

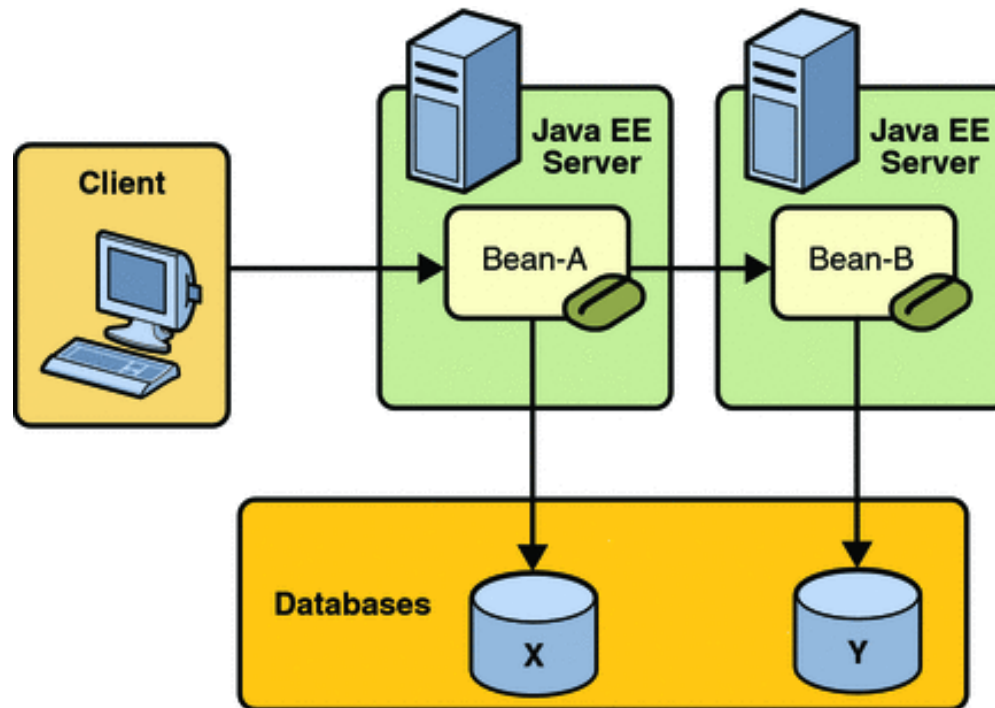
# **SQL Injection Attack Lab**

Kailiang

## ❖ Background of DATABASE

### Database:

Structured collection of data. The data are typically organized to model relevant aspects of reality, in a way that supports processes requiring this information.



# ❖ Background of SQL

## SQL (Structured Query Language):

A special-purpose programming language designed for managing data in **relational database** management systems (RDBMS).

## Data Manipulation:

1> Query:

```
SELECT *  
  FROM Book  
 WHERE price > 100.00  
 ORDER BY title;
```

2> Insert:

```
INSERT INTO My_table  
  (field1, field2, field3)  
VALUES  
  ('test', 'N', NULL);
```

## ❖ Background of SQL

### Data Manipulation:

3> Update:

```
UPDATE My_table  
  SET field1 = 'updated value'  
  WHERE field2 = 'N';
```

4> Delete:

```
DELETE FROM My_table  
  WHERE field2 = 'N';
```

W3C school is a good result to further study SQL statement

## ❖ Environment Configuration

### 1. Starting the Apache Server

```
% sudo service apache2 start
```

### 2. The Collabtive Web Application and other accounts info are in admin post

```
username: admin  
password: admin
```

### 3. Configuring DNS

| URL   | Description | Directory                |
|---|-------------|--------------------------|
| <a href="http://www.sqllabcollabtive.com">http://www.sqllabcollabtive.com</a> | Collabtive  | /var/www/SQL/Collabtive/ |

