# **AWS Solutions Architect: Associate Level**

Source: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/

# **TECHNOLOGY**

# **Amazon Route 53**



# **Learning Objectives**

By the end of the lesson, you will be able to:

- Explain Domain Name System (DNS)
- Describe Amazon Route 53
- Discuss the concepts of Amazon Route 53
- List the AWS recommended best practices for Amazon Route 53



# **TECHNOLOGY**

# **Domain Name System (DNS)**

# **Domain Name System (DNS)**

Domain Name System (DNS) translates human readable domain names (www.example.com) to machine readable IP addresses (192.0.2.44).

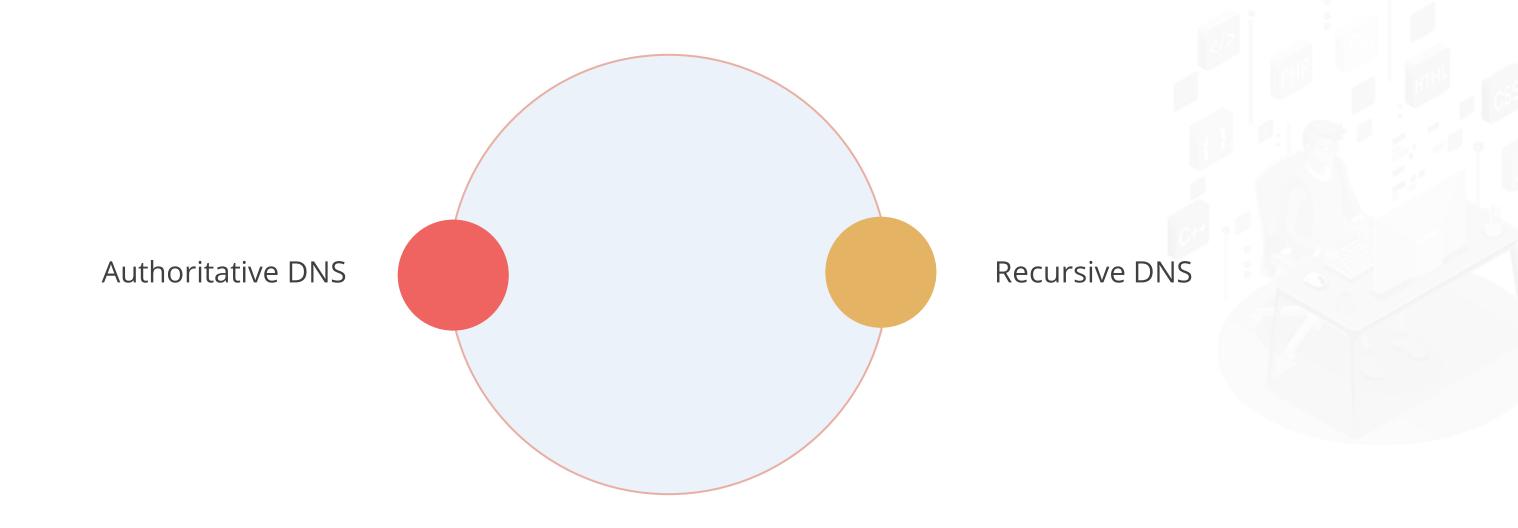


Domain Name System



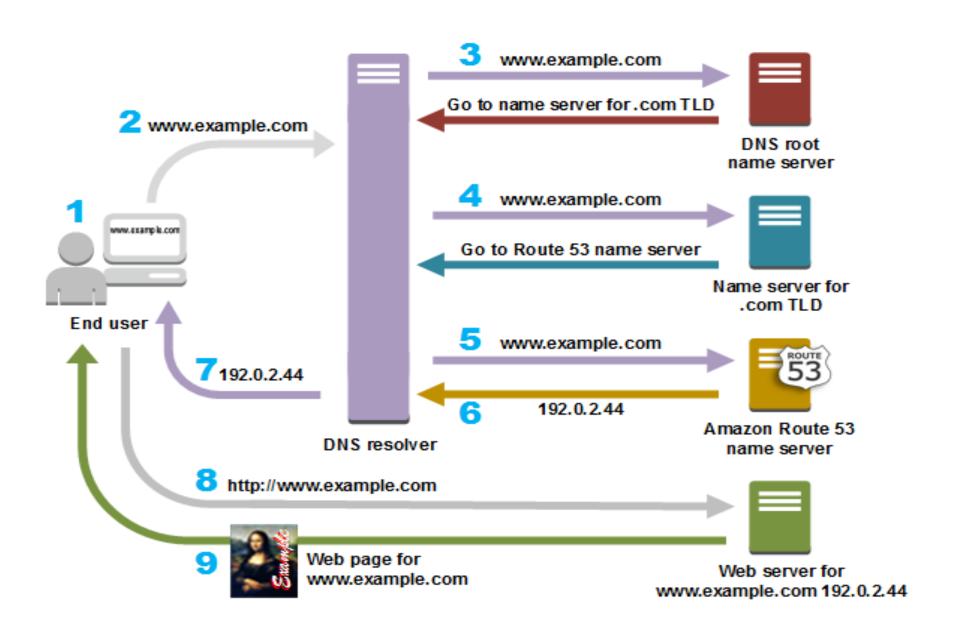
# **Domain Name System Services**

These are the two types of DNS services:



## **Domain Name System Workflow**

The following diagram gives an overview of how recursive and authoritative DNS services work together to route an end user to the website or application:



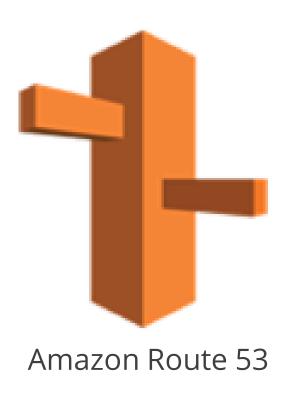


# **TECHNOLOGY**

# **Introduction to Amazon Route 53**

#### **Amazon Route 53**

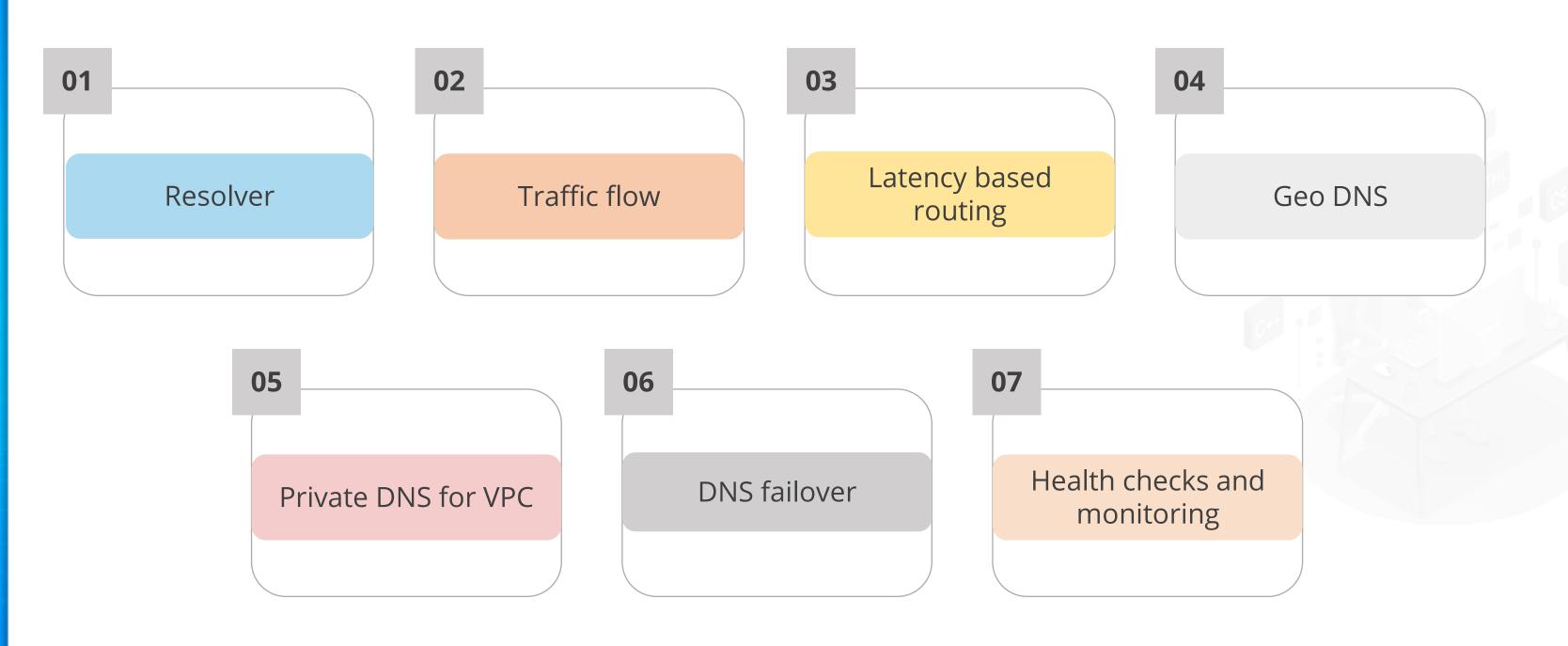
Amazon Route 53 is a highly available and scalable cloud Domain Name System (DNS) web service.





