

# DTFT:

27 Sept 2017

$$X(j\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(j\omega) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

e.g.:  $x[n] = \delta[n]$

$$X(j\omega) = 1$$

e.g.  $x[n] = u[n]$

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega}}$$

e.g.:  $x[n] = a^n u[n]$

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - ae^{-j\omega}}$$

e.g.:  $X(j\omega) = e^{-j\omega}$

$$x[n] = ?$$

e.g.:  $x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{3}\right) u[n]$

$$x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right) u[n]$$

$$X(j\omega) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{e^{j\frac{\pi}{3}n} - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{3}n}}{2j} \right] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{jn(\frac{\pi}{3}-\omega)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-jn(\frac{\pi}{3}+\omega)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \frac{1}{1 - e^{j(\frac{\pi}{3}-\omega)}} - \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{3}+\omega)}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2j} \left[ \frac{1 - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{-j\omega}}{(1 - e^{j(\frac{\pi}{3}-\omega)}) (1 - e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{3}+\omega)})} - \frac{1 - e^{j\frac{\pi}{3}} e^{-j\omega}}{(1 - e^{j(\frac{\pi}{3}-\omega)}) (1 - e^{-j(\frac{\pi}{3}+\omega)})} \right] =$$

$$\left[ \frac{\sin(\pi/3)}{\dots} \right]$$

① Convolution :

$$x[n] * h[n] \longrightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) \cdot H(e^{j\omega})$$

② Multiplication in time

$$x[n] \cdot h[n] \longrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(j\omega) H(e^{j(\omega-\theta)}) d\omega$$

③ Parseval's Theorem

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} |X(e^{j\omega})|^2 d\omega$$

(CTFS)

$$a_k = \frac{1}{T} \int_{\langle T \rangle} x(t) e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$

(DTFS)

Duality

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=\langle N \rangle} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n}$$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=\langle N \rangle} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 n}$$

$$a_k = a_{k+N}$$

(CTFT)

$$X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

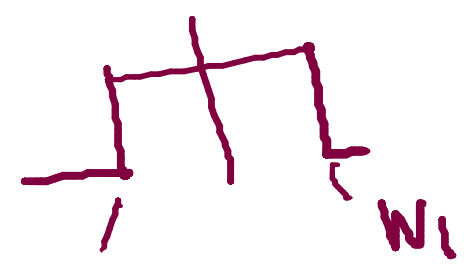
(DTFT)

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\langle 2\pi \rangle} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = X(e^{j(\omega+2\pi)})$$

Fourier



$$\frac{\sin(Wn)}{\pi n}$$

$$Wn = k\pi$$

