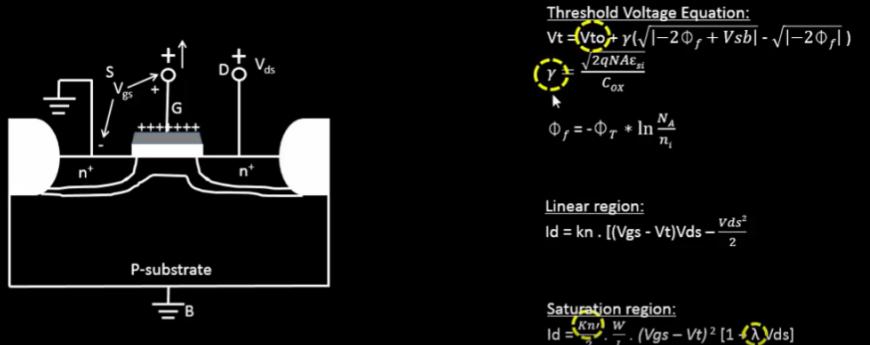
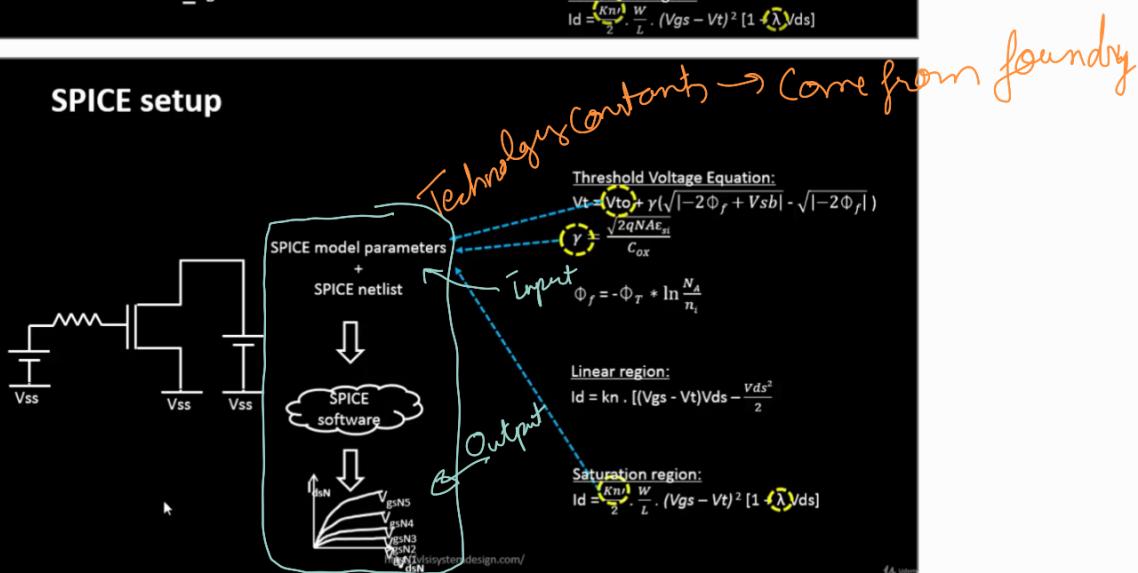


