Assignment MySQL

```
Table 1: SalesPeople
Snum is Primary key
Sname is Unique constraint
Snum Sname City Comm
1001 Peel. London .12
1002 Serres Sanjose .13
1004 Motika London .11
1007 Rifkin Barcelona .15
1003 Axelrod Newyork .10
```

Syntax:

```
CREATE TABLE salespeople (
Snum INT PRIMARY KEY,
Sname VARCHAR(30) UNIQUE,
City VARCHAR(30),
Comm INT
);
```

```
mysql> select * from salespeople;
                 | City
  Snum | Sname
                              Comm
 1001 |
        Peel
                  London
                                 12
 1002
        Sserres
                  Sanjose
                                 13
 1003
        Axelrod
                 Newyork
                                 10
 1004
        Motika
                  London
                                 11
 1007
        Rifkin
                 | Barcelona
                                 15
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> desc salespeople;
                      | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field | Type
                               PRI
                                     NULL
 Snum
          int
                        NO
 Sname
          varchar(30)
                        YES
                               UNI
                                     NULL
 City
         varchar(30)
                        YES
                                     NULL
         int
                        YES
 Comm
                                     NULL
 rows in set (0.27 sec)
```

Table 2: Customers

Cnum is Primary Key

City has not null constraint.

Snum is foreign key constraint refers Snum column of SalesPeople table.

Cnum Cname City Snum

2001 Hoffman London 1001

2002 Giovanni Rome 1003

2003 Liu Sanjose 1002

2004 Grass Berlin 1002

2006 Clemens London 1001 2008 Cisneros Sanjose 1007 2007 Pereira Rome 1004

Syntax:

Create Table Customers(Cnum INT PRIMAY KEY,
Cname VARCHAR(30),
City VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
Snum INT,
FOREIGN KEY (Snum) REFERENCES Salespeople(Snum)
);

```
sql> desc customers;
                    | Null | Key | Default | Extra
                             PRI
Cnum
                     NO
                                   NULL
       varchar(30)
                     YES
                                   NULL
Cname
City
       varchar(30)
                     NO
                                   NULL
                    YES
Snum
       int
                           | MUL |
                                  NULL
rows in set (0.10 sec)
sql> select * from customers;
                | City
                          Snum
Cnum | Cname
2001
      Hoffman
                 London
                            1001
      Giovanni
                            1003
2002
                 Rome
2003
                 Sanjose
                            1002
2004
      Grass
                 Berlin
                            1002
      Clemens
                 London
                            1001
2006
      Pereira
2007
                 Rome
                            1004
2008 | Cisneros | Sanjose | 1007
rows in set (0.12 sec)
```

Table 3: Orders

Onum is Primary key

Cnum is foreign key refers to Cnum column of Customers table. Snum is foreign key refers Snum column of SalesPeople table.

Onum Amt Odate Cnum Snum

3001 18.69 3-10-1990 2008 1007

3003 767.19 3-10-1990 2001 1001

3002 1900.10 3-10-1990 2007 1004

3005 5160.45 3-10-1990 2003 1002

3006 1098.16 3-10-1990 2008 1007

3009 1713.23 4-10-1990 2002 1003

3007 75.75 4-10-1990 2004 1002

3008 4273.00 5-10-1990 2006 1001

3010 1309.95 6-10-1990 2004 1002

3011 9891.88 6-10-1990 2006 1001

Syntax:

CREATE TABLE orders (

Onum INT PRIMARY KEY,

Amt decimal(6,2),

Odate VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,

```
Cnum INT NOT NULL,

Snum INT NOT NULL,

FOREIGN KEY (Cnum) REFERENCES Customers(Cnum),

FOREIGN KEY (Snum) REFERENCES Salespeople(Snum)
);
```

On the basis of above tables specific tasks has been performed according to the questions:

1. Count the number of Salesperson whose name begin with 'a'/'A'.

```
mysql> select count(*) from SalesPeople where Sname like 'a%' or Sname like 'A%';

+------
| count(*) |

+------

1 |

1 |

+------

1 row in set (0.44 sec)
```

2. Display all the Salesperson whose all orders worth is more than Rs. 2000.

3. Count the number of Salesperson belonging to Newyork.

```
mysql> select Sname from SalesPeople where City='Newyork';
+-----+
| Sname |
+-----+
| Axelrod |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Display the number of Salespeople belonging to London and belonging to Paris.

5. Display the number of orders taken by each Salesperson and their date of orders.

```
mysql> SELECT Odate,Snum,COUNT(*)
   -> FROM orders
    -> GROUP BY Odate, Snum;
        | Snum | COUNT(*) |
 3-10-1990 | 1007 |
                            2
 3-10-1990 | 1004 |
                           1
 3-10-1990 | 1001 |
                            1
 3-10-1990 | 1002
                            1
                            1
 4-10-1990 | 1002
 5-10-1990 | 1001
                           1
 4-10-1990 | 1003
                            1
 6-10-1990 | 1002
                            1
 6-10-1990 | 1001
 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```