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Data Visualization with Python

Cheat Sheet: Maps, Waffles, WordCloud and Seaborn

Function	Description	Syntax	Example	Visual
Folium				
Мар	Create a map object with specified center coordinates and zoom level.	<pre>folium.Map(location=[lat, lon], zoom_start=n)</pre>	<pre>world_map = folium.Map() canada =folium.Map(location=[56.130, -106.35], zoom_start=4)</pre>	
Marker	Add a marker to the map with custom icon, popup, and tiles Tiles as Stamen Toner	<pre>folium.Marker(location=[lat , lon], popup='Marker Popup', tiles='Stamen Toner').add_to(map)</pre>	<pre>folium.Marker(location=[556.130, -106.35], tooltip='Marker', tiles='Stamen Toner').add_to(world_map)</pre>	
	Tiles as Stamen Terrain	<pre>folium.Marker(location=[lat , lon], popup='Marker Popup', tiles='Stamen Terrain').add_to(map)</pre>	<pre>folium.Marker(location=[556.130, -106.35], tooltip='Marker', tiles='Stamen Terrain').add_to(world_map)</pre>	I CALOS
Circle	Add a circle to the map with specified radius, color, and fill opacity.	<pre>folium.features.CircleMarker(location=[lat, lon], radius=n, color='red', fill_opacity=n).add_to(map)</pre>	<pre>folium.features.CircleMarker(location= [56.130, -106.35], radius=1000, color='red', fill_opacity=0.5).add_to(world_map)</pre>	

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Function Description Syntax

column.

Example

Visual

	choropieu
	map based
Chorpleth	a GeoJSO
-	file and a

Create a choropleth folium.Choropleth(geo_data='path/to/geojson_file' data=df, columns=['region', 'value_column'], key_on='feature.properties.id',

key_on='feature.properties.id',
fill_color='YlGnBu',
fill_opacity=0.7, line_opacity=0.2,

file and a fill_opacity=0.7, line_opacity=0.2 specified data fill_opacity=0.1, line_opacity=0.2

world_map.choropleth(geo_data=world_geo,
data=df_can, columns=['Country',
'Total'],
key_on='feature.properties.name',
fill_color='YlOrRd',
fill_opacity=0.7,line_opacity=0.2,
legend_name='Immigration_to_Canada')



PyWaffle

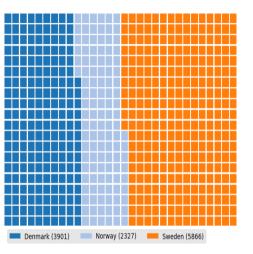
plt.figure(FigureClass = Waffle,rows = 20, columns plt.figure(FigureClass = Waffle,rows = 20, columns = 30, columns = 30, values = values)

Whethere have a second column = 20, columns = 30, values = 4f dsn['Total'], cmap name = 20, column = 20, column = 30, values = 4f dsn['Total'], cmap name = 20, column = 20, column = 30, values = 4f dsn['Total'], cmap name = 30, column = 30, c

Waffle chart based on

rows=n, columns=n)

s plt.figure(FigureClass = Waffle,rows =
20, columns = 30,
values = df_dsn['Total'], cmap_name =
'tab20',
legend = {'labels': label,'loc': 'lower
left',
'bbox_to_anchor':(0,-0.1),'ncol': 3})



```
Add a legend
                          waffle chart.legend(loc='upper left',
            to the waffle
Legend
                          bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1))
            chart.
            Add a title to
Title
            the waffle
                          waffle chart.set title('Waffle Chart Title')
            chart.
            Add labels to
                          waffle_chart.set_labels(['Label 1', 'Label 2',
Labels
            the waffle
                          ...])
            chart.
```

WordCloud

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visualize the relationship between a categorical variable and a

Visual Function Description Syntax Example alice wc = WordCloud(background_color='white', Create a word max words=2000, mask=alice mask, cloud object WordCloud wordcloud = WordCloud().generate(text data) stopwords=stopwords) based on text alice wc generate(alice novel) data. plt.imshow(alice wc, interpolation='bilinear') Generate the word cloud Generate wordcloud.generate(text_data) based on the text data. Display the word cloud using **Display** plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear') matplotlib or other plotting libraries. Set various options for the wordcloud = WordCloud(font_path='path/to/font_file', word cloud, **Options** background color='white', such as font, colormap='Blues', mask=mask_image, colors, mask, stopwords=stopwords).generate(text_data) and stopwords. Seaborn sns.barplot(x='x_variable', y='y_variable', sns.barplot(x='Continent', y='Total', barplot Create a bar data=dataframe) data=df can1) plot to

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sns.countplot(x='category', data=dataframe)

Function Description Syntax

numeric variable.

Create a count plot to display the frequency

countplot of each

category in a categorical

variable. Create a scatter plot with a linear

regression line to visualize the y='y_variable', data=dataframe) regplot

relationship between two numeric variables.

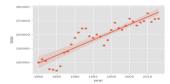
Example

sns.countplot(x='Continent', data=df_can)

sns.regplot(x='year', y='total',
data=df_tot)



Visual



Author(s)

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Changelog

Version Changed by Change Description Date

2023-06-18 0.1

Dr. Pooja

Initial version created