CAP Theorem

CAP theorem states that it is impossible for a distributed software system to simultaneously provide more than two out of three of the following guarantees (CAP): Consistency, Availability and Partition tolerance. When we design a distributed system, trading off among CAP is almost the first thing we want to consider. CAP theorem says while designing a distributed system we can pick only two of:

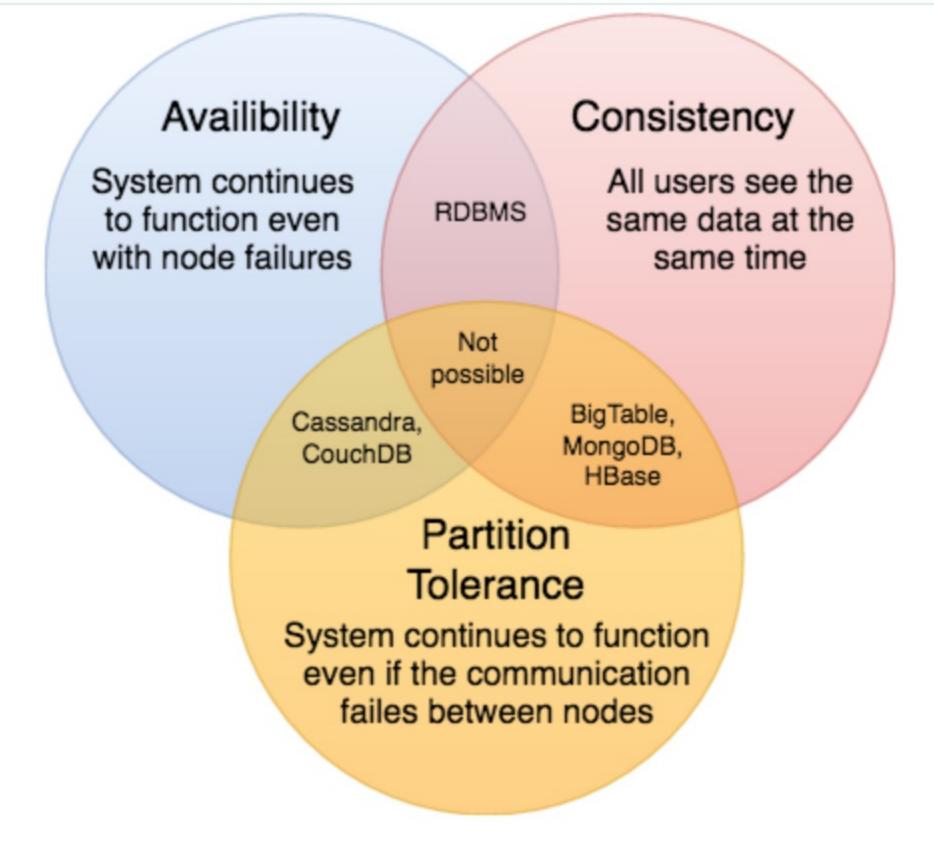
Consistency: All nodes see the same data at the same time. Consistency is achieved by updating several nodes before allowing further reads.

Availability: Every request gets a response on success/failure. Availability is achieved by replicating the data across different servers.

Partition tolerance: System continues to work despite message loss or partial failure. A system that is partition-tolerant can sustain any amount of network failure that doesn't result in a failure of the entire network. Data is sufficiently replicated

LEARN

TEACH

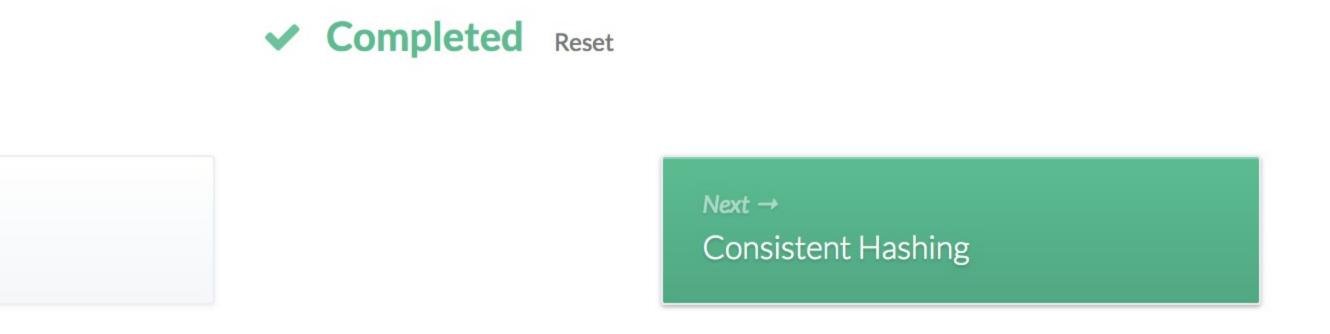


We cannot build a general data store that is continually available segmentially consistent and tolerant to any partition

LEARN

TEACH

make it to the other partitions before a client reads from the out-of-date partition after having read from the up-to-date one. The only thing that can be done to cope with this possibility is to stop serving requests from the out-of-date partition, but then the service is no longer 100% available.



Send feedback or ask a question



20 recommendations







← Previous

SQL vs. NoSQL