Advance JS Cheat sheet







Arrays in JavaScript

```
. .
const fruits = [''' ', 'k', 'k', ''', ''' ', ''' ', '''];
// converts the array to a string
// adds element at the end of the array
// removes the last element of the array
fruits.pop(); // '%'
// checks if the array contains an element
fruits.includes('&'); // true
// returns the index of the element
fruits.indexOf(' "); // 3
// join the elements of the array with the given separator
fruits.join('+'); // 🍎 + 🌭 + 🎘 + 🍑 + 🍎 + 🍎
// return a portion of the array
fruits.slice(1, 3); // ['&', '&']
// add elements to the array
fruits.splice(1, 0, '4'); // ['6', '4', 'k', 'k', 'k', 'b', 'b']
```





Objects in JavaScript

```
. .
                                         index.js
const person = {
    name: 'John',
    age: 30,
    gender: 'male',
};
const jobObject = {
    job: 'developer',
    salary: 1000,
};
// get all object keys
Object.keys(person); // ['name', 'age', 'gender']
// get all object values
Object.values(person); // ['John', 30, 'male']
// get all object entries
Object.entries(person); // [ [ 'name', 'John' ], [ 'age', 30 ], [ 'gender', 'male' ]]
// assign object to another object
Object.assign(person, jobObject);
// { name: 'John', age: 30, gender: 'male', job: 'developer', salary: 1000 }
```





Scope in JavaScript

```
/* global scope */
const PIE = 3.14;
function foo() {
    console.log(PIE); // 3.14
    /* function scope */
    const age = 32;
    console.log(age); // 32
/* block scope */
if (true) {
    const fullName = 'John Doe';
    console.log(fullName); // John Doe
console.log(PIE); // 3.14
console.log(age); // ReferenceError: age is not defined
console.log(fullName); // ReferenceError: fullName is not defined
```





Date in JavaScript

```
index.js
const date = new Date(); // 2023-01-22T09:44:48.175Z
date.getDate(); // month's date: 22
date.getMonth(); // Month with 0 index: 0
date.getFullYear(); // Year: 2023
date.getHours(); // Hours: 9
date.getMinutes(); // Minutes: 44
date.getSeconds(); // Seconds: 48
date.getMilliseconds(); // Millisecond: 175
date.getTime(); // Time: 1648101488175
date.setDate(23); // Set date: 23
date.setMonth(3); // Set month: 3
date.setFullYear(2024); // Set year: 2024
date.setHours(10); // Set hours: 10
date.setMinutes(45); // Set minutes: 45
date.setSeconds(49); // Set seconds: 49
date.setMilliseconds(176); // Set Milliseconds: 176
date.setTime(1648101488176); // Set time: 1648101488176
```





Events in JavaScript

```
. .
                                          index.html
\leftarrow! — when use clicks \longrightarrow
<input type="text" onclick="" />
\leftarrow! — when user double clicks \rightarrow
<input type="text" ondblclick="">
←!— when user moves the mouse over an element, it's called mouse down—>
<input type="text" onmousedown="">
\leftarrow! — when an element looses focus \rightarrow
<input type="text" onblur="">
\leftarrow! — when an element gets focus \rightarrow
<input type="text" onfocus="">
\leftarrow! — when a user moves the mouse over an element \rightarrow
<input type="text" onmouseover="">
\leftarrow! — when a user moves the mouse out of an element \longrightarrow
<input type="text" onmouseout="">
\leftarrow! — when there is a change \rightarrow
<input type="text" onchange="">
\leftarrow! — when a user presses a key \rightarrow
<input type="text" onkeydown="">
\leftarrow! — when a user releases a key \rightarrow
<input type="text" onkeyup="">
\leftarrow! — when a user presses a key \rightarrow
<input type="text" onkeypress="">
←! — when a user submits a form →
<form onsubmit=""></form>
\leftarrow! — when a user resets a form \rightarrow
<form onreset=""></form>
\leftarrow! — when a user selects a text \longrightarrow
<input type="text" onselect="">
```





Async/Await JavaScript

```
// Used async to make the function act asynchronous
async function getWeatherData() {
   try {

     // Used await to make the code wait until promise returns a result
     const res = await fetch('https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts')
     const data = await res.json()

    return data
   } catch (err) {
     console.log(err)
   }
}
```





Error handling in JS







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