

Project Report (July 15, 2021)

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ABSTRACT

We discuss the progress on the fovea segmentation project after addition of various **metrics** to determine our performance and compare it to **2 other implementations**. We are also awaiting the **dataset** from Coudray for the lung cancer detection project.

Literature Review on DL papers

1. Paper 1: Tan et al

- Converted RGB → **LUV** → processing on L → RGB
- LReLU, softmax, Xavier initialization is used
- **7-layer** custom network is trained
- Results are mentioned in **Table 1**

2. Paper 2: Sedai et al

- 2 stage approach is used: **coarse network** followed by **fine network**
- ImageNet pre-trained **VGG-16** model is used
- **Class balanced cross entropy loss** is used to fix the imbalance problem
- Results are mentioned in **Table 1**

Fovea Segmentation

- We graph and evaluate our results based on the **loss** and the **metrics**: Dice, Jaccard, Sensitivity, Specificity and Accuracy.
- **Figures [1,2,3,4,5,6]** shows our training progress using different learning rates [**1, 1e-2, 1e-4, 1e-6, 1e-8**] on **DeepLabV3+** model with **EfficientNet-B3** as the backbone.
- **Table 1** shows a comparison between our model and the other methods based on the metrics stated above.

Method	Dice(F1score)	Jaccard(MIoU)	Sensitivity	Specificity	Accuracy
Traditional Method (non-DL)	0.8044	0.6881	0.8162	0.9984	0.996
Deep Learning(ours)	0.8987	0.8315	0.8214	0.9978	0.996
Deep Learning (Tan et al)	-	-	0.8853	0.9914	-
Deep Learning (Sedai et al)	0.81	-	-	-	-

Table 1. Metrics Comparison

Coudray Data Update

- Coudray has successfully transferred the dataset to another student. He is currently on vacation, but we hope to retrieve the dataset soon.
- [GitHub Issue](#) for the entire discussion

Discussion

- We trained 5 models with **lower range** for learning rates to observe the results.
- We overviewed 2 DL papers and were able to **achieve better metrics** than them.
- We also looked into unsupervised techniques like **Contrastive Predictive Coding V2** by DeepMind and are trying to collect unlabelled data to use these **self-supervised/semi-supervised** approaches that we have explored.
- As soon as we access to the coudray dataset, we will start experimenting on the implementation and try to **reproduce the benchmarks** that they have achieved in the paper.

