60016024, 0.27039742, 0.88180614, 0.05365038, 0.42274463,
                0.89037776, 0.7887033, 0.10165584, 0.19408834, 0.27896714,
                0.39512634, 0.12235212, 0.38412368, 0.9455296, 0.77594674,
                0.94442344, 0.04296565, 0.4746096 , 0.6548251 , 0.5657116 ,
                0.13858628, 0.3004663 , 0.3311677 , 0.12907016, 0.6435652 ,
                0.45473957, 0.68881893, 0.30203617, 0.49152803, 0.26529062]]]]],
           dtype=float32)>
G squeezed = tf.squeeze(G)
G_squeezed, G_squeezed. shape #reduce single dim
→ (<tf.Tensor: shape=(50,), dtype=float32, numpy=
      array([0.7413678, 0.62854624, 0.01738465, 0.3431449, 0.51063764,
             0.3777541 , 0.07321596, 0.02137029, 0.2871771 , 0.4710616 ,
             0.6936141 , 0.07321334, 0.93251204, 0.20843053, 0.70105827,
             0.45856392, 0.8596262, 0.92934334, 0.20291913, 0.76865506,
             0.60016024, 0.27039742, 0.88180614, 0.05365038, 0.42274463,
             0.89037776, 0.7887033, 0.10165584, 0.19408834, 0.27896714,
             0.39512634, 0.12235212, 0.38412368, 0.9455296 , 0.77594674,
             0.94442344, 0.04296565, 0.4746096, 0.6548251, 0.5657116,
             0.13858628, 0.3004663, 0.3311677, 0.12907016, 0.6435652,
             0.45473957, 0.68881893, 0.30203617, 0.49152803, 0.26529062],
            dtype=float32)>,
      TensorShape([50]))
ONE HOT ENCODING
some_list=[0,1,2,3]# red,green,blue,purple
#one hot encode
tf.one hot(some list,depth=4)
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(4, 4), dtype=float32, numpy=
     array([[1., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 1., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 1., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., 1.]], dtype=float32)>
#squaring, log, sqrt
H= tf.range(1,10)
Н
\rightarrow <tf.Tensor: shape=(9,), dtype=int32, numpy=array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9],
     dtype=int32)>
tf.square(H)
→ <tf.Tensor: shape=(9,), dtype=int32, numpy=array([ 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64,
     81], dtype=int32)>
```

```
tf.sqrt(tf.cast(H,dtype=tf.float32))
```

tf.math.log(tf.cast(H,dtype=tf.float32))

TENSORS AND NUMPY(COMPATIBLE)

```
J =tf.constant(np.array([3.,5.,6.]))
```

np.array(J),J.numpy()

$$\rightarrow$$
 (array([3., 5., 6.]), array([3., 5., 6.]))

ACCESS TO GPU'S

import tensorflow as tf
tf.config.list_physical_devices("GPU")#no access

PhysicalDevice(name='/physical_device:GPU:0', device_type='GPU')]

!nvidia-smi

Fri Nov 29 11:23:18 2024

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ID ID Usage

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