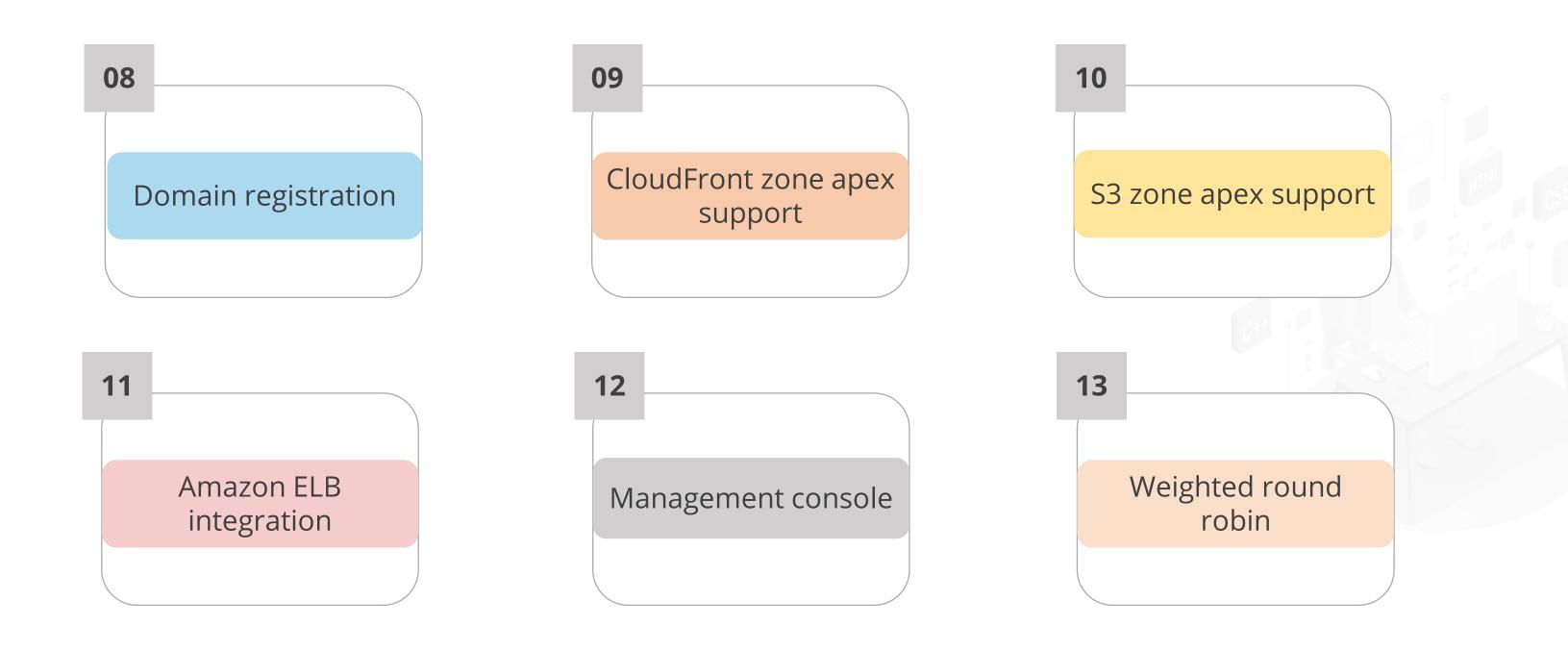
#### **Features of Amazon Route 53**

The following are the features of Amazon Route 53:



#### **Features of Amazon Route 53**

The following are the features of Amazon Route 53:



# **Benefits of Amazon Route 53**

The following are some of the benefits of Amazon Route 53:

01	Highly available and reliable
02	Flexible
03	Well designed
04	Easy-to-use
05	Fast performance

# **Benefits of Amazon Route 53**

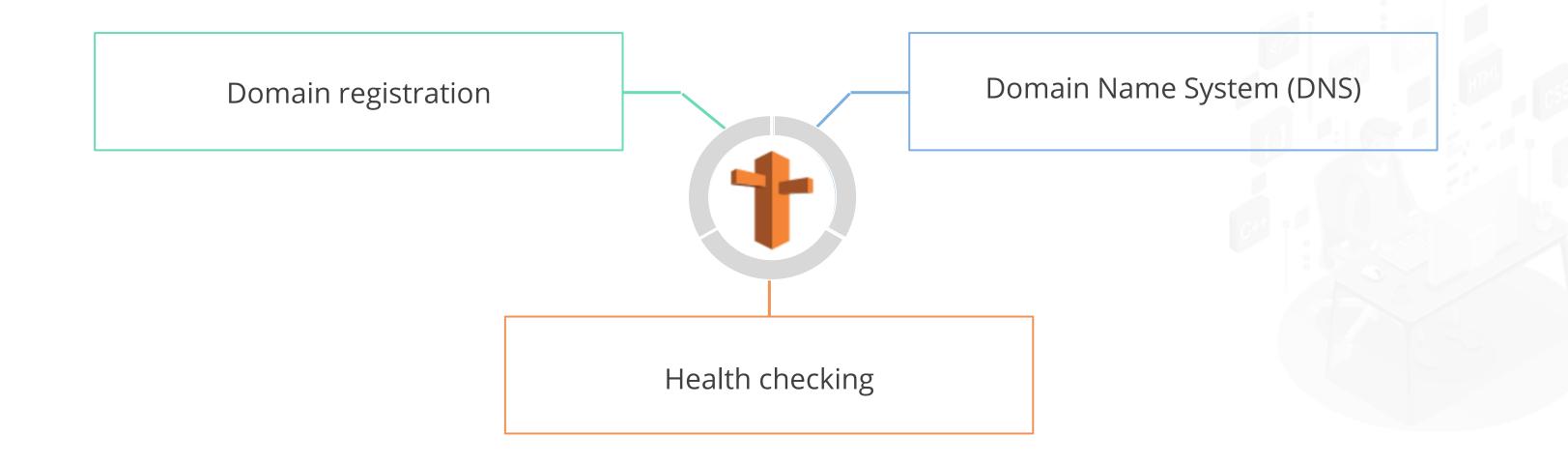
The following are some of the benefits of Amazon Route 53:

06	Cost-effective
07	Secure
08	Scalable
09	Simplifies the hybrid cloud

# **TECHNOLOGY**

# **Amazon Route 53 Concepts and Terminologies**

The following are the concepts of Amazon Route 53:



The following concepts are related to domain registration:

01	Domain name
02	Domain registrar
03	Domain registry
04	Domain reseller
05	Top-level domain (TLD)

The following concepts are related to Domain Name System (DNS):

01	Authoritative name server
02	DNS query
03	DNS resolver
04	IP address
05	Private DNS

The following concepts are related to Domain Name System (DNS):

06	Recursive name servers
07	Reusable delegation set
08	Routing policy
09	Subdomain
10	Time to live (TTL)

The following concepts are related to health checking:

01	DNS failover	P
02	Endpoint	
03	Health check	

The following terminologies are used in Amazon Route 53:

01
Name servers

02 Alias record

03 Hosted zone

04
DNS record

It helps to translate domain names into the IP addresses that computers use to communicate with one another.



The following terminologies are used in Amazon Route 53:

 01
 02

 Name servers
 Alias record

 Hosted zone
 DNS record

It is a type of record that users can create with Amazon Route 53 to route traffic to AWS resources such as Amazon CloudFront distributions and Amazon S3 buckets.



The following terminologies are used in Amazon Route 53:

01
Name servers

02

**Alias record** 

03

**Hosted zone** 

04

**DNS** record

It is a container for records, which includes information about how the users want to route traffic for a domain and all of its subdomains.



The following terminologies are used in Amazon Route 53:

 01
 02

 Name servers
 Alias record

 Hosted zone
 DNS record

It is an object in a hosted zone that the users use to define how they want to route traffic for the domain or a subdomain.



# **TECHNOLOGY**

## **Amazon Route 53 Policies**

Amazon Route 53 supports the following routing policies:

01

Simple routing policy

02

Failover routing policy

03

**Geolocation routing** policy

04

**Geoproximity** routing policy

It is used to route internet traffic to a single resource that performs a given function for the domain, for example, a web server that serves content for the example.com website.