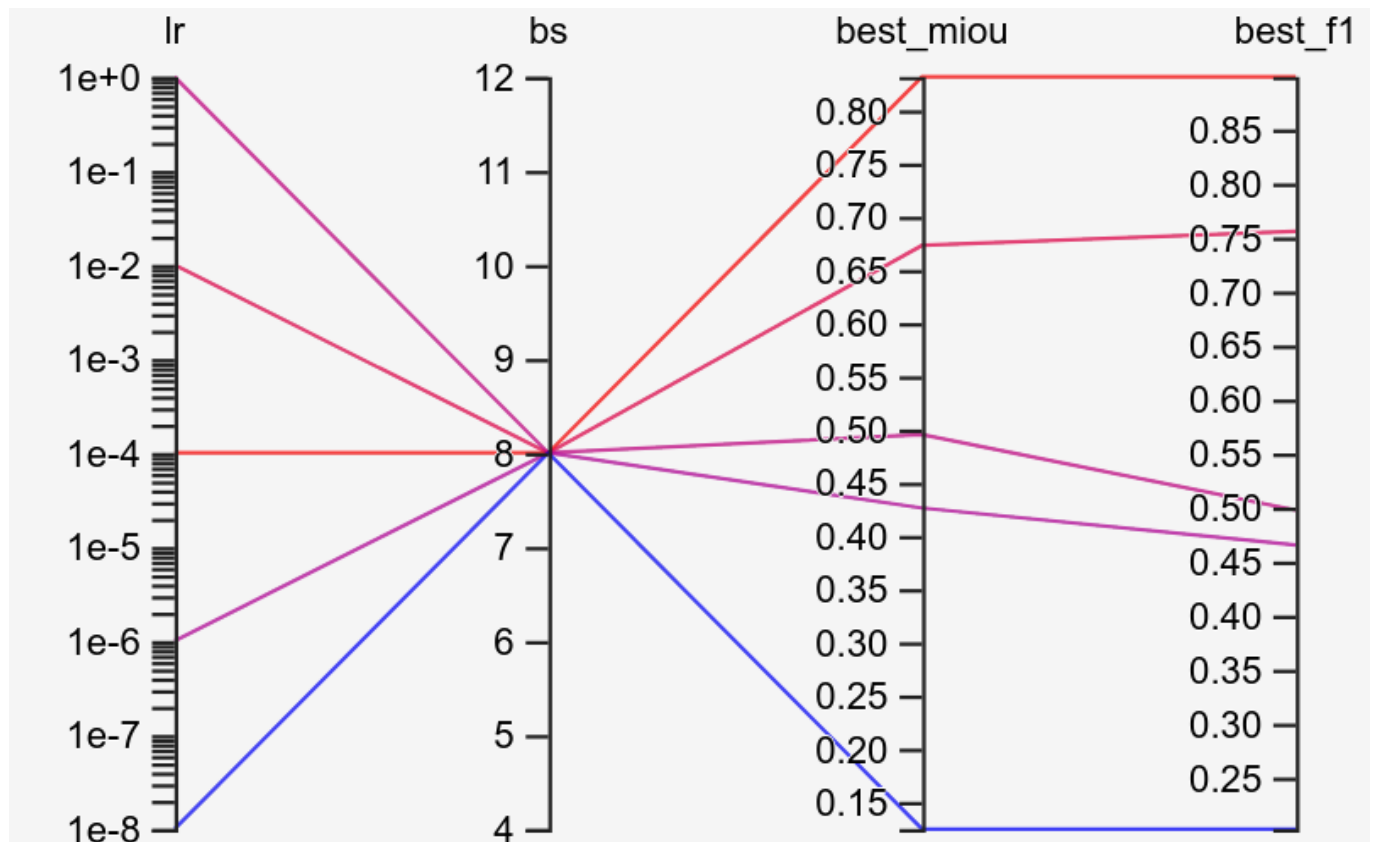


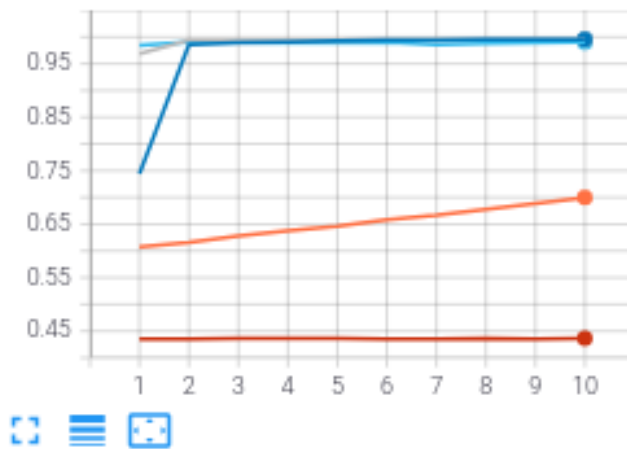
Figure 1. Comparison of all models



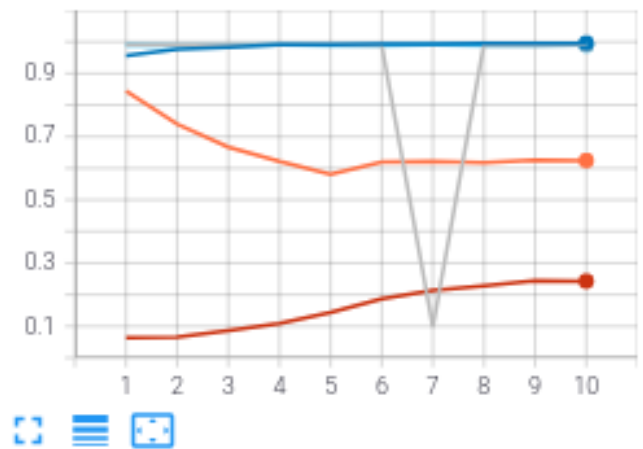
Figure 2. Legend for models

Accuracy

Accuracy/train
tag: Accuracy/train