# ❖ Environment Configuration

## 4. Configuring Apache Server

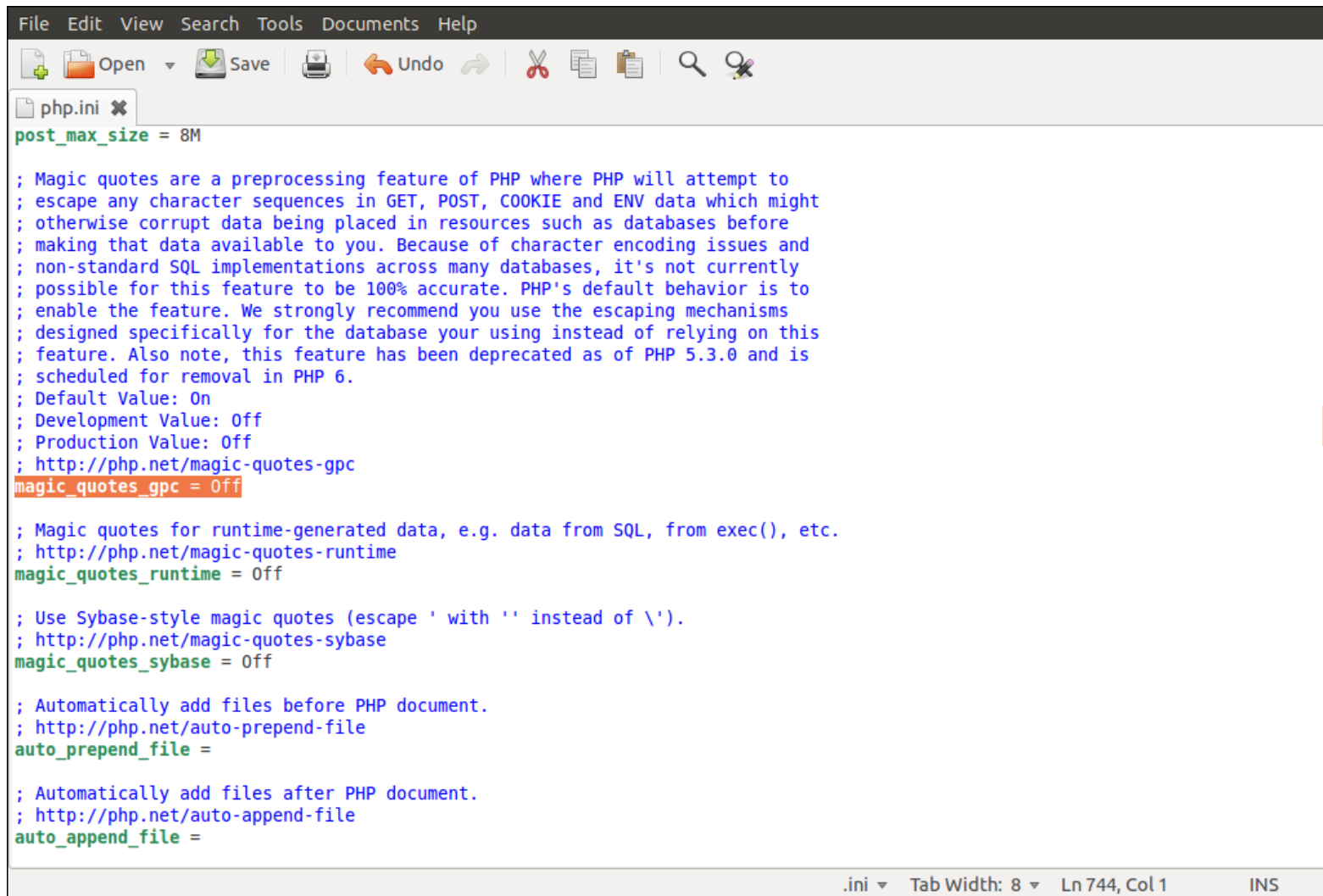
```
<VirtualHost *>
    ServerName http://www.example1.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/Example_1/
</VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost *>
    ServerName http://www.example2.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/Example_2/
</VirtualHost>
```

## 5. Turn off the Countermeasure

1. Go to `/etc/php5/apache2/php.ini`.
2. Find the line: `magic_quotes_gpc = On`.
3. Change it to this: `magic_quotes_gpc = Off`.
4. Restart the Apache server by running `"sudo service apache2 restart"`.

