## **BACHELOR'S DEGREE PROGRAMME**

## Term-End Examination June, 2015

ELECTIVE COURSE : COMMERCE ECO-2 : ACCOUNTANCY-I

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Weightage: 70%

Note: Attempt any four questions, including Question No. 1 which is compulsory.

1. Answer any two of the following:

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- (a) Name the parties interested in Accounting information and state their basic interests therein.
- (b) Explain with example the 'Cost Concept' and 'Dual Aspect Concept'.
- (c) "Single entry book-keeping is an incomplete system". Do you agree ? Explain.
- (d) Explain the method of valuation of unsold stock for calculating fair profit on consignment.

- 2. (a) What is Bank Reconciliation Statement? 6+6 What are its advantages?
  - (b) On 31<sup>st</sup> Dec. 2012, the Cash Book of Mr. Karamat Ali showed a debit balance of ₹ 5,850. Prepare the Bank Reconciliation statement to work out the passbook balance from the following information:
    - (i) Cheques amounting to ₹ 1,350 issued in mid December have not been presented for payment till 31-12-12.
    - (ii) A cheque of ₹ 900 was deposited but it was collected in the first week of January.
    - (iii) Dividend collected by bank, ₹ 390 has not been shown in Cash book.
    - (iv) ₹ 225 deposited by a customer direct in the bank account of the account holder.
    - (v) Bank charges, ₹ 45 appeared only in the pass book.
    - (vi) A cheque of ₹ 120 entered in Cash Book but it was not sent to bank for collection.

-	Debit	Credit
Name of Account	Balance	Balance
	(₹)	(₹)
Stock (1-1-2012)	60,000	-
Land and Building	6,00,000	-
Furniture	1,12,500	- /
Machinery	3,00,000	- (
Capital	1	6,00,000
Sales		11,25,000
Wages	52,500	1-0
Purchases	5,73,750	
Purchases Return	WY.	16,500
Sales Return	26,250	-
Carriage Inward	11,250	0- //
Salaries	36,000	
Rent (	26,250	JLD
Interest paid on bank loan	11,250	15.
Discount	3,750	
Bad debt	3,750	- 1
Interest received		7,125
Cash in hand	16,125	-
Cash at Bank	41,250	
Investments	56,250	-
Debtors	1,14,000	
Goodwill	37,500	-
Creditors		1,50,000
B/R and B/P	15,000	11,250
Bank Loan	-	1,87,500
	20,97,375	

## Other Information:

- (a) Stock as on 31-12-2012, ₹ 13,500
- (b) Make a provision for doubtful debts @ 5%
- (c) Accrued interest on investment, ₹ 1,200
- (d) Depreciate Machinery by 10% and Furniture by 10%
- 4. Ram and Raheem entered into a contract to construct a building for ₹ 10,00,000. Ram was entrusted to maintain joint venture accounts and also to look after the joint venture business. He was entitled to a commission of 5% on contract price, in addition to a profit in a ratio of 4 : 3. Raheem paid his share of contribution of ₹ 4,00,000. Ram purchased construction material for ₹ 7,25,000 and paid other expenses, 25,000. Ram also contributed material from his own stock worth ₹ 40,000. Stock remaining unconsumed was taken over by Raheem for ₹ 50,000.

Record the above transactions in the Journal of Ram and show the Joint Venture Account and Raheem's personal account as the working notes.

- 5. Comment on **any two** of the following 6+6 statements:
  - (a) Income and Expenditure Account is different from Profit and Loss Account.
  - (b) Trial Balance is not the conclusive proof a accuracy of books.
  - (c) Accounting equation is based on Dual concept of Book-keeping.

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6. (a) From the following particulars taken from 6+6 the Cash Book of a club prepare a Receipts and Payments Account for the year ending 31-3-2013.

Opening balance	₹	
Cash	10,000	
Bank	50,000	
Subscriptions	3,30,000	
Donations Received	26,000	
Investments purchased	1,00,000	
Rent paid	40,000	
General Expenses	21,000	
Postage and stationery	7,000	
Sundry Expenses	3,000	
Closing cash in hand	2,000	

(b) Explain the factors that are taken into account while determining the amount of depreciation, and show how its total amount is worked out.