Assignment 1: Analyze a given business scenario and create an ER diagram that includes entities, relationships, attributes, and cardinality. Ensure that the diagram reflects proper normalization up to the third normal form.

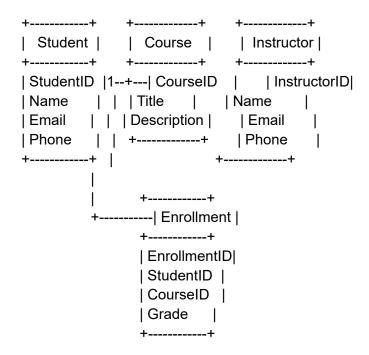
A university wants to design a database system to manage its student enrollment, courses, and instructors.

## **Entities:**

- 1. Student:
  - Attributes: StudentID (Primary Key), Name, Email, Phone
- 2. Course:
  - Attributes: CourseID (Primary Key), Title, Description
- 3. Instructor:
  - Attributes: InstructorID (Primary Key), Name, Email, Phone
- 4. Enrollment:
  - Attributes: EnrollmentID (Primary Key), StudentID (Foreign Key), CourseID (Foreign Key), Grade

## **Relationships:**

- 1. Enrolls In (between Student and Course):
  - Each student can enroll in multiple courses.
  - Each course can have multiple students enrolled.
  - Cardinality: Many-to-Many
- 2. Teaches (between Instructor and Course):
  - Each instructor can teach multiple courses.
  - Each course is taught by one instructor.
  - Cardinality: One-to-Many
- 3. Enrollment Details (between Student and Enrollment):
  - Each student can have multiple enrollments.
  - Each enrollment is associated with one student.
  - Cardinality: One-to-Many
- 4. Enrollment Details (between Course and Enrollment):
  - Each course can have multiple enrollments.
  - Each enrollment is associated with one course.
  - Cardinality: One-to-Many



## **Normalization:**

- First Normal Form (1NF):
  - Each table has a primary key.
  - Each attribute contains atomic values.
- Second Normal Form (2NF):
  - No partial dependencies exist.
- Third Normal Form (3NF):
  - No transitive dependencies exist.

Assignment 2: Write SQL statements to CREATE a new database and tables that reflect the library schema you designed earlier. Use ALTER statements to modify the table structures and DROP statements to remove a redundant table.

-- Create the database

CREATE DATABASE library\_db;

```
-- Use the database
USE library_db;
-- Create the tables
CREATE TABLE Student (
  StudentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(50),
  Email VARCHAR(100),
  Phone VARCHAR(20)
);
CREATE TABLE Course (
  CourseID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Title VARCHAR(100),
  Description TEXT
);
CREATE TABLE Instructor (
  InstructorID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(50),
  Email VARCHAR(100),
  Phone VARCHAR(20)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Enrollment (
EnrollmentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
StudentID INT,
CourseID INT,
Grade VARCHAR(2),
FOREIGN KEY (StudentID) REFERENCES Student(StudentID),
FOREIGN KEY (CourseID) REFERENCES Course(CourseID)
);

- Add a new column to the Course table
ALTER TABLE Course
ADD StartDate DATE;

- Drop the redundant table
DROP TABLE `Enrollment Details`;
```