JAII Day-1



Java Introduction

- Author: James Gosling
- > Organization: SUN Microsystems, now oracle it is
- > Launching Year: 1995
- > Initial name: oak, then renamed to java
- > develop desktop, web and mobile applications

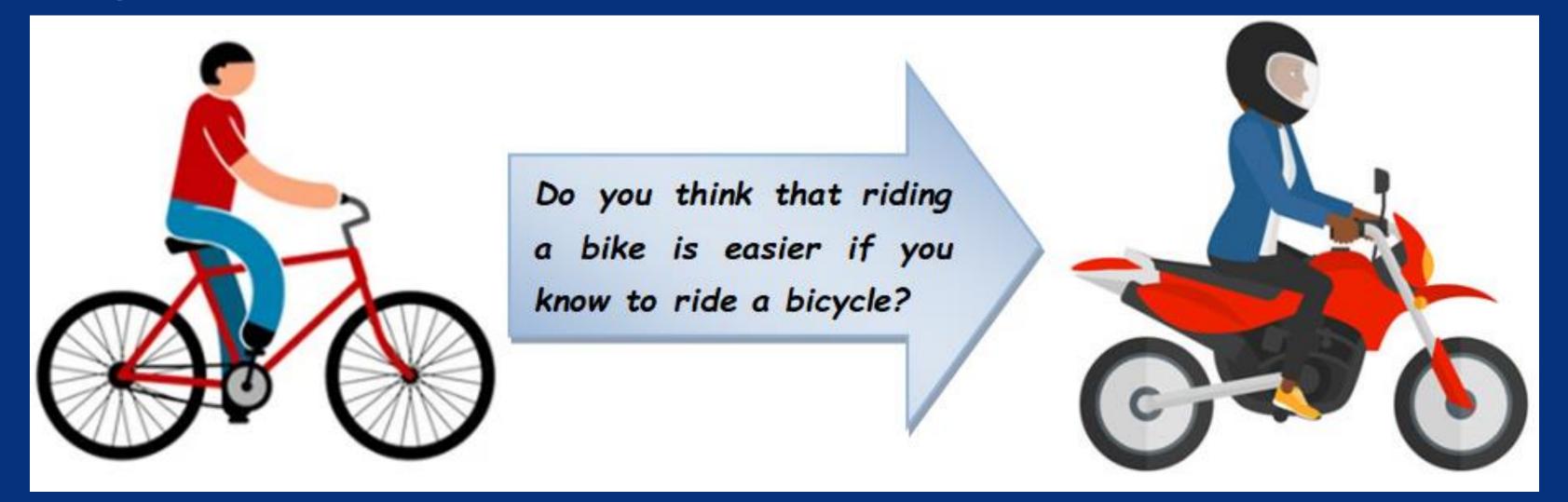
Java Editions

- Java Standard Edition (SE)
- Java Enterprise Edition (EE)
- Java Micro Edition (ME)



Java Features

1. Simple



- > Syntaxes Similar to previous languages
- > Automatic Memory Management

Java Features (Contd.)

