Installing Kubernetes on AWS EC2

Prerequisites:

- Ubuntu instance (You may use other linux instance as well)
- AWS-cli setup
- S3 bucket

```
Using username "ec2-user".

Authenticating with public key "imported-openssh-key"

Last login: Mon Oct 8 05:33:38 2018 from c-73-69-142-34.hsdl.ma.comcast.net

___| (__| _ / Amazon Linux AMI ___| \__| \__| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | __| | _|
```

Install kubectl

On ubuntu instance, make sure you have AWS cli and KOPS setup. We shall also need **kubectl** (Kubernetes cli)

- Install Kubectl on Linux:

curl -LO https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/\$(curl -s https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl chmod +x ./kubectl /usr/local/bin/kubectl

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-43 ~]$ curl -LO https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/$(curl -s https://storage.googleapis.com/kubernetes-release/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/amd64/kubectl

% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Time Current
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed

100 54.6M 100 54.6M 0 0 49.4M 0 0:00:01 0:00:01 --:--- 49.4M

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-43 ~]$ chmod +x ./kubectl

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-43 ~]$ sudo mv ./kubectl /usr/local/bin/kubectl

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-43 ~]$
```

Now, let's install kops on ubuntu box:

wget https://github.com/kubernetes/kops/releases/download/1.6.1/kops-linux-amd64

chmod +x kops-linux-amd64 sudo mv kops-linux-amd64 /usr/local/bin/kops

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-43 ~]$ wget https://github.com/kubernetes/kops/releases/download/1.6.1/kops-linux-amd64
--2018-10-08 16:56:06-- https://github.com/kubernetes/kops/releases/download/1.6.1/kops-linux-amd64
Resolving github.com (github.com).. 192.30.253.113|.192.30.253.112
Connecting to github.com (github.com)|192.30.253.113|.1443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response.. 302 Found
Location: https://github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com/62091339/4e48c984-4eca-11e7-9a28-7434a10577b
d7X-Amz-Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256X-Amz-Credential=AKTAIWNJYAX4CSVEH53A82F20181008%2Fus-east-1%2F253%2Faws4 request&X-Amz-Date-20181008T1655066X&X-Amz-Exprises-3006X-Amz-Signature-ec73020257315050d3740737fcc21079bdd668a1bd7a4caf6a4e21c83
2989aa&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&actor_id=0&response-content-disposition=attachment%3B%20filename%3Dkops-linux-amd64&response-content-type=application%2Foctet-stream [following]
--2018-10-08 16:55:06-- https://github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com/62091339/4e48c984-4eca-11e7-9
a28-7434a10577bd7X-Amz-Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256&X-Amz-Credential=AKTAIWNYXAKGSVEH53A82F20181008%2Fus-east-1%2FS3%2F
ax84_request&X-Amz-Date=20181008T1656062&X-Amz-Expires=3006X-Amz-Signature=ce73082057315050d3740737fcc2f1079bd8d668ab1bd
7a4caf6a4e21c832989aa&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&actor_id=0&response-content-disposition=attachment%3B%20filename%3Dkops
-linux-amd64&response-content-type=application%2Foctet-stream
Resolving github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com (github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com)... 52.216.81.144
Connecting to github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com (github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com)... 52.216.81.144
Connecting to github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com (github-production-release-asset-2e65be.s3.amazonaws.com)|52.216.81.144|:443... connected.

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 72731008 (690) [application/octet-stream]
Saving to: 'Nops-linux-amd64'
```

Create Route53 domain for the cluster

kubernetes make use of DNS for discovery within the cluster so that you can reach out kubernetes-API-server from clients.

