

# **Capstone Project - 1**

# **IPL T20 Cricket Analysis**

# Team Members

- S. Sravya Sri
- Ankit Bansal
- Bhwesh Gaur

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# **Problem Statements**

- Provided six files which includes data of players played, teams played, batsman's performance details, teams performance in home ground and away ground, each ball deliveries and each match details in entire IPL from 2008 to 2019.
- Explore and analyze the data to discover results and statistics for different teams playing in Indian Premier League.



# **Indian Premier League - IPL**

The Indian Premier League (IPL) is an annual T20 cricket tournament that began in 2008.

It was founded by then BCCI vice-president Lalit Modi as a result of the popularity boom of the T20 format in India when the national team won the 2007 World T20.

The IPL takes place in March, April and May of every year and lasts for approximately seven weeks.

The IPL is a franchise-based competition with eight teams, each representing an Indian city.



# **Data Summary (Given)**



Data Frame	Shape	Important Columns
players_df	(566, 5)	['Player_Name', 'DOB', 'Batting_Hand', 'Bowling_Skill', 'Country']
matches_df	(756, 19)	['id', 'Season', 'city', 'date', 'team1', 'team2', 'toss_winner', 'toss_decision', 'result', 'dl_applied', 'winner', 'win_by_runs', 'win_by_wickets', 'player_of_match', 'venue', 'umpire1', 'umpire2', 'umpire3', 'match_number']
deliveries_df	(179078, 21)	['match_id', 'inning', 'batting_team', 'bowling_team', 'over', 'ball', 'batsman', 'non_striker', 'bowler', 'is_super_over', 'wide_runs', 'bye_runs', 'legbye_runs', 'noball_runs', 'penalty_runs', 'batsman_runs', 'extra_runs', 'total_runs', 'player_dismissed', 'dismissal_kind', 'fielder']
most_runs_avg_sr_df	(516, 6)	['batsman', 'total_runs', 'out', 'numberofballs', 'average', 'strikerate']
teamwise_home_and_away_df	(14, 7)	['team', 'home_wins', 'away_wins', 'home_matches', 'away_matches', 'home_win_percentage', 'away_win_percentage']
teams_df	(15, 1)	['team1']

### **Data Summary (Added)**



We added two shapefiles in-order to perform visualization on the map of India.

Data Frame	Shape	Important Columns				
map_state_df	(36, 2)	['st_nm', 'geometry']				
map_district_df	(594, 13)	['NAME_2', 'geometry']				

#### **Data Wrangling**



### Data type Conversion

- In matches\_df, season column is converted from string to integer.
- In matches\_df, date column is converted from string to datetime.

# Sorting and Reordering

• Sorted matches\_df based on date column.

# Addressing missing or invalid data

- In players\_df, changed NaN to 'NA'.
- In most\_runs\_avg\_sr\_df changed NaN to 0.
- In matches\_df, dropped NaN on winners column.
- In matches\_df, filled NaN values of city with 'Dubai'.

#### **Data Wrangling (Contd.)**



# **Data** Transformation

Merging columns: In matches\_df, venue and city are merged.

# Data Enrichment

- Added season wise match number in matches\_df.
- Divided total runs by 20 in most\_runs\_avg\_sr\_df.

# Deduplicating data

- In matches\_df, venue and city are deduplicated.
- Team names are deduplicated from every dataset, wherever present.



# We divided the whole analysis into three parts:

1 Match Wise Team Analysis

**O2** Season Wise Team Analysis

#### **Match Wise Team Analysis**



#### Select a Match Number

[167] Match No:

#### Scorecard

#### [169] 1 scorecard(inning = 1)

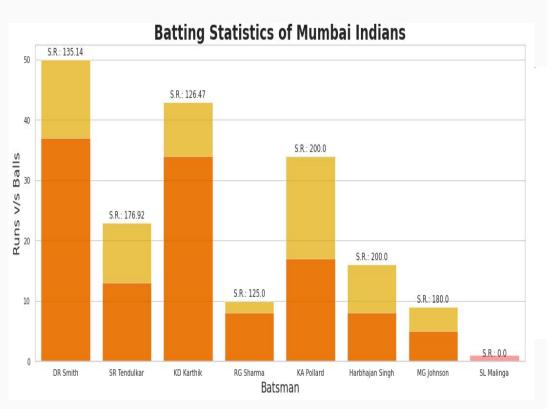
#### Scorecard:

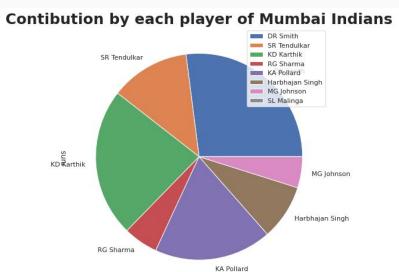
	batsman	runs	ball	strike_rate	bowler	over	runs	wickets	economy
0	DR Smith	50	37	135.14	R Rampaul	4.0	35	1	8.75
1	SR Tendulkar	23	13	176.92	RP Singh	4.2	41	1	9.46
2	KD Karthik	43	34	126.47	JD Unadkat	4.0	32	0	8
3	RG Sharma	10	8	125.00	R Vinay Kumar	4.1	43	1	10.32
4	KA Pollard	34	17	200.00	J Syed Mohammad	4.0	43	1	10.75
5	Harbhajan Singh	16	8	200.00					
6	MG Johnson	9	5	180.00					
7	SL Malinga	0	1	0.00					

#### **Match Result**

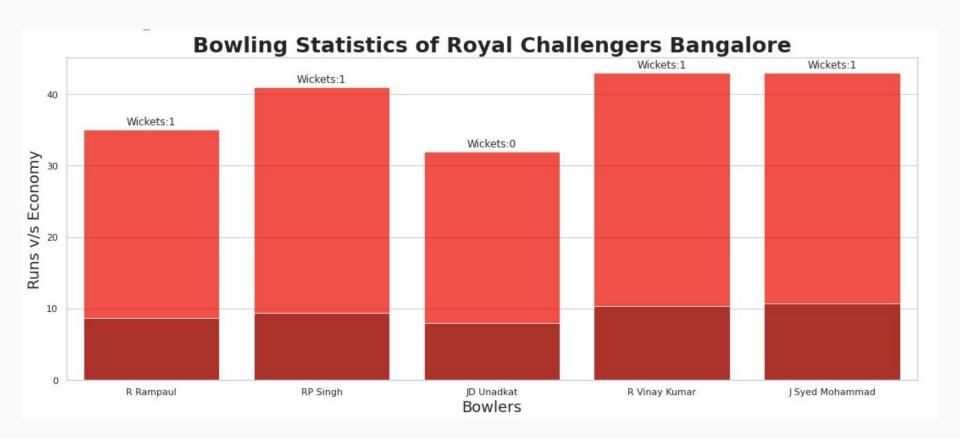




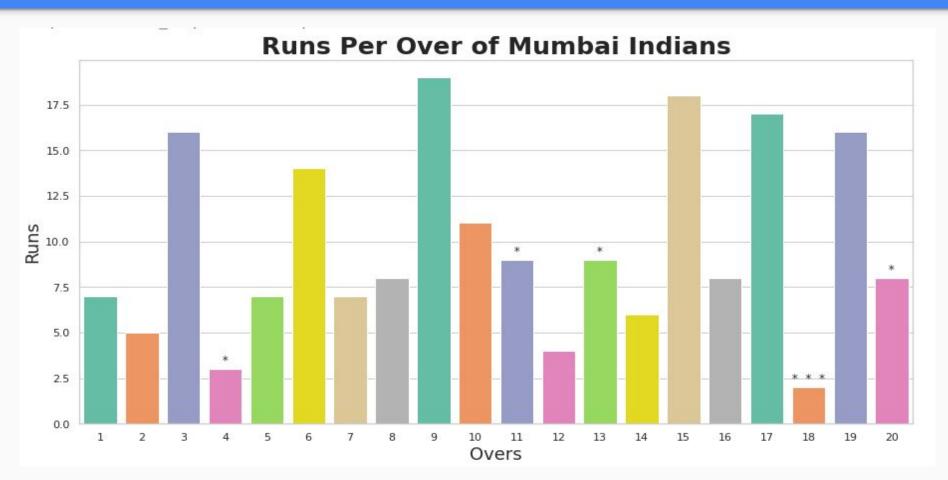




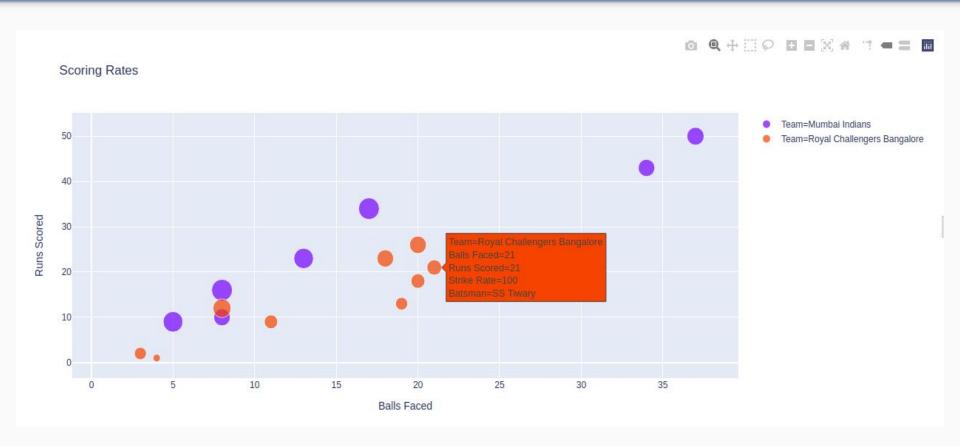






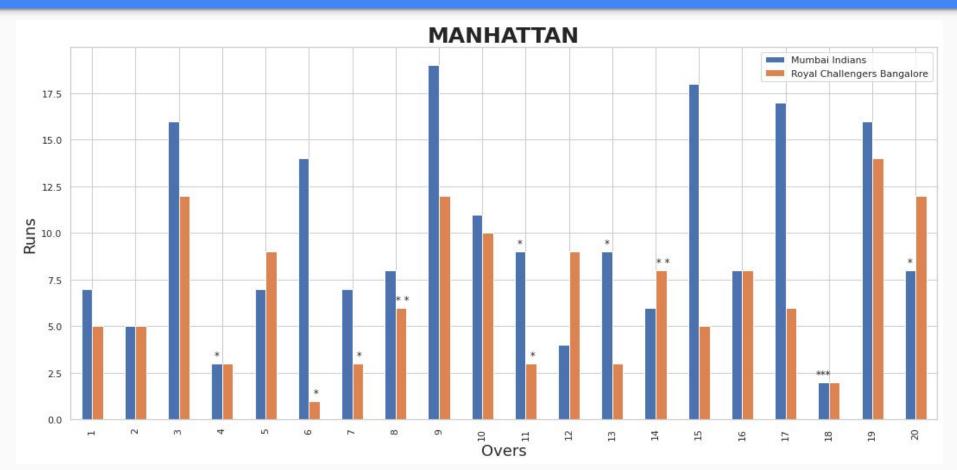






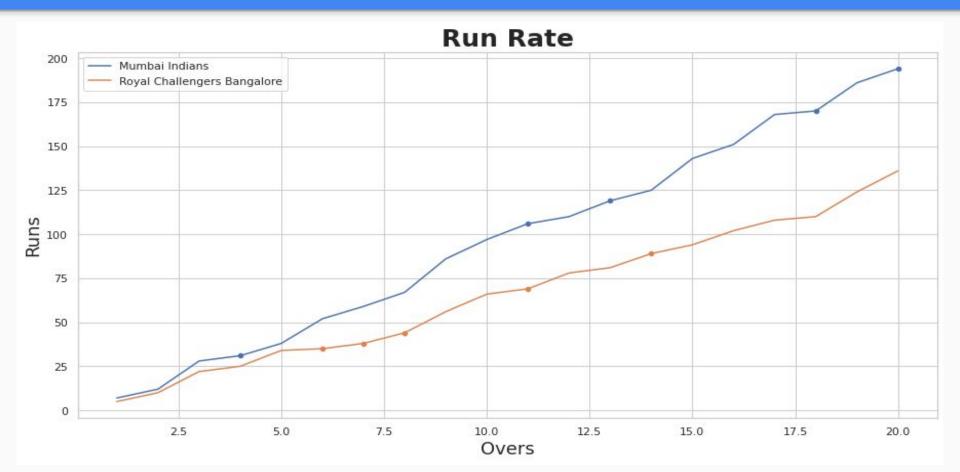
#### **Match Statistics**





#### **Match Statistics**

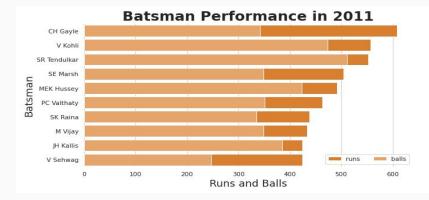


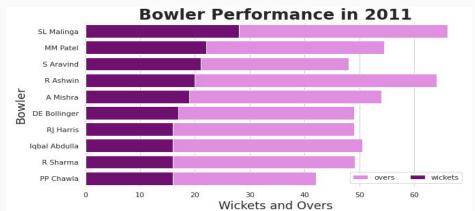




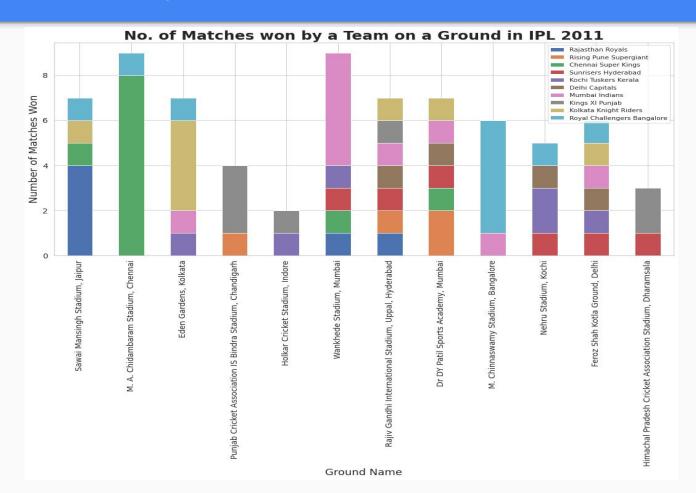


	team_name	matches_won	points
0	Chennai Super Kings	10	20
1	Delhi Capitals	4	8
2	Kings XI Punjab	7	14
3	Kochi Tuskers Kerala	6	12
4	Kolkata Knight Riders	8	16
5	Mumbai Indians	9	18
6	Rajasthan Royals	6	12
7	Rising Pune Supergiant	4	8
8	Royal Challengers Bangalore	10	20
9	Sunrisers Hyderabad	6	12

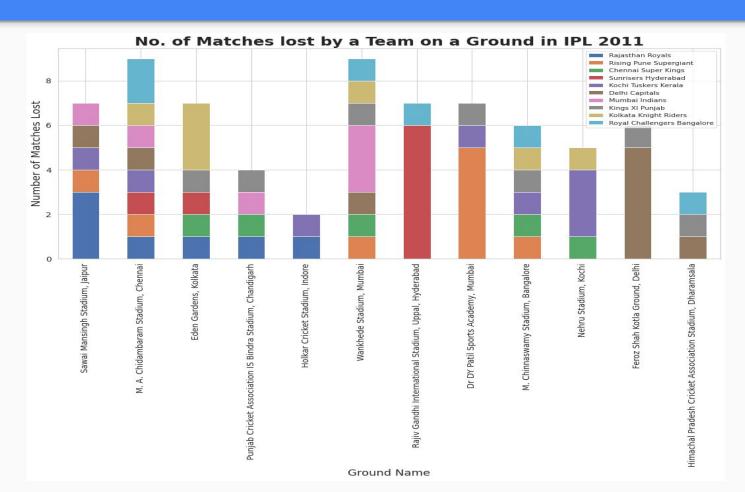




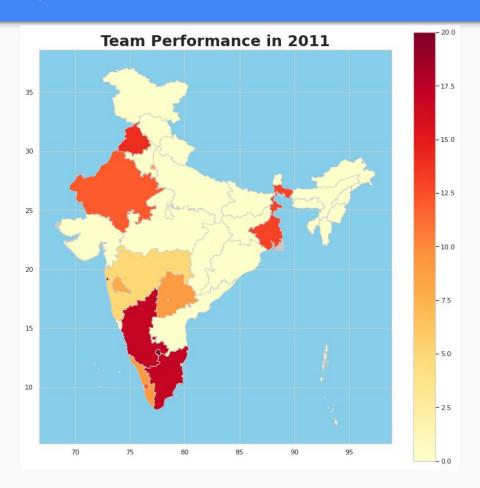












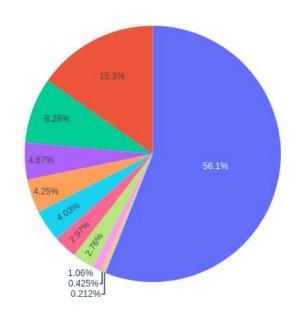


India Australia South Africa New Zealand Sri Lanka West Indies

England Pakistan Bangladesh

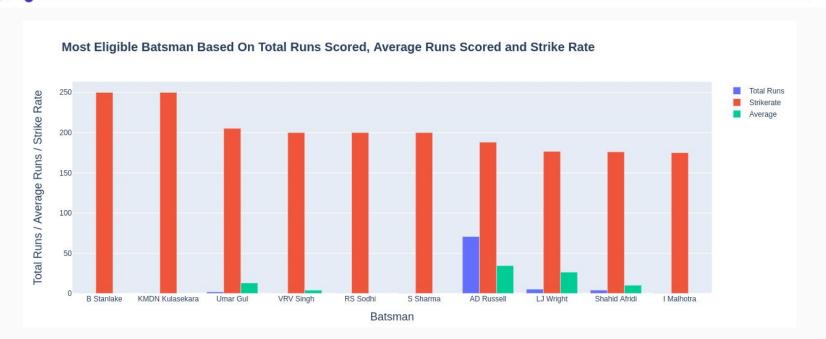
Zimbabwea
Netherlands

#### Contribution in IPL from each country



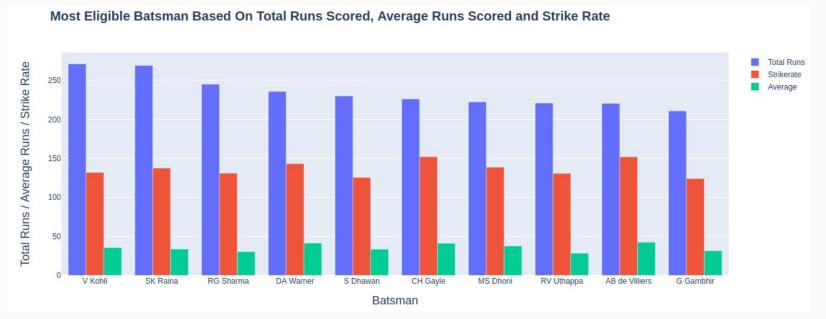


Total\_Runs: 
Strikerate: 
Average: 
Top: 
10



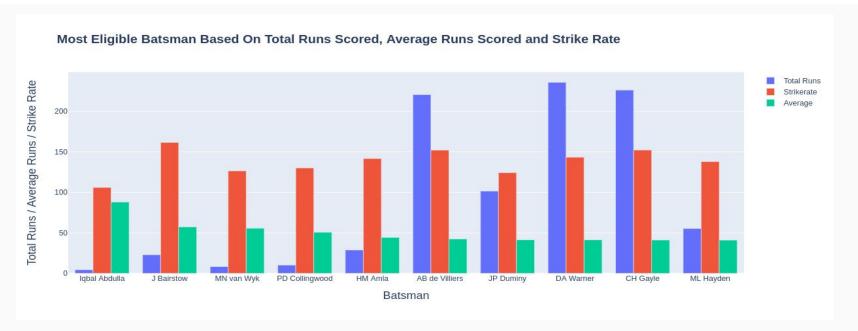






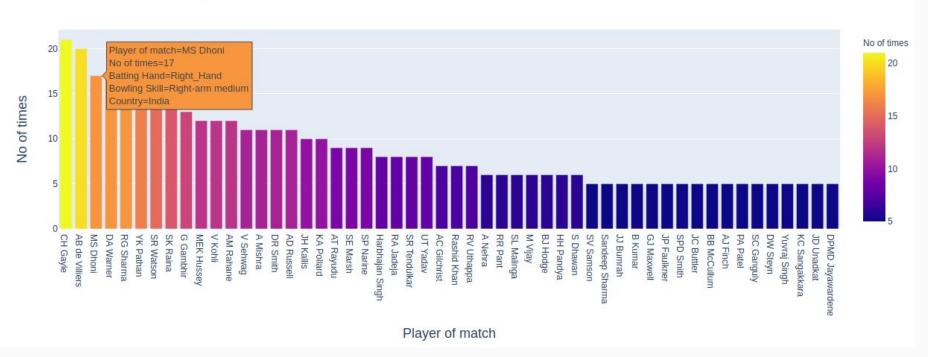




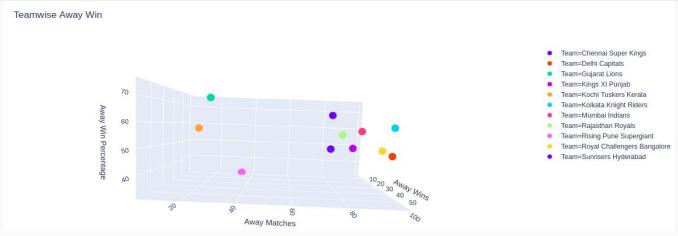






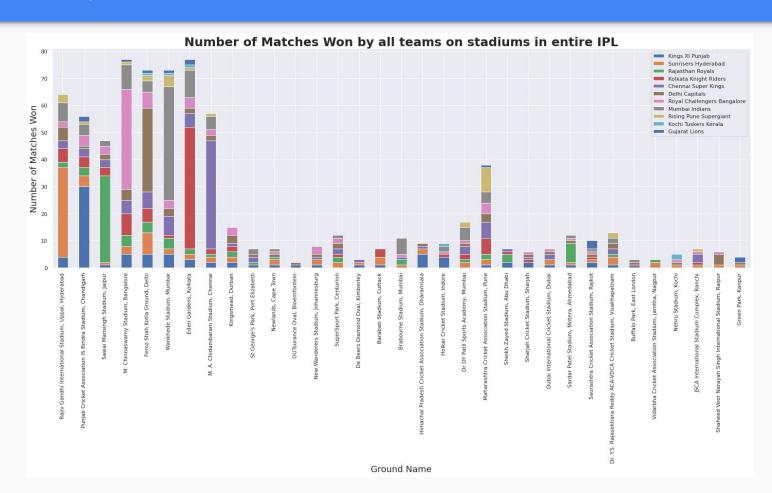




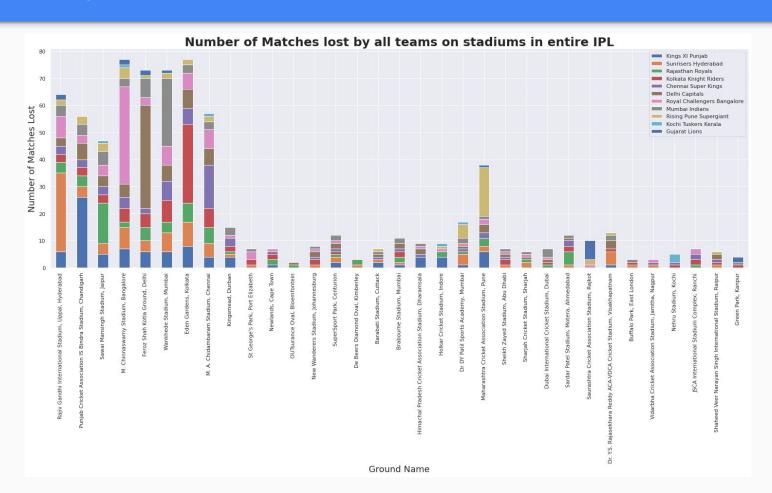




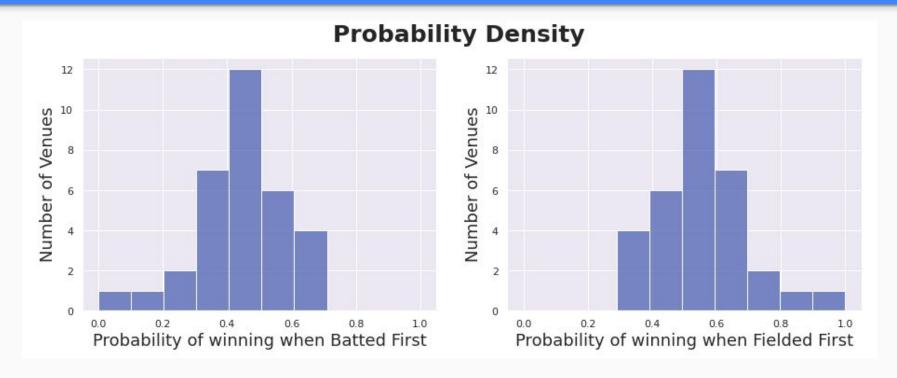








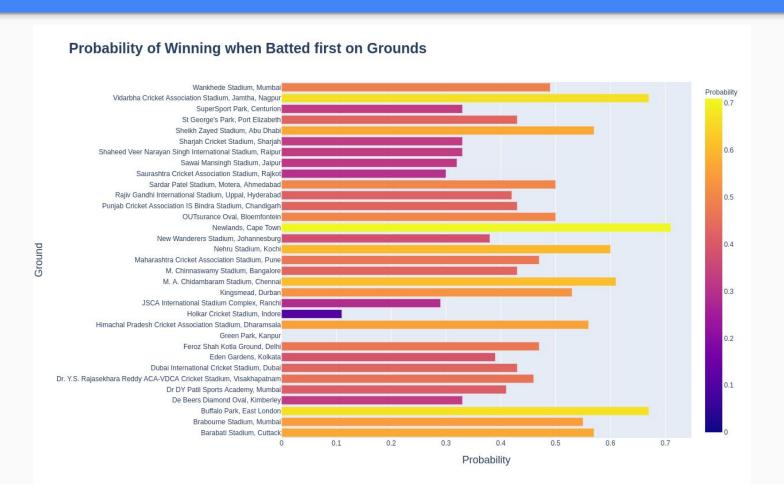




venue\_probability\_df.loc[venue,prob\_win\_batfirst] = round(bat\_first\_win/venue\_probability\_df.loc[venue,total\_matches\_played], 2)

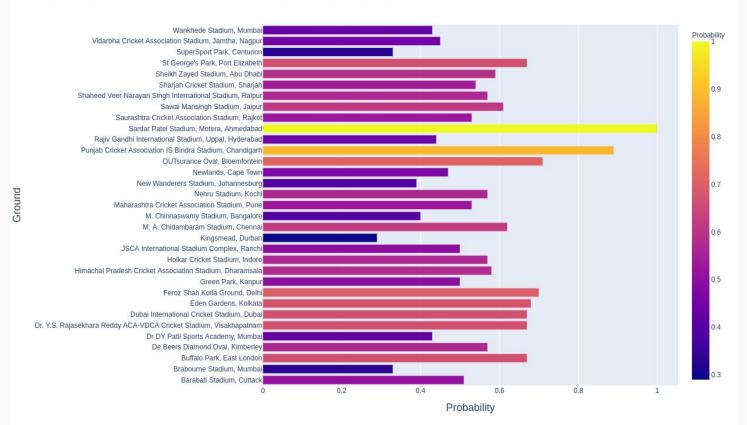
venue\_probability\_df.loc[venue,prob\_win\_fieldfirst] = round(field\_first\_win/venue\_probability\_df.loc[venue,total\_matches\_played],2)



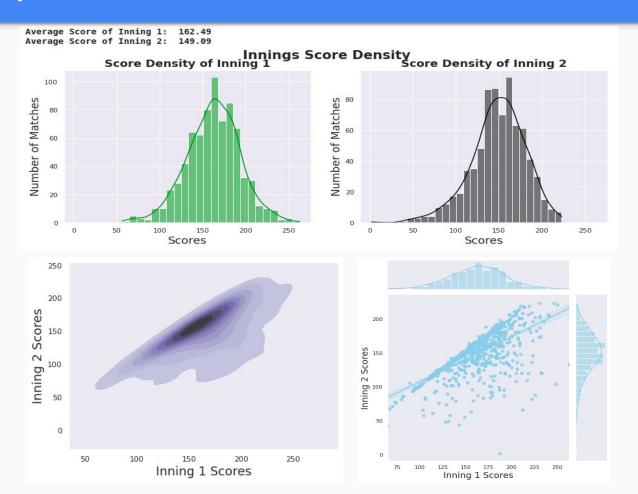




#### **Probability of Winning when Fielded first on Grounds**







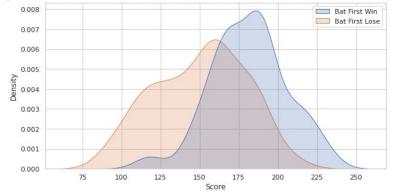


Venue: Feroz Shah Kotla Ground, Delhi

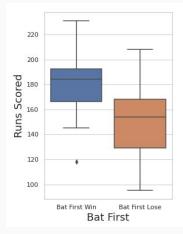
Inning: 1

Average Runs Scored in Feroz Shah Kotla Ground, Delhi in First Inning is 165.81 Which implies that this Ground's pitch is a NORMAL pitch.

#### Win/Lose When Batted First at Feroz Shah Kotla Ground, Delhi



```
# Average Runs Scored
avg_score_inng =
  ((req_match_id_df_1['bat_first_win'].sum()/len(req_match_id_df_1.index)) +
  (req_match_id_df_2['bat_first_lose'].sum()/len(req_match_id_df_2.index)))/2
```

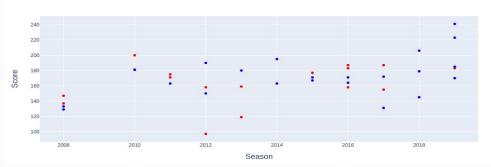




Venue: Eden Gardens, Kolkata

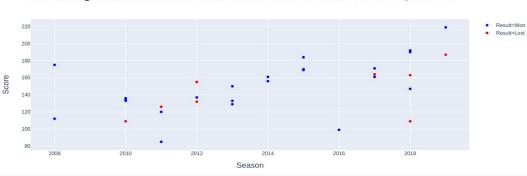
Team: Kolkata Knight Riders

#### Kolkata Knight Riders Performance when Batted First at Eden Gardens, Kolkata



	season	team1	team1_score	team1_wickets	team2	team2_score	team2_wickets	result	result_type
0	2008	opposite_team	110	10	Kolkata Knight Riders	112	5	Won by 5 wickets	Won
1	2008	Kolkata Knight Riders	137	8	opposite_team	138	3	Lost	Lost
2	2008	Kolkata Knight Riders	133	6	opposite_team	110	10	Won by 23 runs	Won
3	2008	Kolkata Knight Riders	147	8	opposite_team	150	4	Lost	Lost
4	2008	opposite_team	174	6	Kolkata Knight Riders	175	7	Won by 3 wickets	Won
					***				

#### Kolkata Knight Riders Performance when Fielded First at Eden Gardens, Kolkata



if
deliveries\_df[deliveries\_df['match\_id']==id]['batting\_team'].v
alues[0] == team:

team\_a = team
team\_b = 'opposite\_team'

Result=Lost

Result=Won

#### Challenges



- Implementation of map needs two different shapefiles, one for state boundaries and another for city boundaries, using the two in a way that only required city and state is visible, was a difficult task.
- Creation of scorecard involves multiple dataframe to work with, and dataframe like deliveries\_df contains columns like leg-bye runs, penalty runs, dismissal kind etc which needs to handle before showing the score card.
- □ Duplicated data like stadium names required research before de-duplication because one stadium is named in two different ways and that needs to be handled.
- We found many discrepancies in the datasets like matches tied (incorrect data), trash deliveries, irrelevant rows in matches\_df, etc. which took a lot of time to resolve.
- Handling NaN values in the datasets.

#### Conclusion



#### → Match-wise team analysis

- Demonstrate the inning statistics of players and teams in each match.
- We formed out a conclusion over the runs made by each team per over and compared teams run rate.

#### → Season-wise team analysis

- Draws an idea regarding the various batsmen and bowlers' performance in a particular season.
- Provided a comparison of the matches won or lost by teams on the ground in a season.
- ◆ Identified the leaderboard position of teams through which we plotted a heat map that showed us the top team for the season.

- Through probability density, we have identified the winning probability on a ground which could help a team to decide whether to bat first or field first provided they won the toss.
- Through the score density graph, we have estimated the minimum and maximum targets.
- Through match result analysis, we can estimate the winning and losing chances in a match, and the boxplot signifies the minimum, maximum average, and exceptional(outliers) score at a ground.



# THANK - YOU