

SQL PROJECT ON PIZZA SALES





HERE'S QUESTION

BASICS

- 1.Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- 2.Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- 3.Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- 4.Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- 5.List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

INTERMEDIATE

- 1.Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- 2.Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- 3.Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- 4.Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- 5.Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

ADVANCED

- 1.Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- 2.Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

QUE-1.RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid



	total_orders
▶	21350

QUE-2.CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.

```
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) AS total_sales  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid



	total_sales
▶	817860.05

QUE-3.IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid				 Filter Rows
	name	price		
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95		

QUE-4.IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid		
	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



QUE-5.LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
        order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	quantity	
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	

QUE-6. JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC
```

Result Grid					Filter
	category	quantity			
▶	Veggie	1338498			
	Classic	1288924			
	Supreme	1239350			
	Chicken	892332			

QUE-7.DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	HOUR(order_time)	order_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468

QUE-8.JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category
```

Result Grid				 Filter Rows
	category	COUNT(name)		
▶	Chicken	6		
	Classic	8		
	Supreme	9		
	Veggie	9		

QUE-9.GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity
```

Result Grid



Filter Row

	ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
▶	138

QUE-10.DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	

QUE-11.CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT pizza_types.category,  
round(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (select  
    round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2)as total_sales  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = order_details.pizza_id))*100 as revenue  
FROM pizza_types join pizzas  
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
    JOIN order_details  
    ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```

Result Grid

	category	revenue
▶	Classic	NULL
	Veggie	NULL
	Supreme	NULL
	Chicken	NULL

QUE-12.DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
select name,revanue from
(select category,name,revanue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revanue desc)as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price ) as revanue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name)as a)as b
where rn <=3;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	name	revanue
1	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
3	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
4	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
5	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25

THANK YOU!

