Definition of
$$P$$
:

$$P(s, a, s') = \Pr(S_{t+1} = s', | S_t = s, A_t = a)$$

Definition of
$$d_0(s)$$
:

$$d_0(s) = \Pr(S_0 = s)$$

Definition of π :

$$\pi(s, a) = \Pr(A_t = a | S_t = s)$$

Definition of R:

$$R(s, a, s') = \mathbf{E}[R_t | S_t = s, A_t = a, S_{t+1} = s']$$

Definition of
$$v^{\pi}$$
:
 $v^{\pi}(s) = \mathbf{E}[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k R_{t+k} | S_t = s, \pi]$

Definition of
$$J$$
:

$$J(\pi) = E[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R_t | \pi]$$

Definition of
$$q^{\pi}$$
:
 $q^{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbf{E}[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k R_{t+k} | S_t = s, A_t = a, \pi]$

Bellman Operator T:

$$Tv(s) = \max_{a} \sum_{s'} P(s, a, s') (R(s, a, s') + \gamma v(s'))$$

$$Tq(s, a) = \sum_{s'} P(s, a, s') \left(R(s, a, s') + \gamma \max_{a'} q(s', a') \right)$$

Definition of G:

$$\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R_t$$

Definition of G_t :

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k R_{t+k}$$

Equation Relating J and G:

$$J(\pi) = \mathbf{E}[G|\pi]$$

The Bellman Equation for v and q:

$$\begin{split} v^{\pi}(s) &= \sum_{a} \pi(s,a) \sum_{s'} P(s,a,s') (R(s,a,s') + \gamma v^{\pi}(s')) \\ &= \sum_{a} \pi(s,a) \sum_{s'} P(s,a,s') (R(s,a,s') + \gamma \sum_{a'} \pi(s',a') q^{\pi}(s',a')) \\ q^{\pi}(s,a) &= \sum_{s'} P(s,a,s') (R(s,a,s') + \gamma v^{\pi}(s')) \\ &= \sum_{s'} P(s,a,s') (R(s,a,s') + \gamma \sum_{a'} \pi(s',a') q^{\pi}(s',a')) \end{split}$$

The Bellman Optimality Equations for v and q:

$$\begin{split} v^{\star}(s) &= v^{\pi^{\star}}(s) = \max_{a} \sum_{s'} P(s, a, s') (R(s, a, s') + \gamma v^{\star}(s')) \\ q^{\star}(s, a) &= q^{\pi^{\star}}(s, a) = \sum_{s'} P(s, a, s') \left(R(s, a, s') + \gamma \max_{a'} q^{*}(s', a') \right) \end{split}$$

TD Update:

$$\delta = r + \gamma v(s') - v(s)$$

$$or$$

$$\delta_t = R_t + \gamma v(S_{t+1}) - v(S_t)$$
tabular:
$$v(s) = v(s) + \alpha \delta$$

$$or$$

$$v(S_t) = v(S_t) + \alpha \delta_t$$

$$linear: w = w + \alpha \delta_t \phi(S_t)$$

$$general: w = w + \alpha \delta_t \frac{\partial v_w(S_t)}{\partial w}$$

Sarsa and Q-Learning Update:

Sarsa:

$$\delta_t = R_t + \gamma q(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1}) - q(S_t, A_t)$$

$$Q - Learning:$$

$$\delta_t = R_t + \gamma \max_{a'} q(S_{t+1}, a') - q(S_t, A_t)$$

$$Both:$$

$$q(S_t, A_t) = q(S_t, A_t) + \alpha \delta_t$$

 $TD(\lambda)$:

$$\begin{split} \delta_t &= R_t + v(S_{t+1}) - v(S_t) \\ \forall s \in S : e(s) &= \gamma \lambda e(s) \\ e(S_t) &= e(S_t) + 1 \\ \forall s \in S : v(s) &= v(s) + \alpha \delta_t e(s) \\ Sarsa(\lambda) : \\ \delta_t &= R_t + \alpha q(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1}) - q(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1}) \\ \forall s \in S, a \in A : e(s, a) &= \gamma \lambda e(s, a) \\ e(S_t, A_t) &= e(S_t, A_t) + 1 \\ \forall s \in S, a \in A : q(s, a) &= q(s, a) + \alpha \delta_t e(s, a) \\ Q(\lambda) : \\ \delta_t &= R_t + \alpha \max_{a'} q(S_{t+1}, a') - q(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1}) \\ \forall s \in S, a \in A : e(s, a) &= \gamma \lambda e(s, a) \\ e(S_t, A_t) &= e(S_t, A_t) + 1 \\ \forall s \in S, a \in A : q(s, a) &= q(s, a) + \alpha \delta_t e(s, a) \end{split}$$

Policy Gradient Formulae (both formulae and the supporting term):

Total Gradient Formulae (both formulae and the s)
$$\partial J/\partial \theta = \sum_{s} d^{\pi}(s) \sum_{a} q^{\pi}(s, a) \frac{\partial \pi(s, a, \theta)}{\partial \theta}$$
$$\partial J/\partial \theta = \sum_{s} d^{\pi}(s) \sum_{a} \pi(s, a, \theta) * q^{\pi}(s, a) \frac{\partial \ln \pi(s, a, \theta)}{\partial \theta}$$
$$d^{\pi}(s) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^{t} * \Pr(S_{t} = s | \pi)$$