# **Brainstorming:**

### 1. Identifying Threats

- Malware & Ransomware: How attackers deploy malicious software and demand ransom.
- Phishing & Social Engineering: Tricks that manipulate human behavior.
- DDoS Attacks: Overloading systems to disrupt services.
- Insider Threats: Employees or partners leaking sensitive data.
- Zero-Day Exploits: Attacks targeting unknown vulnerabilities.
- IoT Vulnerabilities: Weak security in smart devices.

## 2. Analyzing the Impact

- Financial loss
- Data breaches and identity theft
- National security threats
- Reputation damage for organizations
- Disruption of critical infrastructure

#### 3. Defensive Solutions

• Encryption & Secure Communication: Protecting data in transit and storage.

- Firewalls & Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS):
  Monitoring network traffic.
- Al-Powered Threat Detection: Using machine learning to predict attacks.
- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA): Strengthening access control.
- Zero Trust Architecture: Verifying every access request.
- Cyber Awareness Training: Educating employees and users.

### 4. Emerging Technologies for Defense

- Blockchain for data integrity
- Quantum cryptography for unbreakable encryption
- Cloud security solutions
- Cyber threat intelligence platforms
- Ethical hacking and penetration testing

#### 5. Future Trends

- The rise of AI-driven attacks
- Autonomous security systems
- Regulatory frameworks and compliance standards
- Global collaboration for threat intelligence sharing

### 6. Design Integration

Visual representation of threat landscapes

- Interactive dashboards for real-time threat monitoring
- Gamified cybersecurity training modules
- Color-coded threat levels for intuitive understanding