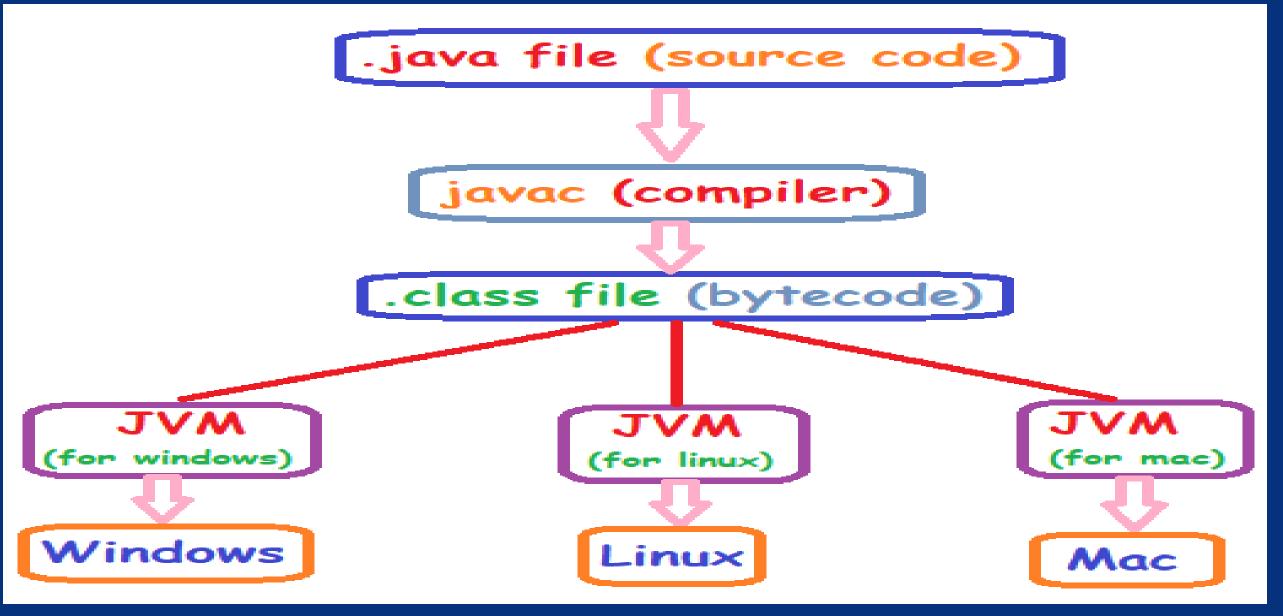
2. Portability

Think about the charger which is very useful for stores that repair phones & for electrical sockets that people us for charging their phones at railway station



Java Features (Contd.)

2. Portability (contd.)



Architecture Neutrality

Write Once Run Anywhere

Java has standard data type i.e. No implementation dependant data type

Portability = Architecture Neutrality + Standard Data type

Java Features (Contd.)

- 3. Interpreted
- 4. Security
- 5. Object Oriented
- 6. Robust
- 7. Multithreaded

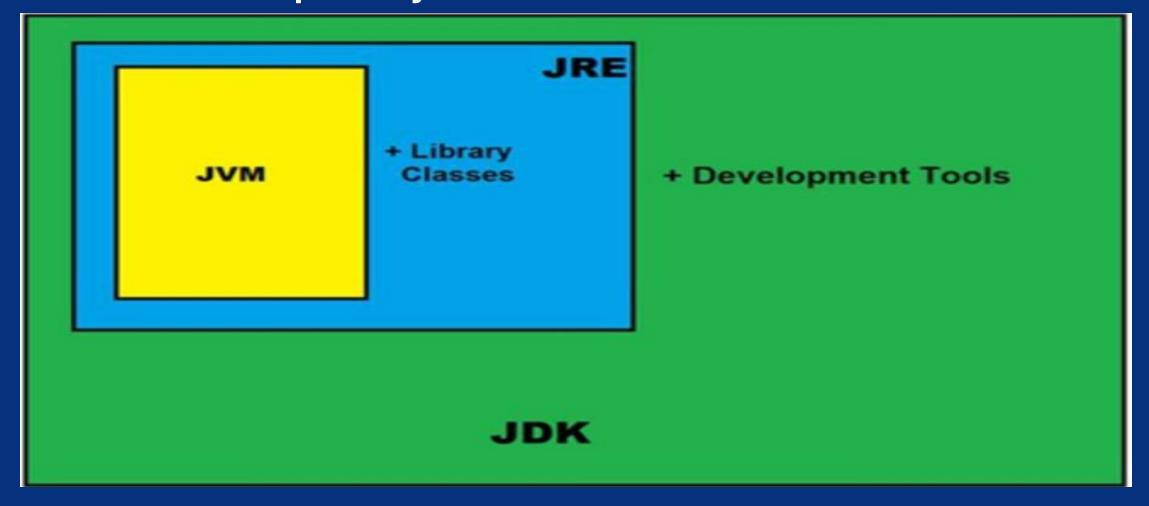
Installation and Path Setting

- Download the setup from the following link https://www.oracle.com/in/java/technologies/downloads/
- 2. Set the path for variables JAVA_HOME and PATH

JDK & JRE

JDK (Java Development Kit) is used when you want to develop and run the java code

JRE (Java runtime environment) is used when you want to run the java code but not to develop the java code; Both JVM and JRE contains the JVM



The first java Program

some-path>Java com.masai.Main

Hello World

```
This is a simple java program to print Hello World
package com.masai;
public class Main {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
  System.out.println("Hello world");
some-path/com/masai>javac Main.java
```

Naming conventions for java

for packages

All-lowercase ASCII letters and should be one of the top-level domain names Subsequent components of the package name vary according to an organization's own internal naming conventions

e.g. com.sun.eng, edu.cmu.cs.bovik.cheese, com.masai.curriculum

for class name and interface

Should be nouns, in mixed case with the first letter of each internal word capitalized.

e.g. SimpleInterestCalculator, ThreadGroup

for class name and interface

Should be verbs, in mixed case with the first letter lowercase, with the first letter of each internal word capitalized

Variable names should be short yet meaningful.

e.g. getInterestAmount(), runFast()

Naming conventions for java (Contd.)

for variables

All instance variables, class, and class constants are in mixed case with a lowercase first letter. Internal words start with capital letters. e.g. principleAmount, length, totalBillAmount

Tip: One-character variable names should be avoided except for temporary "throwaway" variables. Common names for temporary variables are i, j, k, m, and n for integers; c, d, and e for characters.

for Constants

The names of variables declared class constants and of ANSI constants should be all uppercase with words separated by underscores ("_").
e.g. MIN_WIDTH, CPU_CORES, MAX_PRIORITY

Q U E R ?