# ❖ Environment Configuration



The image shows a screenshot of a code editor window with the title bar 'File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help'. The editor is displaying the 'php.ini' file. The first line is 'post\_max\_size = 8M'. Below it is a large block of commented-out text explaining Magic quotes. The line 'magic\_quotes\_gpc = Off' is highlighted in orange. Other lines include 'magic\_quotes\_runtime = Off' and 'magic\_quotes\_sybase = Off'. The status bar at the bottom shows '.ini', 'Tab Width: 8', 'Ln 744, Col 1', and 'INS'.

```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
Open Save Undo
php.ini x
post_max_size = 8M

; Magic quotes are a preprocessing feature of PHP where PHP will attempt to
; escape any character sequences in GET, POST, COOKIE and ENV data which might
; otherwise corrupt data being placed in resources such as databases before
; making that data available to you. Because of character encoding issues and
; non-standard SQL implementations across many databases, it's not currently
; possible for this feature to be 100% accurate. PHP's default behavior is to
; enable the feature. We strongly recommend you use the escaping mechanisms
; designed specifically for the database your using instead of relying on this
; feature. Also note, this feature has been deprecated as of PHP 5.3.0 and is
; scheduled for removal in PHP 6.
; Default Value: On
; Development Value: Off
; Production Value: Off
; http://php.net/magic-quotes-gpc
magic_quotes_gpc = Off

; Magic quotes for runtime-generated data, e.g. data from SQL, from exec(), etc.
; http://php.net/magic-quotes-runtime
magic_quotes_runtime = Off

; Use Sybase-style magic quotes (escape ' with '' instead of \').
; http://php.net/magic-quotes-sybase
magic_quotes_sybase = Off

; Automatically add files before PHP document.
; http://php.net/auto-prepend-file
auto_prepend_file =

; Automatically add files after PHP document.
; http://php.net/auto-append-file
auto_append_file =

.ini Tab Width: 8 Ln 744, Col 1 INS
```

## ❖ Task 1: SQL Injection Attack on SELECT Statements

Login Window:



Login Code:

```
$sell = mysql_query ("SELECT ID, name, locale, lastlogin, gender,  
    FROM  USERS_TABLE  
    WHERE (name = '$user' OR email = '$user') AND pass = '$pass'");  
  
$chk = mysql_fetch_array($sell);  
  
if (found one record)  
then {allow the user to login}
```



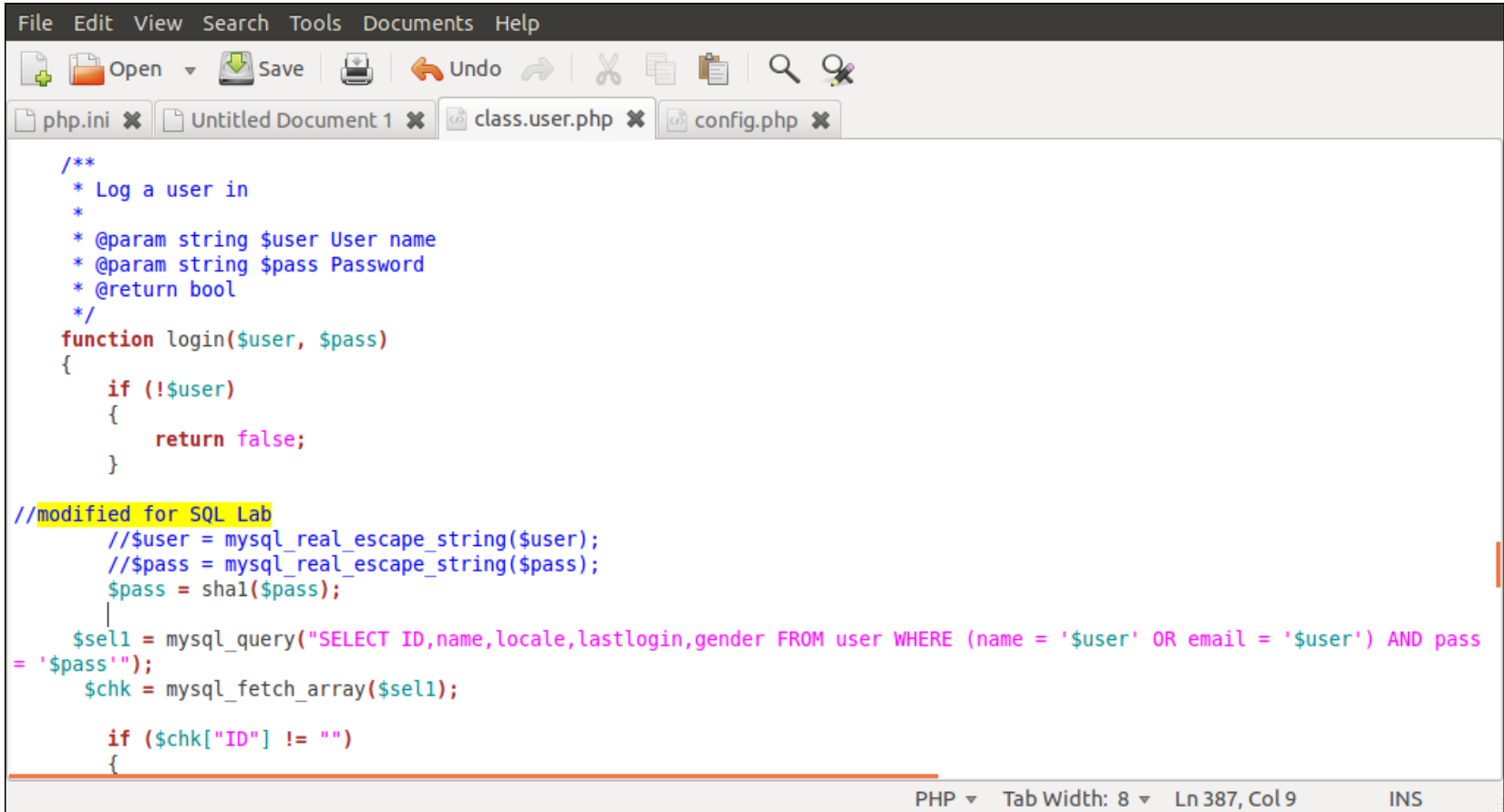
## ❖ Task 1: SQL Injection Attack on SELECT Statements

