

Project 1

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"I have done this assignment completely on my own. I have not copied it, nor have I given my solution to anyone else. I understand that if I am involved in plagiarism or cheating I will have to sign an official form that I have cheated and that this form will be stored in my official university record. I also understand that I will receive a grade of **0** for the involved assignment for my first offense and that I will receive a grade of **"F" for the course** for any additional offense."

B# : B00594269

Sign: Ankit Mahale

Date:

2. Using the Method 1 or Method 2 discussed in class, compute the instruction counts for your insertion sort, counting sort, and merge sort implementations. Clearly state which method you use for instruction counts. (Note: You do not have to do this for quick sort.) Ensure that your counts are $\Theta(n^2)$ for insertion sort, $\Theta(n)$ for counting sort, and $\Theta(n \lg n)$ for merge sort. If not, either your implementation is suboptimal or your instruction counts are incorrect. Correct any problems before submitting your assignment

Proof: $\Theta(n^2)$ for insertion sort

Barometer Operations:

```
for (i = 2; i <= n; i++)
{
    for(j=i-1; j > 0 && arr[j] < arr[j-1]; j--)
    {
        temp = arr[j];
        arr[j] = arr[j-1];
        arr[j-1] = temp;
    }
}
```

$$W(n) = \sum_{i=2}^n \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} 1 = \sum_{i=2}^n (i-1) = (n(n-1))/2 \in \Theta(n^2)$$

Proof: $\Theta(n)$ for counting sort

```
for(i=0; i<n; ++i)
{
    count[arr[i]] = count[arr[i]] + 1;
}
```

$$W(n) = \sum_{i=0}^n 1 = n \in \Theta(n)$$

Proof: $\Theta(n \lg n)$ for merge sort

$T(n)$ = Number of comparisons to merge sort an input array of size n
 $= T(n/2) + T(n/2) + n$
 $T(n/2)$ = right half
 $T(n/2)$ = left half
 n = merge

Divide eq(1) by N on both sides

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n)/n &= 2 T(n/2)/n + 1 \\
 &= T(n/2) / (n/2) + 1 \\
 &= T(n/4) / (n/4) + 1 + 1 \\
 &= T(n/8) / (n/8) + 1 + 1 + 1 \\
 &= T(n/16) / (n/16) + 1 + 1 + 1 \\
 &= T(n/32) / (n/32) + 1 + 1 + 1 \\
 &\dots\dots \\
 &= T(n/n)/(n/n) + 1 + 1 \dots + 1 \\
 &= \lg n \\
 T(n) &= n \lg n \in \Theta(n \lg n)
 \end{aligned}$$