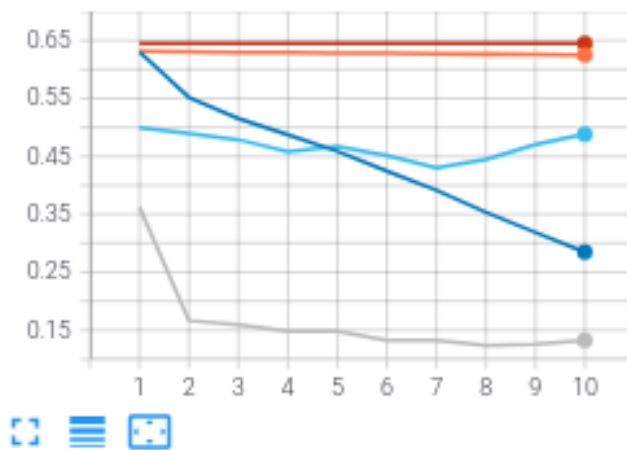


Accuracy/valid
tag: Accuracy/valid



Dice

Dice/train
tag: Dice/train



Dice/valid
tag: Dice/valid

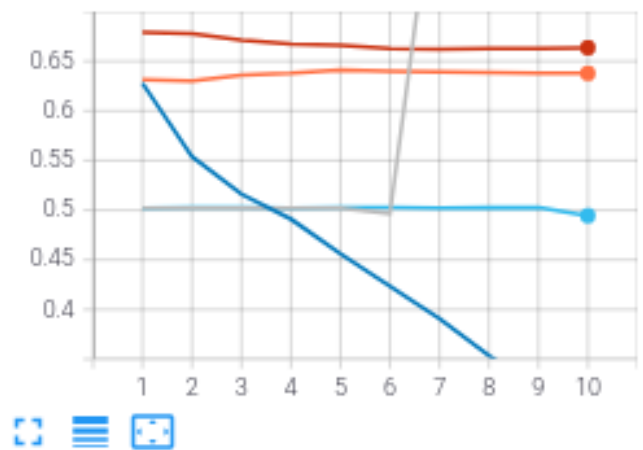
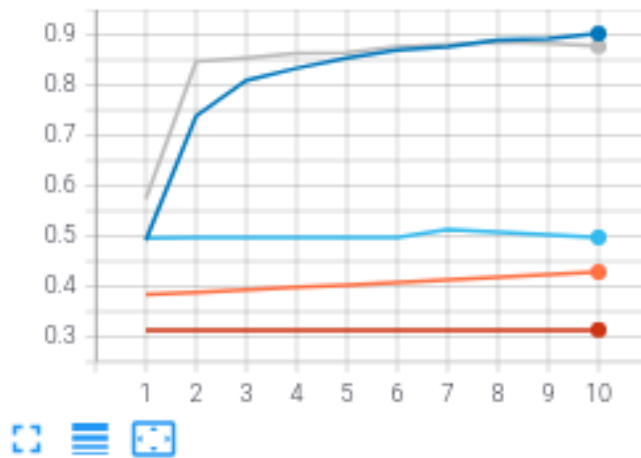