Login Code:

```
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    FROM  USERS_TABLE  
    WHERE (name = '$user' OR email = '$user') AND pass = '$pass'");  
  
$chk = mysql_fetch_array($sell);  
  
if (found one record)  
then {allow the user to login}
```

- 1> USERS\_TABLE is a macro in PHP, and will be replaced by the users table;
- 2> \$user holds the string typed in the Username textbox;
- 3> \$pass holds the string typed in the Password textbox;
- 4> User inputs in these two textboxes are placed directly in the SQL query string.

# ❖ Task 1: SQL Injection Attack on SELECT Statements



The screenshot shows a code editor with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Search, Tools, Documents, Help) and a toolbar with icons for Open, Save, Undo, and other editing functions. The editor has four tabs: php.ini, Untitled Document 1, class.user.php, and config.php. The active tab is class.user.php, which contains the following PHP code:

```
/**
 * Log a user in
 *
 * @param string $user User name
 * @param string $pass Password
 * @return bool
 */
function login($user, $pass)
{
    if (!$user)
    {
        return false;
    }

    //modified for SQL Lab
    //$user = mysql_real_escape_string($user);
    //$pass = mysql_real_escape_string($pass);
    $pass = sha1($pass);

    $sell = mysql_query("SELECT ID,name,locale,lastlogin,gender FROM user WHERE (name = '$user' OR email = '$user') AND pass = '$pass'");
    $chk = mysql_fetch_array($sell);

    if ($chk["ID"] != "")
    {
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates the file is PHP, the tab width is 8, the cursor is at line 387, column 9, and the current mode is INS.

## ❖ Task 1: SQL Injection Attack on SELECT Statements

Login Code:

