

A low-angle, upward-looking shot of a modern skyscraper with a glass facade. The building's structure is composed of dark metal frames and large glass panels that reflect the sky and clouds. A large, bright yellow circle is positioned in the upper right quadrant of the image, partially overlapping the building's facade. The overall composition creates a sense of height and architectural grandeur.

# **Web Crawler**

**Ankit Nimje**  
**Surbhi Kanthed**

In this week we were working on Page Rank Algorithm. Page Rank is used by Google Search Engine and also named after Larry Page, one of the founders of Google. It is a way of measuring importance of web pages. According to Google, *“PageRank works by counting the number and quality of links to a page to determine a rough estimate of how important the website is. The underlying assumption is that more important websites are likely to receive more links from other websites.”*

Page Rank Algorithm is based on following formula:

$$PR_{t+1}(P_i) = \sum (PR_t(P_j) / C(P_j))$$

Where,

$t \rightarrow$  number of iterations

$P_j \rightarrow$  Page rank from previous iteration

$P_i \rightarrow$  Page rank of current iteration

$C \rightarrow$  Number of nodes pointing to current node

Page Rank Algorithm works as a series of iterations with a method defined as `pagerankiterations()` with parameters such as:

- $G \rightarrow$  a directed graph (all undirected graphs will be converted to directed graphs before passing)
- Alpha  $\rightarrow$  damping parameter for page rank
- Maximum Iterations  $\rightarrow$  Number of iterations after which `pagerankiterations()` will be terminated
- $nStart \rightarrow$  Starting value of Page Rank for each node.
- Weight  $\rightarrow$  Weight of edge
- Converge  $\rightarrow$  To check convergence of iterations

Thus, using PR algorithm after all iterations, we get a score for each web page. Higher the score higher the page rank. For instance, to make your webpage display on first few pages of Google Search you should consider provide links to your webpage on many other relevant web pages.

### **References:**

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- 2] M. Najork and J. Wiener, "Breadth-first search crawling yields high-quality pages", in Proc. 10th Int. World Wide Web Conf., pp. 114-118, 2001.
- 3] Page Rank Algorithm and Implementation – Geeks for Geeks