Amazon Route 53 supports the following routing policies:

01

Simple routing policy

02

Failover routing policy

03

**Geolocation routing** policy

04

**Geoproximity** routing policy

It is used when the users want to configure active-passive failover.

Amazon Route 53 supports the following routing policies:

01

Simple routing policy

02

Failover routing policy

03

Geolocation routing policy

04

**Geoproximity** routing policy

It is used when the users want to route internet traffic to the resources based on the location of the users.

Amazon Route 53 supports the following routing policies:

01

Simple routing policy

02

Failover routing policy

03

Geolocation routing policy

04

**Geoproximity** routing policy

It is used when the users want to route traffic based on the location of the resources and, optionally, shift traffic from resources in one location to resources in another.



Amazon Route 53 supports the following routing policies:

05
Latency routing policy

06
Multivalue answer routing policy

Weighted routing policy

It is used when the users have resources in multiple locations, and they want to route traffic to the resource that provides the best latency.

Amazon Route 53 supports the following routing policies:

05

**Latency routing policy** 

06

Multivalue answer routing policy

07

Weighted routing policy

It helps the users to check the health of each resource, so Amazon Route 53 returns only values for healthy resources.

Amazon Route 53 supports the following routing policies:

05

**Latency routing policy** 

06

Multivalue answer routing policy

07

Weighted routing policy

It is used to route traffic to multiple resources in proportions that the users specify.



# **Register a New Domain Name**



**Duration: 10 min.** 

#### **Problem Statement:**

You are given a project to register a new domain name.

# **Assisted Practice: Guidelines to Register a New Domain Name**

#### Steps to perform:

- Open the Amazon Route 53 console
- Register a new domain name



## **Create a Public Hosted Zone**



**Duration: 10 min.** 

#### **Problem Statement:**

You are given a project to create a public hosted zone.

## **Assisted Practice: Guidelines to Create a Public Hosted Zone**

#### Steps to perform:

- Open the Amazon Route 53 console
- Create a public hosted zone



# **TECHNOLOGY**

# **Amazon Route 53 Best Practices**

The following are the best practices for Amazon Route 53:

Name server delegation

TTL resource record sets

Alias record

- It helps to translate domain names into IP addresses.
- It updates the registrar's name server configuration with the name servers to provide maximum availability.



The following are the best practices for Amazon Route 53:

Name server delegation

TTL resource record sets

Alias record

- Resource records can benefit from a lower TTL value.
- For long TTLs, DNS resolvers take longer to request updated DNS records.



The following are the best practices for Amazon Route 53:

Name server delegation

TTL resource record sets

Alias record

- Alias record sets are used while configuring resource record sets that route DNS queries to AWS resources.
- These are available at no cost.

The following are the best practices for Amazon Route 53:

Name server delegation

TTL resource record sets

Alias record

- Latency or Geolocation routing policies are used to provide users with the best response times.
- Health check ensures that the users are rerouted to healthy instances during an outage.

# **TECHNOLOGY**

### **Amazon Route 53 Costs**

## **Amazon Route 53 Costs**

The following are the costs associated with Amazon Route 53:

01	Pay-per-use
02	Hosted zones and records
03	Queries
04	Alias queries
05	Traffic flow

## **Amazon Route 53 Costs**

The following are the costs associated with Amazon Route 53:

06	Health checks
07	Route 53 resolver
08	Domain names
09	DNS query logs
10	Taxes and promotional credits
11	API calls

# **TECHNOLOGY**

# **Limitations of Amazon Route 53**

#### **Limitations of Amazon Route 53**

The following are the limitations of Amazon Route 53:

Amazon Route 53 private endpoints are not available in VPN or Direct Connect.

It provides no forwarding or conditional forwarding options for domains used on an on-premise network.

It does not support private zone transfers.



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# **Key Takeaways**

DNS translates human readable domain names to machine readable IP addresses.

Amazon Route 53 is a highly available and scalable Domain Name System (DNS) web service.

A routing policy determines how Amazon Route 53 responds to DNS queries.

Amazon Route 53 allows the users to pay only for the resources that they use.

**Duration: 40 min.** 

# Register a New Domain and Create a Hosted Zone and a Record Set



#### **Problem Statement:**

As a developer, your team has asked you to register a new domain and create a public hosted zone and a record set.

#### Perform the following:

- Open the Amazon Route 53 console
- Register a new domain name
- Create a public hosted zone
- Create a record set