Create a hosted zone on Route53, say, **k8s.appychip.vpc**. The API server endpoint will then be **api.k8s.appychip.vpc**

Create a S3 bucket

Now, create a S3 bucket to store the configuration for the cluster. Make sure the instance have right role to access S3 and Route53:

\$ aws s3 mb s3://clusters.k8s.appychip.vpc

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-43 ~]$ aws s3 mb s3://clusters.k8s.aws.amazon.com
make_bucket: clusters.k8s.aws.amazon.com
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-43 ~]$
```

Expose environment variable:

\$ export KOPS STATE STORE=s3://clusters.k8s.appychip.vpc

Create Kubernetes Cluster

Now comes the interesting part to create the cluster. You can reuse existing VPC (kops will create a new subnet in this VPC) by providing the **vpc-id**option. The following command will give you details what all things are going to happen:

\$ kops create cluster --cloud=aws --zones=us-east-1d -name=useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc --dns-zone=appychip.vpc --dns private

UPGRADE KOPS

wget -O kops <a href="https://github.com/kubernetes/kops/releases/download/\$(curl - s https://api.github.com/repos/kubernetes/kops/releases/latest | grep tag_name | cut -d ''' -f 4)/kops-linux-amd64

NOTE: Make sure you have ssh keys already generated otherwise it will throw an error.

Generating SSH key

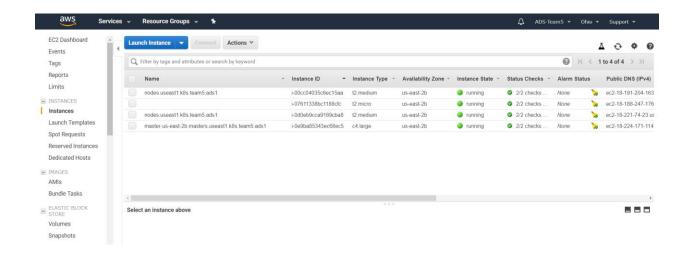
Now to actually create cluster run the following command:

kops update cluster useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc --yes

Now after the update cluster command has been executed the clusters will be created in AWS EC2

```
ntu@ip-172-31-77-124:~$ kops update cluster useast1.k8s.app
                                             20015 dns.go:91] Private DNS: skipping DNS validation
20015 executor.go:91] Tasks: 0 done / 63 total; 33 can run
20015 vfs_castore.go:422] Issuing new certificate: "kube-scheduler"
20015 vfs_castore.go:422] Issuing new certificate: "kubelet"
20015 vfs_castore.go:422] Issuing new certificate: "kubelet"
10705 19:11:04.100468
10705 19:11:04.209462
10705 19:11:05.293974
10705 19:11:05.909852
10705 19:11:05.992206
                                             20015 vfs_castore.go:422] Issuing new certificate: "kubecrg
20015 vfs_castore.go:422] Issuing new certificate: "master"
20015 vfs_castore.go:422] Issuing new certificate: "kube-controller-manager"
20015 vfs_castore.go:422] Issuing new certificate: "kube-proxy"
10705 19:11:06.132108
10705 19:11:06.223424
10705 19:11:06.274091
10705 19:11:06.463876
                                              20015 executor.go:91] Tasks: 33 done / 63 total; 11 can run
20015 executor.go:91] Tasks: 44 done / 63 total; 17 can run
10705 19:11:06.859543
10705 19:11:07.577418
                                             20015 launchconfiguration.go:319] waiting for IAM instance profile "nodes.useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc" to be ready 20015 launchconfiguration.go:319] waiting for IAM instance profile "masters.useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc" to be ready 20015 executor.go:91] Tasks: 61 done / 63 total; 2 can run 20015 executor.go:91] Tasks: 63 done / 63 total; 0 can run 20015 dns.go:152] Pre-creating DNS records 20015 dns.go:152] Pre-creating DNS records
10705 19:11:07.721639
10705 19:11:07.722705
10705 19:11:17.976219
10705 19:11:18.697997
10705 19:11:18.698106
10705 19:11:19.645946 20015 update_cluster.go:229] Exporting kubecfg for cluster
Kops has set your kubectl context to useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc
Cluster is starting. It should be ready in a few minutes.
Suggestions:
  * validate cluster: kops validate cluster

    list nodes: kubectl get nodes --show-labels
    ssh to the master: ssh -i -/.ssh/id_rsa admin@api.useastl.k8s.appychip.vpc
```