Introduction to SPICE

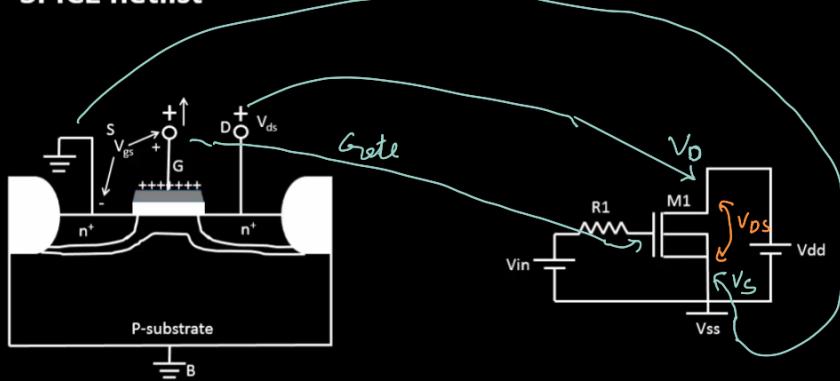
SPICE setup



SPICE setup

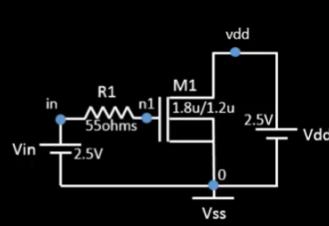


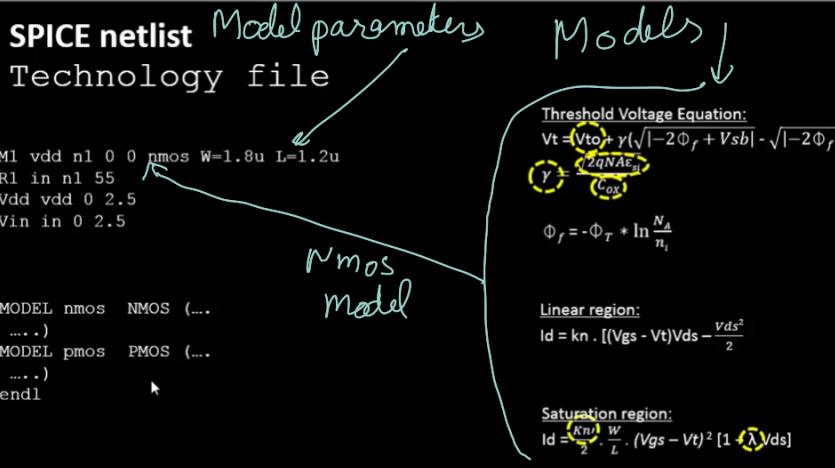
SPICE netlist



SPICE netlist Technology file

```
M1 vdd n1 0 0 nmos W=1.8u L=1.2u
R1 in n1 55
Vdd vdd 0 2.5
Vin in 0 2.5
```





SPICE netlist

Technology file

```
M1 vdd n1 0 0 nmos W=1.8u L=1.2u
R1 in n1 55
Vdd vdd 0 2.5
Vin in 0 2.5
```

Same name

```
.lib cmos_models (name of model)
.MODEL nmos NMOS (TOX = ...
+ VTH0 = ... U0 = ... GAMMA1 = ...)
.MODEL pmos PMOS (TOX = ...
+ VTH0 = ... U0 = ... GAMMA1 = ...)
.endl
```

xxxx_025um_model.mod

Threshold Voltage Equation:
 $V_t = V_{to} + \gamma(\sqrt{|-2\Phi_f + V_{sb}|} - \sqrt{|-2\Phi_f|})$

$\gamma = \frac{2qNAE_{si}}{C_{ox}}$

$\Phi_f = -\Phi_T * \ln \frac{N_A}{n_i}$

Linear region:
 $I_d = kn \cdot [(V_{gs} - V_t)V_{ds} - \frac{V_{ds}^2}{2}]$

Saturation region:
 $I_d = \frac{kn}{2} \cdot \frac{W}{L} \cdot (V_{gs} - V_t)^2 [1 - \lambda V_{ds}]$

SPICE netlist

Simulation Commands

```
*** NETLIST Description ***
M1 vdd n1 0 0 nmos W=1.8u L=1.2u
```

Netlist description section

```
R1 in n1 55
Vdd vdd 0 2.5
Vin in 0 2.5
```

*** .include xxxx_lum_model.mod ***

Include section

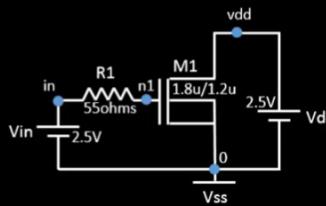
```
.LIB "xxxx_025um_model.mod" CMOS_MODELS
```

← Simulation commands
e.g. How to sweep voltages

SPICE netlist

Simulation Commands

```
*** NETLIST Description ***
M1 vdd n1 0 0 nmos W=1.8u L=1.2u
R1 in n1 55
Vdd vdd 0 2.5
Vin in 0 2.5
*** .include xxxx_lum_model.mod ***
.LIB "xxxx_025um_model.mod" CMOS_MODELS
```



Question = How do we calculate I_d for different values of ' V_{gs} ' and at every value of V_{gs} , sweep V_{ds} till $(V_{gs} - V_t)$ using linear equation for I_d ?

$$I_d = kn \cdot [(V_{gs} - V_t)V_{ds} - \frac{V_{ds}^2}{2}]$$

$$= kn \cdot [(1 - 0.45) 0.05 - 0.05^2 / 2]$$

$$= kn \cdot [0.0275 - 0.00125]$$

$$= 0 \text{ for } V_{ds} \leq (V_{gs} - V_t)$$

$I_d = kn \cdot 0.0275 \rightarrow$ Linear or resistive region of operation

$I_d = kn \cdot (V_{gs} - V_t) V_{ds} \rightarrow$ linear f(V_{ds})

$V_{gs} = 0.5V, 1V, 1.5V, 2V, 2.5V$
 $(V_{gs} - V_t) = 0.05V, 0.55V, 1.05V, 1.55V, 2.05V$
 $V_{ds} = \text{can be swept from } 0 \text{ to } 2.05$
 $V_t = 0.45V$