```
$sell = mysql_query ("SELECT ID, name, locale, lastlogin, gender,  
    FROM  USERS_TABLE  
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$chk = mysql_fetch_array($sell);  
  
if (found one record)  
then {allow the user to login}
```

1> [Online SQL Injection Tutorial](#)

2> Attack Ways:

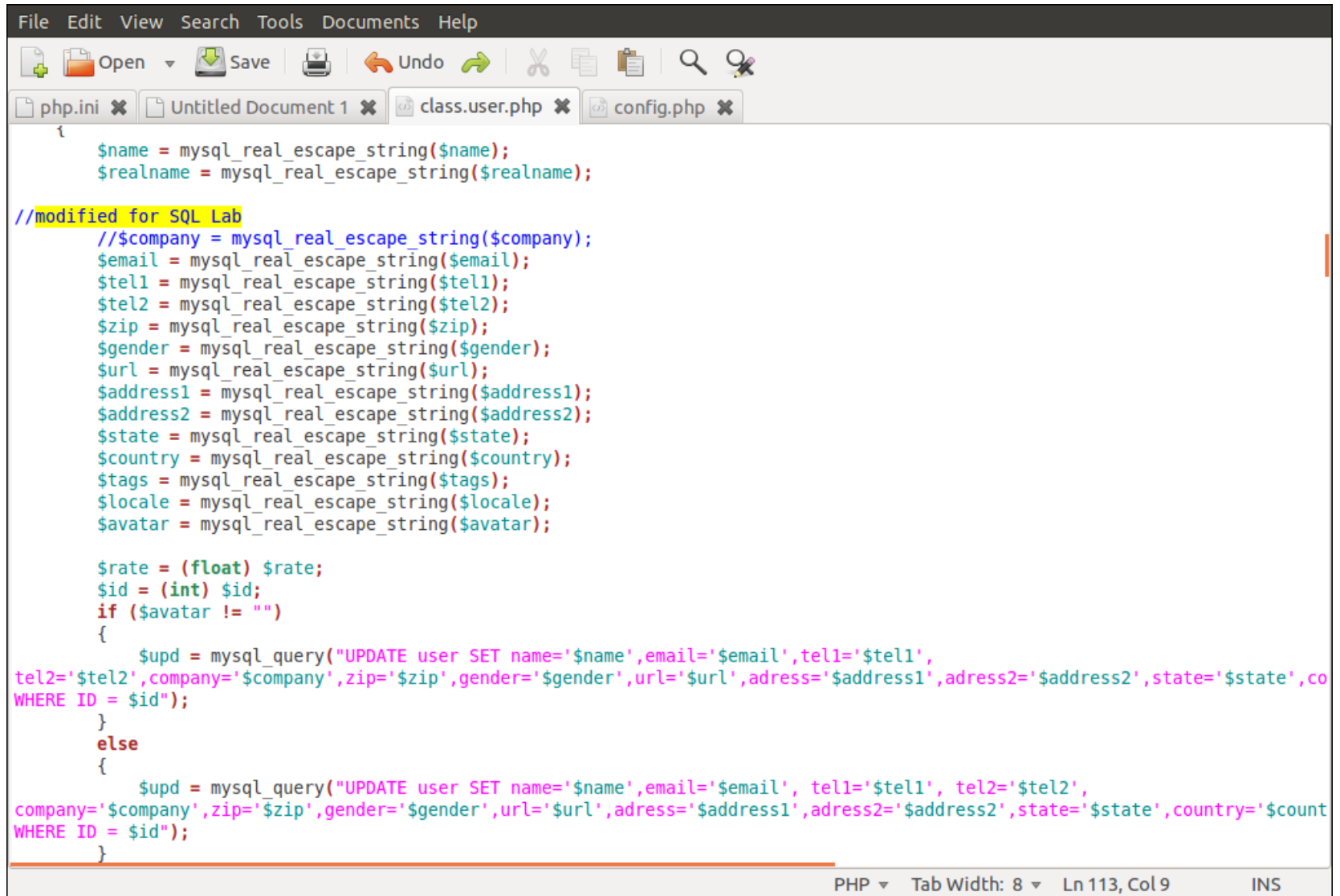
- a. Comment out left part;
- b. Make statement always true;
- c. ...

## ❖ Task 1: SQL Injection Attack on SELECT Statements

### Debug in php:

```
$myFile = "/tmp/mylog.txt";  
$fh = fopen($myFile, 'a') or die("can't open file");  
$Data = "a string";  
fwrite($fh, $Data . "\n");  
fclose($fh);
```

## ❖ Task 2: SQL Injection on UPDATE Statements



```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
Open Save Undo Redo
php.ini Untitled Document 1 class.user.php config.php
1
    $name = mysql_real_escape_string($name);
    $realname = mysql_real_escape_string($realname);

