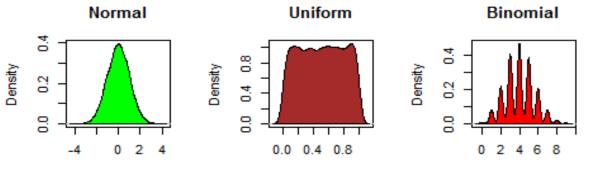
## Distributions-in-R

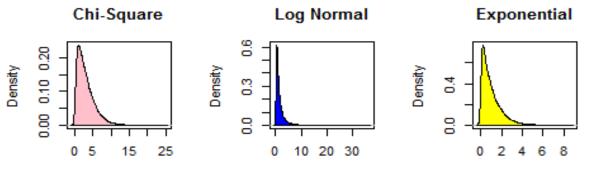
## Ankit Borkhataria

March 17, 2017

```
distributionPlots = function()
{
  opar = par()
  par(mfrow=c(2,3))
  xnorm = rnorm(10000) #Gaussian or Normal
  plot(density(xnorm), main="Normal")
  polygon(density(xnorm), col="green")
  xnorm = runif(10000, min = 0, max = 1) #Uniform
  plot(density(xnorm), main="Uniform")
  polygon(density(xnorm), col="Brown")
  xnorm = rbinom(10000, size = 10, prob = 0.4) #Binomial
  plot(density(xnorm), main="Binomial")
  polygon(density(xnorm),col="Red")
  xnorm = rchisq(10000, df = 3) #Pearson or Chi-Square
  plot(density(xnorm), main="Chi-Square")
  polygon(density(xnorm), col="Pink")
  xnorm = rlnorm(10000, meanlog=0, sdlog=1) #lognormal
  plot(density(xnorm), main="Log Normal")
  polygon(density(xnorm), col="Blue")
  xnorm = rexp(10000, rate=1) #exponential
  plot(density(xnorm), main="Exponential")
  polygon(density(xnorm), col="Yellow")
  return()
distributionPlots()
```



N = 10000 Bandwidth = 0.144 N = 10000 Bandwidth = 0.041 N = 10000 Bandwidth = 0.212



N = 10000 Bandwidth = 0.314 N = 10000 Bandwidth = 0.155 N = 10000 Bandwidth = 0.120

## NULL