# The Simplified Instructional Computer (SIC)

**Assembly Language Specification** 

#### **Format**

Every line in a SIC assembly program is either a comment (starts with # character), an assembly directive, or an instruction.

#### **Directive Lines:**

Symbol	directive	operand	optional comment		
	directive	operand	optional comment		
Instruction Lines:					
Symbol	opcode		optional comment		
Symbol	opcode	operand	optional comment		
Symbol	opcode	operand, operand	optional comment		
	opcode		optional comment		
	opcode	operand	optional comment		
	opcode	operand, operand	optional comment		

### **Symbols**

- 1. Symbols cannot be defined with a name which matches an assembler directive
- 2. Symbols must start with an alpha character [A-Z]
- 3. Symbols cannot be longer than six characters
- 4. Symbols cannot contain spaces, \$, !, =, +, -, (, ), or@

### **Caveats**

Any line starting with a # is an entire line comment.

### **Directives**

The SIC assembly language specification provides for several assembler directives. These directives are as follows:

Directive	Purpose			
START	Specifies name and starting address or program, routine or library			
END	Indicate the end of the program and (optionally) specifies the first executable			
	instruction in the program			
BYTE	Generate character or hexadecimal constant, occupying as many bytes as needed to			
	represent the constant			
WORD	Generate a one-word integer constant.			
RESB	Reserve the indicated number of bytes for a data area.			
RESW	Reserve the indicated number of words for a data area.			
RESR	Reserve space for an external reference address or library location. 3 Bytes			
EXPORTS	Export the symbol address in the object file for cross-file linking 3 Bytes			

## **Revision History**

09/01/2020 - Initial Release