1. Find the datatype of these two declaration :

```
x = 5
y = "John"

ANS:
    x=5
    type(x)
    <class 'int'>
    y='John'
    type(y)
    <class 'str'>
```

2. Check whether the following is valid or invalid for naming a variable.

Example: abc=100 #valid syntax

```
i. 3a=10
ii. @abc=10
iii. a100=100
iv. _a984_=100
v. a9967$=100
vi. xyz-2=100
```

Ans:

```
3a=10
  Cell In[14], line 1
    3a=10
SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal
@abc=10
  Cell In[15], line 1
    @abc=10
SyntaxError: invalid syntax. Maybe you meant '==' or ':=' instead of '='?
a100=100
_a984_=100
a9967$=100
 Cell In[18], line 1
   a9967$=100
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
xyz-2=100
  Cell In[19], line 1
   xyz-2=100
SyntaxError: cannot assign to expression here. Maybe you meant '==' instead of '='?
```

3. Check if element exists in list in Python:

List = $test_list = [1,6,3,5,3,4,]$

1.check if 3 exist or not.

Ans:

```
test_list=[1, 6, 3, 5, 3, 4]
if 3 in test_list:
    print("3 is exist")
else:
    print("3 is not exist")
```

3 is exist

2. Check if 9 exists or not.

Ans:

```
: test_list=[1, 6, 3, 5, 3, 4]
  if 9 in test_list:
      print("9 is exist")
  else:
      print("9 is not exist")
  9 is not exist
```

4.Take the user input to print the current date.

```
: from datetime import date
  today = date.today()
  print("Today date:",today)
```

Today date: 2023-07-20

or:

```
from datetime import date
today = input('Enter Date: ')
print("Today date:",today)
```

Enter Date: 21-7-2023 Today date: 21-7-2023

- **5.** What is the output of the following code:
 - a. Print 9//2
 - b. Print 9%2

```
print (9//2)
4
print(9%2)
1
```

6. Print First 10 natural numbers using a while loop.

Ans:

```
: count=1
while count <=10:
    print(count)
    count +=1

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10</pre>
```

7. Write a program to accept a number from a user and calculate the sum of all numbers from 1 to a given number.

For example, if the user entered 10 the output should be 55(1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10):

Ans:

```
inum = int(input("Enter a number:"))
sum = 0

for i in range(1, num + 1):
    sum += i

print("The sum of numbers from 1 to", num, "is:", sum)
Enter a number: 10
The sum of numbers from 1 to 10 is: 55
```

8. Write a Python program which iterates the integers from 1 to 50. From multiples of three print "Fizz" instead of the number and for the multiples of five print "Buzz". For numbers which are multiples of both three and five print "FizzBuzz".

Example:

Fizzbuzz

1

2

Fizz

4

Buzz

Ans.

```
]: for num in range(1, 51):
        if num % 3 == 0 and num % 5 == 0:
            print("FizzBuzz")
        elif num % 3 == 0:
            print("Fizz")
        elif num % 5 == 0:
            print("Buzz")
        else:
            print(num)
    1
    2
    Fizz
    4
    Buzz
    Fizz
    7
    8
    Fizz
    Buzz
    11
    Fizz
    13
```

14 FizzBuzz 16 17 Fizz 19 Buzz Fizz 22 23 Fizz Buzz 26 Fizz 28 29 FizzBuzz 31 32 Fizz 34 Buzz Fizz 37 38 Fizz Buzz

Fizz

Buzz

41

Fizz

43

44

FizzBuzz

46

47

Fizz

49

Buzz