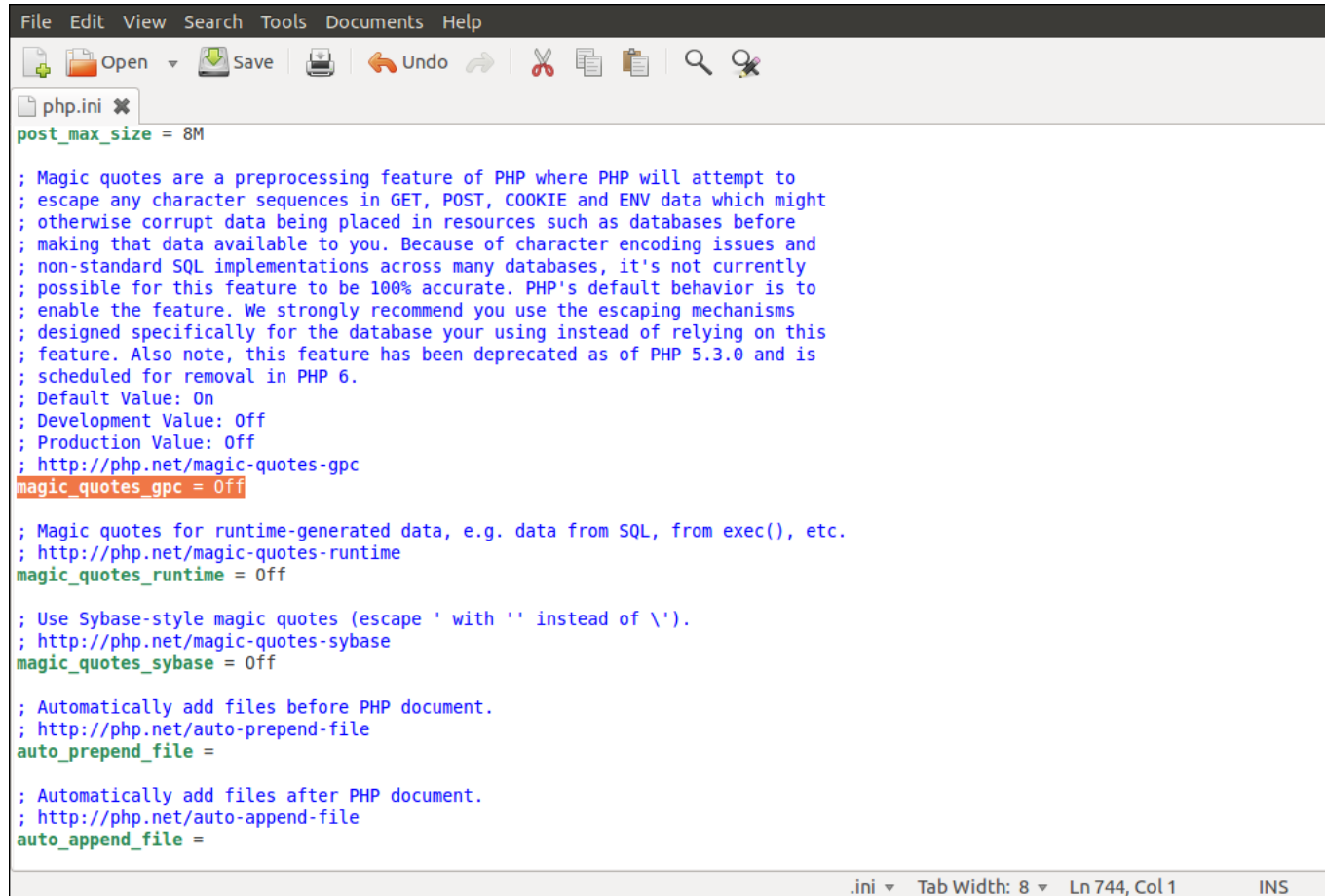
//modified for SQL Lab
    //$company = mysql_real_escape_string($company);
    $email = mysql_real_escape_string($email);
    $tel1 = mysql_real_escape_string($tel1);
    $tel2 = mysql_real_escape_string($tel2);
    $zip = mysql_real_escape_string($zip);
    $gender = mysql_real_escape_string($gender);
    $url = mysql_real_escape_string($url);
    $address1 = mysql_real_escape_string($address1);
    $address2 = mysql_real_escape_string($address2);
    $state = mysql_real_escape_string($state);
    $country = mysql_real_escape_string($country);
    $tags = mysql_real_escape_string($tags);
    $locale = mysql_real_escape_string($locale);
    $avatar = mysql_real_escape_string($avatar);

