Assingment-5

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1. Find the sum of first 10 natural numbers. (Using for loop) #include <stdio.h> void main() { int i, sum = 0; printf("The first 10 natural number is :\n"); for $(i = 1; i \le 10; i++)$ { sum = sum + i;printf("%d ",i); } printf("\nThe Sum is : %d\n", sum); } Output: The first 10 natural number is : 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

The Sum is : 55

2. Display the multiplication table of a given integer (Using while loop)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
   int i=0,n;
   printf("Input the number (Table to be calculated) : ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   printf("\n");
   while(i<10)
   {
      i++;
      printf("%d X %d = %d \n",n,i,n*i);
   }
}
Output:</pre>
```

```
Input the number (Table to be calculated) : 10

10 X 1 = 10

10 X 2 = 20

10 X 3 = 30
```

```
10 X 4 = 40

10 X 5 = 50

10 X 6 = 60

10 X 7 = 70

10 X 8 = 80

10 X 9 = 90

10 X 10 = 100
```

```
3.Display the n terms of odd natural number and their sum (Using
do...while loop)
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
   int i=1,n,sum=0;

   printf("Input number of terms : ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   printf("\nThe odd numbers are :");
   do{
```

```
printf("%d ",2*i-1);
sum+=2*i-1;
i++;
}
while(i<n);
printf("\nThe Sum of odd Natural Number upto %d terms : %d \n",n,sum);
}
Output:</pre>
```

```
Input number of terms: 10

The odd numbers are: 1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17

The Sum of odd Natural Number upto 10 terms: 81
```

4. display the pattern like right angle triangles. (Using for loop)

```
*
**

**

**

#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
  int Rows, i, j;
  for ( i = 1 ; i <= 4; i++ )
  {
    for ( j = 1 ; j <= i; j++ )
        {
        printf("*");
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

5. Display the pattern like right angle triangles. (Using while loop) 1

```
4 5 6
7 8 9 10

#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int i, j,k=1;
    i = 1;
    while ( i <= 4)
    {
```

23

6. Make such a pattern like a pyramid with numbers (Using do...while loop) 1

23 456 78910

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
   int i,j,spc,k,t=1;
   spc=4+4-1;
   for(i=1;i<=4;i++)
   {
```

```
for(k=spc;k>=1;k--)
             printf(" ");
             for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
             printf("%d ",t++);
           printf("\n");
       spc--;
       }
     }
     7. Display Pascal's triangle. (Using for loop)
      1
     1 1
    1 2 1
  1 3 3 1
 1 4 6 4 1
8. Display the first n terms of Fibonacci series. (Using for loop)
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
```

int i, n, t1 = 0, t2 = 1, nextTerm;

```
printf("Enter the number of terms: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Fibonacci Series: ");
  for (i = 1; i \le n; ++i) {
    printf("%d, ", t1);
    nextTerm = t1 + t2;
    t1 = t2;
    t2 = nextTerm;
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
Enter the number of terms: 10
Fibonacci Series: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34,
9. Check whether a given number is a perfect number or not. (Using
while loop)
```

#include<stdio.h>

```
int main()
  int num, count = 1, sum = 0;
  printf("Enter a number\n");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  while(count < num)
  {
    if(num%count == 0)
    {
      sum = sum + count;
    }
    count++;
  }
  if(sum == num)
  {
    printf("\n%d is a perfect number\n", num);
```

```
}
  else
  {
    printf("\n%d is not a perfect number\n", num);
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
Enter a number
6 is a perfect number
10. Find the Armstrong number for a given range of number. (Using
while loop)
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
```

```
int num,r,sum,temp;
int stno,enno;
printf("Input starting number of range: ");
scanf("%d",&stno);
printf("Input ending number of range : ");
scanf("%d",&enno);
printf("Armstrong numbers in given range are: ");
for(num=stno;num<=enno;num++){</pre>
  temp=num;
  sum = 0;
  while(temp!=0){
    r=temp % 10;
    temp=temp/10;
    sum=sum+(r*r*r);
  }
  if(sum==num)
```

```
printf("%d ",num);
}
printf("\n");
}
```

Output:

```
Input starting number of range: 100
Input ending number of range : 500
Armstrong numbers in given range are: 153 370 371 407
```

11. Determine whether a given number is prime or not. (Using do...while loop)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num,i=1,c=0;
    printf("Enter a Number : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
```

```
do
   {
      if(num%i==0)
      C++;
      i++;
   }
   while(i<=num);{
   if(c==2)
      printf("\n%d is Prime Number",num);
   else
      printf("\n%d is Not Prime Number",num);
   }
   return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter a Number: 97

97 is Prime Number
```

```
12. Display the number in reverse order. (Using do...while loop)
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, rev = 0, remainder;
  printf("Enter an integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  do
  {
    remainder = n % 10;
    rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
    n /= 10;
  }
  while (n != 0);
  {
  printf("Reversed number = %d", rev);
  }
  return 0;
}
Output:
```

```
Enter an integer: 54321
Reversed number = 12345
13. Display the sum of the series [ 9 + 99 + 999 + 9999 ...] (Using for
loop)
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{ long int n,i,t=9;
     int sum =0;
     printf("Input the number or terms :");
     scanf("%ld",&n);
     for (i=1;i<=n;i++)
     { sum +=t;
      printf("%ld ",t);
      t=t*10+9;
     }
     printf("\nThe sum of the series = %d \n",sum);
```

}

Output: