

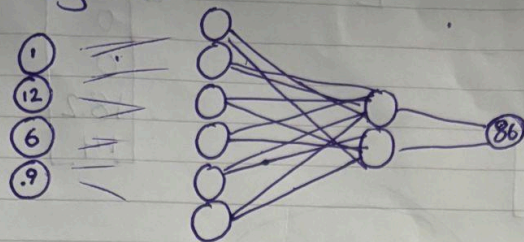
Ankit Adimala
DS 4420
Homework #1

DS 4420

Homework #1

Ankit Adimala

MLP for Regression



1a.) $W^{(1)}$ will be 4×6 and represents the weight of the connection between the 4 input nodes and the 6 nodes of the first hidden layer.

$W^{(2)}$ will be 6×2 and represents the weight of the connection between the 6 nodes of the first hidden layer and the 2 nodes of the second hidden layer.

$W^{(3)}$ will be 2×1 and represent the weight of the connection between the 2 nodes of the second hidden layer and the output node.

1b.) $h^{pre} = W^{(1)T} x$

$h^{post} = \text{ReLU} \langle h^{pre} \rangle$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 4 & 0 \\ -2 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & -3 & -4 & 4 \\ -4 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 12 \\ 6 \\ .9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 16 \\ -4.3 \\ -55.4 \\ 18.2 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 16 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 18.2 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1c) h^{2Pre} = w^{(2)T} h^{1Post} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 & 6 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 16 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 18.2 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5.8 \\ 4.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma(h) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-h}}$$

$$h^{2Post} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma(-5.8) \\ \sigma(4.6) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{1+e^{5.8}} \\ \frac{1}{1+e^{-4.6}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.003 \\ 0.990 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1d) f_w(x) = w^{(3)T} h^{2Post} = \begin{bmatrix} -26 & 96 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.003 \\ 0.990 \end{bmatrix} = 94.96$$

$$\text{Error} = 94.96 - 86 = 8.96$$

$$1e.) \frac{dL}{dw^{(3)}} = \frac{dL}{df} \frac{df}{dw^{(3)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum (f-y)^2 \cdot w^{(3)T} \begin{cases} x & w^{(2)T} x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{2}{n} \sum (w^{(3)T} \langle w^{(2)T} x \rangle - y) \cdot w^{(3)T} \begin{cases} x & w^{(2)T} x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

8
6]

$$1e.) \text{ (Cont.) } \frac{dL}{dW^{(2)}} = \frac{dL}{df} \frac{df}{dh^{(2)}} \frac{dh^{(2)}}{dW^{(2)}}$$

$$\frac{dL}{df} = \frac{2}{n} \sum (W^{(3)T} \langle W^{(2)T} x \rangle - y)$$

$$f = W^{(3)T} h^{(2)} \quad \text{so} \quad \frac{df}{dh^{(2)}} = W^{(3)T}$$

$$h^{(1)} = \text{ReLU}(W^{(1)T} x)_+$$

$$h^{(2)} = \sigma(W^{(2)T} h^{(1)})$$

$$\frac{dh^{(2)}}{dW^{(2)}} = h^{(1)} \cdot \sigma'(W^{(2)T} h^{(1)})$$

$$\frac{dL}{dW^{(2)}} = \frac{2}{n} \sum (W^{(3)T} \langle W^{(2)T} x \rangle - y) \cdot W^{(3)T} \cdot h^{(1)} \cdot \sigma'(W^{(2)T} h^{(1)})$$

96