    $rate = (float) $rate;
    $id = (int) $id;
    if ($avatar != "")
    {
        $upd = mysql_query("UPDATE user SET name='$name',email='$email',tel1='$tel1',
tel2='$tel2',company='$company',zip='$zip',gender='$gender',url='$url',adress='$address1',adress2='$address2',state='$state',co
WHERE ID = $id");
    }
    else
    {
        $upd = mysql_query("UPDATE user SET name='$name',email='$email', tel1='$tel1', tel2='$tel2',
company='$company',zip='$zip',gender='$gender',url='$url',adress='$address1',adress2='$address2',state='$state',country='$count
WHERE ID = $id");
    }
}
```

PHP Tab Width: 8 Ln 113, Col 9 INS

## ❖ Task 3: Countermeasures

### 1> Escaping Special Characters using magic\_quotes\_gpc (global)



```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
Open Save Undo Cut Copy Paste Find
php.ini x
post_max_size = 8M

; Magic quotes are a preprocessing feature of PHP where PHP will attempt to
; escape any character sequences in GET, POST, COOKIE and ENV data which might
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magic_quotes_sybase = Off

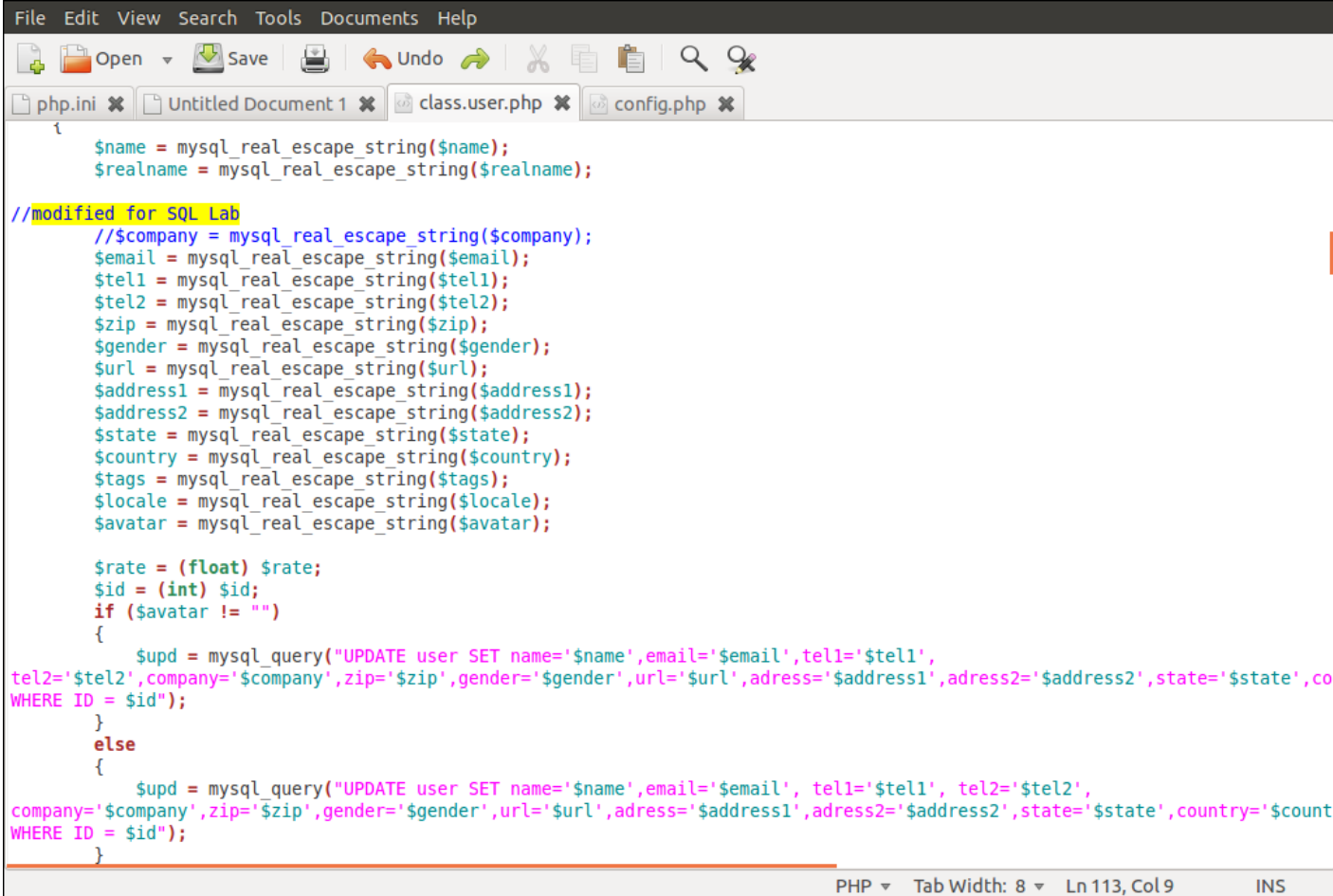
; Automatically add files before PHP document.
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auto_prepend_file =

