**Problem 2.** We have seen that in a naive Bayes model with features  $f_1, f_2...$ , for a specific text with corresponding feature counts  $n_1, n_2...$ , the log probability that the text belongs in a particular class is given by the model as follows:

$$\log P(class|text) \approx \log P(class) + n_1 \log P(f_1|class) + n_2 \log P(f_2|class) + \cdots$$

That is, the log probability of class membership is proportional to the distance above a plane corresponding to the class. The normal to the plane is a weight vector  $\mathbf{w} = w_1, w_2...$  where for all features  $f_i$ ,  $w_i = \log P(f_i|class)$ . (We can consider the log prior probability  $\log P(class)$  as an extra feature  $w_0$  where for all texts,  $n_0 = 1$ .)

For the following parts, assume we have two classes  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ , with associated weight vectors  $\mathbf{w}_1$  and  $\mathbf{w}_2$ .

a. (4 points) Given a text represented by a feature count vector  $\mathbf{n} = n_1, n_2 \dots$ , when will the model classify the text as belonging to class  $C_1$ ? When will the model classify the text as belonging to class  $C_2$ ? Give the answers in terms of  $\mathbf{w}_1$ ,  $\mathbf{w}_2$  and  $\mathbf{n}$ .

when n\*w1 > n\*w2, the model will classify the text as C1 when n\*w1 < n\*w2, the model will classify the text as C2

b. (4 points) Given your answer above, how can we represent the *decision boundary* between the classes  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ ? In which direction from the boundary are texts classified as  $C_1$ , and in which direction as  $C_2$ ? Give the answers in terms of  $\mathbf{w}_1$  and  $\mathbf{w}_2$ .

Decision boundary D will be given by n\*w1 - n\*w2 = 0 i.e (n\*w1 = n\*w2) The region in the direction along w1 with respect to D will be C1 The region in the direction along w2 wrt D will be C2