```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-124:~$ kops validate cluster
Using cluster from kubectl context: useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc
Validating cluster useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc
INSTANCE GROUPS
NAME
                        ROLE
                                MACHINETYPE
                                                MIN
                                                         MAX
                                                                 SUBNETS
master-us-east-1d
                        Master m3.medium
                                                                 us-east-1d
                                                 1
                                                         1
                                t2.medium
nodes
                        Node
                                                                 us-east-1d
NODE STATUS
                                ROLE
                                        READY
ip-172-20-53-62.ec2.internal
                                master
                                        True
ip-172-20-61-83.ec2.internal
                                        False
                                node
```

To get nodes

Run-kubectl get nodes

```
AGE
                                                     VERSION
ip-172-20-53-62.ec2.internal
                                Ready
                                                     v1.6.2
ip-172-20-55-195.ec2.internal
                                                     v1.6.2
ip-172-20-61-83.ec2.internal
.
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-124:~$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-124:~$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-124:~$ kubectl create -f https://rawgit.com/kubernetes/dashboard/master/src/deploy/kubernetes-dashboard.yaml
serviceaccount "kubernetes-dashboard" created
clusterrolebinding "kubernetes-dashboard" created
deployment "kubernetes-dashboard" created
service "kubernetes-dashboard" created
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-124:~$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-124:~$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-77-124:
```

Deploying Nginx Container

Let's deploy a simple service made up of some nginx containers:

Create an nginx deployment:

```
$ kubectl run sample-nginx --image=nginx --replicas=2 --port=80
$ kubectl get pods
NAME
                         STATUS RESTARTS AGE
                READY
sample-nginx-379829228-xb9y3 1/1
                                    Running 0
                                                  10s
sample-nginx-379829228-yhd25 1/1
                                    Running 0
                                                   10s
$ kubectl get deployments
         DESIRED CURRENT UP-TO-DATE AVAILABLE AGE
NAME
                  2
                        2
sample-nginx 2
                               2
                                     295
```

Expose the deployment as service. This will create an ELB in front of those 2 containers and allow us to publicly access them:

\$ kubectl expose deployment sample-nginx --port=80 --type=LoadBalancer \$ kubectl get services -o wide NAME CLUSTER-IP **EXTERNAL-IP** PORT(S) AGF SELECTOR kubernetes 100.64.0.1 443/TCP <none> 25m <none> sample-nginx 100.70.129.69 adca6650a60e611e7a66612ae64874d4-175711331.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com/ 80/TCP 19m run=sample-nginx

There is an ELB running on http://adca6650a60e611e7a66612ae64874d4-175711331.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com with our nginx containers behind it:



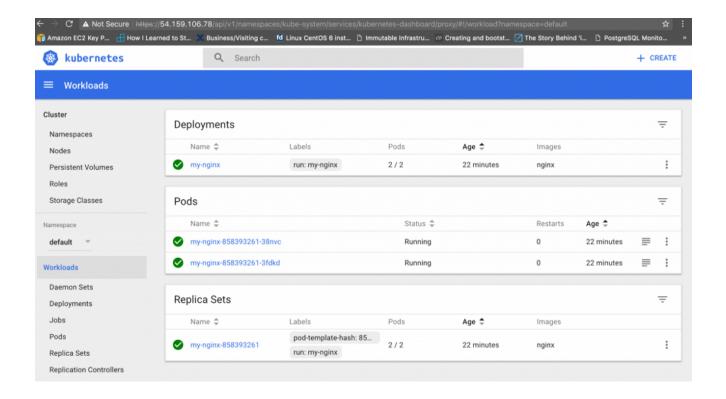
Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to nginx.org. Commercial support is available at nginx.com.

Thank you for using nginx.

You can also view the UI by accessing master node. Hit master node's IP/Domain in browser, it will ask for credentials. Run command *kubectl config view* to see the credentials.



To delete the cluster and remove all AWS resources with, run the following command:

\$ kops delete cluster --name=useast1.k8s.appychip.vpc -yes

That's All is required to setup kubernetes on AWS EC2.