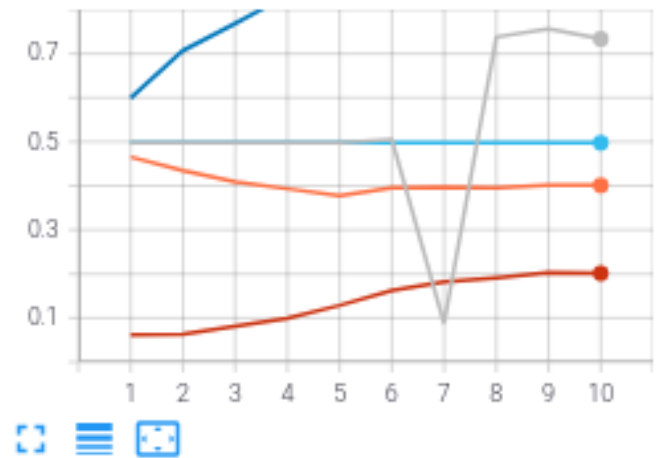
Figure 3. Metrics-1

F1score

F1score/train
tag: F1score/train

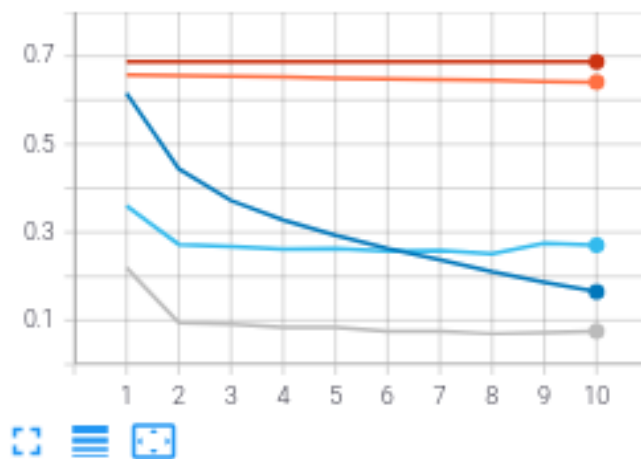


F1score/valid
tag: F1score/valid



LOSS

LOSS/train
tag: LOSS/train



LOSS/valid
tag: LOSS/valid

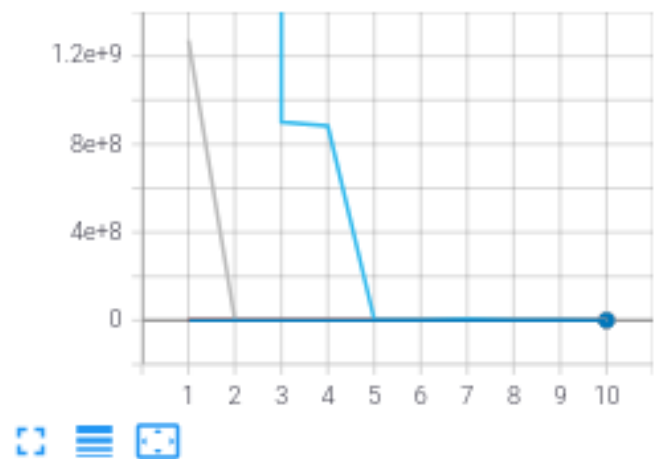
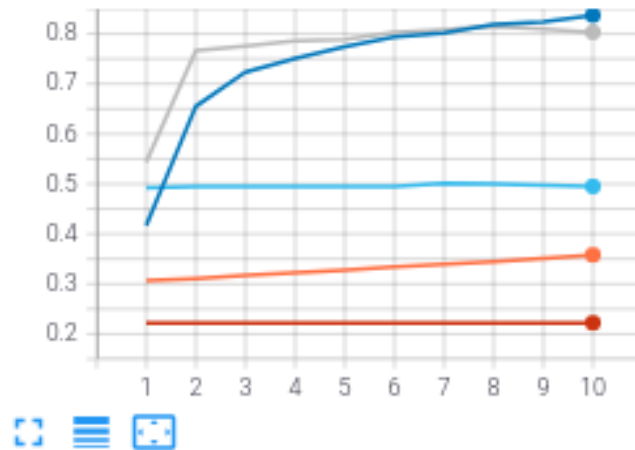