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; http://php.net/auto-append-file
auto_append_file =

.ini Tab Width: 8 Ln 744, Col 1 INS
```

## ❖ Task 3: Countermeasures

### 2> Escaping Special Characters using mysql\_real\_escape\_string (local)



```
File Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
Open Save Undo
php.ini x Untitled Document 1 x class.user.php x config.php x

{
    $name = mysql_real_escape_string($name);
    $realname = mysql_real_escape_string($realname);

    //modified for SQL Lab
    //$company = mysql_real_escape_string($company);
    $email = mysql_real_escape_string($email);
    $tel1 = mysql_real_escape_string($tel1);
    $tel2 = mysql_real_escape_string($tel2);
    $zip = mysql_real_escape_string($zip);
    $gender = mysql_real_escape_string($gender);
    $url = mysql_real_escape_string($url);
    $address1 = mysql_real_escape_string($address1);
    $address2 = mysql_real_escape_string($address2);
    $state = mysql_real_escape_string($state);
    $country = mysql_real_escape_string($country);
    $tags = mysql_real_escape_string($tags);
    $locale = mysql_real_escape_string($locale);
    $avatar = mysql_real_escape_string($avatar);

    $rate = (float) $rate;
    $id = (int) $id;
    if ($avatar != "")
    {
        $supd = mysql_query("UPDATE user SET name='$name',email='$email',tel1='$tel1',
tel2='$tel2',company='$company',zip='$zip',gender='$gender',url='$url',adress='$address1',adress2='$address2',state='$state',co
WHERE ID = $id");
    }
    else
    {
        $supd = mysql_query("UPDATE user SET name='$name',email='$email', tel1='$tel1', tel2='$tel2',
company='$company',zip='$zip',gender='$gender',url='$url',adress='$address1',adress2='$address2',state='$state',country='$count
WHERE ID = $id");
    }
}
```

PHP Tab Width: 8 Ln 113, Col 9 INS

## ❖ Task 3: Countermeasures

### 3> Prepare Statement

SELECT:

```
$db = new mysqli("localhost", "user", "pass", "db");  
$stmt = $db->prepare("SELECT ID, name, locale, lastlogin FROM users  
                      WHERE name=? AND age=?");  
$stmt->bind_param("si", $user, $age);  
$stmt->execute();  
  
//The following two functions are only useful for SELECT statements  
$stmt->bind_result($bind_ID, $bind_name, $bind_locale, $bind_lastlogin);  
$chk=$stmt->fetch();
```



## ❖ Task 3: Countermeasures

### 3> Prepare Statement

UPDATE:

```
$db = new mysqli("localhost", "user", "pass", "db");  
$stmt = $db->prepare("SELECT ID, name, locale, lastlogin FROM users  
                      WHERE name=? AND age=?");  
$stmt->bind_param("si", $user, $age);  
$stmt->execute();
```

## ❖ **Grade Criteria**

**Task1: 30 %**

**Task2: 30 %**

**Task4: 40 %**