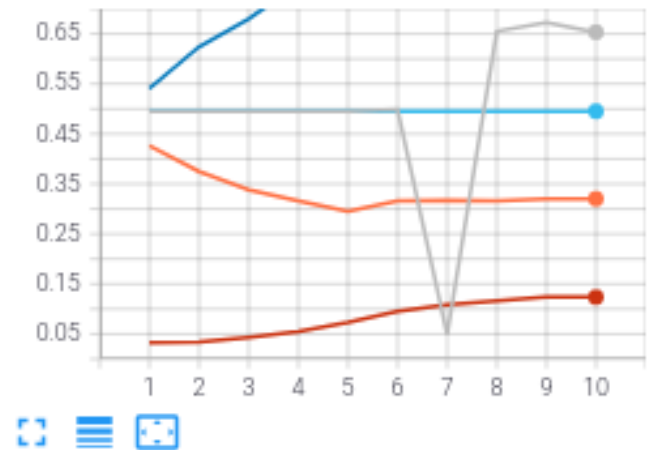
Figure 4. Metrics-2

MIoU

MIoU/train
tag: MIoU/train

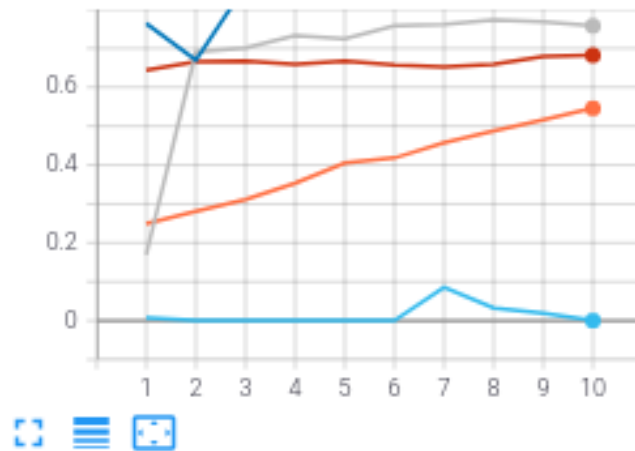


MIoU/valid
tag: MIoU/valid



Sensitivity

Sensitivity/train
tag: Sensitivity/train



Sensitivity/valid
tag: Sensitivity/valid

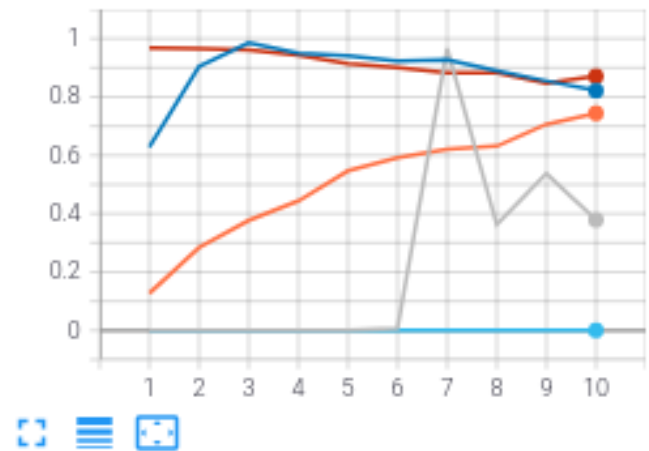
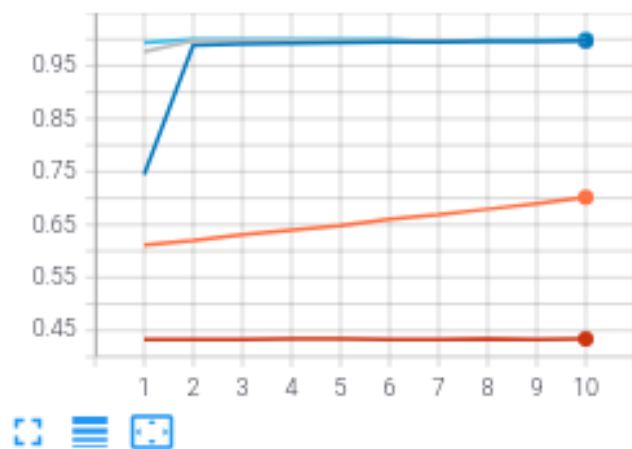


Figure 5. Metrics-3

Specificity

Specificity/train
tag: Specificity/train



Specificity/valid
tag: Specificity/valid

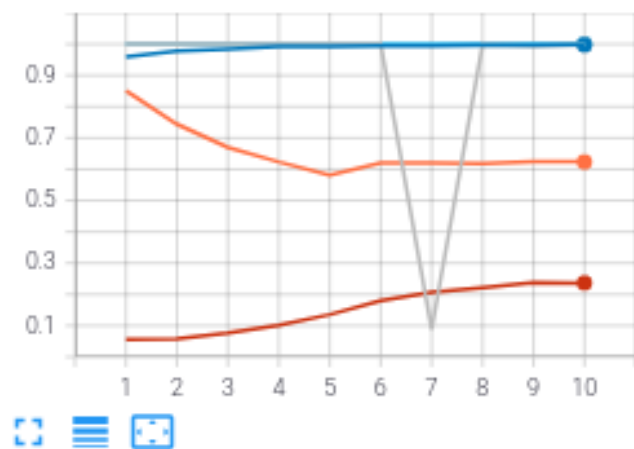


Figure 6. Metrics-4